

AGENDA

REGULAR MEETING OF THE LAKEPORT CITY COUNCIL

(ALSO MEETS AS THE CITY OF LAKEPORT MUNICIPAL SEWER DISTRICT, THE LAKEPORT INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY, THE MUNICIPAL FINANCING AGENCY OF LAKEPORT and THE SUCCESSOR AGENCY TO THE FORMER LAKEPORT REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY)

Tuesday, March 2, 2021 6:00 p.m.

Location: See Teleconferencing Instructions Below

PUBLIC ADVISORY: THE CITY COUNCIL CHAMBERS WILL NOT BE OPEN TO THE PUBLIC

Pursuant to Section 3 of Executive Order N-29-20, issued by Governor Newsom on March 17, 2020, the regular meeting of the City Council for March 2, 2021 will be conducted telephonically through Zoom. Please be advised that pursuant to the Executive Order, and to ensure the health and safety of the public by limiting human contact that could spread the COVID-19 virus, the Council Chambers will not be open for the meeting. Council Members will be participating telephonically and will not be physically present in the Council Chambers.

If you would like to speak on an agenda item, you can access the **Zoom** meeting remotely:

Join from a PC, Mac, iPad, iPhone or Android device:

Please click this URL to join. https://zoom.us/j/97368201787?pwd=a2NvVnN6MEFjQ2Exc2pTZkpldU1sQT09

Passcode: 477973

Or join by phone:

Dial (for higher quality, dial a number based on your current location):

US: +1 669 900 9128 or +1 346 248 7799 or +1 253 215 8782 or +1 646 558 8656 or +1 301 715 8592 or +1 312 626

6799

Webinar ID: 973 6820 1787

Passcode: 477973

International numbers available: https://zoom.us/u/abNyiaqY11

The City wants you to know that you can also submit your comments by email to <u>virtualhost@cityoflakeport.com</u>. To give the City Clerk adequate time to print out your comments for consideration at the meeting, please submit your written comments prior to 3:30 p.m. on Tuesday, March 2, 2021.

Please indicate in the email Subject Line "FOR PUBLIC COMMENT" and list the item number you wish to comment on. Comments that you want read to the Council will be subject to the three minute time limitation (approximately 350 words). Written comments that are only to be provided to Council and not read at the meeting will be distributed to the Council prior to the meeting.

The City of Lakeport thanks you in advance for taking all precautions to prevent spreading the COVID-19 virus.



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Tuesday, March 2, 2021

6:00 p.m.

I. <u>CALL TO ORDER & ROLL CALL</u>:

II. PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE:

III. <u>ACCEPTANCE OF AGENDA/ URGENCY</u> ITEMS:

Move to accept agenda as posted, or move to add or delete items.

To add item, Council is required to make a majority decision that an urgency exists (as defined in the Brown Act) and a 2/3rds determination that the need to take action arose subsequent to the Agenda being posted.

IV. CONSENT AGENDA:

The following Consent Agenda items are expected to be routine and noncontroversial. They will be acted upon by the Council at one time without any discussion. Any Council Member may request that any item be removed from the Consent Agenda for discussion under the regular Agenda. Removed items will be considered following the Consent Calendar portion of this agenda.

A. Ordinances:

Waive reading except by title, of any ordinances under consideration at this meeting for either introduction or passage per *Government Code* Section 36934.

B. Minutes:

Approve minutes of the City Council regular meeting of February 16, 2021.

C. Renew Emergency Resolution: COVID-19

Confirm the continuing existence of a local emergency for the COVID-19 Public Health Emergency.

V. PUBLIC PRESENTATIONS/REQUESTS:

A. Public Input:

Any person may speak for 3 minutes about any subject within the authority of the City Council, provided that the subject is not already on tonight's agenda. Per Government Code §54954.3(a), the City Council cannot take action or express a consensus of approval or disapproval on any public comments regarding matters which do not appear on the printed agenda

B. Presentation:

Presentation by NHA Advisors on the Unfunded Accrued Liability Pension Program. (Due to the availability of NHA Advisors, this item will be heard at the end of Council Business)

C. New Employee Introduction:

Introduction of Lakeport Police Department Intern Pualani Kiao Erickson.

VI. COUNCIL BUSINESS:

A. Administrative Services Director

Employment Risk
 Management Authority
 (ERMA):

Adopt a resolution to approve joining the Employment Risk Management Authority (ERMA) JPA for employment practices liability coverage.

B. Community Development Director

1. Consultant Selection:

Authorize the City Manager to execute a Professional Service Agreement with Mintier Harnish for the completion of Objective Design and Development Standards.

 Community Development Block Grant – Disaster Relief (CDBG-DR): Adopt the Resolution Approving an Allocation of Funding and the Execution of a Grant Agreement and any Amendments thereto from the CDBG-DR Program.

C. Finance Director

1. Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR)

Accept the CAFR for the year ended June 30, 2020.

2. AB 1600 Report:

Adopt the proposed resolution to reaffirm the necessity of AB 1600 development

impact fees.

D. Public Works Director

1. Roads Report: Informational item providing a basic overview of City roads and the methods used to

manage them.

VII. <u>CITY COUNCIL COMMUNICATIONS</u>:

A. Miscellaneous Reports, if any:

VIII. ADJOURNMENT:

Materials related to an item on this Agenda submitted to the Council after distribution of the agenda packet are available for public inspection in the City Clerk's Office at 225 Park Street, Lakeport, California, during normal business hours. Such documents are also available on the City of Lakeport's website, www.cityoflakeport.com, subject to staff's ability to post the documents before the meeting.

The City of Lakeport, in complying with the *Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA)*, requests individuals who require special accommodations to access, attend and/or participate in the City meeting due to disability, to please contact the City Clerk's Office, (707) 263-5615, 72 hours prior to the scheduled meeting to ensure reasonable accommodations are provided.

Hilary Britton, Deputy City Clerk



CLOSED SESSION:

MINUTES

REGULAR MEETING OF THE LAKEPORT CITY COUNCIL

(ALSO MEETS AS THE CITY OF LAKEPORT MUNICIPAL SEWER DISTRICT, THE LAKEPORT INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY, THE MUNICIPAL FINANCING AGENCY OF LAKEPORT and THE SUCCESSOR AGENCY TO THE FORMER LAKEPORT **REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY)**

Tuesday, February 16, 2021

Mayor Parlet called the meeting to order at 5:33 p.m. Mayor Parlet adjourned the meeting to Closed Session at 5:35 p.m. to discuss:

1. Conference with Labor Negotiator (Gov. Code § 54957.6) Name of Agency Negotiators: Administrative Services Director Buendia and Margaret Long

Employee Organization: Lakeport Employees Association

Report out of Closed Session:

City Attorney Ruderman reported that the Council appointed Administrative Services Director Buendia and Margaret Long as agency negotiators in regard to labor negotiations for the Lakeport Employees Association.

CALL TO ORDER & ROLL CALL:

Mayor Parlet called the meeting to order at 6:12 p.m., with Council Members Froio, Green, Mattina, Turner, and Mayor Parlet present.

The Pledge of Allegiance was observed via video.

II. **PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE:**

I.

III.

ACCEPTANCE OF AGENDA/ URGENCY

A motion was made by Council Member Mattina, seconded by Council Member Turner, and passed 5-0-0-0 by the following roll call vote: Froio – aye; Green – aye; Mattina – aye; Turner – aye; Parlet – aye to accept agenda as posted, or move to add or delete items.

IV. **CONSENT AGENDA:**

ITEMS:

The following Consent Agenda items are expected to be routine and noncontroversial. They will be acted upon by the Council at one time without any discussion. Any Council Member may request that any item be removed from the Consent Agenda for discussion under the regular Agenda. Removed items will be considered following the Consent Calendar

A. Ordinances:

Waive reading except by title, of any ordinances under consideration at this meeting for either introduction or passage per Government Code Section 36934.

B. Minutes: Approve minutes of the City Council regular meeting of February 2, 2021.

Vote on the Consent Agenda:

A motion was made by Council Member Turner, seconded by Council Member Froio, and passed 5-0-0-0 by the following roll call vote: Froio – aye; Green – aye; Mattina – aye; Turner – aye; Parlet – aye to approve the Consent Agenda, items A-B.

٧. **PUBLIC PRESENTATIONS/REQUESTS:**

A. **Public Input:** Nancy Ruzicka commented that she would prefer that Council Meetings be held live rather than via Zoom. She also requested that weed abatement start earlier.

B. Proclamation: Mayor Parlet presented a proclamation honoring Ken Wicks, Jr. for his years of service to the City of Lakeport.

COUNCIL BUSINESS: VI.

- A. City Manager
 - 1. Contract Amendment:

The staff report was presented by City Manager Ingram.

Nancy Ruzicka spoke in support of the contract with Retail Coach.

A motion was made by Council Member Mattina, seconded by Council Member Green, and passed 5-0-0-0 by the following roll call vote: Froio – aye; Green – aye; Mattina – aye; Turner – aye; Parlet – aye to approve and authorize the City Manager to execute the first extension in the form of an amendment to the Professional Services Agreement with The Retail Coach for retail strategies.

2. Traffic Safety Bi-Annual Review:

The staff report was presented by City Manager Ingram

Nancy Ruzicka commented that she would like to see a traffic study done on which routes visitors take when leaving the City compared to the route they take when they arrive.

This item was informational only, and no action was taken.

B. Police Chief

1. Police Statistics & Training Summary Report for 2020:

The staff report was presented by Chief Rasmussen.

Nancy Ruzicka described having encounters with homeless people in businesses and was unable to get a police report.

A motion was made by Council Member Mattina, seconded by Council Member Turner, and passed 5-0-0-0 by the following roll call vote: Froio – aye; Green – aye; Mattina – aye; Turner – aye; Parlet – aye to receive and file the police statistics & update report for 2020.

C. Community Development Director

1. Microenterprise Home Kitchen Permits:

The staff report was presented by Community Development Director Byers.

A motion was made by Council Member Turner, seconded by Council Member Mattina, and passed 5-0-0-0 by the following roll call vote: Froio – aye; Green – aye; Mattina – aye; Turner – aye; Parlet – aye to approve, by minute order, staff to initiate a text amendment to the Zoning Ordinance to address Microenterprise Home Kitchen Operations and work with Lake County staff so that the text amendment would be in effect if the County proposed to continue with a permanent program after July 1, 2021.

VII. CITY COUNCIL COMMUNICATIONS:

A. Miscellaneous Reports, if any:

Council Member Froio had no report.

Council Member Mattina reported that the LTA is seeing decreased ridership, and the Lake Link service is running well.

Mayor Parlet reported on a potential unified transport system in the State.

Council Member Turner had no report.

Council Member Green reported on the success of the Covid-19 testing sites and vaccination sites.

Administrative Services Director Buendia had no report.

City Attorney Ruderman had no report.

City Manager Ingram advised that Dr. Pace was unable to update tonight due to setting up drive-through vaccination locations.

Community Development Director Byers had no report.

Finance Director Walker was absent.

Police Chief Rasmussen no report.

Public Works Director Grider had no report.

II. ADJOURNMENT:	Mayor Parlet adjourned the meeting at 8:37 p.m.	
	Kenneth Parlet, II, Mayor	
Attest:		
Kelly Buendia, City Clerk		



CITY OF LAKEPORT

City of Lakeport Municipal Sewer District

City Council X

	Lakeport Redevelopment Successor Agency Lakeport Industrial Development Authority Municipal Financing Agency of Lakeport			
	STAFF REPORT			
RE:	Continuation of Local Emergency Declaration – COVID-19 MEETING DATE: 03/02/2021			
SUB	MITTED BY: Kevin Ingram, City Manager			
PUR	POSE OF REPORT:			

WHAT IS BEING ASKED OF THE CITY COUNCIL/BOARD:

The City Council is being asked to review the need to continue the proclamation declaring a Local State of Emergency due to the State of Emergency declared by Governor Newsome on March 4, 2020, and the Public Health Emergency declared by the Lake County Health Officer on March 9, 2020 as a result of the COVID-19 virus pandemic.

BACKGROUND/DISCUSSION:

On March 11, 2020, the Director of Emergency Services for the City of Lakeport declared a local State of Emergency in connection with the conditions of extreme peril to the safety of persons and property within the city as a result of the State of Emergency due to the threat of COVID-19 as declared by the Governor of the State of California on March 4, 2020; and the Local Public Health Emergency due to the threat of COVID-19 as declared by the Lake County Public Health Officer on March 9, 2020, in accordance with the Emergency Services Act Section 8630(b) and Lakeport Municipal Code section 2.28.130, the City Council ratified the declared emergency on March 17, 2020, under Resolution 2747 (2020). Under Lakeport Municipal Code section 2.28.150, the City Council shall review, at least every 60 days, the need for continuing the emergency declaration until the local emergency is terminated.

The City Council, at a special meeting on March 17, 2020, ratified the emergency declaration via Resolution 2747 (2020). The City Council subsequently continued the emergency declaration on April 7, 2020, April 21, 2020, May 5, 2020, May 19, 2020, June 2, 2020, June 16, 2020, July 7, 2020, July 21, 2020, August 4, 2020, August 18, 2020, September 1, 2020, September 15, 2020, October 6, 2020, October 20, 2020, November 3, 2020, and January 5, 2021.

Since a need still exists for the declaration, Council is asked to review and continue the declaration. Should the need continue, staff will return this item at the next regularly scheduled City Council meeting.

OPTIONS:

Approve the need for the continuation of the proclamation declaring a Local State of Emergency due to the COVID-19 virus pandemic; or proclaim the termination of the Local State of Emergency.

FISCAL IMPACT:

☐ None ☐ \$	Budgeted Item? Yes No
Budget Adjustment Needed	? Yes No If yes, amount of appropriation increase: \$
Affected fund(s): Genera	l Fund Water OM Fund Sewer OM Fund Other:
Comments:	
SUGGESTED MOTIONS: Mo Lakeport due to COVID-19	ve to confirm the continuing existence of a local emergency in the City of
Attachments:	1. Resolution No. 2747 (2020)
	2. Emergency Proclamation

RESOLUTION NO. 2747 (2020)

A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF LAKEPORT, CALIFORNIA, PROCLAIMING A LOCAL EMERGENCY DUE TO THE OUTBREAK OF COVID-19

- **WHEREAS,** in December 2019, a novel coronavirus known as SARS-CoV-2 was first detected in Wuhan, Hubei Province, People's Republic of China, causing outbreaks of the coronavirus disease COVID-19 that has now spread globally;
- WHEREAS, on January 31, 2020, the United States Secretary of Health and Human Services declared a public health emergency in response to COVID-19;
- **WHEREAS,** on March 4, 2020, Governor Gavin Newsom declared a state of emergency to exist in California as a result of COVID-19;
- **WHEREAS,** on March 9, 2020, the Lake County Health Officer declared a local health emergency, respectively, as a result of COVID-19;
- **WHEREAS,** the Director of Emergency Services of the City of Lakeport did proclaim the existence of a local emergency within the City on the 11th day of March, 2020; and
- **WHEREAS**, on March 12, 2020, Governor Gavin Newsom's signed Executive Order N-25-20 giving state and local public health officials the authority to issue guidance limiting or recommending limitations upon attendance at public assemblies, conferences or other mass events;
- **WHEREAS,** on March 13, 2020, President Donald Trump declared a national emergency as a result of COVID-19;
- **WHEREAS**, on March 15, 2020, Governor Gavin Newsom called for the closure of all bars, pubs, and wineries in the State and restrictions on restaurants;
- WHEREAS, despite sustained efforts, COVID-19 remains a threat, and further efforts to control the spread of the virus to reduce and minimize the risk of infection are needed;
- **WHEREAS**, the spread of COVID-19 and its consequences are or are likely to be beyond the control of the services, personnel, equipment, and facilities of the City of Lakeport;
- **WHEREAS,** the mobilization of local resources, the ability to coordinate interagency response, accelerate procurement of vital supplies, use mutual aid, and allow for future reimbursement by the state and federal governments will be critical to successfully respond to COVID-19;
- **WHEREAS**, these conditions warrant and necessitate that the City proclaim the existence of a local emergency.

NOW THEREFORE, THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF LAKEPORT, CALIFORNIA, DOES RESOLVE, DECLARE, DETERMINE AND ORDER AS FOLLOWS:

- **SECTION 1. Recitals.** The City Council finds that all of the preceding recitals are true and correct and are hereby incorporated and adopted as findings and determinations by the City Council as if fully set forth herein.
- **SECTION 2. Proclamation.** Pursuant to Government Code section 8630, subdivision (a), the City Council proclaims a local emergency due to the outbreak of COVID-19.
- **SECTION 3. Regulation of Public Gatherings.** Commencing immediately, all City departments are directed to postpone or cancel all non-essential public community events or group activities in City-owned properties that require close contact and involve ten or more participants.
- **SECTION 4. Regulation of Public Facilities.** Commencing immediately, all City departments are directed to close all non-essential City-owned facilitates that require close contact of vulnerable individuals, including those over 60 years old or with compromised immune systems.
- **SECTION 5.** Emergency Authority. Pursuant to Government Code section 8634, the City Council authorizes the City Manager to take any measures necessary to protect and preserve public health and safety, including activation of the Emergency Operations Center.
- **SECTION 6. Public Health Officials.** The City Council authorizes the City Manager to implement any guidance, recommendations, or requirements imposed by state and local public health officials.
- **SECTION 7. Termination.** Pursuant to Government Code section 8630, subdivision (d), the City Council will proclaim the termination of the emergency at the earliest possible date that conditions warrant.
- **SECTION 8.** Review. Pursuant to Government Code section 8630, subdivision (c), the City Council will review the need for continuing the local emergency at each City Council meeting following this Resolution, but in no event later than 14 days from the previous declaration or review, until the City Council terminates the local emergency.
- **SECTION 9.** Cost Accounting. City staff will begin accounting for their time and expenses related to addressing the local emergency caused by COVID-19.
- **SECTION 10.** Cost Recovery. The City will seek recovery for the cost of responding to COVID-19, as this proclamation is made within 10 days of the Governor's Executive Order N-25-20 and the President's declaration of a national emergency, qualifying the City for

assistance under the California Disaster Assistance Act and for reimbursement from the Federal Emergency Management Agency.

SECTION 11. Submissions. The City Clerk will transmit a copy of this Resolution at the earliest opportunity to the California Governor's Office of Emergency Services.

SECTION 12. Certification. The City Clerk will certify to the passage and adoption of this Resolution and its approval by the City Council and shall cause the same to be listed in the records of the City.

PASSED, APPROVED AND ADOPTED on this 17th day of March, 2020.

ATTEST:

Hilary Britton, Deputy City Clerk

I HEREBY CERTIFY the foregoing resolution was duly adopted by the City Council of the City of Lakeport, California, at a regular meeting held on the 17th day of March, 2020, by the following vote:

AYES:

Mayor Spurr, Council Members Barnes, Mattina, and Turner

NOES:

Council Member Parlet

ABSENT:

None

ABSTAINED: None

PROCLAMATION BY THE DIRECTOR OF EMERGENCY SERVICES DECLARING A LOCAL EMERGENCY

WHEREAS, Chapter 2.28 of the Lakeport Municipal Code, adopted as Ordinance Number 832 of the City of Lakeport empowers the Director of Emergency Services to proclaim the existence or threatened existence of a local emergency when the City of Lakeport is affected or likely to be affected by a public calamity and the City Council is not in session; and

WHEREAS, the Director of Emergency Services of the City of Lakeport does hereby find:

THAT conditions of extreme peril to the safety of persons and property have arisen within this City as a result of the local State of Emergency due to the threat of COVID-19 declared by the Governor of the State of California on March 4, 2020; and the Local Public Health Emergency due to the threat of COVID-19 declared by the Lake County Public Health Officer on March 9, 2020.

THAT the City Council of the City of Lakeport is not in session; and

NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY PROCLAIMED that a local emergency now exists throughout the City of Lakeport, California; and

IT IS FURTHER PROCLAIMED AND ORDERED that during the existence of said local emergency that powers, functions and duties of the emergency organization of this City shall be prescribed by state law, by ordinances, and resolutions of this City, and by Chapter 2.28 of the Lakeport Municipal Code.

Dated: March 11, 2020

MARGARET SILVEIRÁ

Director of Emergency Services City Manager, City of Lakeport

CITY OF LAKEPORT ADDRESSING CALPERS PENSION COST INCREASES

"REFRESHER" TO UAL RESTRUCTURING CONCEPT



Background & Presentation Focus

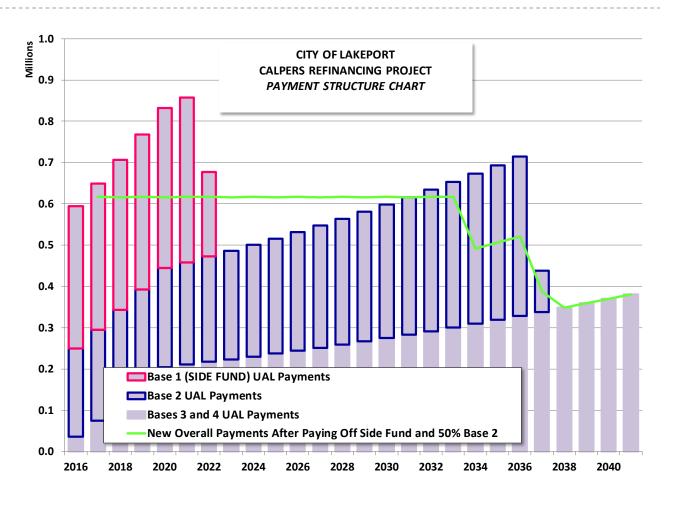
- City of Lakeport has about \$10.4 million in pension liability on its balance sheet
 - ▶ \$8.4M Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL) with CalPERS + \$2M outstanding on 2015 Lease
- ▶ 2015 Lease paid off portion of UAL and strategically "smoothed" payments through FY 2022
 - Restructuring was limited to small size at the time given requirement for collateral/assets
- ▶ UAL has increased from \$6.9M in 2014 to \$8.4M currently; primarily due to CalPERS assumptions changes (lowering of discount rate to 7%)
 - Rapidly increasing UAL repayment schedule continues to put extreme pressure on City's budgeting and "crowds out" other community priorities
 - Creating, discussing, and evaluating a CalPERS pension funding plan, with a full array of options reviewed, is essential for long-term fiscal sustainability and, importantly, to meet the needs/priorities of the community
 - Past, present and future cost management strategies must be well understood
 - Past/Present: Annual UAL prepayment, cost-sharing, migration to PEPRA workforce
 - Others Available: Section 115, "ADPs" to CalPERS, and restructuring the UAL
- Given the complexity, potential risks and ability to secure potentially very significant benefits for a public agency, the UAL restructuring strategy will be the focus of this presentation
 - Converts interest rate from 7% to \approx 3.50%, achieves more level repayment shape; PLUS: can refinance 2015 Lease for savings (at no penalty) and remove lien from the assets being utilized to collateralize this Lease





2015 UAL Restructuring – Strategy Revisited

- ▶ \$3.1 million UAL paid off
 - ▶ 41% of total \$7.4MM UAL (June 2015 valuation)
- 4.25% interest rate on loan
- Collateralized with assets (City Hall, Fire Dept., Westside Park)
 - No market for unsecured pension bond at that time
- Structured to remove the peak in payments through FY 2022 and smooth out payments (lease + UAL) for first 15 years (see green line to right)

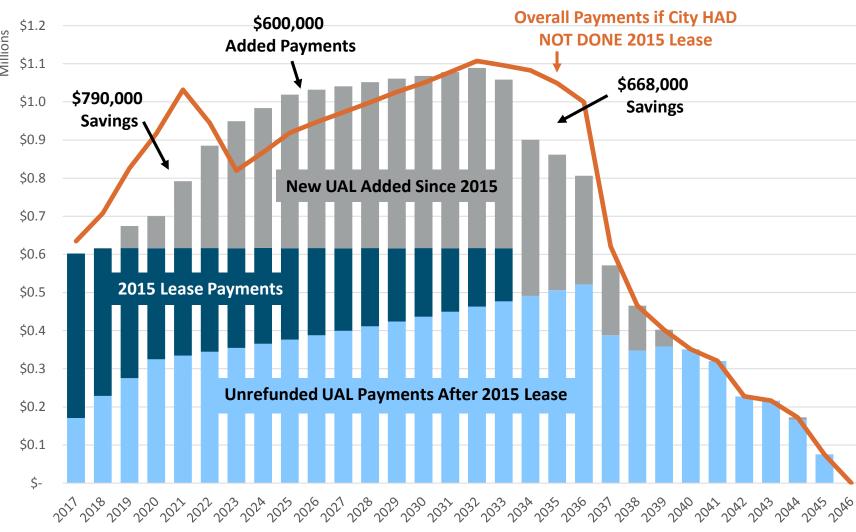






2015 UAL Restructuring for Budget Smoothing - UPDATE

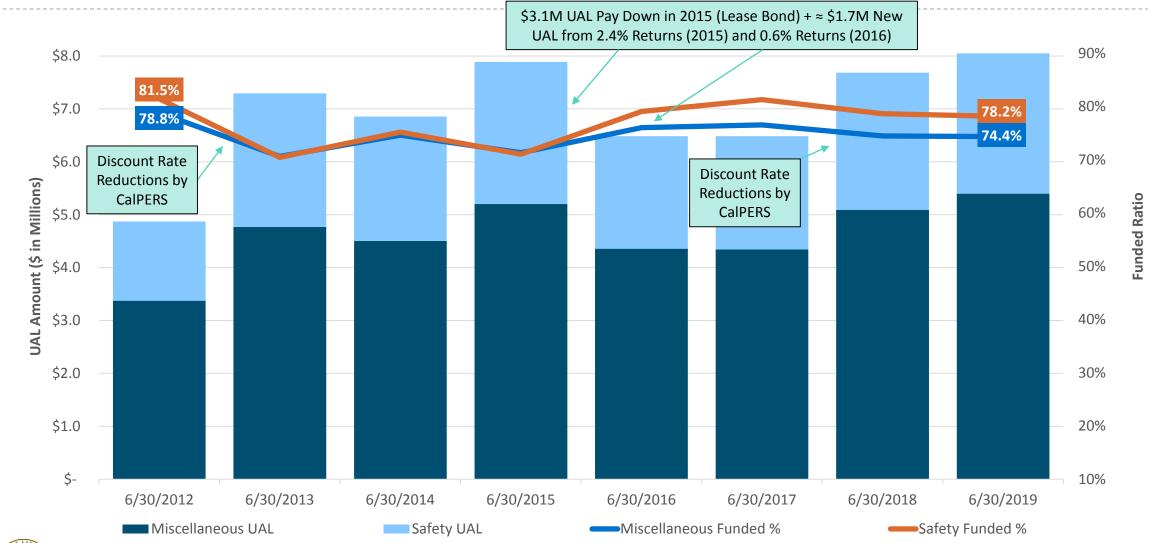
- UAL Restructure achieved objective of enhancing payment smoothing and budget predictability
- 2015 pay down reduced CalPERS UAL from \$7.4MM to \$4.3MM; but UAL has since grown to \$8.4MM over last 5 years (November 2020 valuation)
 - City's payment shape has "shifted upwards" due to CalPERS UAL increase
 - Still lower and smoother than if 2015 UAL Restructuring had not been executed







Historical Growth in Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

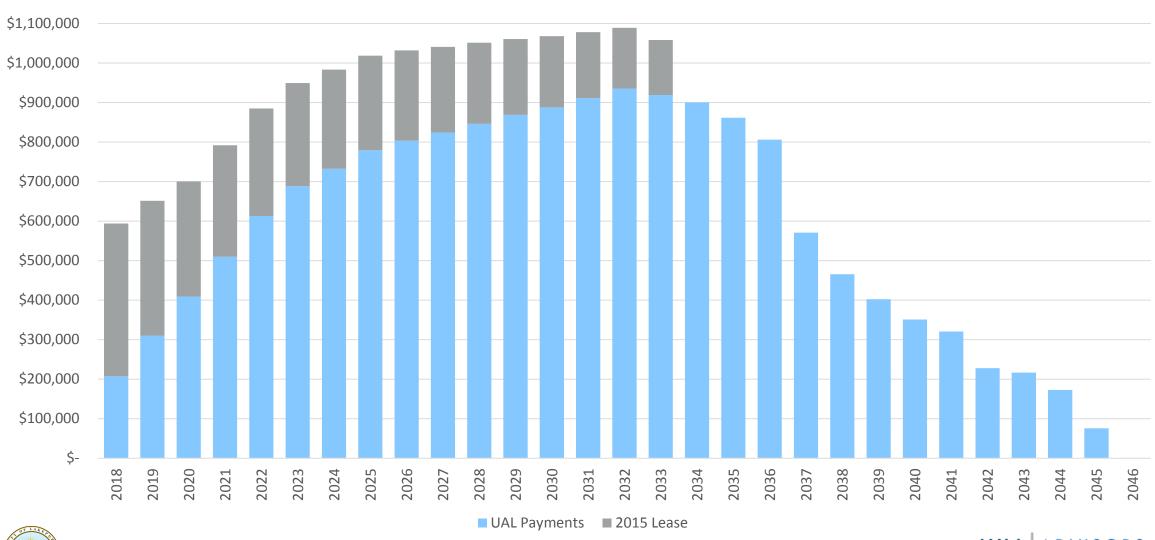






CalPERS Projected UAL Repayment Schedule

\$8.4M UAL @ 7% Interest Rate + 2015 Lease @ 4.25% Interest Rate







Strategies to Address Rising Pension Costs

(1) Prepay UAL early in Fiscal Year (≈ 3.4% discount) – City uses this strategy

(2) Negotiate Cost Sharing With Employees – City has completed

• Require employees to pay their share; New employees already governed by lower cost/benefit PEPRA plans

(3) Fresh Start Amortization w/ CalPERS

- Pros: Smooths payment, shortens repayment period; reduces overall interest paid from shorter amortization period
- Cons: New structure "locked-in" (no flexibility) + increased annual payments in near term; still amortized at 7% interest rate

(4) Use <u>Cash Reserves</u> to Pay Extra (two options)

- <u>Section 115 Trust</u> Separate trust solely dedicated to pension/OPEB
 - Offered by PARS, CalPERS, Keenan, PFM and others
- <u>Lump Sum Pay Down of UAL</u> Reduce UAL through ADPs (Additional Discretionary Payments)
 - Choose optimal amortization bases to pay off

(5) Restructure All or Portion of Remaining UAL

Restructure portion of UAL at lower bond interest rate (i.e. 3.50% vs. 7.0%) and "smooth out" payments for enhanced budget predictability, near and mid term savings, and preservation of cash for other critical projects

Restructuring UAL Debt – Conceptual Overview

- Borrow money to pay off all or a portion of UAL with CalPERS
 - Pension Obligation Bond (POB) is typically utilized
 - Unsecured debt (no collateral required)
 - "Court Validation" to confirm UAL is a "debt" that can be refinanced (3-to-4-month process)
 - Validation provides foundation to issue POBs now or anytime in the future if approved by City Council
- ▶ POB market re-emerged in 2018/19 about 40 agencies have issued \$4 billion recently
 - Previously, UAL restructuring was required to be executed as a lease structure (like Lakeport in 2015)
- Interest rate paid on a POB significantly lower than the 7% CalPERS charges
 - Current market is 3.00% to 3.75% depending on length of term and credit rating
- Restructuring the annual payments into a smoother, predictable schedule is core objective
- ▶ Key risk / consideration: re-investment and market timing risk





Preliminary UAL Restructuring Options for Lakeport

Three Baseline Options for Presentation Purposes

OPTION 1

20 Year – Level Payments

OPTION 2

25 Year – Level Payments

OPTION 3

24 Year – 1% Escalating + Linear Decline

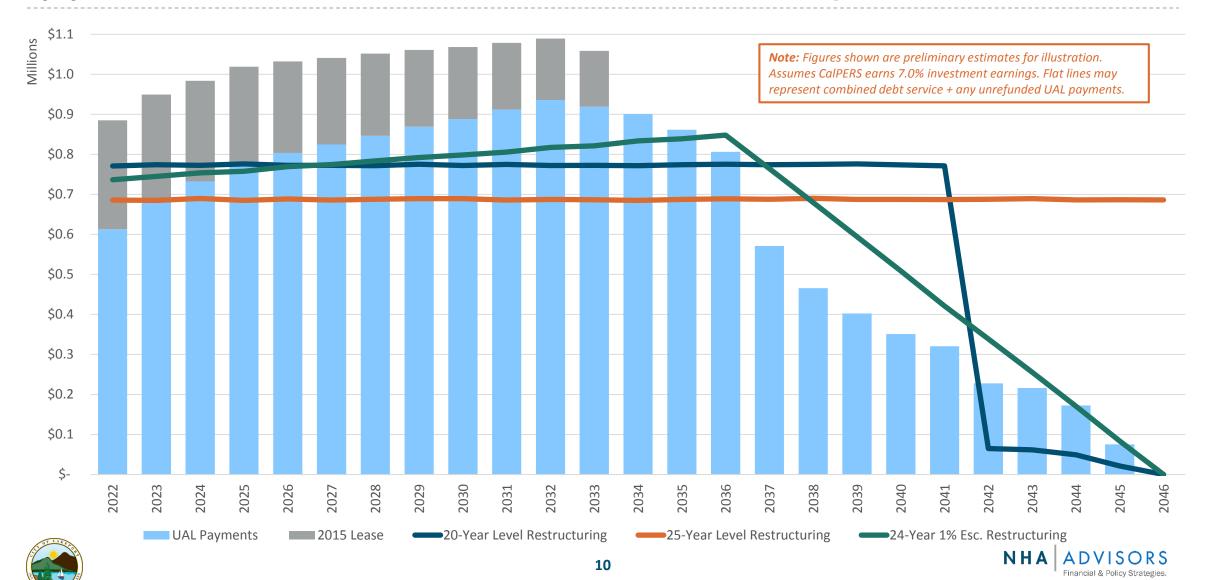
Assumptions

- ▶ 71% of UAL Paid Off (95% Funding Ratio)
- 2015 Lease Paid Off (no penalty) and release of assets from Lease lien
- Interest Rates from Recent "AA" Chula Vista POB + 1.00% (conservative)
- ▶ POB issued in June 2021 with savings beginning in FY 2022 (aggressive)
- Bonds are "callable"
 - i.e. City has ability to pay off (or refinance) the POBs early if desired





Illustrative UAL Restructuring Options for Lakeport (1) 20 Year Level; (2) 25-Year Level; (3) 1% Escalating + Linear Decline



Illustrative UAL Restructuring Options for Lakeport Summary of Estimated Savings

- Est. present value savings range from \$1.47M \$1.70M
 - ▶ 18.3% 21.1% of refunded UAL
- Cumulative savings range from \$370K - \$1.89M
- Average annual savings range from \$241K \$330K

Metrics	20-Year Level Restructuring	24-Year 1% Esc. Restructuring	25-Year Level Restructuring
Par Amount	\$8,120,000	\$8,120,000	\$8,120,000
Lease Refunding	Yes	Yes	Yes
UAL Funded (\$)	\$6,000,000	\$6,000,000	\$6,000,000
UAL Funded (%)	71%	71%	71%
Funded Ratio	94%	94%	94%
Maturity	20 Years	24 Years	25 Years
Average Life	11.8 Years	11.9 Years	15.9 Years
All-In Interest Rate	3.59%	3.57%	3.83%
Present Value Savings (%)	21.09%	21.20%	18.34%
Present Value Savings (\$)	\$1,687,644	\$1,696,336	\$1,467,545
Cumulative Savings	\$1,887,394	\$1,860,485	\$370,830
Savings (2022-2032)	\$2,688,368	\$2,659,189	\$3,633,112
Avg. Annual Savings (2022-2032)	\$244,397	\$241,744	\$330,283





Pension Bonds - Benefits and Risks

Primary Benefits

- Fiscal Sustainability Tool: Ability to "re-shape" the City's pension debt payments
- Near-Term Budgetary Savings
- Interest Rate Savings "Arbitrage": City can borrow at rates much lower (currently ≈ 3.50%) than what CalPERS charges on UAL debt (7%)
- Increase Funding Ratio
- Flexibility to Modify Maturity

Primary Risk: Reinvestment & Market Timing Risk

- Savings is ultimately dependent on future CalPERS returns, which are unknown at time of issuance (primary concern of GFOA)
- Present value savings occur if PERS earns greater returns than pension bond interest rate
- Near-term losses exacerbate this risk given large lump sum deposit into the market



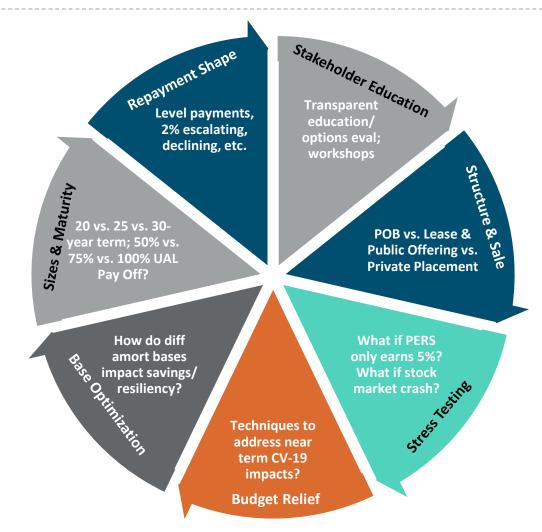
These risks should be quantified through a stress testing process to better understand the impacts of potential poor investment performance by CalPERS





Components of a Thoughtful Evaluation Process

- Proper Stakeholder education
- Full exploration of options
 - Shapes, sizes, durations
 - Tailor to City's financial objectives, risk tolerance and other constraints
- Stress testing process to quantify risks
- Structuring techniques to optimize savings / resiliency to future PERS volatility
- Market timing of investing proceeds
- Restructuring strategy and use of future savings should be governed by a Pension Funding Policy







Next Steps

- Council direction on whether restructuring concept should be evaluated further
 - ▶ If so, a detailed workshop(s) should be scheduled to provide additional information and answer questions
- If Council wanted to initiate a legal validation process, staff and financing team would bring back documents at some future City Council meeting
 - During validation period, staff and financing team could continue the evaluation/education process and conduct more robust options and stress testing analysis
 - Validation process does not lock City into a transaction; future City Council approvals required to issue bonds







CITY OF LAKEPORT

City Council	\boxtimes
City of Lakeport Municipal Sewer District	
Lakeport Redevelopment Successor Agency	
Lakeport Industrial Development Authority	
Municipal Financing Agency of Lakeport	

		ST	AFF REPOF	RT		
RE:	Participation in th	ne Employment Risk Mar	nagement Authori	ty	MEETING DATE:	03/02/2021
SUBI	MITTED BY:	Kelly Buendia, Administ	rative Services Dir	ector		
PUR	POSE OF REPORT:	☐ Information only	Discussion	Actio	n Item	

WHAT IS BEING ASKED OF THE CITY COUNCIL/BOARD:

The City Council is being asked to adopt a resolution to approve joining the Employment Risk Management Authority (ERMA) JPA for employment practices liability coverage.

BACKGROUND/DISCUSSION:

The City of Lakeport will become a member of the California Intergovernmental Risk Authority (CIRA) on July 1, 2021, which will obtain employment practices liability (EPL) coverage for its members from ERMA, a statewide risk sharing pool that provides EPL coverage and loss prevention services to California public entities. REMIF has not been a member of ERMA in the past but rather covered employment related claims in the general liability program.

ERMA reduces employment practices risk by proactive claims management, innovative training and education and subject matter expertise. They are the first and only state-wide public section employment practices liability risk sharing pool. They have over 200 public entity members and are CAJPA accredited. They are financially stable and well-funded. Some of the advantages of joining ERMA are: share cost of risk among similar entities, pool determines scope of coverage, development of governing, documents, development of risk control programs, targeted performance standards, and proactive litigation management.

To be considered by the ERMA Board of Directors, the City is required to submit a Council Resolution authorizing participation in ERMA, complete an application, submit seven years of EPL loss information, and the most recent financial audit. If approved by the ERMA Board, the City would join as an underlying member of CIRA.

There is no direct fiscal impact as a result of the recommended action. However, the goal in use of ERMA is an overall lowering of risk and costs associated with employee claims for the whole CIRA pool, which would eventually be reflected in lower or stabilized contributions.

Staff recommends Council Adopt the enclosed Resolution authorizing participation in the Employment Risk Management Authority (ERMA).

OPTIONS:

1. The City Council may adopt a resolution to approve joining the Employment Risk Management Authority (ERMA) JPA for employment practices liability coverage.

FISCAL IMPACT:
None ☐ \$ Budgeted Item? ☐ Yes ☐ No
Budget Adjustment Needed? Yes No If yes, amount of appropriation increase: \$
Affected fund(s): General Fund Water OM Fund Sewer OM Fund Other:
Comments:
SUGGESTED MOTIONS:
Make a motion to adopt a resolution to approve joining the Employment Risk Management Authority (ERMA) JPA for employment practices liability coverage.
X Attachments: 1. Resolution

2. The City Council could decide not to approve participation in ERMA which could result in a requirement

for Lakeport to self-insure the layer to be covered by ERMA.

3. The City Council could provide other direction.

RESOLUTION NO. XXXX (2021)

A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF LAKEPORT AUTHORIZING PARTICIPATION IN THE EMPLOYMENT RISK MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

WHEREAS, the City of Lakeport wishes to obtain Employment Practices Liability coverage beginning July 1, 2021; and

WHEREAS, the Employment Risk Management Authority (ERMA) is a self-insured joint powers authority created for the sole purpose of Employment Practices Liability Coverage. ERMA is comprised of various public entities who risk share up to \$1 million against potentially unlawful employment practices and discrimination claims; and

WHEREAS, the ERMA formed primarily due to the fact that government entities have not historically been able to secure Employment Practices Liability (EPL) coverage at a competitive cost through the commercial insurance marketplace; and

WHEREAS, ERMA has met all of the high professional standards established by the California Association of Joint Powers Authorities (CAJPA) in the areas of governance, finance, claims control, safety and loss control and ERMA is fully accredited by CAJPA. CAJPA's accreditation process requires reviews by independent consultants in the areas of accounting, claims adjusting, and actuarial analysis; and

WHEREAS, ERMA provides services to both Joint Powers Insurance Authorities and individual public entities; and

WHEREAS, the City of Lakeport has determined that it is in the best interest to become a member of ERMA for the purpose of obtaining Employment Practices Liability coverage; and

WHEREAS, ERMA requires the City Council of the City of Lakeport to pass a resolution expressing the desire and commitment of the City of Lakeport's participation in ERMA, which requires a three year minimum participation period. The City Council also understands our entity will be bound by the provisions in the ERMA Joint Powers Agreement just as though it were fully set forth and incorporated herein whether our entity had signed it individually or through an underlying Joint Powers Insurance Authority.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF LAKEPORT HEREBY:

- 1. approves participation in ERMA beginning July 1, 2021; and
- 2. authorizes the City Manager on behalf of the City of Lakeport to take any and all actions necessary to implement the foregoing resolution.

The foregoing Resolution was passed	d and adopted at a regular meeting of the City Council
the City of Lakeport on the 2 nd day of March,	, 2021 by the following vote:

AYES:	
NOES:	

ABSTAIN: ABSENT:	
	Kenneth Parlet, Mayor
ATTEST:	
Kelly Buendia, City Clerk	



CITY OF LAKEPORT

City Council ⊠
City of Lakeport Municipal Sewer District
Lakeport Redevelopment Successor Agency \Box

	STAFF REPORT				
RE:	Objective Design and Development Standards Zoning Ordinance Update Consultant Selection	MEETING DATE:	03/02/2021		
SUBMITTED BY: Jennifer M. Byers, Community Development Director					
PUR	POSE OF REPORT : \Box Information only \Box Discussion \boxtimes A	Action Item			

WHAT IS BEING ASKED OF THE CITY COUNCIL/BOARD:

The City Council is being asked to authorize the City Manager to execute a Professional Service Agreement ("PSA") with Mintier Harnish for the development of Objective Design and Development Standards for the City's Zoning Ordinance and updates to its Accessory Dwelling Unit rules.

BACKGROUND/DISCUSSION:

As part of the 2017 California Legislative Housing Package, Senate Bill 35 requires that local jurisdictions provide a streamlined ministerial approval process for multi-family residential developments that meet specific eligibility requirements. In addition to the 2017 Legislative Housing Package, there have been numerous bills in recent years which focus on promoting the development of Accessory Dwelling Units (ADUs). The Lakeport Sixth Cycle Housing Element, adopted on July 7, 2020, identified several areas where the Zoning Ordinance would need revisions in order to facility and encourage the development of housing.

The City of Lakeport released a Request for Proposals (RFP) from qualified consulting firms to update the Lakeport Zoning Ordinance, as well as development procedures, for conformance with the Housing Element and recently adopted State legislative housing laws.

The tasks to be included are as follows:

Multi-Family Housing and Mixed-Use Projects:

- Evaluate the Housing Element's available land inventory, making recommendations for retention of
 existing sites and identifying possible additional sites to include possible zoning district changes to
 accommodate more accessory dwelling units and mixed-use, multi-family and townhouse development,
 meeting state and federal code regulations.
- Identify the characteristics of existing single family, multi-family and mixed-use sites, as well as adjacent
 properties, including prominent architectural style, streetscape pattern, access, building materials,
 building articulation, landscape, window and door design and materials, and other characteristics.
- Analyze requirements and consider best practices for "objective zoning standards" and "objective design review standards" for single family, multi-family and mixed-use development. Develop objective standards for construction and rehabilitation of residential buildings. Recommendations on design standards should meet requirements in applicable law including those in SB 35 and SB 330.
- Develop standards to support sustainability, green building practices, and community health in housing
 production in Lakeport, including best practices to design housing for all ages and backgrounds with
 energy-efficient construction, efficient site planning, amenities supporting public health, and planning for
 ADA and transit access.

Meeting Date: March 2, 2021 Page 1 Agenda Item #VI.B.I.

252597.1

Accessory Dwelling Unit Housing:

- Review regulations for ADUs for conformance with State of California law and consistency with local best practices.
- Identify available incentives for affordable ADU construction such as county, state, and federal grant
 programs for income-restricted ADUs and collaborate with one or more non-governmental organization
 with expertise in affordable housing.
- Recommend an Accessory Dwelling Unit Ordinance to create new incentives for the construction of ADUs that are affordable to residents with low and very low incomes.

Public Outreach and Environmental Review:

- Hold a minimum of two stakeholder meetings.
- Draft ordinance and design guidelines for Planning Commission and City Council review and action
- Present ordinance and design guidelines to Planning Commission and City Council at public hearings.
- Prepare associated environmental review documents, including at a minimum an Initial Study pursuant to Appendix G of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines.

It is the City's intent to utilize Local Early Action Planning (LEAP) Grant Program ("Program") and other grant funding (e.g. Regional Early Action Planning grant funds) available to local jurisdictions throughout California for planning activities that demonstrate a nexus to increasing housing production.

As provided for in the LEAP Grant Program, the contract with the selected consultant for the Project is required to provide for compliance with all the requirements of the Program, including expenses and reimbursements, clear deliverables, and records retention.

The RFP generated two proposals with notification from one firm declining to submit. A three-person committee made up of City staff reviewed the proposals and selected Mintier Harnish as the top consultant. A copy of the proposal is attached for reference.

The selected firm proposed a budget of \$65,140. The City of Lakeport was awarded \$65,000 from the Local Early Action Planning Grants ("LEAP") for projects that assist in the preparation and adoption of planning documents and process improvements that accelerate housing production and facilitate compliance to the implementation of the Sixth Cycle Housing Element. On 1/19/21, City Council authorized \$11,712 of those grant funds to be used in the implementation of the SmartGov e-permitting function. The Lake County APC additionally applied for Regional Early Action Planning Grant ("REAP") for which the City of Lakeport is eligible for \$29,862.23. The combination of these two grants would accomplish the proposed project.

OPTIONS:

- 1. Authorize the City Manager to execute a PSA with Mintier Harnish.
- 2. Do not authorize and provide staff direction.

FISCAL IMPACT	SCAL IMPACT:					
⊠ None	□\$	Budgeted Item? \square Ye	s 🗆 No			
Budget Adjustment Needed? \square Yes \square No \square If yes, amount of appropriation increase: \$						
Affected fund(s	\mathfrak{s}): \square General Fur	nd 🗆 Water OM Fund	\square Sewer OM Fund	oximes Other: LEAP and REAP Grant		
Comments: No	ne					

Meeting Date: March 2, 2021 Page 2 Agenda Item #VI.B.I.

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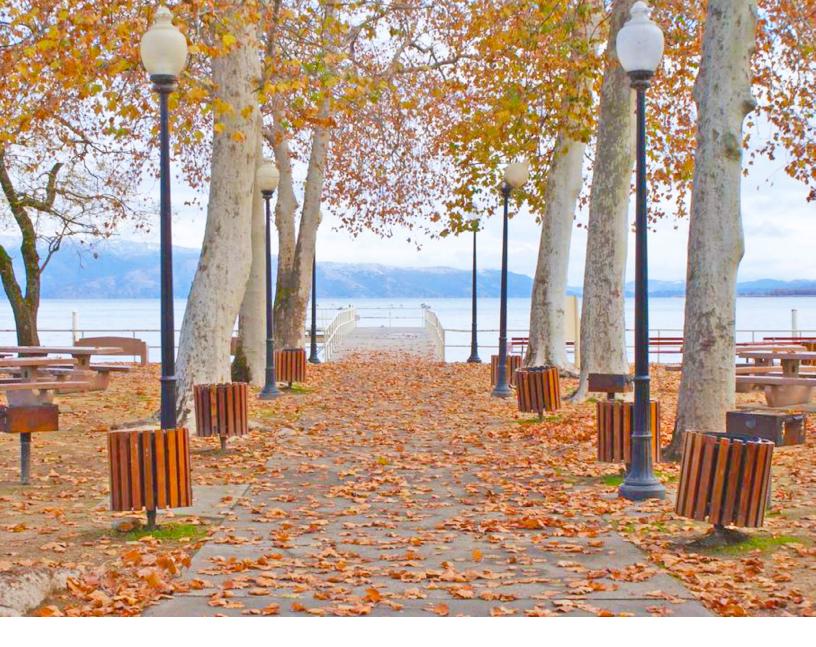
SUGGESTED MOTION:

Move to authorize the City Manager to execute a Professional Service Agreement with Mintier Harnish for the completion of Objective Design and Development Standards for the City's Zoning Ordinance and updates to its ADU rules.

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1. Mintier Harnish Proposal

252597.1



City of Lakeport

OBJECTIVE DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS UPDATE

PROPOSAL FOR SERVICES

January 7, 2021

SUBMITTED TO:

Jennifer M. Byers Community Development Director City of Lakeport 225 Park Street Lakeport, CA 95453

SUBMITTED BY:

Mintier Harnish 1415 20th Street Sacramento, CA 95811 916.446.0522 mintierharnish.com





January 7, 2021

Jennifer M. Byers Community Development Director City of Lakeport 225 Park Street Lakeport, CA 95453

RE: Objective Design And Development Standards Update

Dear Ms. Byers:

Mintier Harnish is pleased to submit this proposal to assist the City of Lakeport with the preparation of the Objective Design and Development Standards Update. Since 1985, we have served over 100 public agencies and have established ourselves as a leader in general plan, housing element, and zoning code updates in California. In response to your request for proposals, the City will likely receive responses from several qualified firms. We feel there are several key factors that distinguish us.

Zoning Code Preparation Experience. Our team has extensive experience with drafting and ensuring adoption of zoning codes and other types of development regulations. We are able to create innovative and practical solutions to both routine and unique zoning and planning problems.

Familiarity with Contemporary Zoning Practice. We are familiar with new and emerging zoning practice trends and issues. We produce zoning ordinances that are user-friendly and rely extensively on graphics and illustrations. We are addressing the changing housing-related provisions in zoning codes, including ADUs, density bonus, employee housing, emergency shelters, transitional housing, and objective design standards. We are also at the forefront in the development of web-based zoning codes.

Comprehensive Objective Design Standards Experience and Implementation. We have a comprehensive understanding of the State requirements of objective design standards and have provided innovative ways for successful implementation. We have or are currently assisting 10 communities of all sizes adapt and implement objective design standards. We like to think beyond the development box, creating standards that are not only acceptable to the community and are easy to understand, but are also acceptable to the development community.

Local Government Experience. We have extensive experience as local government staff. We have "hands-on" experience with all levels of zoning code administration, ranging from answering zoning inquiries at the front counter, to processing land use permit applications and preparing staff reports, to managing planning divisions and departments. We have personally drafted zoning codes and then been responsible

1415 20[™] Street Sacramento, California 95811 (916) 446-0522 FAX (916) 446-7520 office@mintierharnish.com www.mintierharnish.com



for the administration and enforcement of those regulations. We understand the wide array of day-to-day issues City staff must address in code administration, as well as the needs of the public for timely, accurate responses to their questions.

Active Principal Involvement. I am personally leading the Mintier Harnish Team. I will be fully engaged in every aspect of the Objective Design Standards project. As noted above, I have been a Planning Director for several cities and prepared and administered dozens of zoning codes. I will be involved in the project daily and in regular contact with City staff, the community, and decision-makers.

Work Style. As part of this effort, we will be working closely with City staff, the community, Planning Commission, and City Council. To have an effective, stress free, and enjoyable process, you need a team that is great to work with. Our team has a very approachable, collegial, and comfortable work style with our clients. We bring a great process experience and tailor it to the needs and personality of each community. We develop close, collaborative working relationships with each of our clients that last well beyond the completion of a project. We strongly urge you to confirm this with our references.

As the owner of Mintier Harnish, I am authorized to bind the firm contractually on this project. Please contact me if you have any questions at 916-446-0522 or jim@ mintierharnish.com. I look forward to the opportunity to present our proposal and team in person.

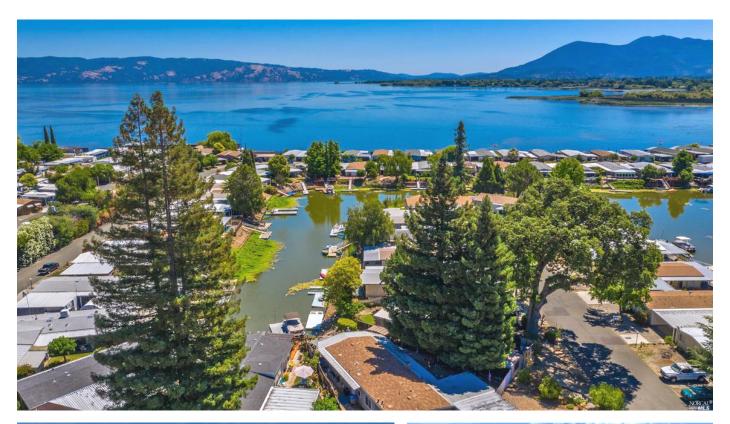
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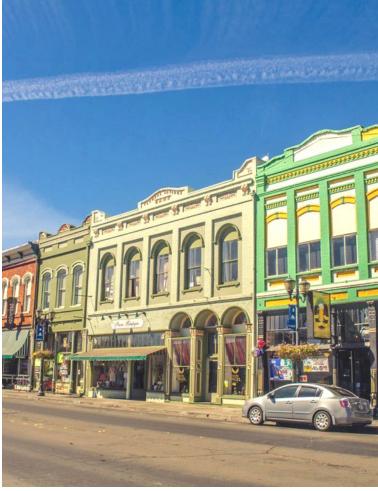
Jim Harnish, JD Arincipal/Owner



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A. Introduction

Project Understanding

The City of Lakeport is seeking proposals from qualified consultants to prepare objective design and development standards. Our understanding of the Project is based on a combination of the Request for Proposals, our experience assisting numerous other communities in successfully crafting standards, our overall understanding of the housing crisis in California, and our knowledge from preparing zoning codes for dozens of cities and counties throughout the state. This Project is the City's opportunity to establish clear and unambiguous, internally consistent, legally defensible residential design standards and development regulations that reflect a contemporary Lakeport. The objective design and development standards will comply with the requirements of State law and set the stage for continued positive change in the community. Based on our understanding, we have identified four objectives for the Project:

Evaluate the Housing Element. The City expects the Consultant to evaluate the City's existing Housing Element for housing related policies and programs that will aid in the development of objective standards. Through the evaluation, the Consultant and City staff will review and consider additional sites where the new objective standards and accessory dwelling unit ordinance would apply.

Create more developer certainty in the residential project approval process. Developers evaluate project certainty as part of the pre-development project evaluation phase. Emphasizing production of quality housing through the standards in the Zoning Code will better position the City to meet housing demand and fulfill the State-mandated Regional Housing Needs Allocation, while maintaining community character and preserving neighborhoods.

Ensure consistency with City policies and

California law. A primary purpose of the Project is to ensure that the City complies with all State laws while ensuring residential development projects satisfy the City's expectations. As part of this update the City expects the Consultant to prepare a new Accessory Dwelling Unit Ordinance that is fully compliant with new State regulations.

Streamline project review and permitting.

The City expects the objective design and development standards to establish clear review processes for residential development, reduce unnecessary bureaucracy, and resolve internal inconsistencies. Simultaneously, the objective residential design and development standards should foster quality residential development projects and protect and enhance Lakeport's distinctive community character.

Our Approach

Based on our understanding of the City's expectations for the objective design and development standards, we identified five themes for our approach to the Project.

Collaborate with Staff. Close collaboration with City staff throughout the project is an essential part of our approach. While we have broad experience with zoning code updates. City staff has detailed working knowledge of Lakeport's regulatory structure and development approval process. We will establish a close working relationship and regular communication with City staff throughout the project. We will work with City staff early on to define work responsibilities and communication protocols. We will form an integrated and seamless staff/ consultant project team. We will also provide optional staff training opportunities at the beginning of the process to understand the details and mechanics of preparing objective design and development standards and methods for streamlining residential development approvals.

Clearly Define Issues and Opportunities. Key to the success of the objective design and development standards is clearly identifying the types of residential development projects that are preferred in the city, projects that did not work, obstacles in the project approval process, and opportunities for improvement. Early in the Project, we will facilitate meetings and conference calls to refine the work scope. thoroughly define and explore issues and opportunities, and prioritize tasks. We will meet with stakeholders selected by staff to understand the perspectives of the regulated community. We will also facilitate a study session with the City Council and Planning Commission to understand their expectations for future residential development and additional desired outcomes of the project.

Build on Successes. Every process requires a solid foundation on which to build. We will identify successful residential design that has worked well for the City. We will research and analyze existing City planning documents to extract design approaches that could be implemented citywide.

Create New Ideas. At each step in the process, we will present City staff with new ideas and innovative approaches for establishing objective design and development standards and streamlining the residential development approval process. We will base these approaches and choices on our understanding of best practices in residential and mixed-use zoning regulations and our extensive experience working with a wide array of cities throughout California.

Deliver User-Friendly Objective Design Standards for Residential and Mixed-Use **Development.** We recognize the City's desire for more user-friendly residential design and development standards in a format that is easily read and understood by residents, permit applicants, City staff, the Planning Commission, and the City Council. While technical and regulatory, there is no need for standards in the Zoning Code to be difficult to use and understand. The content, format. and presentation of the objective design and development standards will provide all users with a clear understanding of the land use regulations and development standards, and expectations for the project approval and permitting processes. We will provide graphic illustrations and consolidated tables, where useful and appropriate. We will eliminate internal inconsistencies and clarify cross-referencing.

Scope of Work

Task 1: Initial Kick-Off Work Session and City Tour

The Consultant will facilitate a kick-off work session with City staff to discuss the project background, objectives, and expectations for the project. We will discuss information needs, a range of options, and develop a consensus on our approach to the work. We will provide a range of examples of objective design and development standards implemented in other communities and discuss the relevance of these standards to Lakeport. City staff will provide existing community design guidelines and standards and conditions of approval for multi-family and mixed-use projects. We will also discuss other housing-related issues to be addressed in our research.

Following the work session, the Consultant and City staff will tour existing multi-family and mixed-use developments as well other projects or structures of architectural and design interest. The tour is meant to identify design characteristics that are preferred or discouraged for Lakeport development. Based on the results of the work session and tour, we will prepare a summary of the work session and tour results, an outline of the topics to be addressed, and likely direction for the standards.

Deliverables:

- Memorandum summarizing the work session, tour, and expectations
- Initial objective design standards matrix

Task 2: Stakeholder Interviews

The Consultant will conduct one day of eight one-on-one and group interviews via Zoom or conference call with local housing developers, architects, housing advocates, and others, to gain an understanding of the ideas and expectations of housing and subsequent development regulations in the City. We will summarize the results of the interviews in a memorandum.

Deliverable:

 Memorandum summarizing stakeholder interviews

Task 3: Housing Element Evaluation and Analysis

The Consultant will evaluate the Housing Element available sites inventory and analyze where there might be additional areas that can accommodate accessory dwelling units and mixed-use development through zoning district changes. We will make recommendations to City staff, and if necessary, coordinate with City staff on the specific revisions.

Deliverable:

 Memorandum summarizing Housing Element evaluation and analysis

Task 4: Joint Study Session

The Consultant will facilitate a joint study session with the City Council and Planning Commission to provide an overview of current State housing law and policy and the objectives of the work effort, summarize the research and work to date, provide examples of objective design and development standards, and discuss Council and Commission expectations, concerns, and ideas. We will structure the joint study session to allow for and encourage community and stakeholder participation. We will refine and summarize the results of the joint study session in a memorandum.

Deliverables:

- Joint Study Session background materials
- PowerPoint presentation
- Memorandum summarizing study session results

Task 5: Community Design Assessment

The Consultant will assess existing community and architectural design in Lakeport. We will identify the characteristics of the existing single-family stock, and multi-family and mixed-use developments in the city. Our assessment will address architectural style, streetscape pattern, open spaces areas (common and private), frontage applications, structure materials articulation, and fenestration, and landscaping. We will summarize our findings in a memorandum.

Deliverable:

 Memorandum summarizing community design assessment findings

Task 6: Review and Refinement

Based on the input from the stakeholder interviews, study session, Housing Element analysis, and community design assessment, we will refine our initial outline of recommended objective design standards matrix. We will, if appropriate, refine our work scope to respond to the direction of the Joint Study Session. We will facilitate a second work session with City staff to discuss our recommendations and reach consensus on the approach and content of the objective design and development standards appropriate for by-right multi-family development projects. We will prepare a final table of contents prior to preparation of the Administrative Draft Objective Design and Development Standards.

Deliverables:

- Refined list of potential Objective Design and Development Standards
- Objective Design and Development Standards Table of Contents

Task 7: Preparation of Objective Design and Development Standards

The Consultant will prepare an Administrative Draft Objective Design and Development Standards that reflects current State law (SB 35 and SB 330). The Administrative Draft will incorporate all comments and feedback from the community, City staff, the Planning Commission and City Council, as well as the findings from the Community Design Assessment. We will include graphics illustrations and photo examples as appropriate. Based on comments from City staff, we will prepare a Public Review Draft Objective Design and Development Standards.

Deliverables:

- Administrative Draft Objective Design and Development Standards
- Public Review Draft Objective Design and Development Standards

Task 8: Stakeholder Follow-up

The Consultant and City staff will facilitate a stakeholder follow-up meeting. The meeting will enable the stakeholders to provide feedback on the Public Review Draft Objective Design and Development Standards prior to Planning Commission review and City Council adoption. If necessary, the Consultant will prepare a Revised Public Review Draft Objective Design and Development Standards with City staff direction.

Deliverable:

 Revised Public Review Draft Objective Design and Development Standards

Task 9: Accessory Dwelling Unit Ordinance

The Consultant will prepare an Administrative Draft Accessory Dwelling Unit Ordinance that conforms with State Law and provides regulations and standards for the construction of accessory dwelling units. We will also research available incentives for affordable ADU construction that income-restricted community members can potentially participate in to

boost local affordable housing options. Based on comments from City staff, we will prepare a Public Review Accessory Dwelling Unit Ordinance.

Deliverables:

- Administrative Draft Accessory Dwelling Unit Ordinance
- Public Review Draft Accessory Dwelling Unit Ordinance

Task 10: Environmental Review

The Consultant will conduct an environmental review of the Revised Public Review Draft Objective Design and Development Standards and Draft Accessory Dwelling Unit Ordinance consistent with the requirements of CEQA. It is anticipated that we will prepare an Addendum to the General Plan Environmental Impact Report (EIR).

Deliverable:

Environmental analysis consistent with CEQA

Task 11: Public Review and Adoption

The Consultant will facilitate one Planning
Commission public hearing and one City
Council public hearing to present the Objective
Design and Development Standards, and
Accessory Dwelling Unit Ordinance for Planning
Commission review and City Council adoption.
We will make any revisions necessary to the final
documents.

Deliverables:

- Adopted Objective Design and Development Standards
- Adopted Accessory Dwelling Unit Ordinance

Project Management

We will manage the consultant team, facilitate internal meetings, conduct project administration, prepare project invoicing.

Deliverables:

- Coordination meeting/call agendas
- Project status reports
- Invoices

Direct Expenses

Printing, travel, and other related expenses

Project Management Approach

We take project management seriously. Effective project management can make the difference in the success of this Objective Design Standards Update. Ineffective project management can doom a project. While project management may not be as creative or rewarding as facilitating public outreach or crafting design and development standards, it is every bit as essential to the success of this major planning project. Here is our basic guidebook:



Project Management Objectives

- 1. Stay on schedule. It is very easy for a project such as formulating objective design standards that includes community engagement and coordination with City staff to fall behind schedule.
- **2. Manage the budget.** Again, a multitude of participants, unanticipated demands, additional meetings all can contribute to budget creep.
- **3. Frequent client communication.** Perhaps the singlemost important component of effective project management is regular communication between the Consultant and City staff.
- **4. Quality control.** We strive to produce results that are of the highest quality, internally consistent, and completely satisfy our clients.



Project Management Approach

- 1. Facilitate a **kick-off meeting** with City staff and the consultant team to discuss the project work scope, schedule, budget, and communication protocols.
- **2.** Identify the **roles and responsibilities** of key staff and consultants.
- **3.** Identify the **core project management team** and establish a schedule for reoccurring checkin conference calls and face-to-face meetings.
- **4.** Prepare call/meeting **agendas and action minutes.**
- **5.** Provide monthly **project status reports.**



Project Management Tools and Procedures

- 1. Standardized file naming protocols
- 2. Consistent e-mail subject line project naming
- **3. E-mail copying** protocols to assure team communication
- 4. Standardized document format and style guide
- **5.** Conference call **agendas and action minutes**
- 6. Data needs lists
- 7. Document review checklists
- 8. Design guidelines and standards fix-it list
- **9.** Community engagement **guides/checklists**

B. Personnel, Equipment, and Facilities

Qualifications

Mintier Harnish

Mintier Harnish is a Sacramento-based consulting firm specializing in the preparation of general plans, housing elements, zoning codes, and specific plans. Our mission as a firm is to help public agencies, residents, businesses, and other stakeholders plan their communities and improve their quality of life through solid research, community involvement, innovation, and policy leadership. Since our founding in 1985, we have prepared more than 60 general plans and over two dozen zoning codes, and provided a range of planning services to more than 140 public agencies, law firms, and other organizations. We are currently leading 11 objective design and development standards updates for both cities and counties across the state. We are a leader in preparing implementable plans for the future that solve community policy and design issues. Our staff includes planning experts, each with his/her own unique mixture of education, training, and experience. We are all dedicated to providing the highest quality service to our clients.

Mintier Harnish has extensive experience in planning, zoning, and urban design. We are currently preparing objective design standards for the cities of Folsom, Gilroy, Kerman, Santa Clara, South Lake Tahoe, Ukiah, the Town of Windsor, and the counties of Calaveras, Fresno, Madera, and Mariposa.



Staffing



Jim Harnish, JD,
Principal/Owner
Project Role: Project Director

Jim Harnish will be the Project Director. He has been a planner since 1970. He is also an attorney with extensive experience in regulatory and environmental

compliance. He has managed large organizations for both public agencies and private consulting firms. He is familiar with every aspect of the local government planning process and regulatory environment. Jim has been the Planning Director for the cities of Galt, Folsom, and South San Francisco.

Jim has a wide range of professional skills. He is very effective interacting with staff, elected officials, and large groups of people. He has extensive experience in public outreach and consensus building. He relates well to a broad spectrum of people and has an understanding of competing community interests, making him an effective problem solver.

Jim has prepared zoning ordinance revisions or updates for the cities of Folsom, Gilroy, Roseville, Santa Clara, Santa Rosa; the counties of Fresno, Mariposa, Merced, Kern, Sierra; and the Mountain House New Town in San Joaquin County.

Jim's most recent planning projects include general plan updates for the cities of Folsom, Gilroy, Millbrae, Hayward, Sacramento, Union City, and Windsor; the counties of Fresno, Merced, and San Joaquin. Jim holds a Juris Doctor from McGeorge School of Law (University of the Pacific) and a BA in History from UC Davis.



Brent Gibbons, AICP Project Manager Project Role: Project Manager

Brent Gibbons will be the day-to-day Project Manager. Brent has been a planner in both the public and private sectors. He specializes in

zoning code interpretation and preparation, urban design, site design, community engagement, land use planning, public policy, and geographic information systems. Prior to working with Mintier Harnish, Brent served as a Planner for both Madera County and the City of Turlock. His experience includes permit processing, formation of community/ area plans, and project management, as well as zoning ordinance development. Brent also had the opportunity to serve on several committees pertaining to the drought and well water demand in the Central Valley, as well as community park planning and design in conjunction with public health agencies.

Brent has extensive experience in zoning, having been tasked with drafting ordinances and interpreting the code during his service in the public sector. Brent's comprehensive understanding of zoning codes from both sides of the planning spectrum has proven beneficial during the formation of zoning code updates for counties and communities.

Brent has managed or is currently managing comprehensive zoning code updates for the counties of Fresno, Madera, Mariposa, Merced, and Sierra, and the cities of Folsom, Gilroy, Kerman Santa Clara, Walnut Creek, and Windsor. Brent has also managed objective standards updates for the counties of Fresno, Mariposa, and Madera, and the cities of Folsom, Gilroy, Kerman, Santa Clara, Ukiah, South Lake Tahoe, and Windsor.

Brent holds a Bachelor's Degree in City and Regional Planning from California Polytechnic State University (Cal Poly), San Luis Obispo.



Rick Rust, AICP, GISP Principal Planner Role: Housing Element Advisor

Rick Rust, AICP, GISP has more than 38 years of experience in the management and preparation of general

and comprehensive plans, housing elements, specific plans, zoning codes, and environmental compliance documents. His work is based on a comprehensive set of skills in community planning, downtown planning, urban design, economic development, environmental compliance, and community engagement. He also has an extensive background in the application of GIS technologies to planning. Rick has been working with Mintier Harnish on a range of housing elements, general plans, and environmental compliance documents for 20 years. Rick officially joined Mintier Harnish as a Principal Planner over two years ago.

For meeting the housing needs of a community or county, Rick brings extensive experience managing successful projects in California and nationwide. This mix of experience gives Rick insight into a wide range of issues and solutions developed in consultation with dozens of communities.

Rick also has extensive experience in active public participation, such as workshops, charrettes, surveys, and in presenting technical issues in a simple and understandable manner at public meetings and hearings. This includes extensive experience in successful electronic outreach methods, specializing in ArcGIS online applications, website design and development, online surveys, and use of a variety of collaboration systems.

Rick holds a masters degree in Urban and Regional Planning from California Polytechnic University, Pomona, and a bachelors degree in Environmental Sciences, from the University of California, Riverside.



Ryan Lester, Planner Project Role: Project Planner

Ryan is a planner with an eye for design. A skilled user of industry-standard graphic design software, Ryan specializes in preparing accessible, user-friendly materials that present planning

concepts to the public in concise, easy-tounderstand, and engaging ways. Ryan applies these skills while crafting existing conditions and trends analyses, objective design standards, land use alternatives analyses, and general plan elements for cities and counties throughout the state. Additionally, Ryan specializes in objective design and development standards. In these projects, Ryan conducts stakeholder interviews, analyzes current guidelines, drafts objective standards, and produces informative graphics to illustrate key standards.

In seven years with Mintier Harnish, Ryan has worked on over a dozen General Plans and has contributed to nearly fifteen Housing Elements, including both 5th and 6th cycle updates. Ryan is currently drafting Objective Design and Development Standards for a half dozen cities/towns.

C. Qualifications and References

Relevant Experience:

- City of South Lake Tahoe
 Objective Residential
 Design and Development
 Standards and Permit Process
 Streamlining for Residential
 Development
- City of Santa Clara Comprehensive Zoning Code Update and Objective Design and Development Standards Update
- City of Ukiah Multi-Family
 Objective Standards and Zoning
 Amendments for Housing
- City of Gilroy Zoning Ordinance Update and Objective Design and Development Standards Update
- Town of Windsor Multifamily Objective Design Standards

References

City of South Lake Tahoe

Objective Design and Development Standards and Permit Process Streamlining for Residential Development

Mintier Harnish is assisting the City of South Lake Tahoe with preparing objective design and development standards and permit process streamlining for residential development. The Project objective is to establish clear and unambiguous, internally consistent, legally defensible residential development regulations that reflect contemporary South Lake Tahoe. The objective design and development standards will comply with the TRPA Code of Ordinances and requirements of State law and set the stage for continued positive change in the community. The Project includes close collaboration with City staff, stakeholder interviews, two community workshops, and coordination with a City Council/Planning Commission subcommittee. This project is slated for completion in December 2020.

Contact: Hilary Roverud, AICP Interim Director of Development Services City of South Lake Tahoe (530) 542-6024 hroverud@cityofslt.us

City of Ukiah Objective Standards and Zoning Amendments for Housing

Mintier Harnish is currently preparing objective multifamily residential design standards and an update to the Ukiah Zoning Ordinance to address flexible standards for housing development. The objective design standards and zoning ordinance amendments will reflect changes in State law and implementation of the City's Housing Element, which was adopted in early 2020. Mintier Harnish is also leading a team to work with the City to update the General Plan. The update includes broad community engagement, visioning, alternatives, policy development and a Program EIR, will be prepared by Rincon Consultants. This project is slated for completion in June 2021.

Contact: Mireya G. Turner, MPA Interim Senior Planner – Special Projects Department of Community Development 300 Seminary Avenue, Ukiah, CA 95482 (707) 463-6203 mturner@cityofukiah.com

City of Gilroy Zoning Ordinance Update

Our team is currently preparing a comprehensive update of the City's Zoning Ordinance, as well as a comprehensive set of Objective Standards and an ADU Development Guidebook. This update is being undertaken in conjunction with an update of the General Plan. The Zoning Ordinance Update includes compliance with changes in Federal and State law and implementation of the updated General Plan. This project is slated for completion in December 2021.

Contact: Julie Wyrick Customer Service Manager City of Gilroy (408) 846-0451 Julie.Wyrick@cityofgilroy.org

D. Comments on City Standard Consulting Services Agreement

We have reviewed the City's Standard Consulting Services Agreement and found it to be acceptable. We have no modifications to suggest at this time.

We will also adhere to the requirements of the LEAP Grant Program.

Appendix A: Budget

We have included our proposed project budget on the following page.

LAKEPORT OBJECTIVE DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS UPDATE		MINTIER HARNISH					
	HARNISH Principal	GIBBONS Project Manager	RUST Housing Element Advisor	LESTER/M. GIBBONS Planner	Support	SUBTOTAL HOURS	TOTAL COSTS
Tasks			,				41.11
Task 1: Initial Kick-Off Work Session and City Tour	8	8	3	8		24	\$4,440
Task 2: Stakeholder Interviews	8	8	3	8		24	\$4,440
Task 3: Joint Study Session	6	8	3			14	\$2,840
Task 4: Housing Element Evaluation and Analysis	4	10	12	10		36	\$6,570
Task 5: Community Design Assessment	2	- 6		8		16	\$2,650
Task 6: Review and Refinement	8	10	+	8		26	\$4,790
Task 7: Preparation of Objective Design and Development Standards	8	20)	60		88	\$13,820
Task 8: Stakeholder Follow-up	4	4	1			8	\$1,660
Task 9: Accessory Dwelling Unit Ordinance	4	6	5	20		30	\$4,810
Task 10: Environmental Review	14					14	\$3,360
Task 11: Public Review and Adoption	8	16		8		32	\$5,840
Subtotal	74	96	12	130	0	312	\$55,220
Project Management							
Subtotal	8	28	3		20	56	\$8,920
TOTAL							
Total Hours	82	124	12	130	20	368	-
2021 Billing Rates (subject to change every January 1st)	\$240	\$175	\$205	\$140	\$105	-	-
Labor Subtotals	\$19,680	\$21,700	\$2,460	\$18,200	\$2,100	-	\$64,140
Direct Expenses (e.g., printing, travel)							\$1,000
TOTAL COST							\$65,140

¹⁾ This represents a total cost based on the provided scope of work.

²⁾ The distribution of hours between firms, staff categories, and tasks are an estimate. While the total costs will not change, the distribution of hours/costs may vary depending on actual execution.

Appendix B: Detailed Resumes

We have included our detailed resumes on the following pages.



Juris Doctor

McGeorge School of Law,
University of the Pacific

Bachelor of Arts, History University of California, Davis

CERTIFICATIONS/ AFFILIATIONS

California State Bar Association (Bar No. 99326)

American Planning Association

Urban Land Institute

EXPERIENCE

Mintier Harnish Principal/Owner

City of South San Francisco Chief Planner

Sugnet & Associates
Vice President

City of FolsomCommunity Development Director

City of Sacramento Environmental Coordinator

> Balfrey & Abbott Attorney

Mintier Harnish & Associates
Partner

Sacramento Area Council of Governments
Planner

County of Sacramento
Planner

PROJECTS

General plans for over 23 cities and counties throughout California

Environmental impact reports for over 100 general plans and other projects

Zoning and subdivision ordinance revisions for several cities and counties

JIM HARNISH, JD

PRINCIPAL/OWNER

Jim Harnish is the Principal/Owner of Mintier Harnish. He has been a planner and project manager since 1970. He is also an attorney with extensive experience in land use and CEQA. He has managed public agencies and private consulting firms. He specializes in project management for general plans, specific plans, and large private planning projects; CEQA compliance and environmental document peer review; zoning and regulatory ordinance preparation; and public outreach and consensus-building.

Jim is currently Project Director on general plan updates for the cities of Gilroy, Los Gatos, Rohnert Park, American Canyon, and Livingston, and the counties of Fresno, Sierra, and Ventura, and zoning code updates for the cities of Folsom, Gilroy, and Santa Clara, and the counties of Fresno, Mariposa, Merced, and Sierra.

Jim's broad experience, in both the public and private sector, in land use planning, regulatory codes and ordinances, permit processing, environmental analysis, toxics and hazardous materials, wetlands and endangered species, and legal analysis enables him to bring a wealth of experience to every project.

Jim has extensive experience in supervising large planning staffs and managing interdisciplinary consultant teams on complex planning projects. Jim has managed or prepared general plans for the cities of Alturas, Folsom, Galt, Hayward, Healdsburg, Isleton, Sacramento, South San Francisco, Wheatland, and Windsor and the counties of Calaveras, Fresno, Merced, Modoc, San Benito, and San Joaquin.

He has managed the preparation of specific plans for Southwest Live Oak, the Mountain House New Town in San Joaquin County, and the Gold Rush Ranch in Sutter Creek. He also assisted Genentech with the preparation and approval of its South San Francisco Campus Master Plan and EIR. Jim has also prepared zoning ordinance updates for several jurisdictions, including, Kern, Sierra, and San Joaquin Counties and the cities of Folsom, Gilroy, Santa Clara, Santa Rosa, and South San Francisco.

Jim has been principal-in-charge of several regional planning projects in the San Joaquin Valley, including the San Joaquin Valley Blueprint implementation project, which included the Valley Planners Toolkit. He also managed the Metro Rural Loop Study for the Fresno Council of Governments and the San Joaquin Valley Greenprint II program.

Jim has managed the preparation of or conducted critical third party review of numerous EIRs and negative declarations. As Environmental Coordinator for the City of Sacramento, he led the restructuring of the City's environmental review procedures. He has worked extensively with State and Federal regulatory agencies in creating and negotiating Habitat Conservation Plans (Coalinga), 404 permits, and wetland mitigation plans.





Bachelor of Science, City and Regional Planning Cal Poly, San Luis Obispo

CERTIFICATIONS/ AFFILIATIONS

American Institute of Certified Planners

American Planning Association, Sacramento Valley Section

enCode user Certification

EXPERIENCE

Mintier HarnishProject Manager, Associate

City of Turlock Assistant Planner

Madera County Planner II

San Mateo County Housing Authority
Housing and Community
Development (HCD) Intern

Hathaway Dinwiddie, Santa Clara Project Engineer Intern

PROJECTS

General plans for the City of Gilroy, the Town Los Gatos, the Town of Windsor, and the Counties of Fresno, Sierra County, and Ventura

SB244: Disadvantaged Communities Report for Merced County

Zoning Ordinance updates for the Counties of Fresno, Merced, and Sierra, the Cities of Folsom, Gilroy and Santa Clara, and the Placer County Sunset Area Plan Implementing Zoning Regulations

Objective Design and Development Standards for the Cities of Folsom, Gilroy, South Lake Tahoe, and Ukiah, the town of Windsor, and the county of Mariposa

Town of Windsor Housing Element Update

BRENT GIBBONS, AICP

PROJECT MANAGER

Brent Gibbons has been a planner in both the public and private sectors since 2013. He specializes in architectural applications, urban design, site design, land use planning, public policy, geographic information systems, regulatory code and ordinances, CEQA analysis, and community engagement.

Brent started his professional career as a Planner I with Madera County, which included the review of project plans with the zoning administrator, operating the front planning counter, and regularly evaluating setback variances and zoning permits. Brent was promoted to Planner II after a year, and managed projects with greater responsibility. His overall experience at Madera County included the intake of permits, zoning ordinance development, presentations to the Planning Commission, formation of community/area plans, and serving as the lead on solar facility and wireless tower projects. Brent also had the opportunity to serve on several committees pertaining to the drought and well water demand, as well as community park planning and design in conjunction with public health agencies. Additionally, Brent worked as an Assistant Planner for the City of Turlock where he conducted project permitting, development of maps, the General Plan Annual Report, and project management. His work included interfacing with a multitude of stakeholders ranging from community members to real estate developers.

Prior experience includes an internship with Hathaway Dinwiddie (Santa Clara office) in 2008 on the Solyndra Project, where Brent served as the onsite contact between the City of Milpitas and the Project Engineer. Tasks delegated included project permitting, editing plans, and construction administration. Brent also interned for the Housing Authority of San Mateo County, where he amended the HOME Affordability Covenant, performed HOME rent reviews for 2004-2009, and evaluated year-end fiscal performance data.

Brent holds a Bachelor's Degree in City and Regional Planning from California Polytechnic State University (Cal Poly), San Luis Obispo. While at Cal Poly San Luis Obispo, Brent served as the Associated Students in Planning (ASP) President, and the American Institute of Architecture Students (AIAS) President, where he sat on a national board that provided student connection to the American Institute of Architects (AIA). He represented Cal Poly at two international student architecture conferences in Minneapolis in 2009 and Toronto, Ontario, in 2010. Brent also was part of the project team that took 1st Place in the Bank of America Low Income Housing Challenge in 2012 for the Alere development.



Bachelor of Science, Environmental Sciences, UC Riverside, 1983

Masters of Urban and Regional Planning, California Polytechnic University, Pomona, 1990

CERTIFICATIONS/ AFFILIATIONS

American Institute of Certified Planners

Geographic Information Systems Professional

EXPERIENCE

Matrix Design Group, Inc. Vice President

> BRW / URS Planning Director

Jones & Stokes Associate Principal

Chambers Group Planning Director

TRW

Socioeconomics Analyst

City of Norco Planning Technician

PROJECTS

Housing Element Updates for cities and counties throughout California

General plans for cities and counties throughout California

Environmental impact reports for general plans and other plans

Zoning codes for several cities and counties

RICK RUST, AICP, GISP

PRINCIPAL PLANNER

Rick Rust, AICP, GISP, has more than 38 years of experience in the management and preparation of general and comprehensive plans, housing elements, specific plans, zoning codes, and environmental compliance documents. His work is based on a comprehensive set of skills in community planning, downtown planning, urban design, economic development, environmental compliance, and community engagement. He also has an extensive background in the application of GIS technologies to planning.

For general and comprehensive plans, Rick brings extensive experience managing successful projects in California and nationwide. This mix of experience gives Rick insight into a wide range of issues and solutions developed in consultation with dozens of communities. The following is a partial listing of the general planning projects that Rick has managed or is currently managing:

- Del Norte County, CA, General Plan and EIR
- Fresno County, General Plan, Zoning Code Update, Objective Design Standards
- Kern County Existing Conditions, Policy Framework, SB 1000/SB 244
- Lake County, CA, General Plan, Zoning Code Update, EIR, Housing Element
- Tulare County, CA, General Plan and EIR
- Ventura County, CA General Plan, Zoning Code, EIR, Housing Element Sites Inventory
- City of American Canyon, General Plan and EIR
- City of Carlsbad Housing Element Update (6th-Cycle)
- City of Indio, CA General Plan, EIR, Housing Element
- City of Lincoln, CA, General Plan, Housing Element
- City of Los Gatos, CA, General Plan and EIR
- City of Oxnard, CA, General Plan and EIR, Housing Element
- City of Pleasant Hill, CA, General Plan and EIR
- City of Ridgecrest, CA, General Plan, EIR, Housing Element
- City of Rohnert Park, CA, General Plan and EIR
- City of San Luis Obispo, CA, Land Use and Circulation Elements
- City of Stockton, CA, General Plan, EIR, Infrastructure Master Plan, Housing Element
- City of Tulare, CA, General Plan
- City of Union City, CA, General Plan and EIR
- City of Newport, RI, Comprehensive Plan
- Hagåtña, GU, Master Plan, Design Guidelines, Zoning, Governance Plan
- Pennington County, SD, Comprehensive Plan
- City of La Junta, CO, Comprehensive Plan
- Town of Lochbuie, CO, Comprehensive Plan and Land Development Code

Rick also has extensive experience in active public participation, such as workshops, charrettes, surveys, and in presenting technical issues in a simple and understandable manner at public meetings and hearings. This includes extensive experience in successful electronic outreach methods, specializing in ArcGIS online applications, website design and development, online surveys, and use of a variety of collaboration systems.





Master of Arts, U.S. Social and Cultural History California State University, Sacramento

Bachelor of Arts, U.S. History California State University, Sacramento

EXPERIENCE

Mintier Harnish Planner

The League of California Cities Member Services Representative

PROJECTS

General Plans for the Cities of American, Canyon, Folsom, Gilroy, Kerman, Millbrae, Pleasant Hill, Sacramento, Ukiah, and Union City, the Towns of Los Gatos, Truckee, and Windsor, and the Counties of Fresno, Kern, and Ventura

Housing Elements for the Cities of American Canyon, Isleton, Livingston, Madera, Mt. Shasta, Patterson, Shasta Lake, Tulare, and Walnut Creek, the Town of Moraga, and the Counties of Fresno, Madera, Merced, and San Joaquin

> Zoning Code Updates for the Cities of Folsom and Santa Clara, and the County of Merced

Objective Design and Development Standards for the cities of Folsom, Gilroy, Santa Clara, South Lake Tahoe, and Ukiah, the town of Windsor, and Fresno County

Additional Projects: San Joaquin County Greenprint Phase II, SMUD Environmental Sustainability Plan, Sunset Area Plan Update (Placer County)

> SOFTWARE/ WEB DESIGN

Adobe Illustrator, InDesign, Photoshop HTML and CSS Microsoft Office

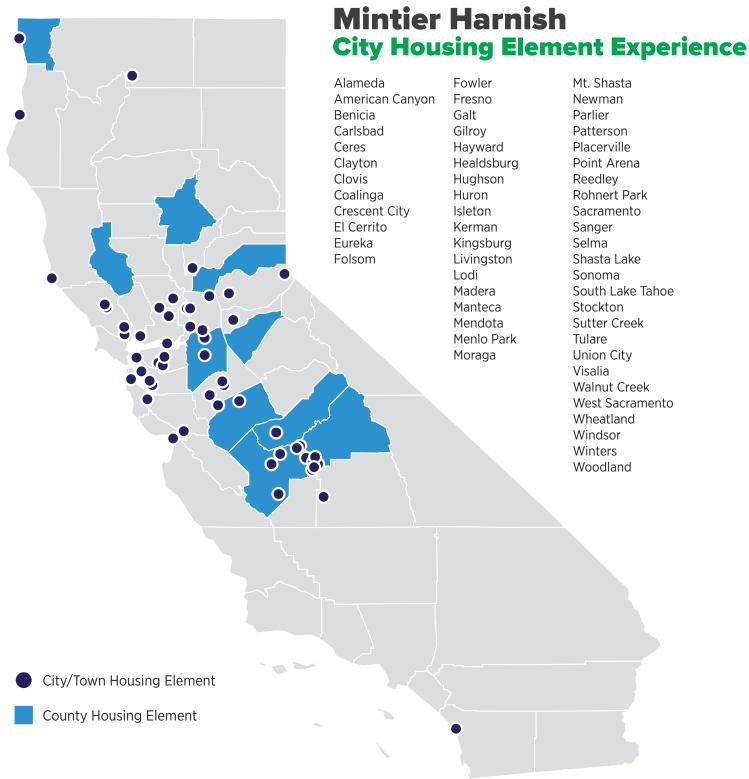
RYAN LESTER

PLANNER

Ryan Lester is a planner with an eye for design. A skilled user of industry-standard graphic design software, Ryan specializes in preparing accessible, user-friendly materials that present planning concepts to the public in concise, easy-to-understand, and engaging ways. Beyond research and writing, he designs branding, builds project websites, produces digestible engagement materials and infographics, and constructs Bang the Table/EngagementHQ project sites for a variety of projects.

In seven years with Mintier Harnish, Ryan has worked on General Plans for the Cities of American Canyon, Folsom, Gilroy, Kerman, Millbrae, Pleasant Hill, Sacramento, Ukiah, and Union City, the Towns of Los Gatos, Truckee, and Windsor, and Fresno, Kern, and Ventura Counties, and has contributed to more than a dozen Housing Element Updates. Ryan is also currently crafting objective design and development standards for the cities of Folsom, Gilroy, Santa Clara, South Lake Tahoe, and Ukiah, the Town of Windsor, and the County of Fresno.

Ryan holds a Master's Degree in U.S. Social and Cultural History from California State University, Sacramento, as well as a Bachelor's Degree in U.S. History from the same institution.



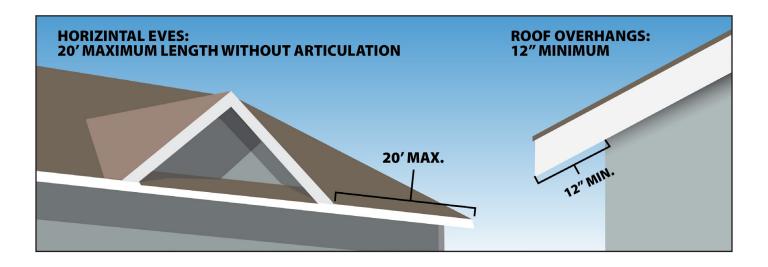
County Housing Element Experience

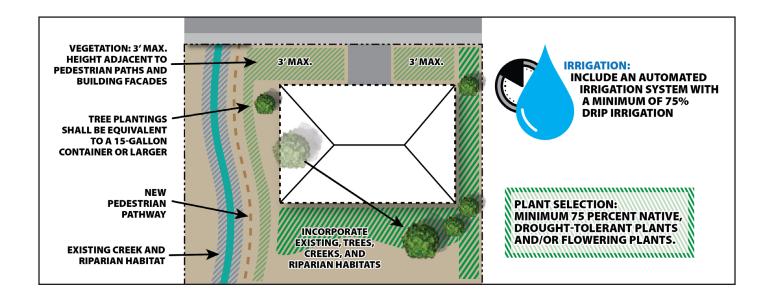
Butte Fresno Merced Sierra Calaveras Lake Placer Yolo Del Norte Madera San Joaquin

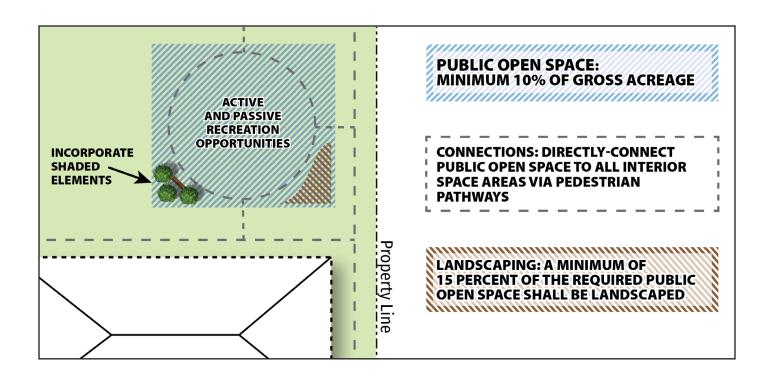


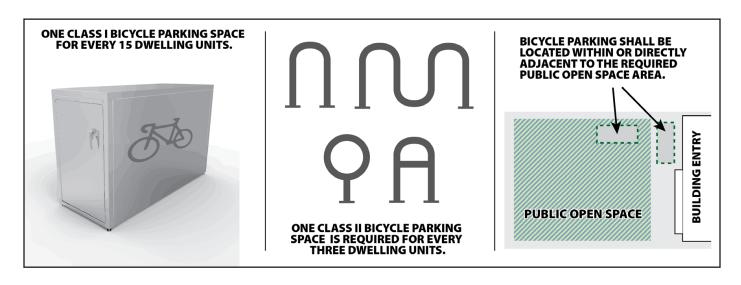
Appendix C: Objective Design and Development Standards Graphics



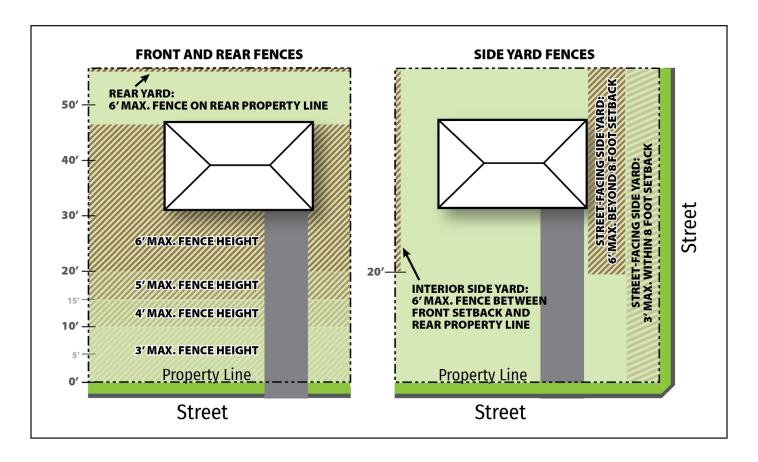


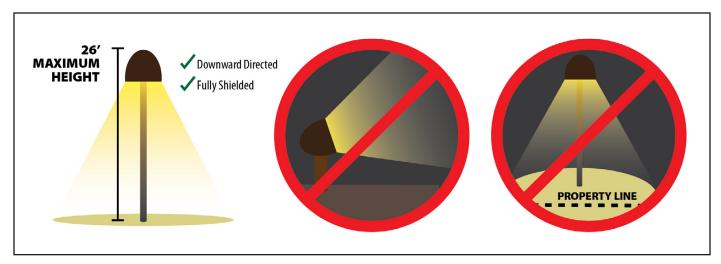


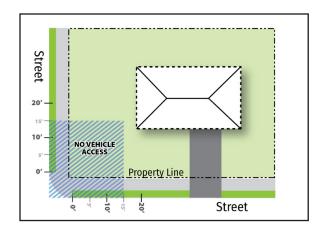


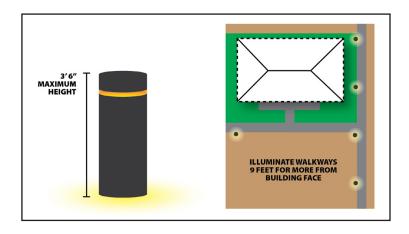




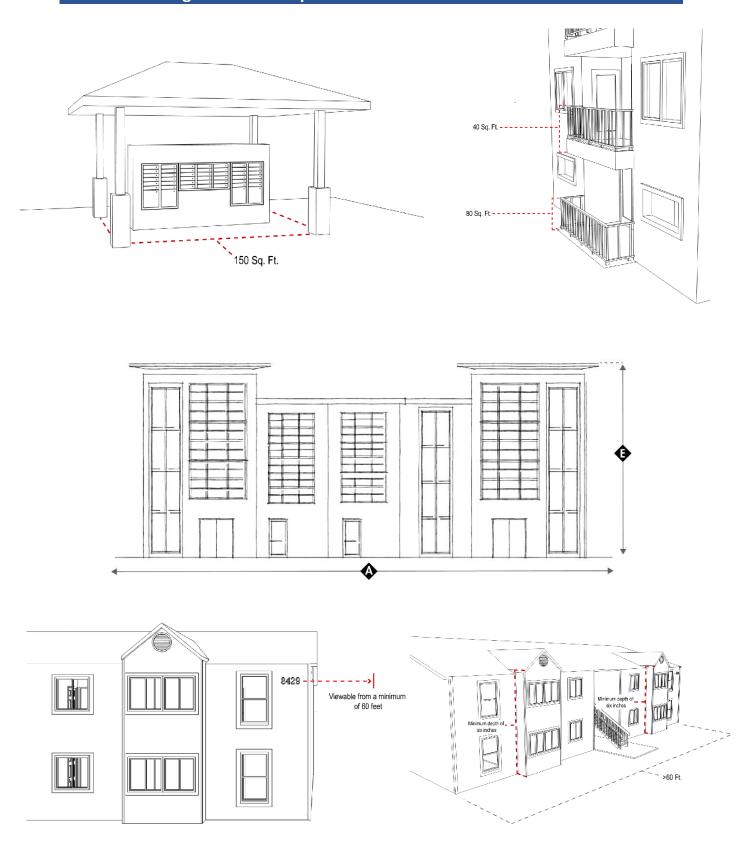








Zoning Structure Graphics with Minimal Architectural Detail





CITY OF LAKEPORT

City of Lakeport Municipal Sewer District

City Council ⊠

	Lakeport Industrial Development Agency					
		STAF	Municipal Fi	nancing Agency of Laker	ort ⊔	
RE:	Community Dev	velopment Block Grant – D	isaster Relief	MEETING DATE:	3/2/2021	
SUBMITTED BY: Jennifer M. Byers, Community Development Director; Nicholas Walker, Finance Director						
PUR	POSE OF REPORT	Γ : ☐ Information only	□ Discussion	⊠ Action Item		

WHAT IS BEING ASKED OF THE CITY COUNCIL/BOARD:

The City Council is being requested to adopt a Resolution approving an Allocation of Funding and the Execution of a Grant Agreement and any Amendments thereto from the Community Development Block Grant – Disaster Relief (CDBG-DR) Program.

BACKGROUND/DISCUSSION: Due to the 2018 Mendocino Complex Fire, which threatened the City Lakeport for over a week and resulted in the mandatory evacuation of all City businesses and residents, several allocations of Disaster Recovery funds have been allocated through the CDBG program. The City of Lakeport is eligible for \$2,433,284 as part of the Multi-Family Housing Program. This funding must be used to develop multifamily housing. The program is administered through the state department of Housing and Community Development (HCD). While the process is frustratingly slow, it is moving forward, but in order to proceed in the process, the City needs to submit its due diligence package, which includes a Council resolution. While there is still time to decide which final project would be the best use of the funds, the City has several developers interested in proposing housing projects for these funds. The City does not need to determine the use of the funds at this time, but the funds must be spent within the City of Lakeport.

Further information about the funding program can be found here: <u>Community Development Block Grant Program (CDBG) - Disaster Recovery (DR) (ca.gov)</u>

While the resolution being presented for approval authorized the City Manager to execute a Master Standard Agreement, staff plans to bring back the referenced Master Standard Agreement for approval prior to execution by the City Manager.

OPTIONS:

- 1. Direct staff to proceed with the preparation of the CDBG-DR application.
- 2. Take no action or provide other direction to staff.

Meeting Date: March 2, 2021 Page 1 Agenda Item #VI.B.2.

FISCAL IMPACT:										
\times	None	□\$		Budgeted Item	? □ Yes	⊠ No				
Bu	dget Adjustn	nent Needed	? 🗆	Yes ⊠ No	If yes, ar	mount of a	ppropria	tion incre	ease: \$	
Aff	ected fund(s	s): 🗵 General	Fur	d 🗆 Water O	M Fund	☐ Sewer O	M Fund	☐ Other	r: Fund	
app fun nee exp	The City's grant consultant for CDBG, Adams Ashby Group, will be preparing the application. The application cost is an eligible expenditure under the City's open contract with general administration funds. It is believed that the grant will have enough funds to cover this cost with no additional funds being needed. If awarded, CDBG funds are a 100% grant with no matching fund requirements. Up front expenditures for preparation of any bids and specifications by the City Engineer or other consultants may be required. If awarded these funds may be eligible for reimbursement (OTC Projects).									
SU	GGESTED M	OTION:								
	•			oproving an Allo om the CDBG-		•	id the Exe	ecution o	of a Grant <i>i</i>	Agreement
×	Attachment	ts:	1.	Resolution app Grant Agreem	•	n Allocatior	of Fund	ing and	the Execu	tion of a

RESOLUTION NO.

A RESOLUTION APPROVING AN ALLOCATION OF FUNDING AND THE EXECUTION OF A GRANT AGREEMENT AND ANY AMENDMENTS THERETO FROM THE CDBG-DR PROGRAM

BE IT RESOLVED by the **City Council** of the **City of Lakeport** as follows:

SECTION 1:

The City Council has reviewed the State of California's CDBG-DR Action Plan for 2018 disasters, which allocates funds to the City and hereby approves the execution of a Master Standard Agreement ("Agreement") in the aggregate amount, not to exceed, \$2,433,284 ("Grant").

The City Council agrees to perform the following activities, as further detailed in the Agreement, as a means to facilitate the development of multifamily housing (rehabilitation, reconstruction, or new construction), pursuant to the Disaster Recovery Multifamily Housing Program (DR-MHP) Policies and Procedures:

- Implement a project solicitation process to receive multifamily development project applications from Developers;
- Underwrite, select, and prioritize those projects in accordance with the DR-MHP Policies and Procedures;
- Submit those selected and prioritized project applications to the Department; and
- Oversee and monitor the construction and lease up of Department approved projects during the construction period through the affordability period.

SECTION 2:

The City hereby authorizes and directs the City Manager to enter into, execute and deliver the Agreement and any and all subsequent amendments thereto with the State of California for the purposes of the Grant.

SECTION 3:

The City Manager is authorized to execute and deliver all project applications or any and all related documentation, as needed for the purpose of effectuating the terms of the Agreement; and to act on the City's behalf in all matters pertaining to all such applications and documentation necessary to carry out the Agreement.

SECTION 4:

If an application is approved, the City Manger is authorized to enter into, execute and deliver the Notice(s) to Proceed, and any and all subsequent amendments thereto with the State of California for the purposes of the Grant.

SECTION 5:

If an application is approved, the City Manger or designee is authorized to sign and submit Funds Requests and all required reporting forms and other documentation as may be required by the State of California from time to time in connection with the Agreement for purposes of the Grant.

PASSED AND ADOPTED at a regular meeting of the **City Council** of the **City of Lakeport** held on March 2, 2021 by the following vote:

AYES:

NOES: None ABSENT: None ABSTAIN: None

Kenneth I	Parlet,	II, Mayor	

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

City/County of Lake

I, Kelly Buendia, City Clerk of the City of Lakeport, State of California, hereby certify the above and foregoing to be a full, true and correct copy of a resolution adopted by said City Council on this 2nd day of March, 2021.

Kelly Buendia, City Clerk of the City of Lakeport, State of California



CITY OF LAKEPORT

City of Lakeport Municipal Sewer District

City Council X

	Lakeport Redevelopment Successor Agency Lakeport Industrial Development Agency Municipal Financing Agency of Lakeport				
		STAF	F REPORT		
RE:	Comprehensive Ar 2019-20	nnual Financial Report (C	AFR), Fiscal Year	MEETING DATE:	03/02/2021
SUBMITTED BY: Nicholas Walker, Finance Director					
PURPOSE OF REPORT:					

WHAT IS BEING ASKED OF THE CITY COUNCIL/BOARD:

The City Council, City of Lakeport Municipal Sewer District and the Lakeport Redevelopment Successor Agency is being asked to receive and file the City's CAFR and Single Audit Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

BACKGROUND/DISCUSSION:

Management is pleased to present the City's CAFR for the year ended June 30, 2020. This document is the official, audited financial report of the City and includes the audit report from the City's external, independent auditor, JJACPA. It was issued on February 5th, 2020 and has been posted to the City's website.

The information presented throughout the year has not been materially revised in the CAFR, and the auditor recommended no significant changes to the City's financial report. A letter in this regard from the City's auditor to the City Council is attached.

The CAFR communicates the City's financial condition and activity in a transparent and organized manner and in compliance with accounting and financial reporting standards established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The report presents historical and comparative information that can be useful to City staff, elected officials, and external users such as debt rating agencies, businesses, other public agencies, and the City's residents. The most recent CAFR and 8 years of prior year reports are available on the City's Finance website at:

https://www.cityoflakeport.com/finance it and utility accounts and billing/publications finance.php#outer-306

As required by California Government Code sections 25250 and 25253, financial statements are prepared by the City and audited by independent auditors. The City selects its independent auditor through a competitive procurement process. The City's current independent auditor is Joe Arch CPA, Inc. (JJACPA).

The quality of the City's financial reporting and the CAFR are measured in two ways: (1) an unmodified audit report by the independent auditors; and (2) the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting, awarded by GFOA. The attainment of the latter is the highest form of recognition in governmental accounting and financial reporting.

Auditors follow audit industry standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA). These standards require auditors to provide an opinion on specific areas of the City's financial statements based on observations, inquiries, testing of transactions, and analysis.

The City's CAFR includes the following major sections and information:

Introductory Section

• Letter of Transmittal – prepared by management and used to communicate information on areas that may have an impact on the City's finances now and in the future. This includes economic factors as well as budget and management factors.

Financial Section (the main body of the CAFR for current year information)

- Independent Auditors' Report the City's report card on the content of the CAFR
- Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides an analytical overview of the City's financial status and results for the year
- Basic Financial Statements reports finances at a point in time (assets liabilities) and throughout the year (revenues expenditures), and cash flows
- City-Wide Statements overview of financial information including all of the City's operations by financial activity
- Fund Financial Statements a detailed look at funds, reporting the Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
- Notes to the Financial Statements (Notes) a narrative explanation that accompanies the Basic Financial Statements

Required Supplementary and Supplementary Information Sections

- Budget to Actual Comparisons for all governmental funds with a legally adopted budget
- Notes to Required Supplementary Information
- Pension Information schedule of changes in the net pension liability and related ratios; schedule of contributions by plan
- OPEB Information schedule of changes in the net Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) liability and related ratios; schedule of contributions
- A breakout of individual non-major funds for funds that were presented in a cumulative manner in the Financial Section

Statistical Section (current and historical information – up to 10 years)

- Financial Trends
- Revenue Capacity Information
- Debt Capacity Information
- Demographic and Economic Information
- Operating Information

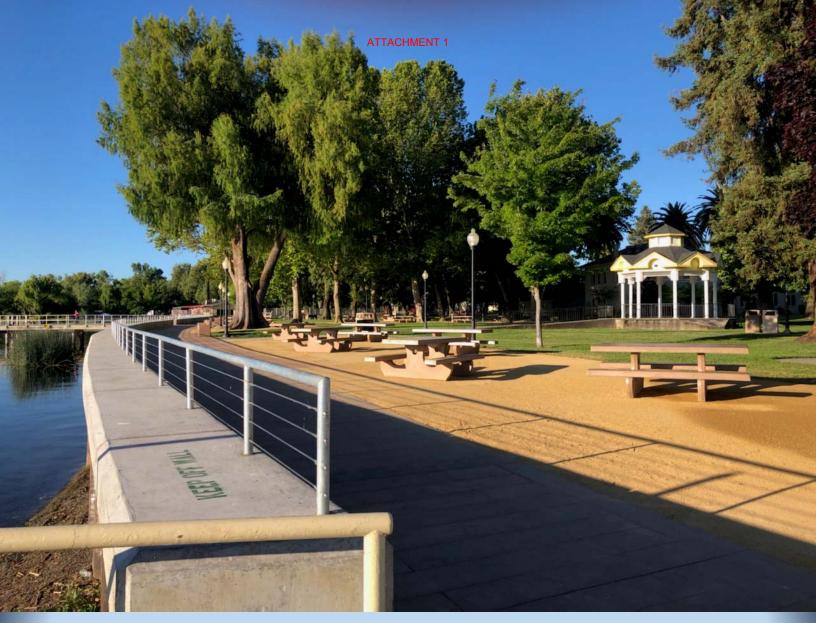
The attached CAFR for FY 2019-20 has received an unmodified opinion by JJACPA. An unmodified opinion communicates that the financial statements are fairly presented and that the information used in the report is reliable. In their written communications to Council (Attachment B), the auditors note that they encountered no significant difficulties with management in performing or completing the audit. Statement on Auditing Standards (SAS) 114 establishes standards for the auditors' communication with those charged with governance.

The Single Audit (attachment C), also known as the OMB Uniform Guidance, is an organization-wide audit of an entity that expends \$750,000 or more in federal financial assistance annually. Local governments are required to obtain an audit pursuant to the Federal Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 (31 U.S.C. 7501-7507). These audits are performed in accordance with Generally Accepted Governmental Auditing Standards and are an assessment of internal controls over federal programs, a test of how those controls are working, and tests for compliance with federal requirements.

SAS 115 provides guidance on communicating matters related to the City's internal controls over financial reporting that have been identified in an audit of the financial statements. These statements require the auditors to consider and report on internal controls, significant audit findings, and other matters as prescribed in the standards as they relate to the audit of the financial statements. The letters that satisfy the SAS requirements are also included in attachment C.

OPTIONS:

Receive and file the communicat	ion letter, CAFR and single audit for the fiscal year 2019-20.
FISCAL IMPACT:	
⊠ None	Budgeted Item?
Budget Adjustment Needed?	Yes No If yes, amount of appropriation increase: \$
Affected fund(s): General Fun	d 🔲 Water OM Fund 🔲 Sewer OM Fund 🔲 Other:
Comments:	
SUGGESTED MOTIONS:	
Move to accept the CAFR for the	year ended June 30, 2020.
В.	Lakeport CAFR, 2019-20 Auditor Communications Letter to Those Charged with Governance Lakeport Single Audit Report



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

CITY OF LAKEPORT, CALIFORNIA FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020





COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

City of Lakeport, California Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Prepared By
Finance Department
City of Lakeport



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City of Lakeport, California Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the year ended June 30, 2020

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Introductory Section



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CITY OF LAKEPORT

Over 100 years of community pride, progress and service



MEMORANDUM

DATE: February 5, 2021

TO: Citizens of the City of Lakeport

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council and City Manager

FROM: City Manager Kevin M. Ingram

RE: Presentation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

California Government Code sections 25250 and 25253 require that every general-purpose local government publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of audited financial statements. The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Lakeport (City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, is hereby published to fulfill that requirement.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal controls that are established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal controls should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

The City's basic financial statements have been audited by JJACPA, Inc., an accounting firm fully licensed and qualified to perform audits of local governments within the State of California. The financial statements included in this report were audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and government auditing standards. The independent auditors concluded that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified ("clean") opinion that the City's basic financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 are fairly presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

As the City did expend over \$750,000 of federal money during this reporting period, and will be required to conduct a broader, federally mandated CFR 200 Uniform Guidance "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. This report will be provided by the independent auditor in a separate document.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the report of the independent auditors and provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A was designed to complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

City of Lakeport, California Introductory Section This report combines the financial statements of the City, the Successor Agency to the Lakeport Redevelopment Agency (Successor Agency), and the City of Lakeport Municipal Sewer District (CLMSD) in accordance with principles defining the governmental reporting entity adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The financial operations of the Successor Agency and CLMSD, though legally separate from the City, are closely related to the City. The City Council members serve as the governing board of the CLMSD, which is presented as a blended component unit in the financial statements. Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable. For a more detailed overview of the City's component units, see the Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) and the Notes to the Basic Financial.

Profile of the Government

The City of Lakeport is a partial service city (as opposed to full service) in that it provides most typical municipal functions, including public safety (police), public works, community development and parks and recreation. In addition, the City provides water and wastewater services. It does not provide library or fire protection, as those are activities of the County of Lake and the Lakeport Fire Protection District, respectively.

It operates in a council-manager form of government, whereby the council serves as the legislative body and the City Manager its executive. The City Manager is responsible for directing and supervising the administration of all departments of the City, to ensure that laws, ordinances, orders, resolutions, contracts, leases, and franchises are enforced and executed, and for appointing all City employees.

The Lakeport City Council consists of five members, elected at-large to four-year overlapping terms. Council members must be residents of the City. The positions of Mayor and Mayor Pro Tem are chosen by the Council through its own policy. The Mayor conducts the Council meetings and represents the City in ceremonial occasions.

The City Council serves as the policy board for the municipality. It provides policy direction, establishes goals, and sets priorities for the City government. In addition to serving as the policy makers for the community, the City Council also is responsible for numerous land use decisions within its borders, including the General Plan. The City Council appoints the City Manager, City Attorney, City Clerk, and all members of advisory boards and commissions.

Incorporated on April 30, 1888 as a general law city, Lakeport serves as the administrative seat for the County of Lake and with a residential population of 4,806¹ in a 2.4 square-mile area, Lakeport is graced with a strong business base and a well-established residential community.

Lakeport is a travel and recreation-oriented destination and fortunate to have a large area serving as a hub for recreational activities for Lake County. The Lakeport business environment is positive and well organized. Driven by an active chamber of commerce, local businesses are community-oriented and engaged in Citybusiness partnerships, including Main Street renovations, façade improvements, events and promotions. The

¹ 2020 California Department of Finance, Demographic Research Unit, E-1 Population Estimates for Cities, Counties and the State, January 1, 2020.

City's primary retail trade area population is approximately 63,583 and includes the communities surrounding Clear Lake and up to Cobb Mountain². Lakeport's historic downtown area is the center of commercial activity within the community. There are also commercial areas located along all the primary corridors leading into Lakeport including: Lakeport Boulevard, Parallel Drive, Eleventh Street, North High Street, and South Main Street.

The annual budget provides a comprehensive statement of the City's organization, operations and resources and it expresses City Council and CLMSD Board policies and priorities in all areas of the City's operations. The budget process is the vehicle through which the City establishes goals and objectives, and prioritizes the desired programs or services that the City should provide, and which can be financed by the City's projected revenue for the budget year. The budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g., public safety), and department (e.g., police). It is the means through which policy decisions are made, effected, controlled and monitored. Department heads submit budget requests to the City Manager. The City Manager prepares an estimate of revenues and prepares recommendations for the next year's budget. The preliminary budget may or may not be amended by the City Council and is adopted by resolution by the City Council on or before June 30.

In addition to the budget planning process, the City maintains budgetary controls. The City's objective in maintaining budgetary control is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Council. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within funds as deemed necessary in order to meet the City's needs subject to policy defined in the City's Administrative Regulations. The City Council may amend the budget by resolution during the fiscal year.

Citywide Achievements in FY 2019/20

The economic uncertainties created as a result of the COVID-19 global pandemic cast a shadow over the last quarter of the 2019/20 fiscal year. In anticipation of reduced revenues resulting from the Governor's and local public health issued stay-at-home orders, the City of Lakeport pre-emptively enacted a number of spending cuts principally to capital improvement projects.

In addition to the uncertainties brought on by the COVID-19 pandemic, local businesses and residents continue to struggle economically with the rebuild efforts of the past several years of record wildfire activity and destruction in the region. These recovery efforts have been further aggravated by frequent PG&E Public Safety Power Shutoff (PSPS) events scattered throughout the summer and fall months. In 2019 alone, the region was without electrical power for more than a dozen days as a result of a series of PG&E PSPS events. The greatest of which lasted for seven (7) consecutive days.

Despite these economic hardships the City was still able to complete work on a number capital improvement projects, and make progress on various public safety and economic development related initiatives. These projects and initiatives are highlighted in more detail below:

Capital Projects: Fiscal Year 2019/20 saw the completed reconstruction of the Library Park seawall, damaged in the 2017 winter storms, and completed the first installment of the lakefront promenade adjacent to the wall. The City was also able to continue to make progress on the improvement of pedestrian and roadways within the downtown area with the installation of new sidewalk, lighting, landscaping and roadway improvements along Second Street between Main and Park Streets in front of City Hall. The City also completed the

² Retail Market Profile 2019, Prepared by The Retail Coach on behalf of the City of Lakeport, August 2019.

reconstruction of a segment of Main Street between Peckham Court, the last segment in the rehabilitation of the portion of South Main Street from Lakeport Boulevard to the City Limits. A number of other improvements to local roadways also occurred this past fiscal year including; repaving of First Street (between Park and Main), the repaving of Fourteenth Street (between Orchid & Palm) and chip-seal added to rural roadways including Berry and Armstrong Streets.

In most instances, improvements to water and sewer infrastructure accompanied the aforementioned roadway improvements. These utility upgrades included: the installation of 350 feet of water main along Berry Street, extension of the 14-inch water Main along South Main Street between Peckham Court and the City limits, and the replacement of over 250 feet of water and sewer line on Second Street between Main and Park Streets. Other notable utilities related capital improvement projects completed in FY 2019/20 included the installation of flow meters at the Larrecou lift station, fencing around solar panels at the wastewater treatment plant and the purchase of a Skid Steer for blackberry mitigation to ensure the proper functioning of wastewater spray fields.

Public Safety Programs: Recruitment and retention of law enforcement officers remains challenging at both the local and national level. Despite this the City was able to fill two vacant law enforcement officer positions this year through the hiring of local community members and sending them to the academy to complete their training. This program has the added benefit of increasing officer retention and better community relations through the employment of individuals with existing ties to the local area.

Economic Development Initiatives. The City was awarded \$5,900,000 through the Statewide Park Development and Community Revitalization Grant Program funded through Proposition 68 for the development of new lakefront park. The park is to be located on approximately six (6) acres located on the old Natural High property (800 and 810 North Main Street). The City has already purchased the property from the Lakeport Unified School District and construction is slated to begin in early 2021. The City also completed the installation of Public-WiFi network in the downtown and Library Park area. The WiFi network is free to all users in the downtown and lakefront area. The City also completed land use entitlements for the second phase of the Martin Street Apartments project adding an additional 48 units of affordable housing to the City's overall housing inventory. Construction on the new units is progressing and will be completed in early 2021. Additionally, the City secured \$650,000 in CDBG grant monies for the construction of pedestrian off-site improvement providing better connectivity between the Martin Apartments and other areas of the City.

Economic Condition and Fiscal Outlook

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City operates. Understanding that property and sales taxes generate the City's largest two sources of revenue, it is important to look at the economy in the context of people's wherewithal for producing general fund tax revenues.

Lake County's economy has seen a continual slow recovery following the Great Recession of 2008-09. This recovery is best evidenced by slight improvements in the unemployment rate, consumer spending (through sales tax analysis), building permits, and planning work for the past several years. However, this recovery was interrupted this past year by the COVID-19 pandemic and the accompanying economic uncertainty due to State and Local Public Health Orders that have severely restricted economic commerce. The City is hopeful that these economic setbacks will be short lived but concern grows as the State and Local restrictions to control the pandemic continue. The City enacted a number of budget cuts primarily to capital improvement

projects that were not grant funded. At this time these actions have been adequate to keep City finances stable through the course of the ongoing pandemic.

Despite the economic uncertainties brought on by the COVID-19 pandemic, the City remains committed to an economic development and fiscal strategy intended to help promote Lakeport's long-term fiscal stability. This effort has included the implementation of revised financial policies and guides management's approach to debt structuring, capital improvement planning, labor negotiations, and service delivery.

According to the State of California Employment Development Department Labor Market Information, the City saw a drastic increase in unemployment as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. As of June 30, 2020, the unemployment was 11.7% compared to 4.9% at the end of the previous fiscal year. The 4.9% rate was the lowest unemployment rate in at lease the last 10 years.

Sales and use taxes decreased by \$184k or 5%. This reduction is a direct result of shelter-in-place orders issued by the state and local health officers in response to the COVID-19 global pandemic.

Median home prices increased 15% to \$298,800 over June 2017 (according to the California Association of Realtors). Total property taxes increased slightly as the housing market continues to recover.

Overall revenue results for FY 2019/20 improved positively over the prior year. Pension costs, energy market volatility and actions by the federal and state governments, continue to cause concern about the sustainability of a healthy economy. The City, along with governments at all levels, remains under pressure to contain operating expenditures to ensure that such costs do not grow at a rate that exceeds revenue growth. A balanced budget in the short- and long-term can quickly become unbalanced if costs are not managed closely. Many of the current economic uncertainties however are offset by positive economic developments, leading to an overall outlook of cautious optimism.

Long-term Financial Planning

For the City, as with governmental jurisdictions throughout the nation, continuing fiscal challenges have required a redoubling of efforts to address current and future budget shortfalls while working to prioritize and maintain the level of services that the residents of Lakeport have come to expect. Traditional funding sources for parks, public safety, and community development are shrinking or have disappeared but with the passage of Measure Z, some of this pressure will ease. The immediate challenges continue to be regional recovery efforts following several major wildfire incidents and unknown long-term effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on the national and local economy. Concern also exists in regards to the ongoing trend seen in cuts in revenues distributed through Federal and State grant programs and increasing health and pension costs.

Certificate of Achievement

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The CAFR submission for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 is still in review by the GFOA. 2018 was the fourth year in a row that the City has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgements

Preparation of this comprehensive annual financial report could not have been accomplished on a timely basis without the support and cooperation of many members of the City of Lakeport's staff. Their efforts made it possible to improve the quality of the information being reported to the citizens, the City Council, and other users on a timely basis. Appreciation is also expressed to the Mayor and the City Council for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial activities of the City in a responsible and responsive manner.

Respectively Submitted

1. M. El

Kevin M. Ingram City Manager

Nicholas Walker, CPA Finance Director

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Lakeport California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

List of Officials

CITY COUNCIL

LAKEPORT REDEVELOPMENT SUCCESSOR AGENCY BOARD OF DIRECTORS CITY OF LAKEPORT MUNICIPAL SEWER DISTRICT BOARD OF DIRECTORS

George Spurr Mayor

Kenneth Parlet, III Mayor Pro Tem

Mireya Turner Council Member

Stacey Mattina Council Member

Tim Barnes Council Member

MANAGEMENT TEAM

Kevin Ingram City Manager

David Ruderman City Attorney

Brad Rasmussen Chief of Police

Nicholas Walker Finance Director

Kelly Buendia City Clerk/Administrative Services Director

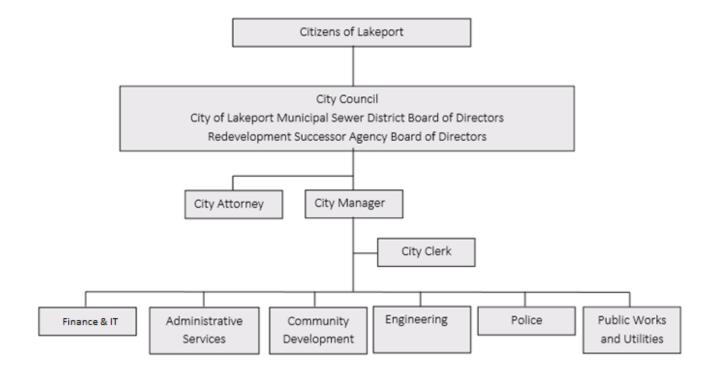
Doug Grider Public Works Director

Jennifer Byers Community Development Director



City Organizational Chart

City Organizational Chart





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FINANCIAL SECTION

- > Independent Auditor's Report
- > Management's Discussion and Analysis
- ➤ Basic Financial Statements
- ➤ Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
- > Required Supplementary Information
- > Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Lakeport Lakeport, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparison information of the City of Lakeport, California (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparison information of the City, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council The City of Lakeport Lakeport, California Page 2

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3–17, the Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios on page 100, the Net OPEB Liability Schedule of Contributions on page 101, the City's Schedules of Contributions, Pensions on pages 102, and the Schedules of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability on pages 103, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the introductory section and statistical sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 5, 2021 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

February 5, 2021

JJACPA, Inc.
JJACPA, Inc.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section provides a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Lakeport (City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. It should be read in conjunction with the accompanying transmittal letter and basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's Net Position increased from \$23.2 million to \$25.6 million. Components of this increase are discussed in more detail subsequently in the analysis.
- At the close of the most recent fiscal year the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$10.7 million, a decrease of \$513,113 from the prior fiscal year. Approximately 61% of combined fund balance at June 30, 2020, (\$6.5 million) is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned and assigned fund balances). The balance of the General Fund increased from \$4.5 million to \$5.7 million.
- The Budget vs. Actual had a positive variance in the General Fund of \$1.5 million.
- The Water Enterprise Net Position increased \$267 thousand and the Sewer Enterprise Net Position increased \$1 million.

OVERVIEW OF THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is in three major parts:

- 1) Introductory section, which includes the Transmittal Letter and general information.
- 2) **Financial section**, which includes the Management's Discussion and Analysis (this part), the Basic Financial Statements, which include the Government-wide and the Fund Financial Statements along with the notes to these financial statements, and Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules.
- 3) **Statistical section**, which includes detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, and footnotes says about the City's overall financial health.

The Basic Financial Statements

The Basic Financial Statements are comprised of the Government-wide Financial Statements and the Fund Financial Statements; these two sets of financial statements provide two different views of the City's financial activities and financial position.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

OVERVIEW OF THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT, Continued

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Government-wide Financial Statements provide a broad overview of the City's activities as a whole and comprise the Statement of Net position and the Statement of Activities. The Statement of Net position provides information about the financial position of the City as a whole, including all its capital assets and long-term liabilities on the full accrual basis, similar to that used by corporations. The Statement of Activities provides information about all the City's revenues and all its expenses, also on the full accrual basis, with the emphasis on measuring net revenues or expenses of each the City's programs. The Statement of Activities explains in detail the change in Net position for the year.

All of the City's activities are grouped into Governmental Activities and Business-type activities, as explained below. All the amounts in the Statement of Net position and the Statement of Activities are separated into Governmental Activities and Business-type Activities in order to provide a summary of these two activities of the City as a whole.

- ♦ Governmental activities All of the City's basic services are considered to be governmental activities, including general government, community development, public safety, public works and administration. These services are supported by general City revenues such as taxes and by specific program revenues such as developer fees.
- ♦ Business-type activities All the City's enterprise activities are reported here, including Water and Sewer. Unlike governmental services, these services are supported by charges paid by users based on the amount of the service they use.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the Government-wide Financial Statements. However, unlike the Government-wide Financial Statements, Governmental Fund Financial Statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

OVERVIEW OF THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT, Continued

Fund Financial Statements, Continued

Because the focus of the Governmental Fund Financial Statements is narrower than that of the Government-wide Financial Statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the Government-wide Financial Statement. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financial decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. The Governmental Fund Financial Statements provide detailed information about each of the City's most significant funds, called major funds. The concept of major funds, and the determination of which are major funds, was established by GASB Statement No. 34 and replaces the concept of combining like funds and presenting them as one total. Instead, each major fund is presented individually, with all nonmajor funds summarized and presented only in a single column. Subordinate schedules present the detail of these nonmajor funds. Major funds present the major activities of the City for the year, and may change from year to year as a result of changes in the pattern of the City's activities.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the City's major funds are as follows:

Governmental Funds:

- ♦ General Fund
- ♦ HOME Grant 2018 Special Revenue Fund
- ♦ 2017 Storm Capital Projects

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the City adopted annual appropriated budgets for all funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for the general fund and major governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget and may be found on pages 34-35.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains Enterprise-type and Internal Service proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the Government-wide Financial Statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for Water and Sewer activities. Internal service funds are an accounting methodology used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its building maintenance, information technology assets, and its fleet of vehicles.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

OVERVIEW OF THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT, Continued

Fund Financial Statements, Continued

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the Government-wide Financial Statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for all of these operations.

Proprietary Funds:

- ♦ Water Enterprise Fund
- ♦ Sewer Enterprise Fund

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 48–97 of this report. Required Supplementary Information follows the notes on page 99.

Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented on pages 104-139 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$25,628,881 as of June 30, 2020. The following table represents a comparative analysis of the net position of governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019.

Summary of Net Position

		2020		2019						
	Govern- mental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total	Govern- mental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total				
Current and other assets	\$ 11,160,560	\$ 8,863,520	\$ 20,024,080	\$ 11,992,440	\$ 8,851,040	\$ 20,843,480				
Capital assets	15,863,787	25,576,279	41,440,066	13,384,758	24,712,681	38,097,439				
Total assets	27,024,347	34,439,799	61,464,146	25,377,198	33,563,721	58,940,919				
Deferred outflows of resources	1,494,458	603,195	2,097,653	1,178,639	381,319	1,559,958				
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	28,518,805	35,042,994	63,561,799	26,555,837	33,945,040	60,500,877				
Current and other liabilities	814,037	1,247,854	2,061,891	944,415	1,230,612	2,175,027				
Long-term liabilities	12,660,998	22,184,153	34,845,151	11,457,733	22,289,595	33,747,328				
Total liabilities	13,475,035	23,432,007	36,907,042	12,402,148	23,520,207	35,922,355				
Deferred inflows of resources Total liabilities and deferred inflows of	732,204	293,672	1,025,876	875,008	380,818	1,255,826				
resources	14,207,239	23,725,679	37,932,918	13,277,156	23,901,025	37,178,181				
Net position: Net investment in										
Capital Assets	12,382,072	8,647,680	21,029,752	13,384,758	7,149,800	20,534,558				
Restricted	1,180,096	813,470	1,993,566	1,040,845	784,742	1,825,587				
Unrestricted (deficit)	749,398	1,856,165	2,605,563	(1,146,922)	2,109,473	962,551				
Total net position	\$ 14,311,566	\$ 11,317,315	\$ 25,628,881	\$ 13,278,681	\$ 10,044,015	\$ 23,322,696				

Overall, total Net Position increased by approximately \$2.3 million. With most balances remaining relatively stable over the prior year, this increase was mostly a result of continued investment in capital assets.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

The change in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020, and 2019, follows:

Changes in Net Position

	2020					2019						
	Govern-			Business-			Govern-	Business-			,	
		mental		type			mental		type			
		Activities		Activities		Total	Activities		Activities		Total	
Revenues:												
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	113,396	\$	6,574,753	\$	6,688,149	\$ 79,384	\$	5,125,316	\$	5,204,700	
Grants and contributions:												
Operating		3,293,293		-		3,293,293	3,452,149		-		3,452,149	
Capital		685,283		-		685,283	530,770		-		530,770	
General revenues:												
Sales taxes		3,567,487		-		3,567,487	3,751,230		-		3,751,230	
Property taxes		1,105,592		342,085		1,447,677	869,506		290,086		1,159,592	
Transient and other taxes		161,535		-		161,535	197,785		-		197,785	
Licenses and franchises		585,981		-		585,981	520,443		-		520,443	
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		-		-		-	27,107		-		27,107	
Use of money and property		162,230		136,846		299,076	146,691		125,160		271,851	
Other revenues		41,325		-		41,325	934,749		-		934,749	
Total revenues		9,716,122		7,053,684		16,769,806	10,509,814		5,540,562		16,050,376	
Expenses:												
Governmental activities:												
General government		2,506,522		-		2,506,522	1,217,094		-		1,217,094	
Community development		510,022		-		510,022	319,286		-		319,286	
Roads and infrastructure		1,337,372		-		1,337,372	1,221,717		-		1,221,717	
Housing and support programs		1,533,497		-		1,533,497	2,750,724		-		2,750,724	
Economic development		164,999		-		164,999	97,186		-		97,186	
Public safety		2,179,650		-		2,179,650	2,042,734		-		2,042,734	
Parks, buildings, and grounds		331,588		-		331,588	704,434				704,434	
Interest and fiscal charges		119,587		-		119,587	142,559		-		142,559	
Business-type activities:							-					
Water		-		2,432,471		2,432,471	-		2,261,177		2,261,177	
Sewer		-		3,347,913		3,347,913	-		3,142,170		3,142,170	
Total expenses		8,683,237		5,780,384		14,463,621	8,495,734		5,403,347		13,899,081	
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over												
expenditures before transfers		1,032,885		1,273,300		2,306,185	2,014,080		137,215		2,151,295	
Net position:												
Beginning of year		13,278,681		10,044,015		23,322,696	 11,264,601		9,906,800		21,171,401	
End of year	\$	14,311,566	\$	11,317,315	\$	25,628,881	\$ 13,278,681	\$	10,044,015	\$	23,322,696	

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Revenues

The City's total revenues for governmental and business-type activities were \$16,769,806 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, which represents a 4% increase over the previous fiscal year. Significant revenues for the City for fiscal year 2019/20 were derived from charges for services (40%) operating grants and contributions (19%), sales and use tax (21%) and property tax (10%).

Following is a discussion of variances in key revenues from the prior fiscal year:

- 1. Charges for Services. Charges for Services increased approximately 28%. While the normal charges for services consisting entirely of usage of water, sewer and solid waste remained consistent comparted to the prior year, the city collected significant AB1600 expansion fees in enterprise funds for the development of low-income housing projects on Martin St.
- 2. Grants and Contributions. Annual receipts totaled approximately \$3.8 million as the City received a large HOME grant for the development of low-income housing and a Proposition 68 Parks and Recreation Grant for the construction of a new park in Lakeport.
- 3. Sales and Use Tax. Sales and use taxes decreased by \$184k or 5%. This reduction is a direct result of shelter-in-place orders issued by the state and local health officers in response to the COVID-19 global pandemic.
- **4. Property Tax.** Property taxes increased relatively significantly. We believe this is a result of a strong housing market and recent development.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Expenses

Governmental and business-type activity expenses of the City for the year totaled \$14,463,621 which represents a 4% increase over the previous fiscal year. Governmental activity expenses totaled \$8,683,291 or 60% of total expenses. Of the governmental actives the most significant categories were represented by general government (28%), followed by public safety (25%), housing and support program costs (17%) and roads and infrastructure (15%). Business-type activities incurred \$5,780,384 of expenses during the fiscal year or 40% of the total City expenses.

Following is a discussion of significant variances in key expense categories from the prior fiscal year:

- 1. General Government. Expenditures in this category more than doubled over the prior year. This is a result of a \$1 million increase in the general government related portion of OPEB liability which was recognized in a single year due to the liabilities sensitivity to changes in assumptions. This increase is expected to be isolated and is not anticipated in the coming years.
- **2.** Housing and support programs. The City incurred an additional \$1.5 million in 2019/20 for costs associated with the construction of a new low-income housing apartment complex.
- **3. Public Safety**. Expenses increased \$137k or 7% as a result of increases to personnel related costs.
- **4. Roads and infrastructure**. Expenses remained relatively stable as a result of increased commitment to street repair and improvement projects to achieve the community goal of improving the City's streets and roads.
- **5. Water Enterprise.** Expenses increased \$171k or 8% due to increases to personnel and pension related costs.
- **6. Sewer Enterprise.** Expenses increased \$205k or 7% due to increases to personnel and pension related costs.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Governmental Activities

The following table shows the cost of each of the City's major programs and the net cost of the programs. Net cost is the total cost less fees and other direct revenue generated by the activities. The net cost reflects the financial burden that was placed on the City's taxpayers by each of the programs. The total cost of services and the net cost of services for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020, and 2019, are as follows:

	20	020	20)19
	Total Cost	Net Cost	Total Cost	Net Cost
	of Services	of Services	of Services	of Services
General government	\$ 2,506,522	\$ (1,401,385)	\$ 1,217,094	\$ (670,132)
Community development	510,022	(457,781)	319,286	(268,872)
Roads and infrastructure	1,337,372	(1,091,743)	1,221,717	(544,314)
Housing and support programs	1,533,497	338,825	2,750,724	(16,256)
Economic development	164,999	(82,441)	97,186	(76,271)
Public safety	2,179,650	(2,130,848)	2,042,734	(2,010,593)
Parks, buildings, and grounds	331,588	353,695	704,434	(704,434)
Interest and fiscal charges	119,587	(119,587)	142,559	(142,559)
Total	\$ 8,683,237	\$ (4,591,265)	\$ 8,495,734	\$ (4,433,431)

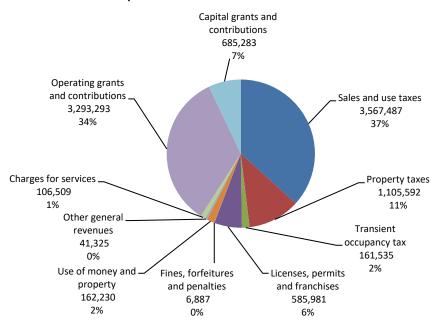
Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

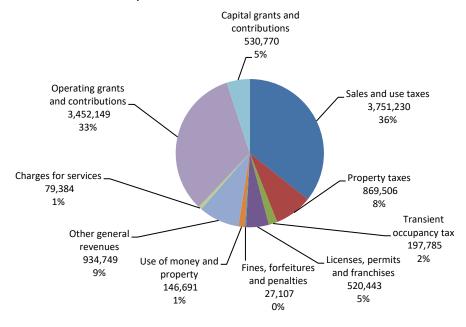
Governmental Activities, Continued

Revenues by source for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020, and 2019, are as follows:

Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities 2020



Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities 2019

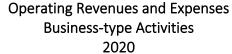


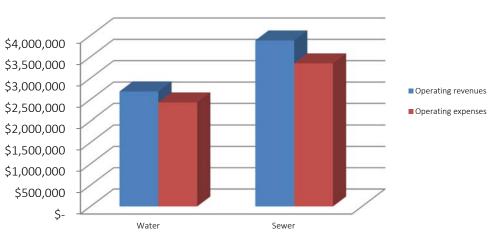
Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

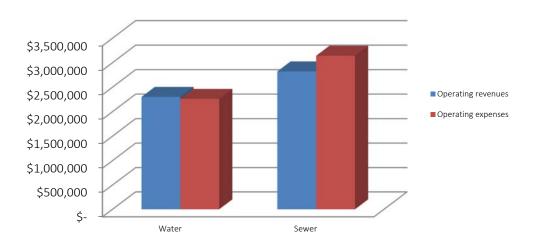
Business-type Activities

Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$1,273,300. The City has two business-type activities: Water and Sewer. While both activities generated positive changes in net position the changes were marginal with no specific significant items.





Operating Revenues and Expenses Business-type Activities 2019

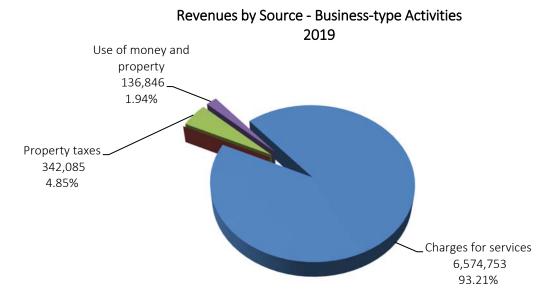


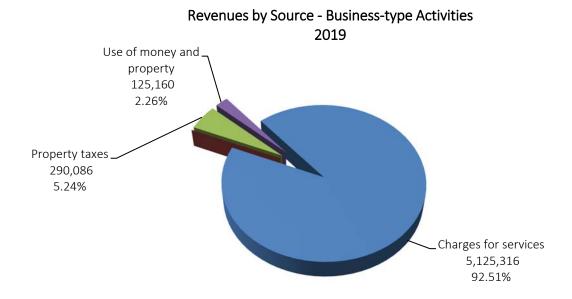
Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Business-type Activities, Continued

The revenues by source for the business-type activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020, and 2019, are as follows:





Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

The City of Lakeport uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The fund financial statements focus on individual parts of the City government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements.

Governmental funds. The City's governmental funds provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spending resources. At the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$10,670,985. This is a decrease of \$513k from last year. The decrease is a result on the completion of capital projects.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, General Fund unassigned and assigned fund balance totaled \$5,365,088.

Proprietary funds. Further detail on the change in net position may be found in the section titled **Business-type Activities** on page 13.

Budgetary Highlights

General Fund

The difference between the final budget and actual revenues differs favorably by \$1.7 million. Expenditures were held below budget by \$1.2 million with savings across nearly all categories. Most notably public works and public safety. The savings for public safety were primarily the result of the departments inability to fill open positions. The savings for public works was a result of capital projects that were not completed as anticipated.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Capital Assets

	 Governmen	tal A	ctivities	ies Business-type Activities					Totals			
	2020		2019		2020		2019		2020		2019	
Land	\$ 2,498,113	\$	1,769,145	\$	2,475,403	\$	2,475,403	\$	4,973,516	\$	4,244,548	
Construction in progress	270,259		475,750		131,159		1,820,865		401,418		2,296,615	
Buildings and improvements	4,483,297		4,654,217		8,403,455		8,724,314		12,886,752		13,378,531	
Improvements	8,074,801		5,898,247		13,543,895		10,701,124		21,618,696		16,599,371	
Vehicles and equipment	537,317		587,399		1,022,367		990,975		1,559,684		1,578,374	
Total	\$ 15,863,787	\$	13,384,758	\$	25,576,279	\$	24,712,681	\$	41,440,066	\$	38,097,439	

Significant increases to Capital Assets are primarily Improvements for energy efficiency projects including solar at various City owned facilities. More detail of the capital assets and current activity can be found in the notes to the financial statements on Page 54 for significant accounting policies and Note 5 on Page 67 for other capital asset information.

Debt Administration

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City did not issue any new debt.

Economic Outlook

At the time of budget preparation for FY 2009/20, the economic outlook for the City continued to be stable. The General Fund Budget for FY 2009/20 of approximately \$6 million was adopted in June of 2019. In March of 2020 that narrative changed. The economic uncertainties created as result of shelter-in-place orders issued by the state and local health officers in response to the COVID-19 global pandemic have changed the narrative. While revenues are not being impacted as negatively as we expected it is difficult to plan with the current amount of uncertainty that exists in the current economic environment. The FY 2020/21 budget continues the practice of conservative revenue estimates, especially in the General Fund. Overall, the FY 2020/21

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, creditors and government regulators with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. Additional information may be found on our website at www.cityoflakeport.com. Below is the contact address for questions about the report or requests for additional financial information.

City of Lakeport Finance Department 225 Park Street Lakeport, CA 95453



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Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position reports the difference between the City's total assets and the City's total liabilities, including all the City's capital assets and all its long-term debt. The Statement of Net Position summarizes the financial position of all City Governmental Activities in a single column, and the financial position of all the City's Business-Type Activities in a single column; these are followed by a total column which presents the financial position of the entire City.

The City's Governmental Activities include the activities of its General Fund, along with all of its Special Revenue, Capital Projects and Debt Service Funds. The City's Business-Type Activities include all of its Enterprise Fund activities.

The Statement of Activities reports increases and decreases in the City's net position. It presents the City's expenses first, listed by program, and follows these with the expenses of its business-type activities. Program revenues—that is, revenues which are generated directly by these programs—are then deducted from program expenses to arrive at the net expense of each governmental and business-type program. The City's general revenues are then listed in the Governmental Activities or Business-type Activities column, as appropriate, and the Change in Net Position is computed and reconciled with the Statement of Net Position.

Both these Statements include the financial activities of the City and the City of Lakeport Municipal Sewer District, which are legally separate but are component units of the City because they are controlled by the City, which is financially accountable for their activities.

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City of Lakeport, California Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

		vernmental Activities	usiness-type Activities		Total
ASSETS				-	
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments	\$	6,300,088 22,588	\$ 7,813,652 69,502	\$	14,113,740 92,090
Receivables: Accounts Loans/Notes receivable		2,176,293 2,661,591	847,918 132,448		3,024,211 2,794,039
Total current assets Capital assets:		11,160,560	8,863,520		20,024,080
Nondepreciable Depreciable		2,244,895 13,618,892	2,606,562 22,969,717		4,851,457 36,588,609
Total noncurrent assets Total assets		15,863,787 27,024,347	25,576,279 34,439,799		41,440,066 61,464,146
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension plan		1,398,132	563,850		1,961,982
OPEB Total deferred outflows of resources		96,326 1,494,458	 39,345 603,195		135,671 2,097,653
Total assets and deferred outflows	\$	28,518,805	\$ 35,042,994	\$	63,561,799
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable Other liabilities		455,742 11,374	238,670 130,928		694,412 142,302
Deposits payable Unearned revenue		22,459	67,548		67,548 22,459
Compensated absences - current portion Due within one year Total current liabilities		178,670 145,792 814,037	 69,400 741,308 1,247,854		248,070 887,100 2,061,891
Long-term liabilities:	-	014,037	 1,247,034		2,001,031
Compensated absences		156,454	122,198		278,652
Due after one year Net OPEB liability Net pension liability		3,335,923 4,895,847 4,272,774	16,985,373 1,999,712 3,076,870		20,321,296 6,895,559 7,349,644
Total noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities		12,660,998 13,475,035	22,184,153 23,432,007		34,845,151 36,907,042
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension Plan Total deferred inflows of resources		732,204 732,204	 293,672 293,672		1,025,876 1,025,876
NET POSITION		_			
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:		12,382,072	8,647,680		21,029,752
Law enforcement Housing programs		162,456 356,148	-		162,456 356,148
Transportation infrastructure Debt service		661,492 -	- 373,231		661,492 373,231
Assessment district Depreciation reserve Unrestricted (deficit)		- - 740 200	345,338 94,901		345,338 94,901
Total net position		749,398 14,311,566	 1,856,165 11,317,315		2,605,563 25,628,881
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position	\$	28,518,805	\$ 35,042,994	\$	63,561,799

City of Lakeport, California Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2020

			Program Revenues							
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services	(Operating Grants and Ontributions	G	Capital rants and ntributions		
Primary government:		·								
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$	2,506,522	\$	-	\$	1,105,137	\$	-		
Community development		510,022		52,203		38		-		
Roads and infrastructure		1,337,372		54,306		191,323		-		
Housing and support programs		1,533,497		-		1,872,322		-		
Economic development		164,999		-		82,558		-		
Public safety		2,179,650		6,887		41,915		-		
Parks, buildings and grounds		331,588		-		-		685,283		
Interest and fiscal charges		119,587		_				_		
Total governmental activities		8,683,237		113,396		3,293,293		685,283		
Business-type activities:							•			
Water		2,432,471		2,690,003		-		-		
Sewer		3,347,913		3,884,750		_		-		
Total business-type activities		5,780,384		6,574,753		-		-		
Total primary government	\$	14,463,621	\$	6,688,149	\$	3,293,293	\$	685,283		

General revenues:

Taxes:

Sales and use taxes

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Transient occupancy tax, levied for general purposes

Licenses, permits and franchises

Use of money and property

Other general revenues

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position:

Beginning of year

End of year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Totals
\$ (1,401,385) (457,781) (1,091,743) 338,825	\$ - - -	\$ (1,401,385) (457,781) (1,091,743) 338,825
(82,441) (2,130,848) 353,695 (119,587)		(82,441) (2,130,848) 353,695 (119,587)
(4,591,265)	257,532	(4,591,265)
-	536,837 794,369	536,837 794,369
(4,591,265)	794,369	(3,796,896)
3,567,487 1,105,592 161,535	- 342,085 -	3,567,487 1,447,677 161,535
585,981 162,230 41,325	- 136,846 -	585,981 299,076 41,325
5,624,150 1,032,885	478,931 1,273,300	6,103,081 2,306,185
13,278,681 \$ 14,311,566	10,044,015 \$ 11,317,315	23,322,696 \$ 25,628,881

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ATTACHMENT 1

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MAJOR FUNDS

Fund	Description
General Fund	The General Fund is used for all the general revenues of the City not specifically levied or collected for other City funds and the related expenditures. The major revenue sources for this fund are property taxes, sales taxes, franchise fees, business licenses, unrestricted revenues from the state, fines and forfeitures, and interest income. Expenditures are made for community development, public safety, public works, and other services.
HOME Grant 2017 Special Revenue	Fund to track HOME grant funding and expenditures for the construction of a 26 unit low income family housing complex.
2017 Storm Capital Projects	Accounts for capital projects resulting from the 2017 Winter storms which were declared a federal disaster.

City of Lakeport, California Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

	Major Funds						
		General Fund	HOME Grant 20: Special Revo		2017 Storm Capital Projects		
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$	3,502,822	\$	-	\$	1,347,871	
Restricted cash and investments		22,588		-		-	
Receivables:							
Intergovernmental		160,000		-		-	
Loans/Notes receivable		-		-		-	
Other receivable		1,027,412		-		-	
Due from other funds		992,202		-		-	
Advances to other funds		289,481					
Total assets	\$	5,994,505	\$	-	\$	1,347,871	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	295,716	\$	_	\$	97,063	
Due to other funds	*		*	_	*		
Interest payable		11,374		_		-	
Unearned revenue		22,459		_		-	
Advances from other funds		-		-		-	
Total liabilities		329,549		-		97,063	
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable							
Advances to other funds		289,481		-		-	
Loans/Notes receivable		-		-		-	
Restricted							
Law enforcement		10,387		-		-	
Housing programs		_		-		-	
Transportation infrastructure		_		-		-	
Assigned Capital projects		2,000,000		-		1,250,808	
General reserves		1,199,455		-		1,230,008	
Housing and community programs		-,,		_		_	
Debt service reserve		111,000		_		_	
Unassigned (deficit)		2,054,633		-		-	
Total fund balances		5,664,956				1,250,808	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	5,994,505	\$		\$	1,347,871	

_	Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Totals
_		
\$	1,449,395	\$ 6,300,088 22,588
		22,300
	988,881	1,148,881
	2,661,591	2,661,591
	-	1,027,412
	-	992,202 289,481
\$	5,099,867	\$ 12,442,243
\$	62,963	\$ 455,742
	992,202	992,202
	-	11,374
	-	22,459
	289,481 1,344,646	 289,481
	1,344,040	 1,771,258
	-	289,481
	2,661,591	2,661,591
	152,069	162,456
	356,148	356,148
	661,492	661,492
	136,831	3,387,639
	-	1,199,455
	11,478	11,478
		111,000
	(224,388)	 1,830,245
	3,755,221	10,670,985
\$	5,099,867	\$ 12,442,243

ATTACHMENT 1

City of Lakeport, California Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

Total fund balances - total governmental funds			\$ 10,670,985
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	!		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.			15,863,787
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. Compensated absences Pension obligation bonds Net OPEB liability Net pension liability	\$	(335,124) (3,481,715) (4,895,847) (4,272,774)	(12,985,460)
Pension obligations result in deferred outflows and inflows of resouces associated with the actuarial value of contributions, assets, and liaiblities Deferred outflows - pensions Deferred inflows - pensions		1,398,132 (732,204)	762,254
Net Position of governmental activities			\$ 14,311,566

City of Lakeport, California

Reconciliation of Fund Basis Balance Sheet to Government-wide Statement of Net Position Governmental Activities

June 30, 2020

	Governmental Funds	0 1 10 11	Changes	Internal Services	Statement of
ASSETS	Balance Sheet	Reclassifications	in GAAP	Balances	Net Position
Current assets:					
Cash and investments	\$ 6,300,088	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,300,088
Restricted cash and investments		Ş -	Ş -	Ş -	
Receivables:	22,588	-	-	-	22,588
Intergovernmental	1 140 001				1 140 001
Other receivable	1,148,881	-	-	-	1,148,881
Loans/Notes receivable	1,027,412	-	-	-	1,027,412
Due from other funds	2,661,591	(002, 202)	-	-	2,661,591
Advances to other funds	992,202	(992,202)	-	-	-
Total current assets	289,481	(289,481)			- 11 150 550
Noncurrent assets:	12,442,243	(1,281,683)			11,160,560
			45.000.707		45.000.707
Capital assets, net			15,863,787		15,863,787
Total noncurrent assets DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			15,863,787		15,863,787
			4 200 422		1 200 122
Pension plan OPEB	-	-	1,398,132	-	1,398,132
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	- 12 112 212	- (4.204.502)	96,326	-	96,326
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 12,442,243	\$ (1,281,683)	\$ 17,358,245	\$ -	\$ 28,518,805
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 455,742	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 455,742
Due to other funds	992,202	(992,202)	-	-	-
Advances from other funds	289,481	(289,481)	-	-	-
Unearned revenue	22,459	-	-	-	22,459
Compensated absences - current portion	-	-	178,670	-	178,670
Due within one year	-	-	145,792	-	145,792
Total current liabilities	1,771,258	(1,281,683)	324,462	-	814,037
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Long-term liabilities:					
Compensated absences	-	-	156,454	-	156,454
Lease payable	-	-		-	-
Due after one year	_	_	3,335,923	_	3,335,923
Net OPEB liability	_	_	4,895,847	_	4,895,847
Net pension liability	_	_	4,272,774	_	4,272,774
Total noncurrent liabilities			12,660,998		12,660,998
Total liabilities	1,771,258	(1,281,683)	12,985,460		13,475,035
	1,771,230	(1,201,003)	12,303,100	-	13,173,033
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenue	-	-	-	-	-
Pension Plan			732,204		732,204
Total liabities and deferred inflows:	1,771,258	(1,281,683)	13,717,664		14,207,239
FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION					
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable	2,951,072	(2,951,072)	-	_	_
Restricted	1,180,096	(1,180,096)	_	_	_
Committed	-//	(-///	_	_	_
Assigned	4,709,572	(4,709,572)	_	_	_
Unassigned (deficit)	1,830,245	(1,830,245)		_	-
Net position:	1,030,243	(1,030,243)	_	_	-
Net investment in capital assets			12 202 072		- בלה בסב 12
Restricted	-	-	12,382,072	-	12,382,072
Unrestricted	-	10 670 005	1,180,096	-	1,180,096
Total fund balances/net position	10 070 005	10,670,985	(9,921,587)	-	749,398
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position	10,670,985	ć (1.301.603)	3,640,581	-	14,311,566
rotal habilities, deferred lithows and het position	\$ 12,442,243	\$ (1,281,683)	\$ 17,358,245	\$ -	\$ 28,518,805

City of Lakeport, California Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2020

		Major Funds			
	General Fund	HOME Grant 2017 Spcial Revenue	2017 Storm Capital Projects	Other Governmental Funds	Totals
REVENUES:					
Taxes:					
Sales	\$ 3,567,487	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,567,487
Property	1,105,592	-	-	-	1,105,592
Transient occupancy	161,535	-	-	-	161,535
Business license	76,976	-	-	-	76,976
Licenses, permits and franchises	509,005	-	-	-	509,005
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	6,887	-	-	-	6,887
Intergovernmental	1,105,137	1,554,860	77,578	1,241,001	3,978,576
Use of money and property	130,686	-	-	31,544	162,230
Charges for services	106,509	-	-	-	106,509
Other revenues	35,346		5,979		41,325
Total revenues	6,805,160	1,554,860	83,557	1,272,545	9,716,122
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General government:					
Council	86,771	-	-	-	86,771
Administration	405,898	-	-	-	405,898
Attorney	165,080	-	-	-	165,080
Finance and information technology	255,376	-	-	-	255,376
Non-departmental	247,142	-	-	-	247,142
Community development:					
Planning	233,075	-	-	-	233,075
Building	276,947	-	-	-	276,947
Roads and infrastructure:					
Public works	993,795	-	47,223	85,405	1,126,423
Engineering	129,084	-	-	-	129,084
Housing and support programs	-	1,500,765	-	32,732	1,533,497
Economic development	100,398	-	-	64,601	164,999
Public safety	2,070,477	-	-	294	2,070,771
Parks, buildings and grounds	249,757	=	-	=	249,757
Capital outlay	390,733	-	1,391,446	1,247,663	3,029,842
Debt service:					
Principal	135,172	-	-	-	135,172
Interest and fiscal charges	119,401				119,401
Total expenditures	5,859,106	1,500,765	1,438,669	1,430,695	10,229,235
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)					
EXPENDITURES	946,054	54,095	(1,355,112)	(158,150)	(513,113)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Issuance of debt	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	265,810	-	-	295,000	560,810
Transfers out		(55,499)		(505,311)	(560,810)
Total other financing sources (uses)	265,810	(55,499)		(210,311)	
Net change in fund balances	1,211,864	(1,404)	(1,355,112)	(368,461)	(513,113)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):					
Beginning of year	4,453,092	1,404	2,605,920	4,123,682	11,184,098
End of year	\$ 5,664,956	\$ -	\$ 1,250,808	\$ 3,755,221	\$ 10,670,985
Elia di yeai	٥دو,٩٠٥٥, د	<u>-</u>	7 1,230,006	2,733,441	دەد,070,000 ب

City of Lakeport, California

Reconciliation of Fund Basis Statements to Government-wide Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2020

		•	Compensated			Capital					
			Absences/			Asset				Go	overnment-
	Fund Based		Debt			(Additions)/	OPEB				wide
Functions/Programs	Totals		Service	Depreciation		Retirements	Obligation	Pen	sion Plan		Totals
Governmental activities:											
General government	\$ 1,160,267	\$	34,857	\$ 278,238	:	\$ -	\$ 1,026,144	\$	7,016	\$	2,506,522
Community development	510,022		-	-		-	-		-		510,022
Roads and infrastructure	1,255,507		-	80,537		1,328	-		-		1,337,372
Housing and support programs	1,533,497		-			-	-		-		1,533,497
Economic development	164,999		-			-	-		-		164,999
Public safety	2,070,771		-	108,879)	-	-		-		2,179,650
Parks, buildings and grounds	249,757		-	81,831		-	-		-		331,588
Capital outlay	3,029,842		-			(3,029,842)	-		-		-
Debt service/Interest	254,573		(134,986)			=	=		-		119,587
Total governmental activities	\$ 10,229,235	\$	(100,129)	\$ 549,485		\$ (3,028,514)	\$ 1,026,144	\$	7,016	\$	8,683,237

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City of Lakeport, California

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2020

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(513,113)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the		
Capital asset purchases capitalized \$ 3,028,514 Depreciation expense (549,485)	-	2,479,029
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.		
Pension obligation bonds 134,986		134,986
Certain employee benefit obligations are recorded on a pay-as-you-go basis in the governmental funds, but are accrued as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position:		
Net OPEB liability(1,026,144)Net Pension liability(7,016)		(1,033,160)
Change in Net Position of governmental activities	\$	1,032,885

City of Lakeport, California Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual - General and Major Special Revenue Funds For the year ended June 30, 2020

	General Fund					
	-			Variance w/Final		
		ed Amounts	Actual	Positive		
REVENUES:	<u>Original</u>	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Taxes:						
Sales	3,630,000	3,630,000	3,567,487	\$ (62,513)		
Property	942,250	942,250	1,105,592	163,342		
Transient occupancy	160,000	160,000	161,535	1,535		
Business license	95,000	95,000	76,976	(18,024)		
Licenses, permits and franchises	279,250	279,250	509,005	229,755		
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	15,500	15,500	6,887	(8,613)		
Intergovernmental	374,500	644,267	1,105,137	460,870		
Use of money and property	161,000	161,000	130,686	(30,314)		
Charges for services	74,510	74,510	106,509	31,999		
Other revenues	175,994	175,994	35,346	(140,648)		
Total revenues	5,908,004	6,177,771	6,805,160	627,389		
EXPENDITURES:	3,300,004	0,177,771	0,803,100	027,363		
Current:						
General government:						
Council	103,986	103,986	86,771	17,215		
Administration	442,834	442,834	405,898	36,936		
Attorney	58,000	106,000	165,080	(59,080)		
Finance and information technology	266,010	266,010	255,376	10,634		
Non-departmental	199,200	199,200	247,142	(47,942)		
Community development:			,	(, ,		
Planning	278,507	278,507	233,075	45,432		
Building	161,537	161,537	276,947	(115,410)		
Roads and infrastructure:			,	(===, :==)		
Public works	1,463,573	1,733,340	993,795	739,545		
Engineering	127,693	127,693	129,084	(1,391)		
Housing and support programs	_	-	, -	-		
Economic development	108,000	108,000	100,398	7,602		
Public safety	2,396,439	2,396,439	2,070,477	325,962		
Parks, buildings and grounds	420,299	524,353	249,757	274,596		
Capital outlay	-	-	390,733	(390,733)		
Debt service:			,			
Principal	137,033	137,033	135,172	1,861		
Interest and fiscal charges	86,625	124,132	119,401	4,731		
Total expenditures	6,249,736	6,709,064	5,859,106	849,958		
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)						
EXPENDITURES	(341,732)	(531,293)	946,054	1,477,347		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in	29,500	29,500	265,810	236,310		
Transfers out		-	203,010	-		
Total other financing sources (uses)	29,500	29,500	265,810	236,310		
Net change in fund balances	(312,232)		1,211,864	1,713,657		
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):						
Beginning of year	4,453,092	4,453,092	4,453,092	-		
End of year	\$ 4,140,860	\$ 3,951,299	\$ 5,664,956	\$ 1,713,657		
•	, .,:,	, ,,	. ,,			

Variance w/FinalVariance w/FinalBudgeted AmountsPositiveBudgeted AmountsPositive		HOME Grant 2017 Special Revenue			2017 Storm Capital Projects			
S				Variance w/Final				
- \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$			-					
- 1,554,860 1,554,860 - 77,578 77,578 77,578 - 7,578 7,579 7	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
- 1,554,860 1,554,860 - 77,578								
1,554,860	\$ -	- \$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
- 1,554,860 1,554,860 - 5,5979 5,979 - 1,554,860 1,554,860 - 6,83,557 83,557 - 1,554,860 1,554,860 - 7, 83,557 83,557 - 1,554,860 1,554,860 2,500,000 2,500,000 1,438,669 1,061,331 - 1,554,860 1,554,860 (2,500,000) (2,500,000) (1,355,112) (977,774	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
- 1,554,860 1,554,860 - 5,5979 5,979 - 1,554,860 1,554,860 - 6,83,557 83,557 - 1,554,860 1,554,860 - 7, 7,74 - 1,554,860 1,554,860 2,500,000 1,438,669 1,061,331 - 1,554,860 1,554,860 (2,500,000) (2,500,000) (1,355,112) (977,774	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1,554,860	-		_	-	-	-	_	-
1,554,860	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
1,554,860	-		1,554,860	1,554,860	-	-	77,578	77,578
1,554,860			-	-	-	-	-	-
1,554,860		- -	-	-	-	-	5.979	- 5.979
2,500,000 2,500,000 47,223 2,452,777 1,391,446 (1,391,446 2,500,000 2,500,000 1,438,669 1,061,331 1,554,860 1,554,860 (2,500,000) (2,500,000) (1,355,112) (977,774			1 554 860	1 554 860				
			1,334,800	1,334,800			63,337	83,337
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-		_	-	-	-	-	-
	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
	_		_	_	_	_	_	_
	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
2,500,000 2,500,000 1,438,669 1,061,331 1,554,860 1,554,860 (2,500,000) (2,500,000) (1,355,112) (977,774	-		-	-	2,500,000	2,500,000	47,223	2,452,777
2,500,000 2,500,000 1,438,669 1,061,331 1,554,860 1,554,860 (2,500,000) (2,500,000) (1,355,112) (977,774		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2,500,000 2,500,000 1,438,669 1,061,331 1,554,860 1,554,860 (2,500,000) (2,500,000) (1,355,112) (977,774	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
2,500,000 2,500,000 1,438,669 1,061,331 1,554,860 1,554,860 (2,500,000) (2,500,000) (1,355,112) (977,774			-	-	-	-	-	-
2,500,000 2,500,000 1,438,669 1,061,331 1,554,860 1,554,860 (2,500,000) (2,500,000) (1,355,112) (977,774	-		-	-	-	-	1 201 446	- 11 201 446
1,554,860 1,554,860 (2,500,000) (2,500,000) (1,355,112) (977,774	-	-	-	-			1,391,446	(1,391,446
1,554,860 1,554,860 (2,500,000) (2,500,000) (1,355,112) (977,774	-			-	-	-	-	-
1,554,860 1,554,860 (2,500,000) (2,500,000) (1,355,112) (977,774					_	_		
	-	<u> </u>	-		2,500,000	2,500,000	1,438,669	1,061,331
			1 554 060	1.554.000	(2.500.000)	(2.500.000)	(1.255.112)	(077.77.4
	-	<u> </u>	1,554,860	1,554,860	(2,500,000)	(2,500,000)	(1,355,112)	(9/7,//4
		_	_	-	-	-	-	-
1,554,860 1,554,860 (2,500,000) (2,500,000) (1,355,112) (977,774		<u> </u>	. <u> </u>		-	_		
1,554,860 1,554,860 (2,500,000) (2,500,000) (1,355,112) (977,774	-		4 == 1 000	4 ==	- In East as a	- In Fact as 2	-	
	-		1,554,860	1,554,860	(2,500,000)	(2,500,000)	(1,355,112)	(977,774
1,404 1,404 1,404 2,605,920 -	1 404	1 1 404	1 404	_	-	_	2 605 920	_
1,404 \$ 1,404 \$ 1,556,264 \$ 1,554,860 \$ (2,500,000) \$ (2,500,000) \$ 1,250,808 \$ (977,774			-	\$ 1554.960	\$ (2.500.000)	\$ (2.500.000)		\$ 1077 774

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ATTACHMENT 1

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds account for City operations financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise. The intent of the City is that the cost of providing goods and services be financed primarily through user charges.

The City maintains two enterprise funds: water and sewer described as follows:

Fund	Description
Major Funds:	
Water Enterprise Fund	Chapter 13.04 of the Lakeport Municipal Code provides the authority for City to operate water system. Revenues (fees and charges) are collected to pay for service (water) received.
Sewer Enterprise Fund	Chapter 13.20 of the Lakeport Municipal Code provides the authority for the City to operate sewer system. Revenues (fees and charges) are collected to pay for availability of collection, transportation, treatment, and disposal system. In addition, grazing lease payments, LACOSAN payments for flows, tax revenues, FEMA storm damage reimbursement, OES storm damage reimbursement, and insurance rebates have been credited to this fund.

City of Lakeport, California Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2020

	Water	Sewer	Totals
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and investments	\$ 1,591,443	\$ 6,222,209	7,813,652
Restricted cash and investments	15,831	53,671	69,502
Receivables:			
Accounts, net of uncollectibles	363,446	484,472	847,918
Total current assets	1,970,720	6,760,352	8,731,072
Noncurrent assets:			
Notes receivable	41,059	91,389	132,448
Capital assets not being depreciated:			
Land	740,170	1,735,233	2,475,403
Construction in progress	-	131,159	131,159
Capital assets being depreciated:			
Buildings and improvements	12,929,618	29,294,529	42,224,147
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	503,158	1,656,114	2,159,272
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(4,714,083)	(16,699,619)	(21,413,702)
Total noncurrent assets	9,499,922	16,208,805	25,708,727
Total Assets	11,470,642	22,969,157	34,439,799
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension plan	291,278	272,572	563,850
OPEB	18,994	20,351	39,345
Total assets and defered outflows of resources	\$ 11,780,914	\$ 23,262,080	\$ 35,042,994
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 51,867	\$ 186,803	\$ 238,670
Interest payable	52,206	78,722	130,928
Deposits payable	67,188	360	67,548
Compensated absences - current portion	34,900	34,500	69,400
Pension obligation bonds - current portion	36,104	36,104	72,208
Due within one year	191,100	478,000	669,100
Total current liabilities	433,365	814,489	1,247,854
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Compensated absences	67,755	54,443	122,198
Pension obligation bonds	362,938	362,936	725,874
Due after one year	5,904,165	10,355,334	16,259,499
Net pension liability	1,435,796	1,641,074	3,076,870
Net OPEB liability	965,378	1,034,334	1,999,712
Total noncurrent liabilities	8,736,032	13,448,121	22,184,153
Total liabilities	9,169,397	14,262,610	23,432,007
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension Plan	143,471	150,201	293,672
Total deferred inflows of resources	143,471	150,201	293,672
NET POSITION			
Net Position:			
Net investment in capital assets	3,363,598	5,284,082	8,647,680
Restricted for debt service	142,231	231,000	373,231
Restricted for assessment district	, -	345,338	345,338
Restricted depreciation reserve	26,469	68,432	94,901
Unrestricted (deficit)	(1,064,252)	2,920,417	1,856,165
Total net position	2,468,046	8,849,269	11,317,315
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position	 		
rotal liabilities, deferred liftiows and fiet position	\$ 11,780,914	\$ 23,262,080	\$ 35,042,994

City of Lakeport, California Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the year ended June 30, 2020

	Water	Sewer	Totals
OPERATING REVENUES: Charges for service Other operating revenue	\$ 2,685,545 4,458	3,884,750 -	\$ 6,570,295 4,458
Total operating revenues	2,690,003	3,884,750	6,574,753
OPERATING EXPENSES:			
Personnel services	1,179,820	1,161,132	2,340,952
Materials, services and supplies	662,363	926,996	1,589,359
Depreciation	414,212	941,873	1,356,085
Total operating expenses	2,256,395	3,030,001	5,286,396
OPERATING INCOME	433,608	854,749	1,288,357
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):			
Property taxes and special assessments	-	342,085	342,085
Investment revenue	9,410	97,436	106,846
Lease revenue	-	30,000	30,000
Interest and fiscal charges expense	(176,076)	(317,912)	(493,988)
Total non-operating revenues, net	(166,666)	151,609	(15,057)
NET INCOME BEFORE TRANSFERS	266,942	1,006,358	1,273,300
Transfers in	-	-	-
Transfers out		<u>-</u>	
Total transfers	-	_	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	266,942	1,006,358	1,273,300
NET POSITION:			
Beginning of year	2,201,104	7,842,911	10,044,015
End of year	\$ 2,468,046	\$ 8,849,269	\$ 11,317,315

City of Lakeport, California Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the year ended June 30, 2020

		Water		Sewer		Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Cash received from customers/users for services provided	\$	2,675,680	\$	3,857,342	\$	6,533,022
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(766,073)		(941,406)		(1,707,479)
Cash payments to employees for services	<u> </u>	(1,189,754)		(1,191,240)		(2,380,994)
Net cash provided by operating activities		719,853		1,724,696		2,444,549
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Property taxes and assessments received		-		342,085		342,085
Changes in net pension obligation		2,419		2,661		5,080
Change in net OPEB obligation		226,682		216,777		443,459
Net cash used by noncapital financing activities		229,101		561,523		790,624
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(46,434)		(2,173,249)		(2,219,683)
Principal paid on long term debt		(220,576)		(486,294)		(706,870)
Interest paid on long term debt		(149,640)		(321,142)		(470,782)
Proceeds from lease revenue		_		30,000		30,000
Net cash (used) by capital and related financing activities		(416,650)		(2,950,685)		(3,367,335)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:						
Investment income received		9,410		97,436		106,846
Net cash provided by investing activities	<u>-</u>	9,410		97,436		106,846
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		541,714		(567,030)		(25,316)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:						
Beginning of year		1,065,560		6,842,910		7,908,470
End of year	\$	1,607,274	\$	6,275,880	\$	7,883,154
Presentation in Statement of Financial Position:						
Cash and investments	\$	1,591,443	\$	6,222,209	\$	7,813,652
Restricted cash and investments		15,831		53,671		69,502
Total Cash and investments	\$	1,607,274	\$	6,275,880	\$	7,883,154
Reconciliation of income from operations to net						
cash provided by operating activities:						
Operating income	\$	433,608	\$	854,749	\$	1,288,357
Adjustments to reconcile operating income	•	,	•	,	·	
to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation		414,212		941,873		1,356,085
(Increase) decrease in current assets:		(10.470)		(27.240)		(27.706)
Accounts receivable		(10,478)		(27,318)		(37,796)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities: Accounts payable		(103,710)		(14,410)		(118,120)
Accounts payable Accrued payroll and benefits		(8,099)		(8,074)		(118,120)
Deposits payable		(3,845)		(8,074)		(3,935)
Compensated absences		(1,835)		(22,034)		(23,869)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	719,853	\$	1,724,696	\$	2,444,549
There were no noncash investing capital, or financing activities affecting recognized a					٧	۷,444,343

There were no noncash investing, capital, or financing activities affecting recognized assets and liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2020.

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ATTACHMENT 1 FIDUCIARY ACTIVITIES

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governments. The financial activities of these funds are excluded from the Government-wide financial statements, but are presented in the separate Fiduciary Fund financial statements. **Private Purpose Trust Funds** are used for resources held for other individuals and entities in a manner similar to private enterprise. The City has the following private purpose trust fund:

Fund	Description
Redevelopment Non-Housing Successor Private Purpose Trust Fund	Accounts for funds collected and disbursed for the dissolution of the former Lakeport Redevelopment Agency related to administration and retirement of enforceable obligations.

City of Lakeport, California Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Activities June 30, 2020

	Redevelopment Non-Housing Successor Private Purpose Trust Fund		Age	Agency Funds	
ASSETS					
Current assets: Cash and investments Cash and investments with trustee/fiscal agent Accounts receivable	\$	546,694 111 -	\$	398,205 - 17,208	
Total current assets		546,805		415,413	
Total assets	\$	546,805	\$	415,413	
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Interest payable Refundable deposits and trust liabilities Due within one year Total current liabilities Long-term liabilities: Due after one year Total long-term liabilities Total liabilities	\$	19 61,115 - 210,000 271,134 4,185,000 4,185,000	\$	266 - 415,147 - 415,413	
lotal liabilities		4,456,134	\$	415,413	
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)					
Restricted - debt service reserve Held in trust for outstanding obligations		317,230 (4,226,559)			
Total net position (deficit)		(3,909,329)			
Total liabilities and net position (deficit)	\$	546,805			

City of Lakeport, California Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Redevelopment Agency Successor Private Purpose Trust Fund For the year ended June 30, 2020

	Private Purpose Trust Fund
ADDITIONS:	
Property taxes	\$ 598,401
Investment income	2,424
Total additions	600,825
DEDUCTIONS:	
Administrative costs	89,169
Interest and trustee fees	103,582
Total deductions	192,751
CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	408,074
NET POSITION (DEFICIT):	
Beginning of year	(4,317,403)
End of year	\$ (3,909,329)

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



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Index to Notes to Basic Financial Statements

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The notes to the financial statements include a summary of significant accounting policies and other notes considered essential to fully disclose and fairly present the transactions and financial position of the City as follows:

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	48
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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government agencies. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies of the City are described below:

A. Defining the reporting entity

The City of Lakeport was incorporated in 1888 under the laws of the State of California. Lakeport operates under a Council-Manager form of government. The City Manager serves as the chief executive for day-to-day operations and long-term planning, including executing the policies and directives of the City Council. Department heads report directly to the City Manager and serve at his or her pleasure.

The City provides a range of municipal services to its citizens including public safety, public works, planning and building regulation, recreation and parks, and water and sewer services.

These financial statements present the financial status of the City and its components units. The component units discussed in the following paragraph are included in the City's financial statements because the City is financially accountable for their operations.

The Redevelopment Agency of the City of Lakeport (the Agency) was established by the City as a separate legal entity in accordance with state law. The purpose of the Agency is to encourage new investment and reinvestment within legally designated redevelopment areas in partnership with property owners. The Agency was dissolved on February 1, 2013 by the State Legislature and California Governor, Jerry Brown.

The Municipal Sewer District No. 1 (CLMSD) was established as a separate legal entity to obtain funding to construct a new sewage treatment plant and pumping stations in 1965. In later years and assessment district was formed for the purpose of financing needed improvements and expansion of the wastewater systems.

Although the component units are legally separate from the City, they are reported on a blended basis as part of the primary government because their boards consist of members of the City Council. The component units' financial statements may be obtained from the City.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues are reported separately from business-type activates, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grant and contributors that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes, and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenue, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to, and accounted for, in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

In the fund financial statement in the report, the various funds are grouped into generic funds within four broad fund types. They are as follows:

Governmental Funds

The *General Fund* is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trust of major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Capital Project Funds are used to account for revenue and expenditures restricted to the acquisition or major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary or trust funds).

Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment to, governmental long-term debt, both principal and interest.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements, Continued

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprise —the intent of the governing body is that the cost (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis, be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The City accounts for the operation of its water and sewer utility fund on this basis.

Internal Service funds are used to account for operations similar to enterprise funds. The difference between the two is that internal service funds provide goods and services to departments and agencies under the primary government. Currently the City does not use an internal service fund.

Fiduciary Funds

Agency Funds are used to account for assets administered by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for other governments and other funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The City reports on two agency funds: Special Deposit Agency Fund which hold funds on deposit from outside parties and Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Agency Fund which manages resources for retiree health benefits.

Trust Funds are used to account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity. The City reports one private purpose trust fund: Redevelopment Non-Housing Successor Private Purpose Trust Fund which accounts for fund collect and disbursed for the dissolution of the former Lakeport Redevelopment Agency. For more information about the Successor Agency for the Former Lakeport Redevelopment Agency see Note 14.

An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- 1. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and,
- 2. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental funds combined.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

The City reports the following major funds:

- General Fund
- HOME Grant 2017 Special Revenue
- 2017 Storm Capital Projects
- Water
- Sewer

C. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

Basis of accounting refers to when revenue and expenditures (or expenses) are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement focus is the determination of (1) which assets and which liabilities are included on a government's balance sheet and where they are reported, and (2) whether an operating statement presents information on the flow of financial resources (revenues and expenditures) or information on the flow of economic resources (revenues and expenses).

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statement. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

In the fund financial statements, all governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized when they become both measurable and available to finance the expenditures of the current period (susceptible to accrual). Major revenue sources susceptible to accrual include substantially all property taxes, taxpayer-assessed taxes (such as sales and use, utility users, business license, transient occupancy, franchise fees and gas taxes), interest, special assessments levied, state and federal grants and charges for current services. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 90 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Revenue from licenses, permits, fines and forfeits is recorded as received. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund balance (net current assets) is considered a measure of "available spendable resources." Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenue and other financing

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

C. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus, Continued

sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

The government-wide financial statements, as well as the proprietary funds and fiduciary funds (including agency funds) financial statements, are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. This means that all assets and all liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activity are included on their balance sheets. Proprietary fund operating statements present increases (revenues) in net total assets.

D. Use of Estimates

Financial statement preparation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

E. Cash and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The City pools cash and investments from all funds for the purpose of increasing income through investment activities. Highly liquid money market investments with maturities of one year or less at time of purchase are stated at amortized cost. All other investments are stated at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools. Market value is used as fair value for those securities for which market quotations are readily available.

F. Receivable and Payables

Balances representing lending/borrowing transactions between funds outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are reported as either "due to/due from other funds" (amounts due within one year), "advances to/from other funds" (non-current portions of interfund lending/borrowing transactions), or "loans to/from other funds" (long-term lending/borrowing transactions as evidenced by loan agreements). Advances and loans to other funds are offset by a fund balance reserve in applicable

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

F. Receivable and Payables, Continued

governmental funds to indicate they are not available for appropriation, and are not expendable available financial resources.

Property, sales, use, and utility user taxes related to the current fiscal year are accrued as revenue and accounts receivable and considered available if received within 60 days of year end. Federal and state grants are considered receivable and accrued as revenue when reimbursable costs are incurred under the accrual basis of accounting in the government-wide statement of net position. The amount recognized as revenue under the modified accrual basis of accounting is limited to the amount that is deemed measureable and available. The City considers these taxes available if they are received during the period when settlement of prior fiscal year accounts payable and payroll charges normally occur.

Grants, entitlements or shared revenue is recorded as receivables and revenue in the general, special revenue and capital project funds when they are received or susceptible to accrual. Notes receivables represent individual loans, secured by property liens in favor of the City and the Redevelopment Agency, made through various sources, including the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) and federal HOME housing programs. When repaid, these amounts are designated for purposes allowed under the aforementioned reuse guidelines.

G. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Management has elected to record bad debts using the allowance method.

H. Prepaid Expenses

The prepaid expenses consist of expendables supplies held for consumption and are recorded as expenses when consumed. Materials and supplies used by governmental funds are recorded as expenditures at the time they are purchases or obtained.

I. Capital Assets

Government-Wide Statements

Public domain (infrastructure) capital assets include roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets, sidewalks, drainage systems, and lighting systems.

The accounting treatment of property, plant and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

I. Capital Assets

Prior to July 1, 2003, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized, since then these assets have been valued at estimated historical cost.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The City capitalizes assets with an original cost greater than \$5,000 and with a useful lifespan longer than three years. No depreciation is recorded in the year of acquisition or in the year of disposition.

The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings and improvements 5 - 50 years 50 years Roadway improvements Sidewalks, curbs and gutters 50 years Storm drain pipes/structures 50 years Traffic signal devices 5 - 40 years Landscaping 30 years Signage 25 years Leasehold improvements 5 years Machinery and equipment 3 - 5 years Vehicles 3 years

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same way as in the government-wide statements.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences represent the vested portion of accumulate vacation and sick leave. In governmental funds, the cost of vacation and sick leave benefits is recognized when payments are made to employees. Upon separation, 100% of accrued vacation leave (up to a maximum of 400 hours) and accrued comp time is paid and, depending on longevity, sick leave is paid out up to 50% of the accrued amount. In proprietary funds, a long-term liability for such benefits has been recorded.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

L. Long-term Liabilities

In both the governmental-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term liabilities are reported as liabilities in the applicable statement of net position. Bond premiums, issuance costs and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bond.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognized bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources.

M. Equity Classification

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and is displayed in three components:

Net investment in capital assets – consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position — consists of net position with constraints placed on the use by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or by laws or regulations of other governments or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position – all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements. The classifications for governmental funds are defined as follows for the City:

Nonspendable Fund Balance –

- Assets that will never convert to cash (prepaid items, inventory).
- Assets that will not convert to cash soon enough to affect the current period (long-term notes or loans receivable).
- Resources that must be maintained intact pursuant to legal or contractual requirements (the principal of an endowment).

Restricted Fund Balance -

- Resources that are subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions imposed by parties altogether outside the government (Creditors, Grantors, Contributors and Other Governments).
- Resources that are subject to limitations imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (Gas Tax).

Committed Fund Balance -

- Self-imposed limitations set in place prior to the end of the period. (Encumbrances, economic contingencies and uncertainties).
- Limitation at the highest level of decision-making (Council) that requires formal action at the same level to remove, done typically through resolution during the budget process.

Assigned Fund Balance –

• Amounts in excess of nonspendable, restricted, and committed fund balance in funds other than the general fund automatically are reported as assigned fund balance and are done so by the City Manager through the budget process.

Unassigned Fund Balance –

- Residual net resources
- Total fund balance in the general fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance (surplus).
- Excess of nonspendable, restricted, and committed fund balance over total fund balance (deficit).

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

M. Equity Classification, Continued

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted fund balance resources first, followed by the unrestricted resources in the Committed and Unassigned fund balances, as they are needed.

The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance. In other governmental funds it is not appropriate to report a positive unassigned fund balance amount. However, in governmental funds other than the general fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts that are restricted, committee, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that fund. [GASB – S54: 17 and 19]

N. Property Taxes

Property taxes in the State of California are administered for all local agencies at the county level and consist of secured, unsecured and utility tax rolls. The following is a summary of major policies and practices relating to property taxes:

Property Valuations are established by the Lake County Assessor for the secured and unsecured property tax rolls; the utility property tax roll is valued by the State Board of Equalization. Under the provision of Article XIII-A of the State Constitution (Proposition 13, adopted by the voters on June 6, 1978), properties are assessed at 100% of full value. From this base assessment, subsequent annual increases in valuation are limited to a maximum of two percent. However, an increase to full value is allowed for property improvements or upon change in ownership. Personal property is excluded from these limitations and is subject to annual reappraisal.

Tax Levies are limited to one percent of full assessed value which results in a tax rate of one percent assessed valuation under the provisions of Proposition 13. Tax rates for voter-approved indebtedness are excluded from this limitation.

Tax Levy Dates are attached annually on January 1, preceding the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. The fiscal year begins July 1 and ends June 30 of the following year. Taxes are levied on both real and unsecured personal property as it exists at that time. Liens against real estate, as well as the tax on personal property are not relieved by subsequent renewal or change in ownership.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

N. Property Taxes, Continued

Tax Collections are the responsibility of the Lake County Treasurer-Tax Collector. Taxes and assessments on secured and utility rolls, which constitute a lien against the property, may be paid in two installments.

- The First is due on November 1 of the fiscal year and is delinquent if not paid by December 10;
- The second is due on March 1 of the fiscal year and is delinquent if not paid by April 10.

Unsecured personal property taxes do not constitute a lien against property unless the taxes become delinquent. Payments must be made in one installment, which is delinquent if not paid by August 31 of the fiscal year. Significant penalties are imposed by the county for late payments. The City has elected to receive the City's portion of the property taxes from the county under the county Teeter Bill program. Under this program, the City receives 100% of the City's share of the levied property taxes in periodic payments with the county assuming the responsibility for the delinquencies.

Property Tax Administration Fees — the state of California FY 90-91 Budget Act authorized counties to collect an administrative fee for collection and distribution of property taxes.

Tax Levy Apportionments – due to the nature of the City-wide maximum levy, it is not possible to identify general-purpose tax rates for specific entities. Under State legislation adopted subsequent to the passage of Proposition 13, apportionments to local agencies are made by the county's auditor-controller based primarily on the ratio that each agency represented of the total City-wide levy for the three fiscal years prior to fiscal year 1979.

O. Interfund Transfers

Resources are reallocated between funds by reporting them as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the Statement of Activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

P. Reclassifications

Certain amounts have been reclassified to provide for comparable results on a year to year basis.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

Q. Budgetary Information

The City follows these procedures annually in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed draft budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1 of the next fiscal year. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. If use of fund balance is recommended by the City Manager, resources to be used will be in the following order:
 - a. unassigned fund balance
 - b. assigned
 - c. committed
- 3. The City Council reviews the proposed budget at special scheduled sessions which are open to the public. The Council also conducts a public hearing on the proposed budget to obtain comments from interested persons.
- 4. Prior to July 1, the budget is to be adopted by resolution of the City Council.
- 5. From the effective date of the budget, which is adopted and controlled at the fund level, the amounts stated therein as proposed expenditures become appropriations to the various City funds and departments. The City Council may amend the budget by minute action during the fiscal year. The City Manager may authorize transfers from one object or purpose to another within the same fund, and between departments within the General Fund. All appropriations lapse at year end unless encumbered and carried forward upon the approval of the City Manager.

Budgets are adopted for all fund types and are reported on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Budgeted amounts presented are as originally adopted and as further amended by the City Council.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

R. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Government of Example's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plans (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

S. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Generally accepted accounting principles require that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date June 30, 2020 Measurement Date June 30, 2020 Measurement Period July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

- 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued
- T. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Revenue Limitations Imposed by California Propositions 218 and 26

Proposition 218, approved by the voters in November 1996, regulates the City's ability to impose, increase, and extend taxes, assessments, and fees. It was enhanced further by the passage of Proposition 26 in 2010, which revised to the definitions of taxes and fees. Any new, increased, or extended taxes, assessments, and fees subject to the provisions of Proposition 218 require voter approval before they can be implemented. Additionally, Proposition 218 provides that these taxes, assessments, and fees be subject to the voter initiative process and may be rescinded in future years by the voters.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The City follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds except for the restricted funds required to be held by outside custodians, fiscal agents or trustees under the provisions of bond indentures. Cash and investments as of June 30, 2020, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments Pooled

	Maturities (in years)							Fair	
		<1	1 to 3		3 to 5		Deposits	N	1arket Value
Pooled cash, at fair value: Cash in bank Petty cash	fair value: \$ - \$ - \$		\$	\$ 10,285,749 400		10,285,749 400			
Total pooled items		-			-		10,286,149		10,286,149
Pooled investments, at fair value: Interest obligations: Par Rate									
\$ 2,000,000 1.70-3.55% Certificate of Deposits		403,318	1,066,18	36	632,626		-		2,102,130
Money market		-		-	-		92,920		92,920
State of California Local Agency Investment Fund	2,669,641 3,072,959								2,669,641
Total pooled investments - interest obligations			1,066,18	36	632,626		92,920		4,864,691
Total cash equivalents and investments pooled	\$	3,072,959	\$ 1,066,18	36 \$	632,626	\$	10,379,069	\$	15,150,840
			Amounts reported in: Governmental activities Governmental activities - Restricted Business-type activities Business-type activities - Restricted Fiduciary activities Fiduciary activities - Restricted					\$	6,300,088 22,588 7,813,652 69,502 944,899 111
			Total					\$	15,150,840

Collateral and Categorization Requirements

At the fiscal year end, the City's carrying amount of demand deposits was \$10,285,749 and the bank account balance was \$10,475,997. The difference of \$190,248 represented outstanding checks and deposits in transit. Of the total deposit balance, \$250,000 was insured by Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC), the remaining amount of \$10,225,997 was collateralized in accordance with California Government Code Section 53600-53609.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized under provisions of the City's investment policy adopted August 16, 2005 (subsequently updated July 6, 2010), and in accordance with Section 53601 of the California Government Code. The table also identifies certain provisions of the investment policy that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer	Minimum Rating
U.S. Treasury Securities	5 years	None	None	None
U.S. Government Securities	5 years	None	None	None
Bankers' Acceptances	270 days	30%	None	None
Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None	None
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None	None
Repurchase Agreements	30 days	None	None	None
Commercial Paper	31-180 days	15-30%	None	A1/P1
Corporate Medium-term Notes	5 years	30%	None	A1/P1
Mutual Funds	None	15%	None	Two/Three
Passbook Savings	N/A	None	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	\$10M	None	None

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that Lakeport manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by investing in LAIF, whose underlying securities have staggered maturities and are generally due on demand, which provides cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The City's investment policy limits credit risk by requiring compliance with the California Government Code for investment of public funds, as described in detail above.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the City contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any single issuer beyond that stipulated by the California government code, Investments in any one issuer that represent 5% or more of total investments at June 30, 2020 are as follows:

Investment Type		Fair Value	Yield	Concentration				
Certificate of Deposits	\$	2,102,130	2.74%	43.21%				
Money market		92,920	0.00%	1.91%				
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)		2,669,641	1.47%	54.88%				
Total fair value	\$	4,864,691		100.00%				
	Weig	thted vield	1.99%					

Custodial Credit Risk

The credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession on an outside party. The California government code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits, other than the following provision for deposits:

The California government code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must be equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

At June 30, 2020, the City had \$10,225,997 in financial institutions that were not covered by the FDIC but were covered by collateralized securities of the financial institutions where the deposits were maintained.

The credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of counterparty (e.g., brokerdealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California government code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial risk for investments. With respect to investments, custodial credit risk generally applies only to direct investments in marketable securities. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investment in securities through the use of mutual funds or government investment pools (such as LAIF).

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

Participation in an External Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), which is regulated by California Government Code Section under the oversight of the Local Investment Advisory Board (Board). The Board consists of five members as designated by state statue, and is chaired by the State Treasurer who is responsible for the day to day administration of LAIF. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis, which is different from the fair value of the City's position in the LAIF pool. The State Treasurer determines fair value on its investment portfolio based on market quotations for those securities where market quotations are readily available. As of June 30, 2020, the City's investment in LAIF was \$2,669,641. The total amount invested by all public agencies at that date was \$32.08 billion. LAIF is part of the California Pooled Money Investment Account (PMIA), which at June 30, 2020 has a balance of \$101.79 billion. Financial Statements of LAIF and PMIA may be obtained from the California Treasurer's web site at www.treasurer.ca.gov.

3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable consisted of the following at June 30, 2020:

Accounts Receivable and Due from Other Governments

	 Receivables	All	Allowance		Net
Governmental activities:					
Due from other governments:					
Property taxes	\$ 82,553	\$	-	\$	82,553
Grants and subventions	1,148,881		-		1,148,881
SB1	12,711		-		12,711
TOT	34,189		-		34,189
Sales tax	703,126		-		703,126
Accounts receivable:					
Accounts	198,933		-		198,933
Administrative citations	600		(4,700)		(4,100)
Total	\$ 2,180,993	\$	(4,700)	\$	2,176,293
Business-type activities:					
Accounts	\$ 847,918	\$	-	\$	847,918
Total	\$ 847,918	\$	-	\$	847,918

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, Continued

These amounts resulted in the following concentrations in receivables:

Concentration of Receivables

Other gover	nments	64.2%
Individuals	/businesses	35.8%

Amounts do not indicate a significant concentration (greater than 25%) with any single individual, business or agency.

4. LOANS, NOTES RECEIVABLE, AND INTERFUND BORROWING

Through the City's various housing rehabilitation funds, first-time home buyer's funds, and business/economic development loan funds, the City has loaned funds to qualifying individuals and businesses. Interest rates vary depending on the terms of the loan. Interest is accrued on the loans that bear interest.

Loans and notes receivable for the year ended June 30, 2020, consisted of the following:

Loans and Notes Receivable

	Beginning uly 1, 2019	A	dditions	D	eletions	Ending June 30, 2020		
Nonmajor governmental funds:								
Special revenue funds:								
Lakeport Housing	\$ 371,111	\$	-	\$	(31,671)	\$	339,440	
CDBG Economic Development PI notes receivable	803,665		268,310		-		1,071,975	
2012 HOME Grant	 1,305,347		_		(55,171)		1,250,176	
Total governmental funds	2,480,123		268,310		(86,842)		2,661,591	
Major enterprise funds:								
Water	41,059		-		-		41,059	
Sewer	 91,389		-		-		91,389	
Total enterprise funds	 136,228		-		-	132,448		
Total loans/notes receivable	\$ 2,759,506	\$ 268,310 \$ (86,842		(86,842)	\$	2,794,039		

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

	Balance				Balance	
	July 1, 2019	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	June 30, 2020	
Governmental activities:						
Nondepreciable assets:						
Land	\$ 1,769,145	\$ 728,968	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,498,113	
Construction in progress	475,750	270,259		(475,750)	270,259	
Total nondepreciable assets	2,244,895	999,227		(475,750)	2,768,372	
Depreciable assets:						
Buildings and structures	6,500,031	-	-	-	6,500,031	
Improvements	7,612,394	1,960,136	475,750	10,048,280		
Vehicles and equipment	2,243,470	69,151			2,312,621	
Total depreciable assets	16,355,895	2,029,287	_	475,750	18,860,932	
Total	18,600,790	3,028,514			21,629,304	
Accumulated depreciation:						
Buildings and structures	(1,845,814)	(170,920)	-	-	(2,016,734)	
Improvements	(1,714,147)	(259,332)	-	-	(1,973,479)	
Vehicles and equipment	(1,656,071)	(119,233)	_		(1,775,304)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(5,216,032)	(549,485)			(5,765,517)	
Net depreciable assets	11,139,863	1,479,802	_	475,750	13,095,415	
Total net capital assets	\$ 13,384,758	\$ 2,479,029	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,863,787	

Depreciation expense of \$549,485 was allocated in the Statement of Activities as follows:

General governement	\$ 278,238
Public Safety	108,879
Public Works	80,537
Parks, buildings, grounds	81,831
	\$ 549,485

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

5. CAPITAL ASSETS, Continued

Business-type capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

	Balance	Balance			
	July 1, 2019	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	June 30, 2020
Business-type activities:					
Nondepreciable assets:					
Land	\$ 2,475,403	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,475,403
Construction in progress	1,820,865	1,898,930		(3,588,636)	131,159
Total nondepreciable assets	4,296,268	1,898,930		(3,588,636)	2,606,562
Depreciable assets:					
Buildings and structures	9,955,195	-	-	-	9,955,195
Improvements	28,518,129	162,187	-	3,588,636	32,268,952
Vehicles and equipment	1,998,524	160,748			2,159,272
Total depreciable assets	40,471,848	322,935		3,588,636	44,383,419
Total	44,768,116	2,221,865			46,989,981
Accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings and structures	(1,230,881)	(320,859)	-	-	(1,551,740)
Improvements	(17,817,005)	(908,052)	-	-	(18,725,057)
Vehicles and equipment	(1,007,549)	(129,356)			(1,136,905)
Total accumulated depreciation	(20,055,435)	(1,358,267)		-	(21,413,702)
Net depreciable assets	20,416,413	(1,035,332)		3,588,636	22,969,717
Total business-type capital assets, net	\$ 24,712,681	\$ 863,598	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25,576,279

Depreciation expense for capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2020, was charged to functions as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

6. LONG TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	Beginning					Ending	_	
	Balance					Balance		ıe within
Governmental Activities	7/1/2019	Additions		eductions	6/30/2020		One Year	
USDA Police Station Bond	\$ 1,062,000	\$ -	\$	(18,000)	\$	1,044,000	\$	18,000
Pension Obligation Bonds - Governmental Share	1,420,327	-		(118,411)		1,301,916		117,792
2018 Series B Solar Bonds - Governmental Share	1,170,000	-		-		1,170,000		10,000
Less: Discount	(35,626)	-		1,425		(34,201)		-
Compensated Absences	300,267	34,857		-		335,124		178,670
Total	\$ 3,916,968	\$ 34,857	\$	(134,986)	\$	3,816,839	\$	324,462
Business-Type Activities								
USDA Water Revenue Bonds, 2016	\$ 3,073,600	\$ -	\$	(59,100)	\$	3,014,500	\$	60,100
Pinnacle Water Loan	2,377,000	-		(113,000)		2,264,000		116,000
Wastewater Revenue Bonds, 2017 Refunding	2,460,000	-		(180,000)		2,280,000		184,000
USDA WasteWater Revenue Bonds, 2017	3,365,000	-		(56,000)		3,309,000		58,000
2017 CLMSD Sewer District Assessment Bonds	2,648,000	-		(159,000)		2,489,000		161,000
Pension Obligation Bonds - Business-type Share	870,670	-		(72,588)		798,082		72,208
2018 Series B Solar Bonds - Business-type Share	3,600,000	-		(65,000)		3,535,000		90,000
Add: Premium	39,281	-		(2,182)		37,099		-
Compensated Absences	 215,467	100,225		(124,094)		191,598		69,400
Total	\$ 12,397,346	\$ 100,225	\$	(830,964)	\$	17,918,279	\$	810,708

Governmental Activities

USDA Police Station Bond

Total issue \$1,095,000. Annual principal and interest payments of approximately \$43,000, at an interest rate of 2.375%, are due June 1 and December 1 each year. The total obligation matures in the year 2056.

Balance due \$ 1,044,000

Business-type Activities

USDA Water Revenue Bonds, 2016

Total issue \$3,182,000. Annual principal and interest payments of approximately \$109,500, at an interest rate of 2.85%, are due August 1 and February 1 each year, secured by water fund revenue. The total obligation matures in the year 2056.

Balance due \$ 3,014,500

Pinnacle Water Loan

Total issue \$2,587,000. Annual principal and interest payments of approximately \$175,250, at an interest rate of 2.65%, are due February 1 and August 1 each year. Payments are secured by water fund revenue. The obligation matures in the year 2035.

Balance due \$ 2,264,000

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

6. LONG TERM LIABILITIES, Continued

Wastewater Revenue Bonds, 2007 Series A

2007 Series A, total remaining balance of \$2,580,000 was refinanced to 2018 Wastewater Refunding on December 1, 2018. Total issue \$2,723,000. Annual principal is due on October 1 and interest payments at 2.52% are due April 1 and October 1 each year, which are secured by wastewater fund revenue. The total obligation matures in the year 2030. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$143,000. The City obtained an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$205,069.

Balance due \$ 2,280,000

USDA Wastewater Revenue Bonds, 2018

Series 2018 Wastewater enterprise revenue bonds. Total issue \$3,433,000. Annual principal and interest payments of approximately \$127,000, at an interest rate of 2.125%, are due April 1 and October 1 each year, secured by wastewater fund revenue. The total obligation matures in the year 2057.

Balance due \$ 3,309,000

2018 CLMSD Sewer District Assessment Bonds

2018-1 Sewer Assessment bonds. Total issue \$2,854,000. Annual principal and interest payments of approximately \$230,000, at an interest rate of 2.85%, are due March 2 and September 2 each year, secured by Municipal Sewer District No.1 revenue from the South Assessment District 91-1 area. The total obligation matures in the year 2032.

Balance due \$ 2,489,000

Pension Obligation Bonds

On June 22, 2015, the City entered into an agreement with Umpqua Bank to obtain a loan in the amount of \$3,184,000 to pay their PERS side fund obligation at an interest rate of 4.25% maturing in 17 years on January 1, 2033. Interest is payable semi-annually on January 1 and July 1. The obligation is payable from revenues received from the General, Water and Sewer Funds, 62% of the payments charged to governmental activities and the remaining 38% split evenly between the Water and Sewer Funds. The maturity schedule for the bonds is as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

6. LONG TERM LIABILITIES, Continued

	Go	overnment a	al Activities	Е	Business-typ	oe A	Activities	•				
Year Ending									Total			
June 30,	Ре	nsion Oblig	ation Bonds	Pe	ension Obli	gat	ion Bonds	Р	ension Oblig	gation Bonds		
	- 1	Principal	Interest	Р	rincipal		Interest		Principal		nterest	
2021	\$	117,792	\$ 54,054	\$	72,208	\$	33,135	\$	190,000	\$	87,189	
2022		116,553	49,061		71,447		30,074		188,000		79,135	
2023		114,693	44,134		70,307		27,054		185,000		71,188	
2024		112,833	39,272		69,167		24,074		182,000		63,346	
2025		110,353	34,503		67,647		21,151		178,000		55,654	
2026-2030		510,230	104,695		312,770		64,179		823,000		168,874	
2031-2035		219,462	13,728		134,538		8,415		354,000		22,143	
Total	\$	1,301,916	\$ 339,447	\$	798,084	\$	208,082	\$	2,100,000	\$	547,529	
Due within one year	\$	117,792	\$ 54,054	\$	72,208	\$	33,135	\$	190,000	\$	87,189	
Due after one year		1,184,124	285,393		725,876		174,947		1,910,000		460,340	
Total	\$	1,301,916	\$ 339,447	\$	798,084	\$	208,082	\$	2,100,000	\$	547,529	

Future Debt Service

Future debt service for Governmental and Business-type activities at June 30, 2020 is as follows for all debt except compensated absences and claims liabilities:

	Governmental Activities									
Year Ending	USDA Police Station									
June 30,		Во	nd							
	Р	rincipal	nterest							
2021	\$	18,000	\$	24,581						
2022		18,000		24,154						
2023		19,000		23,714						
2024		19,000		23,263						
2025		20,000	22,800							
2026-2030		106,000		106,638						
2031-2035		119,000		93,278						
2036-2040		133,000		78,363						
2041-2045		150,000		61,536						
2046-2050		169,000		42,643						
2051-2055		190,000		21,375						
2056-2060		83,000		1,983						
Total	\$ 1	,044,000	\$	524,328						
·										
Due within one year	\$	18,000	\$	24,581						
Due after one year	1	,026,000		499,747						
Total	\$1,044,000 \$ 524,32									
•										

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

6. LONG TERM LIABILITIES, Continued

Debt Service Schedule Business-type

business-type					Business-typ	e A	ctivities			
Year Ending	2017 CLMSD Assessment Wastewater Revenue									
June 30,	Bonds Ser	Bonds Series-2017-1 Bonds Series Refunding Pinnacle W			Bonds Series Refunding			ate	ater Loan	
	Principal	ı	nterest		Principal	ı	nterest	Principal	ı	nterest
2021	\$ 161,000	\$	68,642	\$	184,000	\$	55,138	\$ 116,000	\$	58,459
2022	168,000		63,954		189,000		50,438	118,000		55,359
2023	174,000		59,081		194,000		45,612	122,000		52,179
2024	175,000		54,107		199,000		40,660	125,000		48,906
2025	181,000		49,034		204,000		35,582	128,000		45,554
2026-2030	977,000		163,946		1,100,000		97,171	693,000		174,357
2031-2035	653,000		28,229		210,000		2,646	791,000		76,174
2036-2040	-		-		-		-	171,000		2,266
Total	\$ 2,489,000	\$	486,993	\$	2,280,000	\$	327,247	\$ 2,264,000	\$	513,254
Due within one year	\$ 161,000	\$	68,642	\$	184,000	\$	55,138	\$ 116,000	\$	58,459
Due after one year	2,328,000		418,351		2,096,000		272,109	2,148,000		454,795
Total	\$ 2,489,000	\$	486,993	\$	2,280,000	\$	327,247	\$ 2,264,000	\$	513,254
Year Ending	USDA Wat	er R	evenue	USI	DA WasteW	ate	r Revenue			
June 30,	Bonds	3, 20	16	Bonds, 2017		 Total				
	Principal	I	nterest		Principal		nterest	 Principal	I	nterest
2021	\$ 60,100	\$	48,587	\$	58,000	\$	69,700	\$ 579,100	\$	300,526
2022	61,000		47,593		59,000		68,457	595,000		285,801
2023	62,000		46,583		60,000		67,193	612,000		270,648
2024	63,000		45,557		61,000		65,907	623,000		255,137
2025	64,100		44,514		63,000		64,589	640,100		239,273
2026-2030	336,200		206,319		333,000		302,186	3,439,200		943,979
2031-2035	364,600		177,580		370,000		264,903	2,388,600		549,532
2036-2040	395,100		146,420		411,000		223,454	977,100		372,140
2041-2045	428,200		112,631		456,000		177,395	884,200		290,026
2046-2050	464,200		75,989		507,000		126,342	971,200		202,331
2051-2055	503,100		36,249		563,000		69,498	1,066,100		105,747
2056-2060	212,900		2,633		368,000		11,836	580,900		14,469
Total	\$ 3,014,500	\$	990,655	\$	3,309,000	\$ 1	1,511,460	\$ 13,356,500	\$ 3	3,829,609
Due within one year	\$ 60,100	\$	48,587	\$	58,000	\$	69,700	\$ 579,100	\$	300,526
Due after one year	2,954,400		942,068		3,251,000		1,441,760	12,777,400	(3,529,083
Total	\$ 3,014,500	\$	990,655	\$	3,309,000	\$	1,511,460	\$ 13,356,500	\$ 3	3,829,609

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

6. LONG TERM LIABILITIES, Continued

2018 Series B Solar Bonds

On July 18, 2019, the City issued \$4,770,000 revenue bonds to fund a solar and energy efficiency retrofit project. The interest rate on the bonds is 2.0 - 3.5 and the maturity date is October 1, 2043. Interest is payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1. The obligation is payable from revenues received from the General, Water and Sewer Funds. The maturity schedule for the bonds is as follows:

Debt Service Schedule

	Government	al Activities	Business-typ	e Activities		
Year Ending					Tot	al
June 30,	2018 Series B	Solar Bonds	2018 Series I	B Solar Bonds	2018 Series B	Solar Bonds
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2021	\$ 10,000	\$ 37,406	\$ 90,000	\$ 118,288	\$ 100,000	\$ 155,694
2022	15,000	37,156	105,000	116,338	120,000	153,494
2023	15,000	36,856	115,000	113,563	130,000	150,419
2024	20,000	36,506	130,000	109,888	150,000	146,394
2025	20,000	36,056	145,000	105,038	165,000	141,094
2026-2030	145,000	170,359	925,000	422,388	1,070,000	592,747
2031-2035	235,000	142,478	1,405,000	225,081	1,640,000	367,559
2026-2040	360,000	92,497	620,000	23,619	980,000	116,116
2041-2045	350,000	25,900	-	-	-	-
Total	\$ 1,170,000	\$ 615,214	\$ 3,535,000	\$ 1,234,203	\$ 4,355,000	\$ 1,823,517
Due within one year	\$ 10,000	\$ 37,406	\$ 90,000	\$ 118,288	\$ 100,000	\$ 155,694
Due after one year	1,160,000	577,808	3,445,000	1,115,915	4,255,000	1,667,823
Total	\$ 1,170,000	\$ 615,214	\$ 3,535,000	\$ 1,234,203	\$ 4,355,000	\$ 1,823,517

Various bond indentures contain limitations and restrictions, with which, in the opinion of management, the City is in compliance.

Compensated Absences

The City records employee absences, such as vacation, illness, deferred overtime, and holidays, for which it is expected that employees will be paid as compensated absences. The governmental activities compensated absences balance at June 30, 2020 was \$335,124 with \$178,670 expected to be paid within a year and to be liquidated by the general fund; the business-type activities compensated absences balance at June 30, 2020 was \$191,598 with \$69,400 expected to be paid within a year. Of which the water fund will liquidate \$34,900 and the sewer fund \$34,500.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

7. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES

Restricted Net Position Detail

	Governmental		Business-type		
		Activities	Activities		
Restricted for:					
Law enforcement	\$	162,456	\$	-	
Housing programs		356,148		-	
Transportation infrastructure		661,492		-	
Debt service reserve		-		373,231	
Assessment district debt service		-		345,338	
Depreciation reserve				94,901	
Total	\$	1,180,096	\$	813,470	

- Restrictions of Net position for Law enforcement, Housing programs and Transportation infrastructure are the same as described on the next page as restrictions of fund balances.
- <u>Debt service reserve</u>: the amount of funds in the water and sewer enterprise restricted per the loan and bond covenants of the outstanding debt.
- <u>Assessment district debt service:</u> consists of funds held for the repayment of the Series 2017-1 bond. The funds are restricted by a bond covenant.
- <u>Depreciation reserve:</u> the amount of funds set aside to meet USDA project requirements in the Water and Sewer funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

7. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES, Continued

Fund Balance Detail

Nonspendable: Long-term interfund advances Loans/notes receivable Total nonspendable	\$ 289,481 2,661,591 2,951,072
Restricted: Law enforcement Housing programs Transportation infrastructure Total restricted	162,456 356,148 661,492 1,180,096
Assigned: Capital projects General reserves Housing and community programs Debt service reserve Total assigned	3,387,639 1,199,455 11,478 111,000 4,709,572
Unassigned: General fund Special revenue funds Total unassigned Total fund balance	2,054,633 (224,388) 1,830,245 \$ 10,670,985

The following describe the purpose of each nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned category used by the City:

Nonspendable

- Loans/notes receivable used to segregate that portion of fund balance to indicate that long-term loans or notes receivable do not represent available, spendable resources even though they are components of assets.
- Long-term interfund advances cash transfers to special revenue funds to provide financing for those activities. This also includes a loan from the general fund to the water fund for a capital purchase, reported on the statement face as an internal balance.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

7. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES, Continued

Restricted

- Law enforcement comprised of asset forfeiture money and subventions received from the state for the use in police activities.
- *Housing programs* consists of cash and notes receivable expressly reserved for the use in providing housing for low and moderate income residents.
- *Transportation infrastructure* reserved in special revenue funds to finance transportation projects funded by state and federal sources.

Assigned

- *Capital projects* –funds committed by the City Council from the general fund for the replacement of docks, an infrastructure improvement project.
- General reserves funds identified as operating reserves by management and the City Council.
- Subsequent year's budget: appropriation of fund balance amount appropriated from prior budgetary surpluses in the general fund to finance one-time uses, primarily capital projects.
- *Housing and community assistance* resources held for emergency housing and business stabilization programs.
- **Debt service reserve** funds reserved by management for future debt service payments related to capital acquisitions.

<u>Unassigned</u>

• Special revenue fund deficits – deficit fund balances in four special revenue funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

7. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES, Continued

Fund Deficits

Deficit fund balances consisted of the following:

Non-Major Special Revenue Funds

Fund Name	Fund Number	Deficit Amount	Discussion/Explanation
Parkland Dedication Fund	202	(175,140)	Deficit resulted from a large payment to the Witt loan in fiscal year 2013. Financing for that payment came from advance from the general fund and will be repaid from park dedication fees.
Lakeport Housing Program	209	(37,618)	This fund was used to acquire certain properties for the City over the last decade. Management has elected to keep this fund balance in a negative balance as income to the fund will reduce it. Financing in the interim will come from the general fund.
CDBG Grant 2017	238	(11,630)	Immaterial accounts receivable were not recorded to offset the accrued expenditures in this fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

8. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS AND INTERFUND BORROWING

With City Council approval, resources may be transferred from one City fund to another. The purpose of the majority of transfers is to reimburse a fund which has made expenditure on behalf of another fund. Transfers between funds during the fiscal year 2020 were as follows:

Transfers were made to close out old funds and accounts that were no longer in use and to reimburse the general fund for program-related general administrative costs.

	Transferred In		Tran	sferred Out
Governmental Funds				
Major funds:				
Fund: 110 - General Fund	\$	265,810	\$	-
Fund: 235 - HOME Grant 2017				55,499
Total major funds		265,810		55,499
Non-major funds:				
Special revenue funds:				
Fund: 207 - Prop 172 Public Safety		-		29,500
Fund: 238 - CDBG Grant 2017		-		295,000
Fund: 415 - Lakeshort Blvd. HSIPL (Safety)		-		21,325
Fund: 241 - CDBG Grant Program Income		295,000		-
Fund: 130 - General Capital Projects				159,486
Total non-major funds		295,000		505,311
Total Transfers	\$	560,810	\$	560,810

Interfund Borrowing and Internal Balances

	Borrowing Fund (Due	To)		Lendi	ng Fund (Due Fro	om)	
Fund				Fund			
Number	Fund Name		Amount	Number	Fund Name		Amount
237	CDBG Grant 2018	\$	2,310	110	General Fund	\$	2,310
238	CDBG Grant 2017		251,537	110	General Fund		251,537
411	Safe Routes to School		59,893	110	General Fund		59,893
413	Lakefront Park Grant		678,462	110	General Fund		678,462
Total due to		\$	992,202	Total due from		\$	992,202
	D : E 1/A1	- \			E 1/41	- \	
	Borrowing Fund (Advance	es To)		Lending	Fund (Advances	From)	
Fund	Borrowing Fund (Advance	es To)		Lending Fund	Fund (Advances	From)	
Fund Number	Borrowing Fund (Advance	,	Amount	<u>_</u>	Fund (Advances Fund Name		Amount
	<u> </u>	,	Amount 175,140	Fund	,		
Number	Fund Name			Fund Number	Fund Name		Amount
Number 202	Fund Name Parkland Dedication Lakeport Housing		175,140	Fund Number 110	Fund Name General Fund		Amount 175,140

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

8. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is an associate member of the Redwood Empire Municipal Insurance Fund (REMIF), a public entity pool comprised of fifteen northern California charter and associate member cities. REMIF is organized under a Joint Powers Agreement pursuant to the California Government Code. The purpose of REMIF is to arrange and administer programs of insurance for the pooling of self-insured losses and to purchase excess insurance coverage. The City pays an annual premium to REMIF for its workers' compensation, general liability and property coverage.

The City of Lakeport participates in the following three REMIF programs:

General Liability Insurance

Annual premiums are paid by the member cities and are adjusted retrospectively to cover costs. The City of Lakeport self-insures for the first \$5,000 of each loss and pays 100% of all losses incurred under \$5,000. The City does not share or pay for losses of other cities under \$5,000, depending on the entity's deductible amount. Participating cities then share in the next \$5,000 to \$500,000 per loss occurrence. Specific coverage includes comprehensive and general automotive liability, personal injury, contractual liability, professional liability, and certain other coverage. REMIF is a member of the California Joint Powers Risk Management Authority, which provides REMIF with an additional \$9,500,000 liability insurance coverage over and above REMIF retention level of \$500,000.

Workers' Compensation

Periodic deposits are paid by member cities and are adjusted retrospectively to cover costs. The City of Lakeport is self-insured for the first \$5,000 of each loss and pays 100% of all losses incurred under \$5,000. The City does not share or pay for losses of other cities under \$5,000.

Losses of \$10,000 to \$300,000 are prorated among all participating cities. Losses in excess of \$300,000 are covered by excess insurance purchased by participating cities, as part of the pool, to State statutory limits.

Property Insurance

The City participates in REMIF's property insurance program. The annual deposits paid by participating member cities are based upon deductibility levels and are not subject to retroactive adjustments. The City of Lakeport has a deductible level of \$10,000 and a coverage limit of \$300,000,000 declared value.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

9. RISK MANAGEMENT, Continued

Risk Management Coverage

Amount	Coverage Provider	Payment Source		
General liability claims:				
\$0 - \$5 <i>,</i> 000	Self-insured retention	City funds		
5,001 - 500,000	Public Agency Risk Sharing Authority	Shared risk pool		
500,001 - 9,500,000	California Affiliated Risk Management Authorities	Shared risk pool		
5,000,001 - 15,000,000	Commercial reinsurance			
15,000,001 - 25,000,000	California Affiliated Risk Management Authorities	Shared risk pool		
Workers' compensation claims:				
\$0 - \$5,000	Self-insured retention	City funds		
5,001 - 300,000	Public Agency Risk Sharing Authority	Shared risk pool		
300,001 +	Local Agency Workers' Compensation Excess Pool	Shared risk pool		
5,000,001 - 50,000,000	Commercial reinsurance			
50,000,001 - 300,000,000	Insurance			
Property insurance claims:				
\$0 - \$10,000	Deductible	City funds		
10,001 - 300,000,000	REMIF coverage of declared value	Shared risk pool		

There were no settlements in excess of the insurance coverage in any of the three prior fiscal years. The City does not have any accrued liability or reserves for fiscal year 2020.

The following is a summary of the most recent financial statements of REMIF as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019:

Total assets	\$ 31,189,650
Total deferred outflows of resources	659,765
Total liabilities	(30,229,545)
Total Deferred inflows of resources	 (216,372)
Members' equity	\$ 1,403,498
Total revenue	\$ 26,443,540
Total expense	(25,661,506)
Operating income (loss)	\$ 782,034

REMIF issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report. Copies of that report may be obtained from REMIF at Post Office Box 885, Sonoma, California 95476.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

10. PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description

The City contributes to the California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. PERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statue and city ordinance. Copies of PERS annual financial report may be obtained from the Executive Office, 400 "P" Street, Sacramento, California, 95814.

General Information about the Pension Plans

Plan Descriptions - All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the Local Government's separate Safety (police and fire) and Miscellaneous (all other) Employee Pension Plans, cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and Local Government resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided - CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

10. PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN, Continued

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2020, are summarized as follows:

Benefits Provided

	Miscellaneous				
Hire date	Prior to January 1, 2013	On or after January 1, 2013			
Benefit formula	2.5% @ 55	2% @ 62			
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service			
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life			
Retirement age	50 - 55	52 - 67			
Monthly benefits, as a & of eligible compensation	2.0% to 2.7%	1.0% to 2.5%			
Required employee contribution rates	8%	9%			
Required employer contribution rates	11.432%	6.985%			
	S	afety			
Hire date	Prior to January 1, 2013	On or after January 1, 2013			
Benefit formula	3% @ 50	2.7% @ 57			
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service			
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life			
Retirement age	50	50 - 57			
Monthly benefits, as a & of eligible compensation	3%	2.0% to 2.7%			
Required employee contribution rates	9%	11.5%			
Required employer contribution rates	20.073%	13.034%			

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for both Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The Local Government is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

10. PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN, Continued

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the contributions recognized as part of pension expense for each Plan were as follows:

		PEPRA -						
	Mise	cellaneous		Safety	Miso	cellaneous	PEP	RA Safety
Contributions - employer	\$	147,398	\$	47,729	\$	72,766	\$	67,903

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2020, the City reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability of each Plan as follows:

	Prop	ortionate Share	
	of Net Pension Liabi		
Miscellaneous	\$	4,909,061	
Safety		2,440,583	
Total Net Pension Liability	\$	7,349,644	

The City's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, rolled forward to June 30, 2019, using standard update procedures. The Local Government's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Local Government's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

10. PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN, Continued

Voor Endod

The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan as of June 30, 2019 and 2020, was as follows:

	Miscellaneous	Safety	
D 1' 1 20 2010	0.440020/	0.027440/	
Proportion - June 30, 2019	0.11803%	0.03711%	
Proportion - June 30, 2020	0.12259%	0.03910%	
Change - Increase (Decrease)	0.00456%	0.00199%	

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized an increase in pension expense of \$136,989.

At June 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Miscellaneous Plan			Safety Plan			Total					
	Deferred		[Deferred Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		
	(Outflows		Inflow		Outflows		Inflow		Outflows		Inflow
	of	Resources	of	Resources	of	Resources	of	Resources	of	Resources	of F	Resources
Changes in assumptions	\$	151,105	\$	-	\$	80,513	\$	-	\$	231,618	\$	-
Differences between expected and actual experiences		314,538		-		159,348		-		473,886		-
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings		-		85,826		-		33,574		-		119,400
Differences between the employer's contributions and proportionate share of the		-		492,047		-		414,429		-		906,476
Change in employer's proportion		212,007		-		215,965		-		427,972		-
Pension contributions subsequent to												
measurement date		549,955		-		278,551		-		828,506		-
Total	\$ 1	1,227,605	\$	577,873	\$	734,377	\$	448,003	\$	1,961,982	\$ 1	,025,876

The \$828,506 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended				
30-Jun	Mis	scellaneous	Safety	 Total
2021	\$	245,614	\$ 71,995	\$ 317,609
2022		(139,947)	(52,140)	(192,087)
2023		(23,233)	(18,565)	(41,798)
2024		17,343	6,533	23,876
2025		-	-	-
Thereafter			 	 -
	\$	99,777	\$ 7,823	\$ 107,600

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

10. PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN, Continued

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Assumptions	
Actuarial cost method	Entry-age normal cost method
Actuarial assumptions:	
Discount rate	7.15%
Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	Varies by entry age and service
Mortality Rate Table	Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funs
Post-retirement benefit increase	Contract COLA up to 2.75% until purchasing power protection allowance floor on purchasing power applies, 2.75% thereafter.

The underlying mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details, please refer to the 2014 experience study report.

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the fiscal years 1997 to 2011, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. The Experience Study can be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of the discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. The tests revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the current 7.15 percent discount rate is appropriate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not deemed necessary. The long-term expected discount rate of 7.15 percent is applied to all plans in the Public Employees' Retirement Fund (PERF). The cash flows used in the testing were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained at CalPERS website under the GASB 68 section.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

10. PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN, Continued

The long -term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Rates of Return

	New Strategic	Real Return	Real Return
	Allocation	Years 1-10 ⁽¹⁾	Years 11+ ⁽²⁾
Global equity	47%	5.25%	5.71%
Global fixed income	19%	0.99%	2.43%
Inflation sensitive	6%	0.45%	3.36%
Private equity	12%	6.83%	6.95%
Real estate	11%	4.50%	5.13%
Infrastructure and forestland	3%	4.50%	5.09%
Liquidity	2%	-0.55%	-1.05%
Total	100%		

⁽¹⁾ An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period.

⁽²⁾ An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

10. PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN, Continued

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate -The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is I-percentage point lower or I-percentage point higher than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.15%)	(7.15%)	(8.15%)
Net Pension Liability as of			
June 30, 2019			
Miscellaneous	\$ 7,673,411	\$ 4,909,061	\$ 2,627,284
Safety	4,143,587	2,440,583	1,044,388
Total	\$ 11,816,998	\$ 7,349,644	\$ 3,671,672

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

11. POST RETIREMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS

Plan Description

The City's single-employer defined benefit retiree health plan provides certain health care benefits to qualified retired employees until they become eligible for Medicare benefits. Employees of the City may become eligible for these benefits when they reach normal retirement age while working for the City based upon years of service.

Funding Policy

The City recognizes the cost of providing these benefits by expensing their monthly insurance premiums. Other postemployment benefits paid by the City for the year totaled \$243,284.

The plan provisions and benefits are summarized below:

Benefit types provided Medical only
Duration of benefits Lifetime
Required service 12 years
Minimum age 50
Dependent coverage Yes

City contribution % ⁽¹⁾ 12-14 years of service: 40%

15-17 years of service: 60% 18-20 years of service: 80% 21+ years of service: 100%

City cap Active cap (currently a % of premium)

⁽¹⁾ Applies to City contribution for active coverage. Those hired prior to 4/6/99 are entitled to the active contribution upon retirement subject only to the minimum pension eligibility requirements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

11. POST RETIREMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS, Continued

OPEB Eligibility Summary

Inactive employees receiving benefits	38
Inactive employees entitled to but not receiving benefits	0
Participating active employees	8
Total number of participants	46

Contributions

The Plan and its contribution requirements are established by Memoranda of Understanding with the applicable employee bargaining units and may be amended by agreements between the City and the bargaining units. The annual contribution is based on the actuarially determined contribution. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the City's cash contributions were \$243,284.

Net OPEB Liability

The City's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation dated June 30, 2020, based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	2.20%
Inflation	2.75%
Salary Increases	2.75%
Investment Rate of Return	2.20%
Mortality Rate (1)	Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all funds.
Pre-Retirement Turnover (2)	Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all funds.
Healthcare Trend Rate	4%

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Pre-retirement mortality information was derived from data collected during 1997 to 2011 CalPERS Experience Study dated January 2014 and post-retirement mortality information was derived from the 2007 to 2011 CalPERS Experience Study. The Experience Study Reports may be accessed on the CalPERS website www.calpers.ca.gov under Forms and Publications.

⁽²⁾ The pre-retirement turnover information was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. For more details, please refer to the 2007 to 2011 Experience Study Report. The Experience Study Report may be accessed on the CalPERS website www.calpers.ca.gov under Forms and Publications.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

11. POST RETIREMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS, Continued

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 2.20 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that Authority contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees and beneficiaries. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Changes in the OPEB Liability

The changes in the net OPEB liability for the Plan are as follows:

		Fiduciary	
	Total OPEB	Net	Net OPEB
	Liability	Position	Liability
Balance at 6/30/2019	\$ 5,392,938	\$ -	\$ 5,392,938
Changes for the year			
Service Cost	59,557	-	59,557
Interest	185,682	-	185,682
Experience (Gains)/Losses	378,406	-	378,406
Changes in Assumptions	1,113,983	-	1,113,983
Contributions - employer	-	235,007	(235,007)
Benefit payments	(235,007)	(235,007)	-
Net Changes	1,502,621	1	1,502,621
Balance at 6/30/2020	\$ 6,895,559	\$ -	\$ 6,895,559

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The discount rate used for the fiscal year end 2020 is 2.20%. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for measurement period ended June 30, 2020:

	Discount Rate	Valuation	Discount Rate
Change in Discount Rate	1% Lower	Discount Rate	1% Higher
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 7,881,683	\$ 6,895,559	\$ 6,089,106

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

11. POST RETIREMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS, Continued

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for measurement period ended June 30, 2020:

	Trend		Trend
Change in Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	1% Lower	Current Trend	1% Higher
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 6,047,715	\$ 6,895,559	\$ 7,928,322

Recognition of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. Amounts are first recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The recognition period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss:

Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan	5 years
investments	
	Expected average remaining service
All other amounts	lifetime (EARSL) (6.0 Years at June 30, 2020)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$483,774. As of fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	L)eferred			
	Οι	utflows of	Deferred Inflows		
	R	esources	of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	34,400	\$	-	
Changes in assumptions		101,271		-	
Net difference between projected and actual					
earnings on plan invesments				_	
Total	\$	135,671	\$		

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

11. POST RETIREMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS, Continued

The \$135,671 reported as deferred outflows of resources will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021.

12. SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld Assembly Bill 1X 26 ("the Bill") that provides for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. This action impacted the reporting entity of the City of Lakeport that previously had reported a redevelopment agency within the reporting entity of the City as a blended component unit.

The Bill provides that upon dissolution of a redevelopment agency, either the city or another unit of local government will agree to serve as the "successor agency" to hold the assets until they are distributed to other units of state and local government. On January 10, 2012, the City Council elected to become the Successor Agency for the former redevelopment agency in accordance with the Bill as part of City resolution number 2441 (2012).

After enactment of the law, which occurred on June 28, 2011, redevelopment agencies in the State of California cannot enter into new projects, obligations or commitments. Subject to the control of a newly established oversight board, remaining assets can only be used to pay enforceable obligations in existence at the date of dissolution (including the completion of any unfinished projects that were subject to legally enforceable contractual commitments).

In future fiscal years, successor agencies will only be allocated revenue in the amount that is necessary to pay the estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligations of the former redevelopment agency until all enforceable obligations of the prior redevelopment agency have been paid in full and all assets have been liquidated.

The Bill directs the State Controller of the State of California to review the propriety of any transfers of assets between redevelopment agencies and other public bodies that occurred after January 1, 2011. If the public body that received such transfers is not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of those assets, the State Controller is required to order the available assets to be transferred to the public body designated as the successor agency by the Bill.

Management believes, in consultation with legal counsel, that the obligations of the former redevelopment agency due to the City are valid enforceable obligations payable by the successor agency trust under the requirements of the Bill. The City's position on this issue is not a position of settled law and there is considerable legal uncertainty regarding this issue. It is reasonably possible that a legal determination may be made at a later date by an appropriate judicial authority that would resolve this issue unfavorably to the City.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

12. SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY, Continued

In accordance with the timeline set forth in the Bill (as modified by the California Supreme Court on December 29, 2011) all redevelopment agencies in the State of California were dissolved and ceased to operate as a legal entity as of February 1, 2013. Prior to that date, the final seven months of the activity of the redevelopment agency continued to be reported in the governmental funds of the City included in the fund financial statements as Former Redevelopment Agency Special Revenue Fund and Low/Moderate Income Housing Fund.

After the date of dissolution, the assets and activities of the dissolved redevelopment agency are reported in a fiduciary fund (private-purpose trust fund) in the financial statements of the City. The transfer of the assets and liabilities of the former redevelopment agency as of February 1, 2012 (effectively the same date as January 31, 2012) from governmental funds of the City to fiduciary funds was reported in the governmental funds as an extraordinary loss (or gain) in the governmental fund financial statements. The receipt of these assets and liabilities as of January 31, 2012 was reported in the private-purpose trust fund as an extraordinary gain (or loss).

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

12. SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY, Continued

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2020:

Redevelopment Successor Private Purpose Trust Debt Service Activity

	Balance			Balance	Due within
Fiduciary activities:	July 1, 2019	Additions	Retirements	June 30, 2020	one year
2004 Series B RDA Tax Exempt Bonds	\$ 580,000	\$ -	\$ (60,000)	\$ 520,000	\$ 65,000
2016 Tax Allocation Bonds	3,950,000	-	(75,000)	3,875,000	145,000
Total fiduciary activities	\$ 4,530,000	\$ -	\$ (135,000)	\$ 4,395,000	\$ 210,000

2004 Series B Bonds

2004 Series B bond, total issue \$1,170,000. Annual principal is due on September 1 and interest payments are due semi-annually, at an annual interest rate of 5.31%, September 1 and March 1 each year. Payments are secured by redevelopment tax increment revenue, maturing in year 2027.

Balance due \$ 520,000

2016 Tax Allocation Bond

2016 Tax Allocation Bond, total issue \$4,120,000. Annual principal is due on September 1 and interest payments are due semi-annually, September 1 and March 1 each year. Payments are secured by redevelopment tax increment revenue, maturing in year 2034.

Balance due \$ 3,875,000

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

12. SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY, Continued

Future debt service for Fiduciary Activities at June 30, 2020, is as follows:

	2004 Series B RDA 2016 Tax					
	Tax Exe	mpt Bond	Allocati	on Bond	To	tals
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2021	\$ 65,000	\$ 27,544	\$ 145,000	\$ 149,550	\$ 210,000	\$ 177,094
2022	65,000	23,871	145,000	143,750	210,000	167,621
2023	70,000	20,058	160,000	1,346,501	230,000	1,366,559
2024	75,000	15,961	160,000	131,250	235,000	147,211
2025	80,000	11,583	170,000	124,650	250,000	136,233
2026-2030	165,000	9,464	1,350,000	488,850	1,515,000	498,314
2031-2035		-	1,745,000	156,025	1,745,000	156,025
	\$ 520,000	\$ 108,481	\$ 3,875,000	\$ 2,540,576	\$ 4,395,000	\$ 2,649,057
Due within one year	\$ 65,000	\$ 27,544	\$ 145,000	\$ 149,550	\$ 210,000	\$ 177,094
Due after one year	455,000	80,937	3,730,000	2,391,026	4,185,000	2,471,963
	\$ 520,000	\$ 108,481	\$ 3,875,000	\$ 2,540,576	\$ 4,395,000	\$ 2,649,057

13. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The GASB has issued Statement No. 83, "Certain Asset Retirement Obligations." The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2019. Earlier application is encouraged. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this Statement. This statement had no effect on these financial statements.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 84, "Fiduciary Activities." The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Earlier application is encouraged. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The City will implement this statement, as applicable, to its financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2020.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

13. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS, CONTINUED

The GASB has issued Statement No. 87, "Leases." The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The City will implement this statement, as applicable, to its financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2021.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 89, "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period." The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020. Earlier application is encouraged. The objectives of this Statement are (1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The City will implement this statement, as applicable, to its financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2021.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 91, "Conduit Debt Obligations." The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020. Earlier application is encouraged. The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The City will implement this statement, as applicable, to its financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2022.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

13. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS, CONTINUED

The GASB has issued Statement No. 95, "Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance". The primary objective of this Statement is to provide temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. That objective is accomplished by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later.

The effective dates of certain provisions contained in the following pronouncements are postponed by one year:

- Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations
- Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities
- Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements
- Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period
- Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests
- Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations
- Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020
- Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates
- Implementation Guide No. 2017-3, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (and Certain Issues Related to OPEB Plan Reporting)
- Implementation Guide No. 2018-1, Implementation Guidance Update—2018
- Implementation Guide No. 2019-1, Implementation Guidance Update—2019
- Implementation Guide No. 2019-2, Fiduciary Activities.

The effective dates of the following pronouncements are postponed by 18 months:

- Statement No. 87, *Leases*
- Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, Leases.

Earlier application of the provisions addressed in this Statement is encouraged and is permitted to the extent specified in *each* pronouncement as originally issued.



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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

City of Lakeport, California Required Supplementary Information -Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

for the Measurement Periods Ended June 30,

	2020	2019	2018		
Total OPEB Liability	2020	2019	2018		
Service Cost	\$ 59,557	\$ 53,802	\$ 52,362		
Interest on the total OPEB liability	185,682	173,339	189,647		
Experience (Gains)/Losses	378,406	-	-		
Changes of benefit terms	-	_	_		
Changes of assumptions	1,113,983	359,286	_		
Benefit payments	(235,007)	(238,287)	(324,908)		
Net change in total OPEB liability	1,502,621	348,140	(82,899)		
Total OPEB liability - beginning	5,392,938	5,044,798	5,127,697		
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 6,895,559	\$ 5,392,938	\$ 5,044,798		
Total Of Lb hability - Chang (a)		Ţ 3,332,330	7 3,044,730		
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer	\$ 235,007	\$ 238,287	\$ 324,908		
Contributions - employee	-	-	-		
Actual investment income	-	-	-		
Administrative expense	-	-	-		
Benefit payments	(235,007)	(238,287)	(324,908)		
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		-			
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	-	-	-		
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 6,895,559	\$ 5,392,938	\$ 5,044,798		
Covered payroll	\$ 2,632,480	\$ 2,570,660	\$ 2,444,280		
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	261.94%	209.79%	206.39%		

Notes to Schedule

¹⁾ GASB 75 requires presentation of the 10-year history of changes in the Net OPEB Liability. However, since 2018 was the initial year of implementation, only three years are currently available.

City of Lakeport, California Required Supplementary Information - Net OPEB Liability Schedule of Contributions June 30, 2020

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	2020		2019	2018		
Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC)	\$ 235,007	\$	238,287	\$	324,908	
Contributions in relation to the ADC	235,007		238,287		324,908	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	
Covered payroll	3,111,833		2,632,480		2,570,660	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	7.55%		9.05%		12.64%	

Notes to Schedule

¹⁾ GASB 75 requires presentation of the 10-year history of changes in the Net OPEB Liability. However, since 2018 was the initial year of implementation, only three years are currently available.

City of Lakeport, California Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Contributions

Miscellaneous Plan

Last 10 Fiscal Years*	 2020		2019		2018		2017	
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$ 549,955	\$	114,309	\$	299,811	\$	279,716	
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	 (549,955)		(114,309)		(299,811)		(279,716)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ _	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Covered payroll	\$ 1,807,816	\$	1,854,631	\$	1,854,631	\$	1,727,792	
Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll	30.42%		6.16%		16.17%		16.19%	

Notes to Schedule

1) Covered employee payroll represents compensation earnable and pensionable compensation. Only compensation earnable and pensionable compensation that would possibly go into the determination of retirement benefits are included.

Safety Plan

Last 10 Fiscal Years*	 2020		2019		2018		2017
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$ 278,551	\$	193,615	\$	178,679	\$	175,590
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	 (278,551)		(193,615)		(178,679)		(175,590)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ _	\$		\$	_	\$	_
Covered payroll	\$ 824,664	\$	716,030	\$	716,030	\$	701,870
Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll	33.78%		27.04%		24.95%		25.02%

Notes to Schedule

1) Covered employee payroll represents compensation earnable and pensionable compensation. Only compensation earnable and pensionable compensation that would possibly go into the determination of retirement benefits are included.

^{*} Due to a change in CalPERS reporting information, only two years are available. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

^{*} Due to a change in CalPERS reporting information, only two years are available. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

City of Lakeport, California Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability

Miscellaneous Plan

Last 10 Fiscal Years*	2020	2019	2018	2017
Plan's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension	0.12259% \$ 4,909,060	0.11803% \$ 4,448,040	0.11413% \$ 4,498,927	0.11527% \$ 4,004,316
Plan's Covered Payroll	\$ 2,236,404	\$ 2,174,275	\$ 1,854,631	\$ 1,727,792
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll Plan's Proportionate Share of the Fiduciary Net Position as a	219.51%	204.58%	242.58%	231.76%
Percentage of the Plan's Total Pension Liability Plan's Proportionate Share of Aggregate Employer Contribution	76.11% \$ 648,195	77.33% \$ 578,074	77.17% \$ 575,409	78.69% \$ 550,660

Notes to Schedule

1) Covered employee payroll represents compensation earnable and pensionable compensation. Only compensation earnable and pensionable compensation that would possibly go into the determination of retirement benefits are included.

^{*} Due to a change in CalPERS reporting information, only four years are available. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

Last 10 Fiscal Years*	20:	20		2019	2018	2017
Plan's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	0.0	3910%		0.03711%	0.03613%	0.03744%
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension	\$ 2,44	10,583	\$ 2	2,177,340	\$ 2,158,780	\$ 1,938,947
Plan's Covered Payroll	\$ 87	75,428	\$	788,343	\$ 716,030	\$ 701,870
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension						
Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	2	78.79%		276.19%	301.49%	276.25%
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Fiduciary Net Position as a						
Percentage of the Plan's Total Pension Liability	8	30.36%		81.91%	80.21%	79.63%
Plan's Proportionate Share of Aggregate Employer Contribution	\$ 43	37,945	\$	415,848	\$ 301,957	\$ 261,963

Notes to Schedule

¹⁾ Covered employee payroll represents compensation earnable and pensionable compensation. Only compensation earnable and pensionable compensation that would possibly go into the determination of retirement benefits are included.

^{*} Due to a change in CalPERS reporting information, only two years are available. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

ATTACHMENT 1 NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds account for revenues received that have special restrictions placed on their use or are committed to expenditure for specified purposes either through statute or by Council policy. The City has a number of different special revenue funds which are part of the non-operating budget. The City's nonmajor special revenue funds include the following:

Fund	Description
Parkland Dedication Fund	State law and General Plan provide for new development to fund expansion of park systems to compensate for added demand of growth. Fees are collected at time of recordation of parcel and subdivision maps (see Section 16.16.040 Lakeport Municipal Code).
Gas Tax Fund	Established to account for revenues and expenditures on road-related projects in the City. Financing is provided by the City's share of the statewide tax on gasoline and other fuels.
Prop 172 Public Safety Fund	A city or county that received Prop 172 funds must place the revenues in a special revenue fund to be expended only on public safety services as defined in Government Code Section 30052. Maintenance of effort provision in the statute requires the City to maintain funding levels to public safety functions.
Lakeport Housing Fund	A special revenue fund established for the provision of affordable housing.
BSCC Law Enforcement Subvention	This fund reports the receipt of state subvention from the Board of State and Community Corrections (BSCC) appropriated to local municipal law enforcement agencies for specified police activities.
CDBG Grant 2018	Established to account for the revenues and expenditures associated with a CDBG funded off site improvements projects related to low-income family housing development.
CDBG Grant 2017	Established to account for the revenues and expenditures associated with a CDBG funded economic development business loans and planning and technical assistance in the Forbes Creek Neighborhood.
Tenth Street Drainage Fund	Restricted fund/set aside by developer of Willow Tree Shopping Center.
Lakeport Blvd Improvement Fund	Special assessment of developer to mitigate traffic impacts of K-Mart (now Bruno's) development in 1987.
South Main Street Improvement Fund	Special assessment of developer to mitigate traffic impacts of K-Mart.

ATTACHMENT 1 NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS, Continued

Fund	Description
Parkside Traffic Mitigation Fund	Traffic mitigation fees are required as a mitigation measure of Parkside Subdivision.
Parallel/Bevins Storm Maintenance Fund	Fund set up to account for revenue received and expenditures made in conjunction with development along the Parallel Drive and Bevins Drive corridor.
Lakeshore Storm Damage Repair Fund	On Lakeshore Boulevard from 75' south of Sayre Street, north through Jones Street to clear concrete debris from below the existing sea wall, reinforce the embankment with sheet pile, and backfill the wall. Repair the roadway, curb, and gutter failure by cutting out failed sections and replacing the base rock and AC paving. Funds provided by the Federal government through Caltrans' administration of the Emergency Relief (ER) Program.
Storm Drainage Fund	Assessments are made against larger properties to pay for prior and future storm drain projects (see Chapter 3.16 Lakeport Municipal Code).
Lakeshore Blvd. HSIPL (Safety)	Special revenue fund established to account for expenditure related to the federal highway funding.
CDBG Grant Program Income	This fund is used for reinvestment into housing programs from program income generated by past CDBG grants.
Safe Routes to School	Established to account for the revenues and expenditures associated with a CalTrans funded project to improve the pedestrian corridor to the Lakeport Unified School sites.
Lakefront Park Grant	Established to account for the revenues and expenditures associated with a Proposition 68 California Department of Parks and Recreation grant to construct a new park in Lakeport.
HOME Grant Program Income	This fund is used for reinvestment into housing programs from program income generated by past HOME grants.
General Capital Projects	This fund is used to track specific capital projects funded from various other governmental and fiduciary funds. Most notably this fund is used to account for the Downtown Main Street revitalization project.

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City of Lakeport, California Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds, Continued June 30, 2020

	Parkland Dedication Gas Tax			Prop 172 blic Safety	Lakeport Housing		BSCC Law Enforcement Subvention		CDBG Grant 2018		
ASSETS											
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	384,946	\$ 123,029	\$	76,723	\$	82,694	\$	-
Receivables:											
Intergovernmental		-		-	-		-		-		2,310
Loans/Notes					 		339,440				-
Total assets	\$		\$	384,946	\$ 123,029	\$	416,163	\$	82,694	\$	2,310
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES											
Liabilities:											
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-		53,654	\$	-
Due to other funds		-		-	-		-		-		2,310
Advances from other funds	1	75,140		-	-		114,341		-		-
Total liabilities	1	75,140		-	-		114,341		53,654		2,310
Fund Balances:											
Nonspendable:											
Loans receivable		-		-	-		339,440		-		-
Restricted:											
Law enforcement		-		-	123,029		-		29,040		-
Housing programs		-		-	-		-		-		-
Transportation infrastructure		-		384,946	-		-		-		-
Assigned:											
Capital projects		-		-	-		-		-		-
Housing and community assistance		-		-	-		-		-		-
Unassigned (deficit)	(1	75,140)			 		(37,618)				-
Total fund balances	(1	75,140)		384,946	123,029		301,822		29,040		-
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	_	\$	384,946	\$ 123,029	\$	416,163	\$	82,694	\$	2,310

CE	DBG Grant 2017	nth Street Orainage	keport Blvd provement		th Main St provement		arkside Traffic itigation	allel/Bevins Storm intenance		ore Storm ge Repair
\$	-	\$ 87,087	\$ 119,406	\$	32,031	\$	17,635	\$ 20,387	\$	-
	240,720	-	-		-		-	-		-
\$	240,720	\$ - 87,087	\$ 119,406	\$	32,031	\$	17,635	\$ 20,387	\$	-
	813 251,537	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
	252,350	 -	 -	-	-	-	-	 -		-
	-	-	-		-		-	-		-
	-	-	-		-		-	-		-
	-	87,087	119,406		32,031		17,635	20,387		-
	-	-	-		-		-	-		-
	(11,630)	 _	 		_		_	 -		
	(11,630)	 87,087	 119,406		32,031		17,635	20,387	-	
\$	240,720	\$ 87,087	\$ 119,406	\$	32,031	\$	17,635	\$ 20,387	\$	-

(continued)

City of Lakeport, California Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds, Continued June 30, 2020

1	 Storm Orainage	shore Blvd L (Safety)	С	DBG Grant Program Income	e Routes School	Lak	kefront Park Grant		OME Grant Program Income
ASSETS									
Cash and investments	\$ 136,831	\$ -	\$	12,478	\$ -	\$	-	\$	356,148
Receivables:									
Intergovernmental	-	-		-	60,568		685,283		-
Loans/Notes	 -			1,071,975	 -				1,250,176
Total assets	\$ 136,831	\$ 	\$	1,084,453	\$ 60,568	\$	685,283	\$	1,606,324
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$	1,000	675		6,821		-
Due to other funds	-	-		-	59,893		678,462		-
Advances from other funds	-	-		-	-		-		-
Total liabilities	-	-		1,000	60,568		685,283		-
Fund Balances:									
Nonspendable:									
Loans receivable	-	-		1,071,975	-		-		1,250,176
Restricted:									
Law enforcement	-	-		-	-		-		-
Housing programs	-	-		-	-		-		356,148
Transportation infrastructure	-	-		-	-		-		-
Assigned:									
Capital projects	136,831	-		-	-		-		-
Housing and community assistance	-	-		11,478	-		-		-
Unassigned (deficit)	 -	-		-	-		-		_
Total fund balances	136,831	-		1,083,453			-		1,606,324
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 136,831	\$ -	\$	1,084,453	\$ 60,568	\$	685,283	\$	1,606,324

General Capital Proejcts	Non-major Governmental Totals
\$ -	\$ 1,449,395
- - \$ -	988,881 2,661,591 \$ 5,099,867
·	, ,
- - -	62,963 992,202 289,481
	659,363
-	2,661,591
- - -	152,069 356,148 661,492
- - -	136,831 11,478 (224,388)
	3,755,221
\$ -	\$ 5,099,867

(concluded)

City of Lakeport, California Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the year ended June 30, 2020

	Park Dedic	land ation	(Gas Tax	rop 172 blic Safety	akeport Housing	Enfo	BSCC Law Enforcement Subvention		3G Grant 2018
REVENUES:						 				
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	-		113,745	\$ 41,915	\$ =	\$	=.	\$	2,310
Use of money and property		=		1,706	546	 10,694		368		=
Total revenues				115,451	42,461	 10,694		368		2,310
EXPENDITURES:										
Current:										
Roads and infrastructure:										
Public works		-		3,800	-	-		-		-
Housing and support programs		-		-	-	-		-		2,310
Economic development		-		-	-	-		-		-
Public safety		-		-	-	-		294		-
Capital outlay		-		-	-	-		53,360		-
Total expenditures		=		3,800	-	-		53,654		2,310
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)								(== == =)		
EXPENDITURES				111,651	 42,461	 10,694		(53,286)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):										
Transfers in		-		-	-	-		-		-
Transfers out					 (29,500)	 				
Total other financing sources and uses				-	 (29,500)	 -				-
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES)		<u>-</u>		111,651	12,961	10,694		(53,286)		
FUND DALANCES (DEFICITS).										
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS): Beginning of year	(1	75,140)		273,295	110,068	 291,128		82,326		=
End of year	\$ (1	75,140)	\$	384,946	\$ 123,029	\$ 301,822	\$	29,040	\$	=

CI	DBG Grant 2017	th Street rainage	eport Blvd provement	th Main St provement	Parkside Traffic 1itigation	Parallel/Bevins Storm Maintenance		Lakeshore Storr Damage Repair	
\$	315,152	\$ - 387	\$ - 528	\$ - 141	\$ - 79	\$	- 92	\$	- 1,275
	315,152	387	 528	 141	79		92		1,275
	- 30,422	- -	-	-	-		-		-
	-	- -	- -	-	- -		-		-
	30,422	 -	=	-	 =		-		-
	284,730	387	 528	141	79		92		1,275
	- (295,000)	- -	- -	-	- -		-		-
	(295,000)	 <u>-</u>	 	 <u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>		_		-
	(10,270)	 387	 528	 141	 79		92		1,275
	(1,360)	 86,700	 118,878	 31,890	17,556		20,295		(1,275)
\$	(11,630)	\$ 87,087	\$ 119,406	\$ 32,031	\$ 17,635	\$	20,387	\$	

(continued)

City of Lakeport, California Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds, Continued For the year ended June 30, 2020

1	Storm Irainage	Lakeshore Blvd HSIPL (Safety)		DBG Grant gram Income	afe Routes to School	Lakefront Park Grant	OME Grant Program Income
REVENUES:							
Intergovernmental revenue	\$ -	\$ -	\$	38	\$ 82,558	685,283	\$ -
Use of money and property	 608	-		3,593	 =	-	 11,527
Total revenues	 608	-		3,631	 82,558	685,283	 11,527
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Roads and infrastructure:							
Public works	=	-		-	81,605	-	-
Housing and support programs	-	-		-	-	-	-
Economic development	=	-		58,290	-	6,311	_
Public safety	=	-		-	-	-	_
Capital outlay	-	-		-	-	678,972	-
Total expenditures	-	-		58,290	81,605	685,283	-
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)							
EXPENDITURES	 608	-	•	(54,659)	953		11,527
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in	_	_		295,000	=	_	_
Transfers out	_	(21,325)		-	=	_	_
Total other financing		(21,323)			 		
sources and uses	-	(21,325)		295,000			
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES)	 608	(21,325)		240,341	953		11,527
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):	405.00-	04.5		040445	(05-)		4 50 4 70 7
Beginning of year	 136,223	21,325		843,112	 (953)		1,594,797
End of year	\$ 136,831	\$ -	\$	1,083,453	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,606,324

General Capital Projects \$	Non-major Governmental Totals \$ 1,241,001 31,544 1,272,545
-	85,405
-	32,732
-	64,601
-	294
515,331	1,247,663
515,331	1,430,695
(515,331)	(158,150)
-	295,000
(159,486)	(505,311)
(159,486)	(210,311)
(674,817)	(368,461)
674,817	4,123,682
\$ -	\$ 3,755,221

(concluded)

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BUDGET COMPARISONS

City of Lakeport, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual Parkland Dedication Fund For the year ended June 30, 2020

	 Budgeted Original	Amou	nts Final	Actua	I	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES:			_				<u> </u>	
Intergovernmental revenue	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Use of money and property	-		-		-		-	
Total revenues	-		-		-		-	
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Economic development	-		-		-		-	
Total expenditures	 				-			
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES					-		_	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out								
Total other financing sources and uses							-	
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES)	-		-		-		_	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):								
Beginning of year	 (175,140)		(175,140)	(17	'5,140)			
End of year	\$ (175,140)	\$	(175,140)	\$ (17	'5,140)	\$		

City of Lakeport, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual Gas Tax Fund For the year ended June 30, 2020

REVENUES:	Original	Final		Actual	Fin Positiv	iance with al Budget ve (Negative)
Intergovernmental revenue	\$ 132,117	\$ 132,117	\$	113,745	\$	(18,372)
Use of money and property	 -	 -		1,706		1,706
Total revenues	 132,117	 132,117		115,451		(16,666)
EXPENDITURES: Current: Roads and infrastructure:						
Public works	 95,000	95,000		3,800		91,200
Total expenditures	 95,000	95,000		3,800		91,200
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 37,117	 37,117		111,651		(107,866)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out Total other financing sources and uses	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES)	37,117	37,117		111,651		(107,866)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS): Beginning of year	 273,295	273,295		273,295		
End of year	\$ 310,412	\$ 310,412	\$	384,946	\$	(107,866)

City of Lakeport, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual Prop 172 Public Safety Fund For the year ended June 30, 2020

	Budgeted	l Amou	nts			ance with
	 Original -		Final	Actual	Positiv	e (Negative)
REVENUES:						
Intergovernmental revenue	\$ 29,500	\$	29,500	\$ 41,915	\$	12,415
Use of money and property	-		-	546		546
Total revenues	29,500		29,500	 42,461		12,961
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Public safety	 29,500		29,500	-		29,500
Total expenditures	 29,500		29,500	-		29,500
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 -		-	42,461		(16,539)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out	 (29,500)		(29,500)	(29,500)		
Total other financing sources and uses	 (29,500)		(29,500)	 (29,500)		
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES)	(29,500)		(29,500)	12,961		(16,539)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):	110.050		110.050	110.000		
Beginning of year	 110,068		110,068	 110,068		-
End of year	\$ 80,568	\$	80,568	\$ 123,029	\$	(16,539)

City of Lakeport, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual Lakeport Housing Fund For the year ended June 30, 2020

	 Budgeted Original	nts Final	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
REVENUES:								
Use of money and property	\$ -	\$	-	\$	10,694	\$	10,694	
Other revenues	 -		-		-		_	
Total revenues	 				10,694		10,694	
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Housing and support programs	-		-		-		-	
Capital outlay	 10,000		10,000		-	10,000		
Total expenditures	10,000 10,000				-			
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)	(12.222)		(12.222)					
EXPENDITURES	 (10,000)		(10,000)		10,694		10,694	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfer in	-		-		-		-	
Transfers out	 -				-			
Total other financing sources and uses	 -		-		-			
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES)	(10,000)		(10,000)		10,694		10,694	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS): Beginning of year	-		-		291,128		291,128	
End of year	\$ (10,000)	\$	(10,000)	\$	301,822	\$	301,822	
•	 · · ·		, , ,	$\dot{-}$	<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

City of Lakeport, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual BSCC Law Enforcement Subvention Fund For the year ended June 30, 2020

		Budgeted	Amou	ınts			ance with al Budget
	(Original	Final		Actual	Positive (Negative	
REVENUES:							
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Use of money and property		-		-	 368		368
Total revenues		-			 368		368
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Public safety		14,000		14,000	294		13,706
Capital outlay		50,000		50,000	53,360		_
Total expenditures		64,000		64,000	 53,654		13,706
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)							
EXPENDITURES		(64,000)		(64,000)	 (53,286)		(13,338)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers out		-		-	-		-
Total other financing							
sources and uses					 		
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER							
FINANCING (USES)		(64,000)		(64,000)	(53,286)		(13,338)
FUND DALANCES (DEFICITS).					 		
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS): Beginning of year		82,326		82,326	on ລາ <i>ເ</i>		
					 82,326		-
End of year	\$	18,326	\$	18,326	\$ 29,040	\$	(13,338)

City of Lakeport, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual CDBG Grant 2018

For the year ended June 30, 2020

	Rudgeted A	mounts			Variance with Final Budget	
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:	 			Actual		, (110 <u>8</u> ut.10)
Intergovernmental revenue	\$ _ <		- \$	2,310	\$	2,310
Use of money and property	 -		<u>-</u>	-		-
Total revenues	 		-	2,310		2,310
EXPENDITURES:						
Current: Housing and support programs	_		_	2,310		(2,310)
Total expenditures	 		_	2,310	-	(2,310)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	 			-		-
Transfers out	_		-	_		_
Total other financing sources and uses	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	-		_
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES)	-		-	-		-
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS): Beginning of year	 		<u>-</u>	-		
End of year	\$ - 5	· ·	- \$	-	\$	-

City of Lakeport, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual CDBG Grant 2017 For the year ended June 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:									
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	-	\$	-	\$	315,152	\$	315,152	
Use of money and property		-		-		-		_	
Total revenues		-		_		315,152		315,152	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:						20.422		(20, 422)	
Housing and support programs						30,422		(30,422)	
Total expenditures					-	30,422		(30,422)	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		-				284,730		345,574	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out		-				(295,000)		(295,000)	
Total other financing sources and uses		-				(295,000)		(295,000)	
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES)		-		-		(10,270)		50,574	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS): Beginning of year		(1,360)		(1,360)		(1,360)			
		, , , , ,				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
End of year	\$	(1,360)	\$	(1,360)	\$	(11,630)	\$	50,574	

City of Lakeport, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual Tenth Street Drainage Fund For the year ended June 30, 2020

		Budgeted	l Amounts			ce with Budget
	Original Final			Actual	Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:						
Taxes:						
Sales	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Use of money and property		_		 387		387
Total revenues		-	-	 387		387
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Roads and infrastructure:						
Public works				 -	1	
Total expenditures		-	-	 -		
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)						
EXPENDITURES				 387		387
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers out		-	-	-		_
Total other financing						
sources and uses				 -		
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER						
FINANCING (USES)		-	-	387		387
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):						
Beginning of year		86,700	86,700	 86,700		
End of year	\$	86,700	\$ 86,700	\$ 87,087	\$	387

City of Lakeport, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual Lakeport Blvd Improvement Fund For the year ended June 30, 2020

		Budgeted	Amour	nts		Varian Final E	ce with Budget
	()riginal		Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:							
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Use of money and property		-		-	 528		528
Total revenues					 528		528
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Roads and infrastructure:							
Public works		-		-			
Total expenditures		-		-	-		_
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)							
EXPENDITURES		-		-	528		528
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers out		_		_	-		_
Total other financing							
sources and uses							
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER							
FINANCING (USES)		-		-	528		528
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):							
Beginning of year		118,878		118,878	 118,878		
End of year	\$	118,878	\$	118,878	\$ 119,406	\$	528

City of Lakeport, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual South Main Street Improvement Fund For the year ended June 30, 2020

		Budgeted	Amounts		Varian Final E	ce with Budget	
	0	riginal	Fina	ıl	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:							
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Use of money and property		-		-	141		141
Total revenues		-			 141		141
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Roads and infrastructure:							
Public works		-		-	-		-
Capital outlay							
Total expenditures					 		
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)							
EXPENDITURES		_		_	141		141
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers out		_		_	_		_
Total other financing	-				 		
sources and uses				_	 		
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER							
FINANCING (USES)		-		-	141		141
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):							
Beginning of year		31,890		31,890	 31,890		
End of year	\$	31,890	\$	31,890	\$ 32,031	\$	141

City of Lakeport, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual Parkside Traffic Mitigation Fund For the year ended June 30, 2020

Name			Budgeted Amounts				Variance with Final Budget	
Taxes: Sales \$		<u>Orig</u>	inal	Final	Actu	al	Positive	(Negative)
Sales \$ - \$ - 79 79 Use of money and property Total revenues - - - 79 79 EXPENDITURES: Current: Roads and infrastructure: -								
Use of money and property								
Total revenues		Ş	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	=
EXPENDITURES: Current: Roads and infrastructure: Public works Total expenditures			-	_				
Current: Roads and infrastructure: Public works	Total revenues			-	_	79		79
Roads and infrastructure: Public works	EXPENDITURES:							
Public works - <t< td=""><td>Current:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Current:							
Total expenditures	Roads and infrastructure:							
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) - - 79 79 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): -	Public works		-	-		-		-
EXPENDITURES - - 79 79 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out - <td< td=""><td>Total expenditures</td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td>_</td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Total expenditures			-	_	-		
EXPENDITURES - - 79 79 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out - <td< td=""><td>REVENUES OVER (UNDER)</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	REVENUES OVER (UNDER)							
Transfers out		-		-		79		79
Transfers out	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES) 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7			-	-		_		_
SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES) 79 79 FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS): Beginning of year - 17,556 17,556			-	-		-		-
Beginning of year - - 17,556 17,556	SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER			_		79		79
			-	_		17,556		17,556
	End of year	\$	- \$	-	\$	17,635	\$	17,635

City of Lakeport, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual Parallel/Bevins Storm Maintenance Fund For the year ended June 30, 2020

	Budgeted	d Amounts				nce with Budget
)riginal	Fi	nal	Actual	Positive	(Negative)
REVENUES:						
Taxes:						
Sales	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Use of money and property	 -		-	 92		92
Total revenues	 -		-	92		92
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Roads and infrastructure:						
Public works	-		-	-		-
Total expenditures	 -		-	-		-
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)						
EXPENDITURES	 -			 92		92
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers out	-		-	-		-
Total other financing sources and uses	-		-	-		-
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER						
FINANCING (USES)	-		-	92		92
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):						
Beginning of year	 20,295		20,295	 20,295		-
End of year	\$ 20,295	\$	20,295	\$ 20,387	\$	92

City of Lakeport, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual Lakeshore Storm Damage Repair Fund For the year ended June 30, 2020

		Budgeted riginal	Amounts Finai	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:						
Taxes:						
Sales	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Intergovernmental revenue		-	-	-	-	
Use of money and property			-	1,275	1,275	
Total revenues	-		<u> </u>	1,275	1,275	
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Capital Outlay		_	-	_	-	
Total expenditures		-	-	-		
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)						
EXPENDITURES				1,275	1,275	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (LISES).						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in		_	_	_	_	
Total other financing						
sources and uses		_	-	-	-	
	-					
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER				4.075	4.075	
FINANCING (USES)		-	-	1,275	1,275	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):						
Beginning of year		(1,275)	(1,275)	(1,275)	-	
End of year	\$	(1,275)	\$ (1,275)	\$ -	\$ 1,275	

City of Lakeport, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual Storm Drainage Fund For the year ended June 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				- Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:								
Use of money and property	\$	-	\$		\$	608	\$	608
Total revenues		-				608		608
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Roads and infrastructure:								
Public works		10,000		10,000		-		10,000
Capital outlay		20,000		20,000		-		20,000
Total expenditures		30,000		30,000		-	-	30,000
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)								
EXPENDITURES		(30,000)		(30,000)		608		(29,392)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out Total other financing		-		-		-		<u>-</u>
sources and uses		-						-
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER		(20,000)		(20,000)		COR		(20, 202)
FINANCING (USES)		(30,000)		(30,000)		608		(29,392)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):								
Beginning of year		136,223		136,223		136,223		
End of year	\$	106,223	\$	106,223	\$	136,831	\$	(29,392)

City of Lakeport, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual Lakeshore Blvd HSIPL (Safety) Fund For the year ended June 30, 2020

			d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
DEVENUES.		riginal	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:	.		*	.	Ċ	
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Use of money and property Total revenues		-		- -	<u>-</u>	
EXPENDITURES:						
Capital outlay		-				
Total expenditures		-	-	-	-	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES					· 	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out		-		(21,325)	(21,325)	
Total other financing sources and uses				(21,325)	(21,325)	
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES)		-	-	(21,325)	(21,325)	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):						
Beginning of year		21,325	21,325	21,325		
End of year	\$	21,325	\$ 21,325	\$ -	\$ (21,325)	

City of Lakeport, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual CDBG Grant Program Income Fund For the year ended June 30, 2020

		Budgeted Original	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES:							
Taxes: Sales	\$		\$ -	ć		\$	
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	-	\$ -	\$	38	\$	-
Use of money and property					3,593		3,593
Total revenues	-	<u>-</u>			3,631		3,333
rotarrevenues					3,031		
EXPENDITURES:							
Economic development		25,000	25,000		58,290		(33,290)
Capital outlay		-	-		-		-
Total expenditures		25,000	25,000		58,290		(33,290)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(25,000)	(25,000)		(54,659)		33,290
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Loss on note receivable		-	-		_		-
Transfer in		-	-		295,000		-
Transfers out		-	-		-		-
Total other financing							
sources and uses		-			295,000		-
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES)		(25,000)	(25,000)		240,341		33,290
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):							
Beginning of year		843,112	843,112		843,112		-
End of year	\$	818,112	\$ 818,112	\$ 1,	083,453	\$	33,290

City of Lakeport, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual Safe Routes to School Fund For the year ended June 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget	
		Original Original	Anoui	Final		Actual		e (Negative)
REVENUES:		original		Tillai		7101001	1 05161	e (Negative)
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	250,000	\$	250,000	\$	82,558		(167,442)
Total revenues		250,000		250,000		82,558		-
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Public works		250,000		250,000		81,605		168,395
Total expenditures		250,000		250,000		81,605		168,395
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES						953		(168,395)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfer in Transfers out		- -		- -		- -		- -
Total other financing sources and uses		-		-		-		
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES)		-		-		953		(168,395)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):		(052)		(05.2)		(053)		
Beginning of year		(953)		(953)		(953)		
End of year	\$	(953)	\$	(953)	\$	-	\$	(168,395)

City of Lakeport, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual Lakefront Park Grant For the year ended June 30, 2020

	Bu	dgeted Amou			Variance with Final Budget	
	Origina	<u> </u>	Final	Actual	Positi	ve (Negative)
REVENUES:						
Taxes:						
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	- \$	-	\$ 685,283	\$	685,283
Total revenues			-	 685,283		685,283
EXPENDITURES:						
Housing and support programs		-	-	6,311		(6,311)
Capital outlay		-	-	678,972		(678,972)
Total expenditures			-	 685,283		(685,283)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES				 _		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfer in		-	-	-		_
Transfers out		-	-	-		-
Total other financing		1 1				
sources and uses		-	-	-		
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES)		-	-	-		-
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS): Beginning of year				-		
End of year	\$	- \$	-	\$ 	\$	

City of Lakeport, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual HOME Grant Program Income Special Revenue Fund For the year ended June 30, 2020

		Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
		Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:					
Use of money and property	\$		\$ -	\$ 11,527	\$ 11,527
Total revenues				11,527	
EXPENDITURES:					
Housing and support programs		10,000	10,000	-	10,000
Total expenditures		10,000	10,000		10,000
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)					
EXPENDITURES		(10,000)	(10,000)	11,527	(10,000)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfer in Transfers out		- -	- -	- -	- -
Total other financing sources and uses		-			
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES)		(10,000)	(10,000)	11,527	(10,000)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS): Beginning of year		1,594,797	1,594,797	1,594,797	_
	<u></u>				ć (10.000)
End of year	\$	1,584,797	\$ 1,584,797	\$ 1,606,324	\$ (10,000)

City of Lakeport, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual General Capital Projects For the year ended June 30, 2020

	 Budgeted	l Amounts	_	Variance with Final Budget	
	 Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:					
Use of money and property	\$ -	\$	- \$ -	\$ -	
Total revenues	 -		<u> </u>		
EXPENDITURES:					
Capital outlay	 -		- 515,331	(515,331)	
Total expenditures	 -		- 515,331	(515,331)	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)					
EXPENDITURES	 -		- (515,331) 515,331	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfer in	-		-	-	
Transfers out	 -		- (159,486) (159,486)	
Total other financing sources and uses	 -		- (159,486) (159,486)	
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES)			- (674,817) 355,845	
	-		(074,817	, 333,643	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):					
Beginning of year	 674,817	674,81	674,817		
End of year	\$ 674,817	\$ 674,81	⁷ \$ -	\$ 355,845	

ATTACHMENT 1 AGENCY FUNDS

Agency funds are used to account for resources held by the City in a purely custodial capacity for other governments, individuals, or private organizations. The City's agency funds include the following:

Fund	Description				
Special Deposit Agency Fund	Resources held for outside parties that are not available for spending by the City.				
Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Agency Fund	Resources for other post-employment benefits (OPEB) are managed and maintained in this fund. This includes City contributions to retiree health (medical, dental, vision, etc.)				

City of Lakeport, California Combining Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds June 30, 2020

ASSETS	Special Deposit Agency Fund		Age	OPEB ency Fund	 Totals
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	419,184	\$	(20,979)	\$ 398,205
Accounts and other Total assets	\$	- 419,184	\$	17,208 (3,771)	\$ 17,208 415,413
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable Refundable deposits and trust liabilities	\$	266 418,918	\$	- (3,771)	\$ 266 415,147
Total liabilities	\$	419,184	\$	(3,771)	\$ 415,413

City of Lakeport, California Combining Fiduciary Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds For the year ended June 30, 2020

6 110 115 1		Balance ly 1, 2019	A	dditions	De	eductions		Balance ne 30, 2020
Special Deposit Fund								
Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	417,550	\$	-	\$	1,634	\$	419,184
Receivables:								
Accounts and other		-		-		-		-
Interest		-				_		
Total assets	\$	417,550	\$		\$	1,634	\$	419,184
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	237	\$	266	\$	(237)	\$	266
Refundable deposits and trust liabilities	Y	417,313	Y	1,605	Υ	(237)	Υ	418,918
Total liabilities	\$	417,550	\$	1,871	\$	(237)	\$	419,184
ODED Fired								
OPEB Fund								
Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	(18,448)	\$	-	\$	(2,531)	\$	(20,979)
Accounts and other		19,183		17,208		(19,183)		17,208
Total assets	\$	735	\$	17,208	\$	(21,714)	\$	(3,771)
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
OPEB trust obligation	•	735	·	_	·	(4,506)	•	(3,771)
Total liabilities	\$	735	\$		\$	(4,506)	\$	(3,771)

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ATTACHMENT 1 STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Lakeport's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, footnotes, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

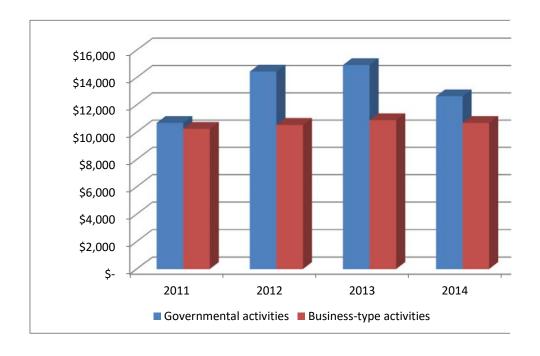
Schedules	Content	Page(s)
Financial Trends	These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	142-150
Revenue Capacity	These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's ability to generate revenues. Property taxes, sales and use taxes, charges for services, licenses, permits and fees, and intergovernmental revenue are the City's most significant revenue sources.	152-156
Debt Capacity	These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	158-162
Demographic and Economic Information	These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	164-165
Operating Information	These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	166-168

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial report for the relevant year. Information was available beginning with the year ended June 30, 2004, for the financial trend schedules.

City of Lakeport, California Net Position by Component Fiscal year ended June 30 (last ten fiscal years) (Accrual basis of accounting) (In thousands)

Total primary government net position

	 2011	2012	2013
Governmental activities			
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 1,278	\$ 6,352	\$ 6,299
Restricted	2,603	5,463	7,388
Unrestricted	 6,790	2,618	 1,223
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 10,671	\$ 14,433	\$ 14,910
Business-type activities			
Net investment in capital assets	7,606	\$ 7,510	\$ 7,291
Restricted	797	2,413	2,194
Unrestricted	1,839	604	1,386
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 10,242	\$ 10,527	\$ 10,871
Primary government			
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 8,884	\$ 13,862	\$ 13,590
Restricted	3,400	7,876	9,582
Unrestricted	 8,629	3,222	 2,609

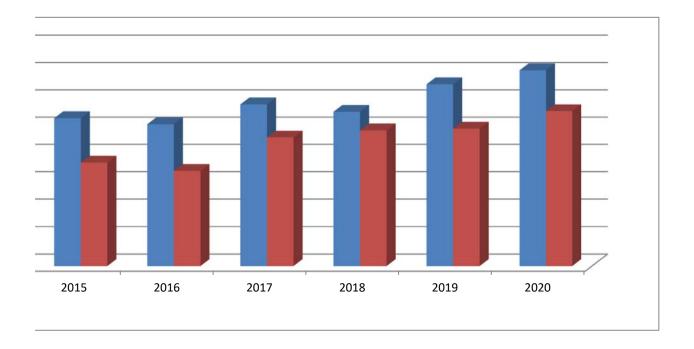


20,913

24,960

25,781

 2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$ 6,060 3,796 2,769	\$ 9,444 4,180 (2,823)	\$ 9,627 1,537 (801)	\$ 12,024 1,034 (1,238)	\$ 12,297 845 (1,877)	\$ 13,385 1,041 (1,147)	\$ 12,382 1,180 749
\$ 12,625	\$ 10,801	\$ 10,363	\$ 11,820	\$ 11,265	\$ 13,279	\$ 14,311
\$ 6,726 3,253 692	\$ 7,485 3,827 (3,760)	\$ 8,844 580 (2,483)	\$ 10,503 500 (1,615)	\$ 9,186 785 (64)	\$ 7,150 785 2,109	\$ 8,648 813 1,856
\$ 10,671	\$ 7,552	\$ 6,941	\$ 9,388	\$ 9,907	\$ 10,044	\$ 11,317
\$ 12,786 7,049 3,461	\$ 16,929 8,007 (6,583)	\$ 18,471 2,117 (3,284)	\$ 22,527 1,534 (2,853)	\$ 21,483 1,630 (1,941)	\$ 20,535 1,826 962	\$ 21,030 1,993 2,605
\$ 23,296	\$ 18,353	\$ 17,304	\$ 21,208	\$ 21,172	\$ 23,323	\$ 25,628



City of Lakeport, California

Changes in Net Position

Fiscal year ended June 30 (last ten fiscal years)

(Accrual basis of accounting)

(In thousands)

	2011	2012		2013
Expenses:				
Governmental activities:				
General government	\$ 1,955	\$ 737	\$	887
Community development	358	268		283
Roads and infrastructure	1,476	1,344		1,151
Sanitation	-	421		439
Housing and support programs	174	511		18
Redevelopment/economic development	200	293		11
Public safety	1,785	1,529		1,542
Parks and recreation	313	282		382
Interest on long term debt	309	359		8
Total governmental activities expenses	6,570	5,744		4,721
Business-type activities:				
Water utility	1,413	1,550		1,596
Sewer utility	2,289	2,408		2,363
Total business-type activities expenses	3,702	3,958		3,959
Total primary government expenses	10,272	9,702		8,680
Program revenues:				
Governmental activities:				
Charges for services:				
General government	330	_		4
Community development	82	63		20
Roads and infrastructure	41	_		
Sanitation	_	529		511
Public safety	25	_		7
Parks and recreation	_	26		_
Operating grants and contributions	816	298		199
Capital grants and contributions	1,146	783		429
Total governmental activities program revenues	 2,440	1,699		1,170
Business-type activities:	 ,		-	
Charges for services:				
Water utility	1,176	1,439		1,471
Sewer utility	1,623	1,934		1,683
Capital grants and contributions	-	360		38
Total business-type activities program revenues	2,799	3,733		3,192
Total primary government program revenues	5,239	5,432		4,362
Net (Expense)/Revenue:				
Governmental activities	(4,130)	(4,045)		(3,551)
Business-type activities	 (903)	 (225)		(767)
Total primary government net expense	(5,033)	(4,270)		(4,318)

 2014	 2015	 2016	2017	2018	 2019	 2020
\$ 830 242 1,226	\$ 775 307 1,418	\$ 962 451 893	\$ 969 410 906	\$ 873 314 1,375	\$ 1,217 319 1,222	\$ 2,507 510 1,337
452	438	-	-	-	-	-
134 82	83 39	108 237	21 137	501 113	2,751 97	1,533 165
1,664 327	1,713 534	1,959 437	1,986 433	1,917 404	2,043 704	2,180 332
4,961	 5,307	42 5,089	 78 4,940	93 5,590	 143 8,496	 120 8,683
1,759	1,808	2,523	1,247	1,793	2,261	 2,432
 2,481 4,240	 2,536 4,344	3,342 5,865	 2,737 3,984	 2,240 4,033	 3,142 5,403	 3,348 5,780
9,201	9,651	10,954	8,924	9,623	13,899	14,464
4	22	-	-	-	_	-
22	22	30	- 87	49 76	50	52 54
467	469	-	-	-	28 -	54 -
7	4 -	46 5	2	1 -	2 -	7 -
-	686 2,687	463 1,994	321 599	285 784	3,452 531	3,293 685
500	3,890	2,538	1,009	1,195	4,063	4,092
1,691	1,826	2,062	2,190	2,379	2,302	2,690
2,480	2,787 -	2,812 -	2,696 1,097	3,009	2,823 -	3,885
4,171	4,613	4,874	5,983	5,388	5,125	6,575
4,671	 8,503	7,412	 6,992	 6,583	 9,188	10,667
 (4,461) (69)	(1,417) 269	(2,551) (991)	(3,931) 1,999	(4,395) 1,355	(4,433) (278)	(4,591) 794
 (4,530)	 (1,148)	 (3,542)	 (1,932)	(3,040)	 (4,711)	(3,797) (continued)

City of Lakeport, California Changes in Net Position, Continued Fiscal year ended June 30 (last ten fiscal years) (Accrual basis of accounting) (In thousands)

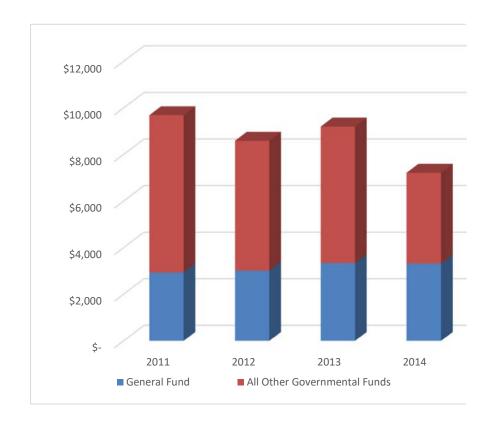
	2011	2012	2013
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position:			
Governmental activities:			
Sales tax	3,753	1,948	2,176
Property taxes	-	835	928
Transient occupancy taxes	-	82	85
Other taxes	300	82	95
Franchise fees	-	132	225
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	-	-	-
Use of money and property	25	141	194
Other revenues	1,610	405	324
Sale of land held for resale	-	-	-
Transfers in (out)	-	-	-
Extraordinary gain	-	4,181	-
Special items	-	-	-
Total governmental activities	5,688	7,806	4,027
Business-type activities:			
Property taxes	383	369	426
Use of money and property	39	36	41
Other revenues	210	104	645
Transfers in (out)	-	-	-
Total business-type activities	632	509	1,112
Total primary government	6,320	8,315	5,139
Changes in Net Position:			
Governmental activities	1,558	3,761	476
Business-type activities	(271)	284	345
Total primary government	\$ 1,287	\$ 4,045	\$ 821

Note: The City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68 and No. 71 (GASB 54 and GASB 71) for fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. The implementation resulted in a prior period adjustment of \$6,305,808 for Governmental activities and \$690,158 for Business-type activities.

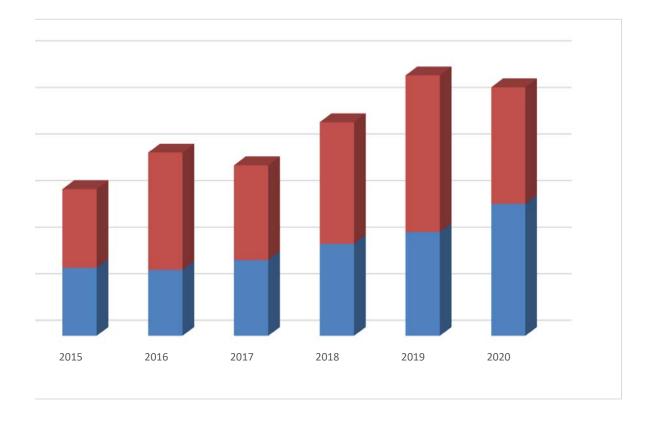
2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
2 271	2.020	2 001	2.520	2 204	2.751	2.567
2,371 860	2,039 852	2,091 873	2,520 918	3,384 932	3,751 870	3,567
95	852 58	200	228	62	198	1,106 162
70	92	412	400	653	520	586
277	200	412	400	055	320	380
39	41	_	19	23	27	_
205	299	148	146	54	147	162
97	260	397	146	1,807	935	41
- -	-	-	-	-	-	-
(2,418)	_	(33)	193	_	_	_
-	_	(/	-	-	_	_
-	_	(1,974)	820	-	-	-
1,596	3,841	2,114	5,390	6,915	6,448	5,624
·		·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·
-	-	310	415	317	290	342
38	41	37	50	49	125	137
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	33	(15)	-	-	-
38	41	380	450	366	415	479
1,634	3,882	2,494	5,840	7,281	6,863	6,103
(2,865)	2,424	(437)	1,458	2,519	2,015	1,033
(31)	310	(611)	2,448	1,721	137	1,273
\$ (2,896)	\$ 2,734	\$ (1,048)	\$ 3,906	\$ 4,240	\$ 2,152	\$ 2,306

City of Lakeport, California Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Fiscal year ended June 30 (last ten fiscal years) (Modified accrual basis of accounting) (In thousands)

	 2011	 2012	2013
General Fund	 		
Nonspendable	\$ 408	\$ 1,541	\$ 1,511
Restricted	-	-	-
Committed	_	1,470	-
Assigned	133	-	1,821
Unassigned	 2,394	 	
Total general fund	\$ 2,935	\$ 3,011	\$ 3,332
All Other Governmental Funds			
Nonspendable	\$ 2,404	\$ 2,859	\$ 2,639
Restricted	2,603	2,383	3,237
Committed	-	360	373
Assigned	2,041	297	7
Unassigned	(298)	(321)	(387)
Total all other governmental funds	6,750	5,578	5,869
Total all governmental funds	\$ 9,685	\$ 8,589	\$ 9,201



2014	 2015	 2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$ 1,087	\$ 374	\$ 329	\$ 294	\$ 289	\$ 289	\$ 289
23 182	14 362	21 421	21 421	10	10	10
2,021	2,165	2,062	2,172	3,310	3,310	3,310
-	-	-	337	341	843	2,055
\$ 3,313	\$ 2,915	\$ 2,833	\$ 3,245	\$ 3,951	\$ 4,453	\$ 5,665
\$ 516	\$ _	\$ 3,012	\$ 2,992	\$ 2,623	\$ 2,480	\$ 2,662
3,773	4,165	1,516	1,013	834	1,030	1,170
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	427	777	351	2,038	3,479	1,399
(387)	(1,212)	(271)	(281)	(273)	(259)	(224)
3,902	3,380	5,034	4,075	5,223	6,730	5,006
\$ 7,215	\$ 6,295	\$ 7,867	\$ 7,320	\$ 9,175	\$ 9,175	\$ 10,671



City of Lakeport, California

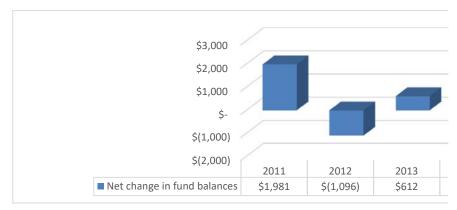
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Fiscal year ended June 30 (last ten fiscal years)

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

(In thousands)

Taxes \$ 3,753 \$ 2,943 \$ 3,285 Licenses, permits, and franchises 271 134 225 Fines and forfeitures 29 29 18 Use of money and property 25 165 194 Intergovernmental revenue 1,407 619 542 Other revenues 477 619 542 Other revenues 7,572 4,849 5,198 Expenditures 8 7,572 4,849 5,198 Expenditures 8 7,572 4,849 5,198 Current 327 606 799 Community development 3,75 606 799 Community development 3,73 68 295 Sanitation 1,432 33 891 Sanitation 1,432 33 891 Sanitation 1,44 511 30 Redevelopment/economic development 1,64 1,557 606 799 Parks, buildings, and ground 313	Revenues	2011		2012	2013
Licenses, permits, and franchises 271 134 225 Fines and foreitures 29 29 18 Use of money and property 25 165 194 Intergovernmental revenue 1,407 859 629 Charges for services 477 619 542 Charges for services 7,572 4,849 5,198 Charges for services 7,572 4,849 5,198 Charges for services 8 7,572 4,849 5,198 Charges for services 8 7,572 4,849 5,198 Total revenues 8 7,572 4,849 5,198 Sependitures 8 7,572 666 799 Community development 3,277 668 795 Roads and infrastructure 1,432 833 891 Housing and support programs 1,74 511 30 Redevelopment/economic development 1,62 192 248 Capital outlay 1,62 192 2	Taxes	\$ 3,75	3 \$	2,943	\$ 3,285
Use of money and property 25 165 194 Intergovernmental revenue 1,407 859 629 Charges for services 477 619 542 Other revenues 1,610 100 305 Total revenues	Licenses, permits, and franchises	27	1	134	225
Intergovernmental revenue	Fines and forfeitures	25	9	29	18
Charges for services 477 619 542 Other revenues 1,610 100 305 Total revenues 7,610 100 305 Expenditures Current 8 2 General government 1,557 606 799 Community development 327 268 295 Roads and infrastructure 1,432 833 891 Sanitation 1,432 833 891 Autising and support programs 174 511 30 Redevelopment/economic development 1,645 1,529 1,53 Parks, buildings, and ground 313 292 484 Capital outlay 1,262 192 0 Debt service 1 1 6 1 Cost of issuance 1 1 6 4 Principal retirement 10 5,348 4,586 Reconciliation of Governmental Revenues 289 235 28 Less Expenditures to Fund Equity	Use of money and property	2.	5	165	194
Other revenues 1,610 100 305 Total revenues 7,572 4,849 5,198 Expenditures Current 8 8 General government 1,557 606 799 Community development 327 606 799 Roads and infrastructure 1,432 833 891 Sanitation 1,422 833 891 Sanitation 1,422 833 891 Housing and support programs 17 21 439 Redevelopment/economic development 2 293 23 Public safety 1,645 1,529 1,553 Parks, buildings, and ground 313 292 484 Capital outlay 1,665 1,529 1,553 Parks, buildings, and ground 31 2 2 484 Capital service 1 7 168 64 Capital service 2 1 5 8 Total expenditures 48	Intergovernmental revenue	1,40	7	859	629
Total revenues 7,572 4,849 5,198 Expenditures Current Separation of General government 1,557 606 799 Community development 327 268 295 Roads and infrastructure 1,432 833 891 Sanitation 174 511 30 Redevelopment/economic development 174 511 30 Redevelopment/economic development 1,645 1,529 1,53 Public safety 1,645 1,529 1,53 Parks, buildings, and ground 313 292 484 Capital outlay 1,262 192 - Parks, buildings, and ground 313 292 484 Capital outlay 1,262 192 - Debt service	Charges for services	47	7	619	542
Current Current Community development 1,557 606 799 Community development 327 268 295 Roads and infrastructure 1,432 833 891 Sanitation - 421 439 431 439 431 439	Other revenues	1,61)	100	305
Current Corneal government 1,557 606 799 Community development 327 268 295 Roads and infrastructure 1,432 833 891 Sanitation - 421 439 Housing and support programs 174 511 30 Redevelopment/economic development - 293 23 Redevelopment/economic development - 293 23 Public safety 1,645 1,529 1,553 Parks, buildings, and ground 313 292 484 Capital outlay 1,665 1,529 1,553 Parks, buildings, and ground 313 292 484 Capital outlay 1,665 1,529 1,553 Parks, buildings, and ground 313 292 484 Capital outlay 1,665 1,529 1,553 Parks, buildings, and ground 313 292 484 Capital outlay 1,664 644 648 Intertent intertent interte	Total revenues			4,849	5,198
General government 1,557 606 799 Community development 327 268 295 Roads and infrastructure 1,432 833 891 Sanitation - 421 439 Housing and support programs 174 511 30 Redevelopment/economic development - 293 23 Public safety 1,645 1,529 1,553 Parks, buildings, and ground 313 292 484 Capital outlay 1,626 192 - Debt service - - - - - Cost of issuance -	Expenditures				
Community development 327 268 295 Roads and infrastructure 1,432 833 891 Sanitation - 421 439 Housing and support programs 174 511 30 Redevelopment/economic development - 293 23 Public safety 1,645 1,529 1,553 Parks, buildings, and ground 313 292 484 Capital outlay 1,262 192 - Peth service - 192 - Cost of issuance - - - - Principal retirement 107 168 64 Interest 289 235 8 Total expenditures 7,106 5,348 4,586 Reconciliation of Governmental Revenues - - - - Less Expenditures to Fund Equity - - - - - - - - - - - - - -					
Roads and infrastructure 1,432 833 891 Sanitation - 421 439 Housing and support programs 174 511 30 Redevelopment/economic development - 293 23 Public safety 1,645 1,529 1,553 Parks, buildings, and ground 313 292 484 Capital outlay 1,262 192 - Debt service - - - - Cost of issuance - - - - Principal retirement 107 168 64 Interest 289 235 8 Total expenditures 7,106 5,348 4,586 Reconciliation of Governmental Revenues Less Expenditures to Fund Equity - - - - Revenues over (under) expenditures 467 (499) 612 Other financing sources (uses): - - - - Proceeds from sale of capital assets		1,55	7	606	799
Sanitation - 421 439 Housing and support programs 174 511 30 Redevelopment/economic development - 293 23 Public safety 1,645 1,529 1,553 Parks, buildings, and ground 313 292 484 Capital outlay 1,262 192 - Debt service - - - - Cost of issuance - - - - - Principal retirement 107 168 64 Interest 289 235 8 Total expenditures - - - - Reconciliation of Governmental Revenues - - - - 8 64 Interest 467 (499) 612 - <td></td> <td>32</td> <td>7</td> <td>268</td> <td>295</td>		32	7	268	295
Housing and support programs 174		1,43	2	833	891
Redevelopment/economic development - 293 23 Public safety 1,645 1,529 1,553 Parks, buildings, and ground 313 292 484 Capital outlay 1,262 192 - Debt service - - - - Cost of issuance - - - - - Principal retirement 107 168 64 64 164 164 164 168 64 164 168 64 164 168 64 164 168 64 164 168 64 164 168 164 164 168 164 164 164 168 164 164 168 164 164 168 164 168 164 168 164 168 164 168 164 168 162 162 162 162 162 162 162 162 162 162 162 162 162			-	421	439
Public safety 1,645 1,529 1,553 Parks, buildings, and ground 313 292 484 Capital outlay 1,262 192 - Debt service		17-	4	511	30
Parks, buildings, and ground 313 292 484 Capital outlay 1,262 192 - Debt service - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>293</td> <td>23</td>			-	293	23
Capital outlay 1,262 192 - Debt service - <t< td=""><td>Public safety</td><td>1,64</td><td>5</td><td>1,529</td><td>1,553</td></t<>	Public safety	1,64	5	1,529	1,553
Debt service Cost of issuance -<	Parks, buildings, and ground	31	3	292	484
Cost of issuance - 8 8 6 4 - 8 9 6 1 9 9 9 9 9 9	Capital outlay	1,26	2	192	-
Principal retirement 107 168 64 Interest 289 235 8 Total expenditures 7,106 5,348 4,586 Reconciliation of Governmental Revenues Less Expenditures to Fund Equity 8 467 (499) 612 Revenues over (under) expenditures 467 (499) 612 Other financing sources (uses): - - - - Proceeds from sale of capital assets - <	Debt service				
Interest 289 235 8 Total expenditures 7,106 5,348 4,586 Reconciliation of Governmental Revenues 8 4,586 Less Expenditures to Fund Equity 8 467 (499) 612 Revenues over (under) expenditures 467 (499) 612 Other financing sources (uses): 8 467 499 612 Proceeds from sale of capital assets - <td>Cost of issuance</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>=</td>	Cost of issuance		-	-	=
Total expenditures 7,106 5,348 4,586 Reconciliation of Governmental Revenues Less Expenditures to Fund Equity Revenues over (under) expenditures 467 (499) 612 Other financing sources (uses): — — — Proceeds from sale of capital assets — — — — Proceeds from capital lease —<	Principal retirement	10	7	168	64
Reconciliation of Governmental Revenues Less Expenditures to Fund Equity 467 (499) 612 Revenues over (under) expenditures 467 (499) 612 Other financing sources (uses): - - - Proceeds from sale of capital assets - - - Proceeds from capital lease - - - - Proceeds from issuance of debt - - - - - Payments to PERS side fund -	Interest	289	9	235	8
Less Expenditures to Fund Equity Revenues over (under) expenditures 467 (499) 612 Other financing sources (uses): 5 1 1 1 Proceeds from sale of capital assets -	Total expenditures	7,10	6	5,348	4,586
Revenues over (under) expenditures 467 (499) 612 Other financing sources (uses): - - - Proceeds from sale of capital assets - - - - Proceeds from capital lease - - - - Proceeds from issuance of debt - - - - Payments to PERS side fund - - - - Pass-through obligations (186) - - - SERAF payments (64) - - - Housing loans 2,082 409 - - Extraordinary gain (loss) - (1,006) - - Transfers in 4,719 2,959 146 Total other financing sources (uses) 1,514 (597) - Net change in fund balances \$ 1,981 \$ (1,096) \$ 612	Reconciliation of Governmental Revenues				
Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets - - - Proceeds from capital lease - - - Proceeds from issuance of debt - - - Payments to PERS side fund - - - Pass-through obligations (186) - - SERAF payments (64) - - Housing loans 2,082 409 - Extraordinary gain (loss) - (1,006) - Transfers in 4,719 2,959 146 Transfers out (5,037) (2,959) (146) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,514 (597) - Net change in fund balances \$ 1,981 \$ (1,096) \$ 612	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets - - - Proceeds from capital lease - - - Proceeds from issuance of debt - - - Payments to PERS side fund - - - Pass-through obligations (186) - - SERAF payments (64) - - Housing loans 2,082 409 - Extraordinary gain (loss) - (1,006) - Transfers in 4,719 2,959 146 Transfers out (5,037) (2,959) (146) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,514 (597) - Net change in fund balances \$ 1,981 \$ (1,096) \$ 612	Revenues over (under) expenditures	46	7	(499)	612
Proceeds from capital lease - - - Proceeds from issuance of debt - - - Payments to PERS side fund - - - Pass-through obligations (186) - - SERAF payments (64) - - Housing loans 2,082 409 - Extraordinary gain (loss) - (1,006) - Transfers in 4,719 2,959 146 Transfers out (5,037) (2,959) (146) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,514 (597) - Net change in fund balances \$ 1,981 \$ (1,096) \$ 612	Other financing sources (uses):				
Proceeds from issuance of debt - - - Payments to PERS side fund - - - Pass-through obligations (186) - - SERAF payments (64) - - Housing loans 2,082 409 - Extraordinary gain (loss) - (1,006) - Transfers in 4,719 2,959 146 Transfers out (5,037) (2,959) (146) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,514 (597) - Net change in fund balances \$ 1,981 \$ (1,096) \$ 612	Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-	-	-
Payments to PERS side fund - - - Pass-through obligations (186) - - SERAF payments (64) - - Housing loans 2,082 409 - Extraordinary gain (loss) - (1,006) - Transfers in 4,719 2,959 146 Transfers out (5,037) (2,959) (146) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,514 (597) - Net change in fund balances \$ 1,981 \$ (1,096) \$ 612	Proceeds from capital lease		-	-	-
Pass-through obligations (186) - - SERAF payments (64) - - Housing loans 2,082 409 - Extraordinary gain (loss) - (1,006) - Transfers in 4,719 2,959 146 Transfers out (5,037) (2,959) (146) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,514 (597) - Net change in fund balances \$ 1,981 \$ (1,096) \$ 612	Proceeds from issuance of debt		-	-	-
SERAF payments (64) - - Housing loans 2,082 409 - Extraordinary gain (loss) - (1,006) - Transfers in 4,719 2,959 146 Transfers out (5,037) (2,959) (146) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,514 (597) - Net change in fund balances \$ 1,981 \$ (1,096) \$ 612	Payments to PERS side fund		-	-	-
Housing loans 2,082 409 - Extraordinary gain (loss) - (1,006) - Transfers in 4,719 2,959 146 Transfers out (5,037) (2,959) (146) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,514 (597) - Net change in fund balances \$ 1,981 \$ (1,096) \$ 612	Pass-through obligations	(18)	5)	-	-
Extraordinary gain (loss) - (1,006) - Transfers in 4,719 2,959 146 Transfers out (5,037) (2,959) (146) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,514 (597) - Net change in fund balances \$ 1,981 \$ (1,096) \$ 612	SERAF payments	(6-	4)	-	-
Transfers in 4,719 2,959 146 Transfers out (5,037) (2,959) (146) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,514 (597) - Net change in fund balances \$ 1,981 \$ (1,096) \$ 612	Housing loans	2,08	2	409	-
Transfers out (5,037) (2,959) (146) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,514 (597) - Net change in fund balances \$ 1,981 \$ (1,096) \$ 612	Extraordinary gain (loss)		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses) 1,514 (597) - Net change in fund balances \$ 1,981 \$ (1,096) \$ 612	Transfers in	4,71	9	2,959	146
Net change in fund balances \$ 1,981 \$ (1,096) \$ 612	Transfers out	(5,03	7)		(146)
	Total other financing sources (uses)	1,51	4	(597)	
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	Net change in fund balances	\$ 1,98	1 \$	(1,096)	\$ 612
	Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	7.7	<u> </u>	9.0%	1.8%



2014		 2015	 2016	 2017	 2018		2019	 2020
\$ 3	,397	\$ 3,045	\$ 3,244	\$ 3,739	\$ 4,463	\$	4,900	\$ 4,912
	277	283	315	327	567		439	509
	39	41	18	19	23		27	7
	205	299	463	921	1,069		3,983	3,979
	579	686	148	146	54		147	162
	500	517	80	88	126		79	107
	97	174	2,391	 146	 1,807		935	 42
5	,094	5,045	 6,659	 5,386	 8,109		10,510	 9,716
	710	856	796	671	901		903	1,160
	244	311	401	410	314		319	510
	948	1,096	737	1,066	1,641		1,678	1,25
	452	438	-	-	_		-	
	136	83	96	21	156		2,751	1,53
	84	39	211	137	113		97	16
1	,666	1,721	1,784	1,920	1,844		1,946	2,07
	329	536	365	355	323		621	25
	8	931	531	2,388	354		1,027	3,03
	-	-	-	-	-		-	10
	67	=	92	175	171		148	13
	4		 42	 78	 93		143	 11
4	,648_	6,011	5,055	 7,221	5,910		9,633	10,22
	446	(966)	1,604	(1,835)	2,199		876	(51
	-	=	=	3	-		-	
	-	=	- 1,974	- 1,095	=		- 1,134	
	_		(1,974)	1,095	_		1,134	
			(1,5/4)	_	_		_	
			_	_	_		_	
	_	_	_	_	(345)		_	_
	_	_	_	_	(545)		_	
	39	49	65	760	2,765		129	56
	(39)	(16)	(98)	(567)	(2,765)		(129)	(56
	-	33	 (33)	 1,291	 (345)	-	1,134	 (50
ò	446	\$ (933)	\$ 1,571	\$ (544)	\$ 1,854	\$	2,010	\$ (51
	1.7%	 0.0%	 3.3%	6.0%	5.1%		3.3%	2.9

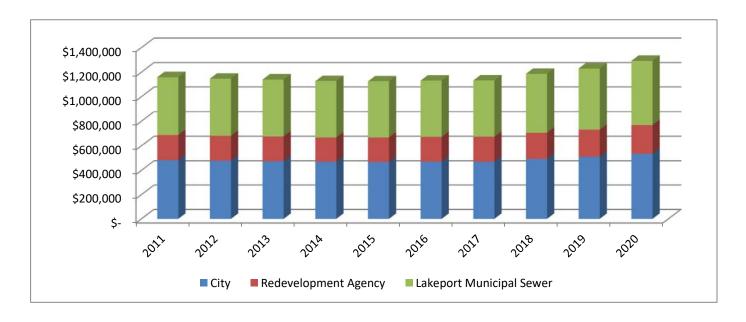


City of Lakeport, California Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property Fiscal year ended June 30 (last ten fiscal years) (In thousands)

	City				Redevelopment Agency				Lakeport Municipal Sewer												
					Taxable					Т	axable					1	Гахаble	To	tal		
Year	Secured	Ur	secured	,	Assessed	Sec	ured	Ur	secured	As	ssessed	Se	cured	Un	secured	Α	ssessed	Direc	ct Tax		
Ended	Property	Р	roperty		Value	Proj	perty	Property			Value		Property		roperty Pr		operty		Value	Ra	ite
2011	\$ 459,145	\$	23,783	\$	482,928	\$ 19	94,025	\$	11,772	\$	205,797	\$ 4	46,871	\$	23,674	\$	470,545		1.000		
2012	455,541		22,237		477,778	19	92,400		11,522		203,922	4	43,492		22,159		465,651		1.000		
2013	452,910		21,527		474,437	19	91,685		11,425		203,110	4	41,346		21,454		462,800		1.000		
2014	447,317		21,936		469,253	18	38,055		11,643		199,698	4	36,127		21,865		457,992		1.000		
2015	445,221		22,547		467,768	18	38,819		12,405		201,224	4	33,872		22,459		456,331		1.000		
2016	449,070		21,098		470,168	19	90,570		12,008		202,578	4	37,842		21,020		458,862		1.000		
2017	448,318		21,389		469,707	19	92,454		12,276		204,730	4	37,231		21,317		458,548		1.000		
2018	469,113		23,294		492,407	20	00,752		12,578		213,330	4	57,774		23,222		480,996		1.000		
2019	486,304		23,876		510,180	20	08,062		13,157		221,219	4	74,826		23,807		498,633		1.000		
2020	510,692		24,274		534,966	22	20,476		13,728		234,204	4	98,296		24,207		522,503		1.000		

Note: In 1978, the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited property taxes to a total maximum rate of 1% based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum of 2%). With few exceptions, property is only reassessed at the time that it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the new assessed value is reassessed at the purchase price of the property sold. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above.

Note: As of February 1, 2011, the Lakeport Redevelopment Agency was dissolved by the State of California. Property taxes formerly allocated to the Agency are now done so to satisfy existing debt obligations administered by its successor, the City of Lakeport.



City of Lakeport, California
Direct and Overlapping Tax Rates
Fiscal year ended June 30 (last ten fiscal years)
(Rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)

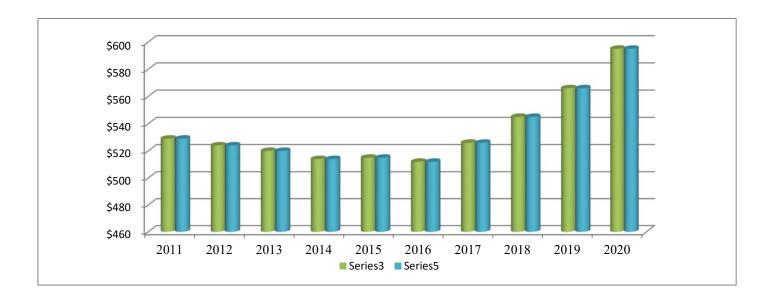
	Direct Rat	tes	Overlapping Rates							
Year Ended	Basic Rate	Total Direct	Lakeport Unified High School Bond	Mendocino Community College	Total Tax Rate					
2011	1.00000	1.00000	0.03767	0.02300	1.06067					
2012	1.00000	1.00000	0.44340	0.02300	1.46640					
2013	1.00000	1.00000	0.04261	0.00977	1.05238					
2014	1.00000	1.00000	0.04628	0.02400	1.07028					
2015	1.00000	1.00000	0.04464	0.02300	1.06764					
2016	1.00000	1.00000	0.11494	0.02500	1.13994					
2017	1.00000	1.00000	0.10699	0.02200	1.12899					
2018	1.00000	1.00000	0.10867	0.02100	1.12967					
2019	1.00000	1.00000	0.09191	0.02100	1.11291					
2020	1.00000	1.00000	0.10364	0.02200	1.12564					

Note: Jurisdictions within Lake County have the authority to tax properties within their jurisdictions. Properties lying within multiple jurisdictions therefore can be assessed by multiple jurisdictions. The overlapping debt statement presents the debt for all jurisdictions with territory overlapping the City. Debt of overlapping jurisdictions is allocated based upon the assessed value of that jurisdiction within City as compared to total assessed value for that jurisdiction. In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13, which sets the property tax rate at a 1.00% fixed amount. This 1.00% is shared by all taxing agencies whose boundaries include the subject property. In addition to the 1.00% fixed amount, property owners are charged taxes as a percentage of assessed property values for the payment of Kelseyville Unified School Bonds, Lucerne Elementary School Bond, Lake Sanitation Bonds, County Service Area #6, Callayomi Water, Clearlake Oaks Water, Konocti Unified School Bond, Middletown Unified School Bond, Upper Lake High School Bond, Lakeport Unified High School Bonds, Yuba Community College Bonds, and Mendocino Community College.

City of Lakeport, California
Property Tax Collections and Levies
Fiscal year ended June 30 (last ten fiscal years)
(In thousands)

			 Collected w Fiscal Year o			Total Collections to Date			
Year Ended	for	Levied the al Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Collections in Subsequent Years		Amount	Percentage of Levy	
2011	\$	529	\$ 529	100%	-	\$	529	100%	
2012		524	524	100%	-		524	100%	
2013		520	520	100%	-		520	100%	
2014		514	514	100%	-		514	100%	
2015		515	515	100%	-		515	100%	
2016		512	512	100%	-		512	100%	
2017		526	526	100%	-		526	100%	
2018		545	545	100%			545	100%	
2019		566	566	100%			532	100%	
2020		595	595	100%	-		595	100%	

Note: Amounts reported and collected under the Teeter Plan, in which all taxes are distributed to the City in the year of the levy with the County retaining any interest or penalties on uncollected balances.



City of Lakeport, California Principal Property Tax Payers Last fiscal year and ten years ago (In thousands)

		2019-20		2009-10				
Property Owner	Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percent of Total	Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percent of Total		
Safeway, Inc.	\$ 18,878	1	28.90%	\$ -	-	0.00%		
Arton, Inc.	6,423	2	9.83%	3,140	6	22.63%		
California Aviv, LLC	6,910	3	10.58%	-	-	0.00%		
Jeanrenaud Henri & Jeanrenaud Barbara O	6,135	4	9.39%			0.00%		
Lany Lakeport Limited Partnership	6,007	5	9.20%	6,593	1	47.52%		
Bruno's Property Management, LLC	6,041	6	9.25%	4,140	4	29.84%		
Lakeport Investment LLC	5,150	7	7.88%			0.00%		
Pontus Vault Portfolia LLC	4,098	8	6.27%			0.00%		
Shoreline Mini Storage LLC	3,612	9	5.53%	-	-	0.00%		
1 1st Street LLC	2,060	10	3.15%		-	0.00%		
Total	\$ 65,314		100.00%	\$ 13,873		100.00%		

Note: The amounts shown above include assessed value data for both the City and the Redevelopment Agency (RDA). Information prior to the years above was not maintained by the City.

Source: Lake County Auditor-Controller's Office

City of Lakeport, California

Top 25 Principal Sales Tax Remitters (listed alphabetically) Last fiscal year and previous five years

2020	2019	2018	2017
ig Daddy Garden Supply	Bruno's Foods	Bruno's Foods	Bruno's Foods
runo's Foods	Burger King Restaurants	Burger King Restaurants	Burger King Restaurants
urger King Restaurants	Chevron Service Stations	Chevron Service Stations	Chevron Service Stations
hevron Service Stations	CVS Pharmacy	CVS Pharmacy	CVS Pharmacy
VS Pharmacy	Dollar Tree Stores	Dollar Tree Stores	Dollar Tree Stores
ollar General Stores	Enterprise Rent-A-Car	Eureka Oxygen Company	Express Service Stations
ollar Tree Stores	Eureka Oxygen Company	Express Service Stations	Grocery Outlet
ureka Oxygen Company	Express Service Stations	Grocery Outlet	Jimmy's Deli
xpress Service Stations	Grocery Outlet	K Mart Stores	K Mart Stores
rocery Outlet	K Mart Stores	Kentucky Fried Chicken	Kathy Fowler Chevy Pontiac GMC
entucky Fried Chicken	Kentucky Fried Chicken	Matt Mazzei Chevrolet	Kathy Fowler Chrysler Jeep Dodge
ke Parts	Lake Parts	McDonald's Restaurants	Kentucky Fried Chicken
att Mazzei Chevrolet	Matt Mazzei Chevrolet	NAPA Auto Parts	Matt Mazzei Chevrolet
cDonald's Restaurants	McDonald's Restaurants	New Trend Wireless	McDonald's Restaurants
'Reilly Auto Parts	O'Meara Bros. Brewing Company	O'Meara Bros. Brewing Company	NAPA Auto Parts
aza Paint	O'Reilly Auto Parts	O'Reilly Auto Parts	O'Reilly Auto Parts
enee's Café	Park Place Restaurant	Park Place Restaurant	Park Place Restaurant
ound Table Pizza	Renee's Café	Plaza Paint & Supplies of Lakport	Renee's Café
afeway Stores	Round Table Pizza	Redwood Oil Company	Round Table Pizza
ears Roebuck & Co.	Safeway Stores	Renee's Café	Safeway Stores
nell Service Stations	Shell Service Stations	Round Table Pizza	Shell Service Stations
aco Bell	Taco Bell	Safeway Stores	Taco Bell
S Cellular	US Cellular	Taco Bell	West Lake Auto Center
erizon Wireless	Verizon Wireless	Tesoro Service Stations	New Trend Wireless
est Lake Auto Center	West Lake Auto Center	West Lake Auto Center	Z Wireless

Note: The lists above include both public and private entities and, therefore, the dollar values have been omitted because the information is not public information. Rankings are determined by the sales dollar volume.

2016	2015	2014	2013
Bruno's Foods	Bruno's Foods	Bruno's Foods	Bruno's Foods
Burger King Restaurants	Burger King Restaurants	Burger King Restaurants	Burger King Restaurants
Chevron Service Stations	Chevron Service Stations	Chevron Service Stations	Chevron Service Stations
CVS Pharmacy	CVS Pharmacy	CVS Pharmacy	CVS Pharmacy
Dollar Tree Stores	Dollar Tree Stores	Dollar Tree Stores	Dollar Tree Stores
Express Service Stations	Express Service Stations	Express Service Stations	Express Service Stations
Grocery Outlet	Grocery Outlet	Grocery Outlet	Grocery Outlet
Hillsdale Honda/Yamaha	Hillsdale Honda/Yamaha	Hillsdale Honda/Yamaha	Hillsdale Honda/Yamaha
K Mart Stores	Jimmy's Deli	K Mart Stores	K Mart Stores
Kathy Fowler Chevy Pontiac GMC	K Mart Stores	Kathy Fowler Chevy Pontiac GMC	Kathy Fowler Chevy Pontiac GMC
Kathy Fowler Chrysler Jeep Dodge	Kathy Fowler Chevy Pontiac GMC	Kathy Fowler Chrysler Jeep Dodge	Kathy Fowler Chrysler Jeep Dodge
Kentucky Fried Chicken	Kathy Fowler Chrysler Jeep Dodge	Mackey Tire Center	Kentucky Fried Chicken
McDonald's Restaurants	Kentucky Fried Chicken	McDonald's Restaurants	Lake Parts
NAPA Auto Parts	McDonald's Restaurants	NAPA Auto Parts	Mackey Tire Center
O'Meara Bros Brewing Restaurant	NAPA Auto Parts	New Trend Cellular	McDonald's Restaurants
O'Reilly Auto Parts	O'Reilly Auto Parts	O'Reilly Auto Parts	New Trend Cellular
Park Place Restaurant	Park Place Restaurant	Park Place Restaurant	O'Reilly Auto Parts
Renee's Café	Renee's Café	Renee's Café	Park Place Restaurant
Round Table Pizza	Round Table Pizza	Round Table Pizza	Renee's Café
Safeway Stores	Safeway Stores	Safeway Stores	Round Table Pizza
Shell Service Stations	Shell Service Stations	Shell Service Stations	Safeway Stores
Taco Bell	Taco Bell	T&T On the Lake Restaurant	T&T On the Lake Restaurant
Tower Mart Service Stations	Tower Mart Service Stations	Taco Bell	Taco Bell
West Lake Auto Center	West Lake Auto Center	Tower Mart Service Stations	Tesoro Service Stations
New Trend Wireless	Z Wireless	West Lake Auto Center	Tower Mart Service Stations

City of Lakeport, California Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last ten fiscal years

	General			Special	Tax	Total
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Obligation Bonds	Capital Leases	Revenue Bonds	Assessment Bonds	Alloctaion Bonds	Outstanding Debt
	Governmenta	al Activities:	Business-typ	oe Activiites:	Fiduciary Activities:	
2011	-	191,000	6,082,000	4,010,000	5,410,000	15,693,000
2012	88,000	131,000	6,999,000	3,905,000	5,360,000	16,483,000
2013	-	67,000	6,769,000	3,795,000	5,305,000	15,936,000
2014	-	-	7,233,000	3,680,000	5,245,000	16,158,000
2015	-	-	10,250,000	3,560,000	5,185,000	18,995,000
2016	1,882,000	-	8,675,587	3,435,000	5,120,000	19,112,587
2017	2,802,000	-	9,395,000	2,854,000	4,810,000	19,861,000
2018	2,631,000	-	12,638,000	2,800,000	4,655,000	22,724,000
2019	3,652,000	-	15,747,000	2,648,000	4,530,000	25,997,000
2020	3,515,916	-	15,200,500	2,489,000	4,395,000	25,600,416

Note: Information presented is for the Lake County Region, except for population and unemployment data, since separate data is not available for the City of Lakeport.

Sources:

⁽¹⁾ California Department of Finance

⁽²⁾ U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis

⁽³⁾ U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis: Personal Income Summary

⁽⁴⁾ Bureau of Labor Statistics

⁽⁵⁾ State of California Employment Development Department Labor Market Information

Percentage of Personal Income	Population	Debt Per Capita			
0.21%	4,622	\$	3,395		
0.20%	4,705	\$	3,503		
0.29%	4,713	\$	3,381		
0.29%	4,807	\$	3,361		
0.26%	4,762	\$	3,989		
0.28%	4,765	\$	4,011		
0.28%	4,786	\$	4,150		
0.28%	4,699	\$	4,836		
0.25%	4,784	\$	5,434		
0.25%	4,677	\$	5,474		

City of Lakeport, California Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last ten fiscal years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	General Obligation Bonds ⁽¹⁾	Less: Amounts Available in Debt Service Fund ⁽²⁾	Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property ⁽³⁾	Per Capita ⁽⁴⁾
2011	-	-	-	0.0%	-
2012	-	-	-	0.0%	-
2013	-	-	-	0.0%	-
2014	-	-	-	0.0%	-
2015	-	-	-	0.0%	-
2016	1,882,000	-	1,882,000	0.4%	395
2017	2,802,000	-	2,802,000	0.6%	585
2018	2,631,000	-	2,631,000	0.5%	560
2019	3,652,000	-	3,652,000	0.7%	763
2020	3,515,916	-	3,515,916	0.7%	735

⁽¹⁾ This ids the general bonded debt of the general fund, net of original issuance discounts and premiums

 $[\]overset{\text{(2)}}{\text{This}}$ is the amount restricted for debt service principal payment

⁽³⁾ See the Schedule of Assessed Value and the Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property

⁽⁴⁾ Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics

City of Lakeport, California Direct and Overlapping Debt Fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 (In thousands)

2019 Assessed Valuation (in thousands)

\$ 534,966

	% Applicable	Debt 6/30/20
Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt:		
Mendocino-Lake Community College District - GO Bonds	4.70%	\$ 3,393,586
Lakeport Unified School District - GO Bonds	41.55%	7,166,748
2004 Tax Allocation Bonds, Series B	100%	580,000
Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency of the		
City of Lakeport - Series 2016 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds	100%	3,875,000
Sewer District Improvement Bonds 2017-1	100%	2,489,000
Total overlapping tax and assessment debt		\$ 17,504,334
Direct General Fund Debt:		
Mendocino-Lake Community College District - Capital Lease	4.70%	\$ 12,735
USDA Police Station Bond	100%	1,044,000
City of Lakeport Municipal Financing Authority Lease Revenue Bonds	100%	1,170,000
City of Lakeport Pension Obligation Bonds	100%	1,301,916
Total direct general fund debt		3,528,651
Combined total debt		\$ 21,032,985 (1)

Ratios to 2015-2016 Assessed Valuation:

Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	3.26%
Total Combined Debt	4.09%

⁽¹⁾ Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, and mortgage revenue bonds.

Note: The overlapping debt statement presents the debt for all jurisdictions with territory overlapping the City. Debt of overlapping jurisdictions is allocated based upon the assessed value of that jurisdiction within the City as compared to total assessed value for that jurisdiction.

City of Lakeport, California Legal Debt Margin Information Fiscal year ended June 30 (last ten fiscal years) (In thousands)

	2011		2012		2013		2014	
Assessed value	\$	482,928	\$	477,778	\$	474,437	\$	469,253
Conversion percentage		25%		25%		25%		25%
Adjusted assessed value		120,732		119,445		118,609		117,313
Debt limit percentage		15%		15%		15%		15%
Debt limit		18,110		17,917		17,791		17,597
Total net debt applicable to limit		-		-		-		
Legal debt margin	\$	18,110	\$	17,917	\$	17,791	\$	17,597
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		0%		0%		0%		0%

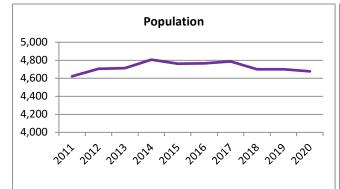
Note: The Government Code of the State of California provides for a legal debt limit of 15% of gross assessed secured tax valuation. However, this provision was enacted when assessed valuation was based upon 25% of market value. Effective with the 1981-82 fiscal year, each parcel is now assessed at 100% of market value (as of the most recent change in ownership for that parcel). The computations shown above reflect a conversion of the assessed value for each fiscal year from the current full valuation perspective to the 25% level that was in effect at the time that the legal debt margin was enacted by the State of California for local governments located within the state.

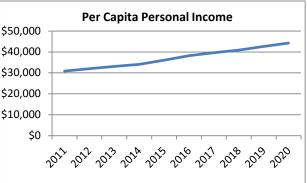
Note: The City does not have any outstanding general obligation debt subject to the limit.

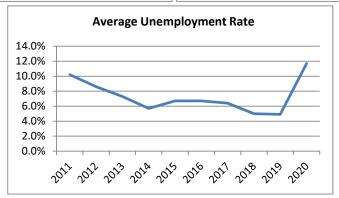
 2015 2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		
\$ 467,768	\$	470,168	\$	469,707	\$	492,407	\$	510,180	\$	534,966
25%		25%		25%		25%		25%		25%
116,942		117,542		117,427		123,102		127,545		133,742
15%		15%		15%		15%		15%		15%
17,541		17,631		17,614		18,465		19,132		20,061
-		-		-						-
\$ 17,541	\$	17,631	\$	17,614	\$	18,465	\$	19,132	\$	20,061
				_		_				
0%		0%		0%		0%		0%		0%

City of Lakeport, California Demographic and Economic Statistics Last ten calendar years

Year	Population ⁽¹⁾	Personal Income (in thousands) ⁽²⁾	Per Capita Personal Income ⁽²⁾	Unemployment Rate (%) ⁽³⁾	_
2011	4,622	1,999,343	30,885	10.2%	(4)
2012	4,705	2,059,368	32,052	8.6%	(4)
2013	4,713	2,118,095	33,119	7.3%	(4)
2014	4,807	2,175,903	34,107	5.7%	(4)
2015	4,762	2,310,318	36,074	6.7%	(5)
2016	4,765	2,456,491	38,227	6.7%	(5)
2017	4,786	2,533,898	39,652	6.4%	(5)
2018	4,699	2,662,533	40,911	5.0%	(5)
2019	4,699	2,741,990	42,632	4.9%	(5)
2020	4,677	2,849,642	44,259	11.7%	(5)







Note: Information presented is for the Lake County Region, except for population and unemployment data, since separate data is not available for the City of Lakeport.

Sources:

⁽¹⁾ California Department of Finance

 $^{^{(2)}}$ U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis

⁽³⁾ U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis: Personal Income Summary

⁽⁴⁾ Bureau of Labor Statistics

⁽⁵⁾ State of California Employment Development Department Labor Market Information

City of Lakeport, California Principal Employers Current and Ten Years Ago

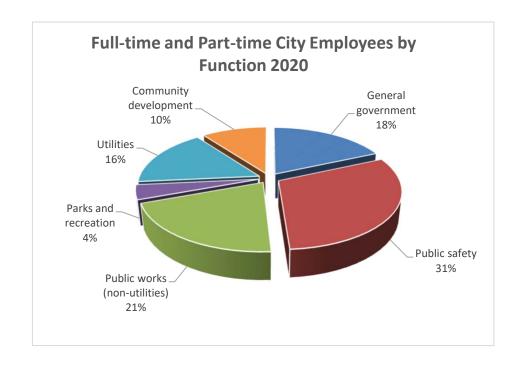
		2019	9-20	2010-11			
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percent of Top 10 Employment (%)	Employees	Rank	Percent of Top 10 Employment (%)	
County of Lake	849	1	20.3%	866	1	25.0%	
Adventist Health	693	2	16.6%	358	3	10.3%	
St Helena Hospital	569	3	13.6%	450	2	13.0%	
Konocti Unified School District	449	4	10.7%	300	7	8.7%	
Sutter Lakeside Hospital	403	5	9.6%	249	9	7.2%	
Calpine Corp.	280	6	6.7%	352	5	10.2%	
Twin Pine Casino	277	7	6.6%	303	6	8.8%	
Kelseyville Unified School District	230	8	5.5%				
Safeway	219	9	5.2%				
Wal-Mart	213	10	5.1%				
Shannon Ranches Inc				228	10	6.6%	
Robinson Rancheria Resort & Casino				354	4	10.2%	
Total	4,182		100.0%	3,460		100.0%	

Note: Information presented is for the Lake County Region, Major Lake County Employers, since separate data is not available for the City of Lakeport.

Source: Lake County Marketing Program

City of Lakeport, California Full-time and Part-time City Employees by Function Fiscal year ended June 30 (last ten calendar years)

Function	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
General government	7	8	9	9	8	6	8	9	9	9
Public safety	17	14	16	15	14	4	12	15	15	15
Public works (non-utilities)	9	9	12	12	7	22	11	10	10	10
Parks and recreation	10	10	13	1	15	4	2	2	2	2
Utilities	9	11	6	6	9	13	7	8	8	8
Community development	9	10	6	4	5	8	4	5	5	5
Total	61	62	62	47	58	57	44	49	49	49



Source: City Finance Department

City of Lakeport, California Capital Asset Statistics by Function Fiscal year ended June 30 (last ten fiscal years)

Function	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Police :	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public works:										
Streets (miles)	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
Streetlights	221	221	221	221	221	221	221	221	221	221
Parks and recreation:										
Parks	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	5
Pools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Community centers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Water:										
Treatment facilities	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Sewer:										
Pump stations	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9

Source: City Finance Department

Sources: City Police, Community Development, and Public Works departments

City of Lakeport, California Capital Asset Statistics Fiscal year ended June 30 (last ten fiscal years) (In thousands)

		2011		2012		2013
Governmental activities:		_				
Land	\$	729	\$	729	\$	653
Construction-in-progress		-		-		-
Buildings and structures		2,619		2,619		2,695
Improvements/CIP		4,465		4,475		4,475
Equipment and vehicles		1,533		1,533		1,533
Total		9,346		9,356		9,356
Accumulated depreciation:						
Buildings and structures		1,003		1,055		1,110
Improvements/CIP		641		732		847
Equipment and vehicles		823		998		1,100
Total		2,467		2,785		3,057
Total governmental net capital assets	\$	6,879	\$	6,571	\$	6,299
Business-type activities:						
Land	\$	1,775	\$	2,475	\$	2,475
Construction-in-progress	·	1,840	·	1,840	•	1,840
Buildings and structures		1,840		1,840		1,840
Improvements/CIP		26,222		26,936		27,129
Equipment and vehicles		538		548		552
Total		32,215		33,639		33,836
Accumulated depreciation:						
Buildings and structures		533		570		1,309
Improvements/CIP		11,681		12,457		12,457
Equipment and vehicles		525		534		518
Total		12,739		13,561		14,284
Total business-type net capital assets	\$	19,476	\$	20,078	\$	19,552

Source: City Finance Department

2014	2015	2016	2017		2018	2019		2020
\$ 653	\$ 1,653	\$ 1,653	\$ 1,653	\$	1,653	\$ 1,769	\$	2,498
2.605	- - 170	452	452		369	16		270
2,695	5,173	5,240	5,240		5,588	6,500		6,500
4,475 1,566	4,697 1,585	4,776 1,631	4,776 1,631		7,428 1,998	7,612 2,243		10,048
	 -	 1,621	1,621	-		-	-	2,313
 9,389	13,108	 13,742	 13,742		17,036	 18,140		21,629
1,165	1,284	1,403	1,403		1,675	1,846		2,017
961	1,075	1,201	1,201		1,518	1,714		1,973
 1,203	 1,305	 1,390	 1,390		1,547	1,656		1,775
3,329	3,664	3,994	3,994		4,740	5,216		5,765
\$ 6,060	\$ 9,444	\$ 9,748	\$ 9,748	\$	12,296	\$ 12,924	\$	15,864
\$ 2,475	\$ 2,475	\$ 2,475	\$ 2,475	\$	2,475	\$ 2,475	\$	2,475
1,840	3,129	6,342	6,342		568	1,821		131
1,840	1,840	1,852	1,852		9,955	9,955		9,955
27,593	27,022	27,101	27,101		27,950	28,518		32,269
 785	 1,444	1,474	1,474		1,609	1,999		2,159
 34,533	 35,910	 39,244	 39,244		42,557	 43,078		46,989
643	679	716	716		992	1,231		1,552
13,939	14,704	15,468	15,468		17,022	17,817		18,725
529	611	694	694		872	1,008		1,137
15,111	15,994	16,878	16,878		18,886	20,056		21,414
\$ 19,422	\$ 19,916	\$ 22,366	\$ 22,366	\$	23,671	\$ 23,022	\$	25,575

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CITY OF LAKEPORT

COMMUNICATION WITH THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE AND COMMUNICATION OF INTERNAL CONTROL RELATED MATTERS

JUNE 30, 2020

February 5, 2021

City Council
City of Lakeport
Lakeport, California

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of Lakeport (City) as of and for the year, ended June 30, 2020, and have issued our report thereon dated February 5, 2021. Professional standards require that we advise you of the following matters relating to our audit.

Our Responsibility in Relation to the Financial Statement Audit

As communicated in our engagement letter dated August 10, 2020, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to form and express an opinion(s) about whether the financial statements that have been prepared by management with your oversight are presented fairly, in all material respects, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your respective responsibilities.

Our responsibility, as prescribed by professional standards, is to plan and perform our audit to obtain reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit of financial statements includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, as part of our audit, we considered the internal control of the City solely for the purpose of determining our audit procedures and not to provide any assurance concerning such internal control.

We are also responsible for communicating significant matters related to the audit that are, in our professional judgment, relevant to your responsibilities in overseeing the financial reporting process. However, we are no required to design procedures for the purpose of identifying other matters to communicate to you.

Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

We conducted our audit consistent with the planned scope and timing we previously communicated to you.

Compliance with All Ethics Requirements Regarding Independence

The engagement team, others in our firm, as appropriate, and our firm has complied with all relevant ethical requirements regarding independence.

Qualitative Aspects of the Entity's Significant Accounting Practices

Significant Accounting Policies

Management has the responsibility to select and use appropriate accounting policies. A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted by the City is included in Note 1 to the financial statements. There have been no initial selection of accounting policies and no changes in significant accounting policies or their application during fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. No matters have come to our attention that would require us, under professional standards, to inform you about (1) the methods used to account for significant unusual transactions and (2) the effect of significant accounting policies in controversial or emerging areas for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus.

Significant Accounting Estimates

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's current judgments. Those judgments are normally based on knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ markedly from management's current judgments.

The most sensitive accounting estimates affecting the financial statements are useful lives of capital assets ("useful lives") and pension plan liabilities.

Management's estimate of the useful lives is based on experience with and observation of capital assets, by category (e.g. infrastructure) as well as industry standards, when applicable (i.e. buildings). Pension plan liabilities are valued based upon actuarial assumptions as developed by the City's Plan provider. These assumptions and estimates can result in material changes to liabilities and corresponding deferred inflows and outflows on a year to year basis. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the useful lives and pension plan liabilities and determined that they are reasonable in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole according to industry standards.

Financial Statement Disclosures

Certain financial statement disclosures involve significant judgment and are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The most sensitive disclosures affecting the City's financial statements relate to commitments and contingencies.

Significant Difficulties Encountered during the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management relating to the performance of the audit.

Uncorrected and Corrected Misstatements

For purposes of this communication, professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that we believe are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Further, professional standards require us to also communicate the effect of uncorrected misstatements related to prior periods on the relevant classes of transactions, account balances or disclosures, and the financial statements as a whole and each applicable opinion unit. Management has corrected all identified misstatements.

In addition, professional standards require us to communicate to you all material, corrected misstatements that were brought to the attention of management as a result of our audit procedures. None of the misstatements identified by us as a result of our audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole or applicable opinion units.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, concerning a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, which could be significant to the City's financial statements or the auditor's report. No such disagreements arose during the course of the audit.

Representations Requested from Management

We have requested certain written representations from management, which are included in the attached letter dated February 5, 2021.

Management's Consultations with Other Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters. Management informed us that, and to our knowledge, there were no consultations with other accountants regarding auditing and accounting matters.

Other Significant Findings or Issues

In the normal course of our professional association with the City, we generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, operating and regulatory conditions affecting the City, and operational plans and strategies that may affect the risks of material misstatement. None of the matters discussed resulted in a condition to our retention as the entity's auditors.

Communication of Internal Control Related Matters

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

ATTACHMENT 2

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council and management of the City and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

JOSEPH J ARCH, CPA

. Joseph. J. Hrch, CPH

President/CEO JJACPA, INC

CITY OF LAKEPORT, CALIFORNIA SINGLE AUDIT REPORTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

ATTACHMENT 3

City of Lakeport, California Single Audit Reports For the year ended June 30, 2020

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ATTACHMENT 3

City of Lakeport, California Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the year ended June 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identification Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Homeland Security			
Direct Program:			
Hazard Mitigation	97.039		\$ 99,774
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			99,774
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			
Pass through programs from:			
State of California Department of Housing and Community Development			
Community Development Block Grant	14.228	18-CDBG-12912	2,310
Community Development Block Grant	14.228	17-CDBG-9883	325,421
Community Development Block Grant - Program Income	14.228	N/A	58,290
HOME Investment Partnership Programs	14.239	16-HOME-10931	1,500,764
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			1,886,785
U.S. Department of Agrigulture			
Direct Program:			
Community Facilities Loans and Grants	10.766		68,480
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			68,480
U.S. Department of Justice			
Direct Program:			
Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants	16.710		33,914
Bullet Proof Vest Program	16.607		2,931
Total U.S. Department of Justice			36,845
Total Federal Expenditures			\$ 2,091,884

The accompanying notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are an integral part of this supplementary information.

City of Lakeport, California Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the year ended June 30, 2020

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of the City and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

2. DESCRIPTION OF MAJOR PROGRAMS

HOME Investment Partnerships Program (CFDA #14.239)

To expand the supply of affordable housing, particularly rental housing, for low and very low income Americans; to strengthen the abilities of State and local governments to design and implement strategies for achieving adequate supplies of decent, affordable housing; and to extend and strengthen partnerships among all levels of government and the private sector, including for-profit and nonprofit organizations, in the production and operation of affordable housing.

3. INDIRECT COST ELECTION

The City has not elected to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable City Council City of Lakeport Lakeport, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information and the budgetary comparison information of the City of Lakeport, California (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 5, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

February 5, 2021

JJACPA, Inc. Dublin, CA

.J.JHCPH, Inc.

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable City Council City of Lakeport Lakeport, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Lakeport, California's (City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, is-sued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance re-quire that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal controls over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparison information of the City of Lakeport, California (City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated February 5, 2021, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

> J. J. H. G. Snc. JJACPA, Inc.

February 5, 2021

City of Lakeport, California Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the year ended June 30, 2020

Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results

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Finan	cial	Statements

Type of auditor's report issued

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

• Material weakness(es) identified?

• Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

• Material weakness(es) identified?

• Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported

No

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

Identification of major programs:

<u>CFDA Number</u> <u>Name of Federal Program or Cluster</u>

14.239 HOME Investment Partnerships Program

Dollar threshold used to distinguish

between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

City of Lakeport, California Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, Continued For the year ended June 30, 2020

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

No matters were reported.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

No matters were reported.

Section IV - Status of Prior Year Audit Findings

No prior year audit findings

Section V - Corrective Action Plan

There were neither current year findings nor questioned costs (see Section III above).



CITY OF LAKEPORT

City Cour City of Lakeport Municipal Sewer Districtions of Lakeport Redevelopment Successor Agent Lakeport Industrial Development Agent Municipal Financing Agency of Lakeport CTAFF DEDORT							
STAFF REPORT							
RE: AB 1600 Annual Update		MEETING DATE:	03/02/2021				
SUBMITTED BY: Nicholas Walker, Finance Director							
PURPOSE OF REPORT:							

WHAT IS BEING ASKED OF THE CITY COUNCIL/BOARD:

Adopt the attached resolution to reaffirm the necessity of development impact fees.

BACKGROUND/DISCUSSION:

AB 1600 requires the City to produce an annual report on the status of each separate account or fund established for development impact fees. The primary purpose of the annual report is to show the necessity of the continued imposition of development impact fees. Every fifth year the City also is required to make certain findings with respect to the monies collected for development impact fees. Additionally, the five-year report must show what has been done with the fees that have been collected.

To be in full compliance with state law, the City must:

- 1. Spend or commit development impact fees within five years of collecting them, or
- 2. Adopt a resolution that makes a finding that a reasonable relationship remains between the current need for the fees and the purpose for which they were proposed originally.

The City currently collects three different types of impact fees which are described in the attached report. Below are the findings for those impact fees that required accumulation beyond five years.

- i. A storm drainage impact fee (also known as an impervious surface fee) has been accumulated beyond five years to fund storm drain improvements, typically associated with road maintenance and repair. The collection of this fee and use of the proceeds are critical in maintaining an effective storm drainage system and meeting the capital improvement requirements of that system imposed on the City by its NPDES permit.
- ii. A water expansion fee has been accumulated beyond five years to fund capital projects related to increasing the capacity and service delivery to City residents directly resulting from new development and other projects that impact the water treatment and distribution system. The collection of this fee is vitally important to ensuring the City can meet the health and safety needs of its citizens as it grows and expands.
- iii. A sewer expansion fee has been accumulated beyond five years to fund capital projects related to increasing the capacity and service delivery to City residents directly resulting from new development and other

Meeting Date: 03/02/2021 Page 1 Agenda Item #VI.C.2.

projects that impact the sewer collection and treatment system. The collection of this fee is vitally important to ensuring the City can meet the health and safety needs of its citizens as it grows and expands.

Under AB 1600 the City is required to make available to the public a report on development impact fees. The report must include:

- 1. A brief description of the type of development impact fee in the account/fund;
- 2. The amount of the fee;
- 3. Beginning and ending balances of the account/fund, the amount of the fees collected and the interest earned;
- 4. Identification of each public improvement on which fees were expended;
- 5. The amount of expenditures on each improvement;
- 6. If the agency determines that sufficient funds have been collected to complete financing on an incomplete public improvement, an approximate date by which construction of the public improvement will commence;
- 7. A description of any interfund transfer or loan; and
- 8. The amount of refunds paid, if any, from a particular fund.

The annual AB 1600 Development Fee Report for fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 will be made available to the public in March, 2021.

OPTIONS:

- 1. Adopt the associated resolution reaffirming the need of the relevant development fees collected by the City.
- 2. Do not adopt but provide direction to staff.

FISCAL	_ IMP	ACT:

None	□ Undetermine	ed Budgeted Item? 🔀 Yes 🗌 No
Budget Adjustr	nent Needed? 🗌	Yes No If yes, amount of appropriation increase: \$
•	· —	nd
	•	this item relates to the continued collection of revenue from these impact fees or which have been adopted by Council in the City's annual budget.
SUGGESTED M	OTIONS:	
Move to adopt	the proposed reso	olution to reaffirm the necessity of AB 1600 development impact fees.
	ents: 1.	Resolution No.
	2.	AB 1600 Development Impact Fee Report for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

RESOLUTION NO. _____ (2021)

A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF LAKEPORT TO REAFFRIM THE NECESSITY OF DEVELOPMENT IMPACT FEES

WHEREAS, The City of Lakeport is required to make certain finding every five years with respect to the unexpended fund balance of certain development impact fee funds pursuant to California Government Code Section 66001; and

WHEREAS, the documents reflecting the balance in each development impact fee fund or account, accrued interest in said fund or account, and the amount of expenditure by public facility for the fiscal year have been made available for public review as required by Code Section 66006; and

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the City Council of the City of Lakeport as follows:

- **Section 1.** That the recitations above are true and correct.
- Section 2. That the following findings are made as required under Government Code Section 66001:
 - i. The purpose to which each development impact fee is to be put has been identified.
 - ii. There is a continued need for the improvements and that there is a reasonable relationship between the fee and the impacts for development for which the fees are collected.
 - iii. The sources and amounts of funding anticipated to complete the financing of capital projects have been identified and will be deposited into the appropriate account upon receipt or during the normal Capital Improvement Program budget cycle.
- **Section 3.** That these findings are based on information provided in the City of Lakeport operating budget and Five-Year Capital Improvement Program for the fiscal year 2019-20, the AB 1600 report for the fiscal year 2019-20 on file with the City Clerk, and accompanying staff report.

The foregoing Resolution was passed and adopted at a regular joint meeting of the City Council on the 2^{nd} day of March, 2021, by the following vote:

AYES: NOES:		
ABSTAINING:		
ABSENT:		
	KENNY PARLET, Mayor	
ATTEST:		
KELLY BUENDIA, City Clerk		

City of Lakeport Annual Report on Development Impact Fees, Per Government Code 66000 AB 1600 Statement

Ana	lysis	of	Changes	in	Fund	Balanc	:e

REVENUE Fees Interest Earnings Other Revenue Transfers In	\$ 136,223	\$ 922,847 377,235 2,093	\$ 984,368 1,026,953 8,930
Fees Interest Earnings Other Revenue	 - 608 -		
EXPENDITURES Utilities - Water Utilities - Sewer Public Works/Engineering Administration Debt service Transfers Out	 608 - - - - - -	379,328 72,555 	1,035,883 7,726 - - - - - 7,726
Excess Revenue Over/(Under) Expenditures	608	306,773	1,028,157
Ending Balance, 06/30/2020	\$ 136,831	\$ 1,229,620	\$ 2,012,525

Expenditures by Project

	FY 2019-20	% Funded with Development
STORM DRAINAGE IMPACT Storm drain replacement and repair Total	\$ -	Fee 100.00%
WATER EXPANSION Expansion projects Total	72,555 \$ 72,555	100.00%
SEWER EXPANSION Expansion projects Total	7,726 \$ 7,726	100.00%

Description of Fees

The AB 1600 Development Fee is used only for the construction and the expansion of infrastructure to accommodate growth, not for operating or maintenance costs. Revenue will be used to maintain infrastructure standards for three capital types:

Storm Drainage Impact

Water Expansion

Sewer Expansion

Storm Drainage Impact AB 1600 development fees are used to fund the design and construction of storm water drainage infrastructure improvements required to mitigate the impact of new development, specifically with the installation of impervious surfaces, such as parking lots, side walks, etc.

Water Expansion AB 1600 development fees are used to fund the design and construction of water supply, water treatment, and water distribution system infrastructure improvements required to mitigate the impact of new development.

Sewer Expansion AB 1600 development fees are used to fund the design and construction of wastewater treatment and collection infrastructure improvements required to mitigate the impact of new development.

Impact and Expansion Fee Schedule

Storm Drainage Impact: \$0.10 per square foot of new impervious surface (City Resolution # 1401 (84)). Water Expansion: \$6,923.00 for a standard 3/4" meter with an escalating cost for larger meters. Sewer Expansion: \$12,717.00 per unit in the sewer assessment district (CLMSD) South and \$7,456.42, per SFD, in CLMSD North.



CITY OF LAKEPORT

City Council 🔀

City of Lakeport Municipal Sewer District Lakeport Redevelopment Successor Agency Lakeport Industrial Development Authority Municipal Financing Agency of Lakeport							
STAFF REPORT							
RE: Informational Road Report		MEETING DATE:	03/02/2021				
SUBMITTED BY: Douglas Grider							
PURPOSE OF REPORT: Information only	Discussion	Action Item					
WHAT IS BEING ASKED OF THE CITY COUNCIL/BOARD: This is an informational only item providing a basic ove them. BACKGROUND/DISCUSSION: The Public Works Department is responsible for the rosoverview on some of the methods and systems we use presentation will explain the basic concepts used in definost appropriate for a given section of roadway OPTIONS:	rview of City roads ar adway system in the C to manage the city ro	City. This presentation padways. A brief Powe	is a brief r Point				
FISCAL IMPACT: Cost \$\int \text{\$\text{\$\text{unknown at this time. Budgeted It}}} Budget Adjustment Needed? \$\int \text{Yes} \int \text{No} If yes, Affected fund(s): \$\int \text{General Fund} \int \text{Water OM Func} Comments: Informational only, no impacts to the budget in t	amount of appropriat						
	sentation (to be provi	ded at the meeting)					

Meeting Date: 03/02/2021 Page 1 Agenda Item #VI.D.1.