

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

CITY OF LAKEPORT, CALIFORNIA FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020





COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

City of Lakeport, California Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Prepared By
Finance Department
City of Lakeport



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Introductory Section



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CITY OF LAKEPORT

Over 100 years of community pride, progress and service



MEMORANDUM

DATE: February 5, 2021

TO: Citizens of the City of Lakeport

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council and City Manager

FROM: City Manager Kevin M. Ingram

RE: Presentation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

California Government Code sections 25250 and 25253 require that every general-purpose local government publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of audited financial statements. The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Lakeport (City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, is hereby published to fulfill that requirement.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal controls that are established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal controls should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

The City's basic financial statements have been audited by JJACPA, Inc., an accounting firm fully licensed and qualified to perform audits of local governments within the State of California. The financial statements included in this report were audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and government auditing standards. The independent auditors concluded that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified ("clean") opinion that the City's basic financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 are fairly presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

As the City did expend over \$750,000 of federal money during this reporting period, and will be required to conduct a broader, federally mandated CFR 200 Uniform Guidance "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. This report will be provided by the independent auditor in a separate document.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the report of the independent auditors and provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A was designed to complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

City of Lakeport, California Introductory Section This report combines the financial statements of the City, the Successor Agency to the Lakeport Redevelopment Agency (Successor Agency), and the City of Lakeport Municipal Sewer District (CLMSD) in accordance with principles defining the governmental reporting entity adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The financial operations of the Successor Agency and CLMSD, though legally separate from the City, are closely related to the City. The City Council members serve as the governing board of the CLMSD, which is presented as a blended component unit in the financial statements. Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable. For a more detailed overview of the City's component units, see the Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) and the Notes to the Basic Financial.

Profile of the Government

The City of Lakeport is a partial service city (as opposed to full service) in that it provides most typical municipal functions, including public safety (police), public works, community development and parks and recreation. In addition, the City provides water and wastewater services. It does not provide library or fire protection, as those are activities of the County of Lake and the Lakeport Fire Protection District, respectively.

It operates in a council-manager form of government, whereby the council serves as the legislative body and the City Manager its executive. The City Manager is responsible for directing and supervising the administration of all departments of the City, to ensure that laws, ordinances, orders, resolutions, contracts, leases, and franchises are enforced and executed, and for appointing all City employees.

The Lakeport City Council consists of five members, elected at-large to four-year overlapping terms. Council members must be residents of the City. The positions of Mayor and Mayor Pro Tem are chosen by the Council through its own policy. The Mayor conducts the Council meetings and represents the City in ceremonial occasions.

The City Council serves as the policy board for the municipality. It provides policy direction, establishes goals, and sets priorities for the City government. In addition to serving as the policy makers for the community, the City Council also is responsible for numerous land use decisions within its borders, including the General Plan. The City Council appoints the City Manager, City Attorney, City Clerk, and all members of advisory boards and commissions.

Incorporated on April 30, 1888 as a general law city, Lakeport serves as the administrative seat for the County of Lake and with a residential population of 4,806¹ in a 2.4 square-mile area, Lakeport is graced with a strong business base and a well-established residential community.

Lakeport is a travel and recreation-oriented destination and fortunate to have a large area serving as a hub for recreational activities for Lake County. The Lakeport business environment is positive and well organized. Driven by an active chamber of commerce, local businesses are community-oriented and engaged in Citybusiness partnerships, including Main Street renovations, façade improvements, events and promotions. The

¹ 2020 California Department of Finance, Demographic Research Unit, E-1 Population Estimates for Cities, Counties and the State, January 1, 2020.

City's primary retail trade area population is approximately 63,583 and includes the communities surrounding Clear Lake and up to Cobb Mountain². Lakeport's historic downtown area is the center of commercial activity within the community. There are also commercial areas located along all the primary corridors leading into Lakeport including: Lakeport Boulevard, Parallel Drive, Eleventh Street, North High Street, and South Main Street.

The annual budget provides a comprehensive statement of the City's organization, operations and resources and it expresses City Council and CLMSD Board policies and priorities in all areas of the City's operations. The budget process is the vehicle through which the City establishes goals and objectives, and prioritizes the desired programs or services that the City should provide, and which can be financed by the City's projected revenue for the budget year. The budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g., public safety), and department (e.g., police). It is the means through which policy decisions are made, effected, controlled and monitored. Department heads submit budget requests to the City Manager. The City Manager prepares an estimate of revenues and prepares recommendations for the next year's budget. The preliminary budget may or may not be amended by the City Council and is adopted by resolution by the City Council on or before June 30.

In addition to the budget planning process, the City maintains budgetary controls. The City's objective in maintaining budgetary control is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Council. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within funds as deemed necessary in order to meet the City's needs subject to policy defined in the City's Administrative Regulations. The City Council may amend the budget by resolution during the fiscal year.

Citywide Achievements in FY 2019/20

The economic uncertainties created as a result of the COVID-19 global pandemic cast a shadow over the last quarter of the 2019/20 fiscal year. In anticipation of reduced revenues resulting from the Governor's and local public health issued stay-at-home orders, the City of Lakeport pre-emptively enacted a number of spending cuts principally to capital improvement projects.

In addition to the uncertainties brought on by the COVID-19 pandemic, local businesses and residents continue to struggle economically with the rebuild efforts of the past several years of record wildfire activity and destruction in the region. These recovery efforts have been further aggravated by frequent PG&E Public Safety Power Shutoff (PSPS) events scattered throughout the summer and fall months. In 2019 alone, the region was without electrical power for more than a dozen days as a result of a series of PG&E PSPS events. The greatest of which lasted for seven (7) consecutive days.

Despite these economic hardships the City was still able to complete work on a number capital improvement projects, and make progress on various public safety and economic development related initiatives. These projects and initiatives are highlighted in more detail below:

Capital Projects: Fiscal Year 2019/20 saw the completed reconstruction of the Library Park seawall, damaged in the 2017 winter storms, and completed the first installment of the lakefront promenade adjacent to the wall. The City was also able to continue to make progress on the improvement of pedestrian and roadways within the downtown area with the installation of new sidewalk, lighting, landscaping and roadway improvements along Second Street between Main and Park Streets in front of City Hall. The City also completed the

² Retail Market Profile 2019, Prepared by The Retail Coach on behalf of the City of Lakeport, August 2019.

reconstruction of a segment of Main Street between Peckham Court, the last segment in the rehabilitation of the portion of South Main Street from Lakeport Boulevard to the City Limits. A number of other improvements to local roadways also occurred this past fiscal year including; repaving of First Street (between Park and Main), the repaving of Fourteenth Street (between Orchid & Palm) and chip-seal added to rural roadways including Berry and Armstrong Streets.

In most instances, improvements to water and sewer infrastructure accompanied the aforementioned roadway improvements. These utility upgrades included: the installation of 350 feet of water main along Berry Street, extension of the 14-inch water Main along South Main Street between Peckham Court and the City limits, and the replacement of over 250 feet of water and sewer line on Second Street between Main and Park Streets. Other notable utilities related capital improvement projects completed in FY 2019/20 included the installation of flow meters at the Larrecou lift station, fencing around solar panels at the wastewater treatment plant and the purchase of a Skid Steer for blackberry mitigation to ensure the proper functioning of wastewater spray fields.

Public Safety Programs: Recruitment and retention of law enforcement officers remains challenging at both the local and national level. Despite this the City was able to fill two vacant law enforcement officer positions this year through the hiring of local community members and sending them to the academy to complete their training. This program has the added benefit of increasing officer retention and better community relations through the employment of individuals with existing ties to the local area.

Economic Development Initiatives. The City was awarded \$5,900,000 through the Statewide Park Development and Community Revitalization Grant Program funded through Proposition 68 for the development of new lakefront park. The park is to be located on approximately six (6) acres located on the old Natural High property (800 and 810 North Main Street). The City has already purchased the property from the Lakeport Unified School District and construction is slated to begin in early 2021. The City also completed the installation of Public-WiFi network in the downtown and Library Park area. The WiFi network is free to all users in the downtown and lakefront area. The City also completed land use entitlements for the second phase of the Martin Street Apartments project adding an additional 48 units of affordable housing to the City's overall housing inventory. Construction on the new units is progressing and will be completed in early 2021. Additionally, the City secured \$650,000 in CDBG grant monies for the construction of pedestrian off-site improvement providing better connectivity between the Martin Apartments and other areas of the City.

Economic Condition and Fiscal Outlook

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City operates. Understanding that property and sales taxes generate the City's largest two sources of revenue, it is important to look at the economy in the context of people's wherewithal for producing general fund tax revenues.

Lake County's economy has seen a continual slow recovery following the Great Recession of 2008-09. This recovery is best evidenced by slight improvements in the unemployment rate, consumer spending (through sales tax analysis), building permits, and planning work for the past several years. However, this recovery was interrupted this past year by the COVID-19 pandemic and the accompanying economic uncertainty due to State and Local Public Health Orders that have severely restricted economic commerce. The City is hopeful that these economic setbacks will be short lived but concern grows as the State and Local restrictions to control the pandemic continue. The City enacted a number of budget cuts primarily to capital improvement

projects that were not grant funded. At this time these actions have been adequate to keep City finances stable through the course of the ongoing pandemic.

Despite the economic uncertainties brought on by the COVID-19 pandemic, the City remains committed to an economic development and fiscal strategy intended to help promote Lakeport's long-term fiscal stability. This effort has included the implementation of revised financial policies and guides management's approach to debt structuring, capital improvement planning, labor negotiations, and service delivery.

According to the State of California Employment Development Department Labor Market Information, the City saw a drastic increase in unemployment as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. As of June 30, 2020, the unemployment was 11.7% compared to 4.9% at the end of the previous fiscal year. The 4.9% rate was the lowest unemployment rate in at lease the last 10 years.

Sales and use taxes decreased by \$184k or 5%. This reduction is a direct result of shelter-in-place orders issued by the state and local health officers in response to the COVID-19 global pandemic.

Median home prices increased 15% to \$298,800 over June 2017 (according to the California Association of Realtors). Total property taxes increased slightly as the housing market continues to recover.

Overall revenue results for FY 2019/20 improved positively over the prior year. Pension costs, energy market volatility and actions by the federal and state governments, continue to cause concern about the sustainability of a healthy economy. The City, along with governments at all levels, remains under pressure to contain operating expenditures to ensure that such costs do not grow at a rate that exceeds revenue growth. A balanced budget in the short- and long-term can quickly become unbalanced if costs are not managed closely. Many of the current economic uncertainties however are offset by positive economic developments, leading to an overall outlook of cautious optimism.

Long-term Financial Planning

For the City, as with governmental jurisdictions throughout the nation, continuing fiscal challenges have required a redoubling of efforts to address current and future budget shortfalls while working to prioritize and maintain the level of services that the residents of Lakeport have come to expect. Traditional funding sources for parks, public safety, and community development are shrinking or have disappeared but with the passage of Measure Z, some of this pressure will ease. The immediate challenges continue to be regional recovery efforts following several major wildfire incidents and unknown long-term effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on the national and local economy. Concern also exists in regards to the ongoing trend seen in cuts in revenues distributed through Federal and State grant programs and increasing health and pension costs.

Certificate of Achievement

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The CAFR submission for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 is still in review by the GFOA. 2018 was the fourth year in a row that the City has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgements

Preparation of this comprehensive annual financial report could not have been accomplished on a timely basis without the support and cooperation of many members of the City of Lakeport's staff. Their efforts made it possible to improve the quality of the information being reported to the citizens, the City Council, and other users on a timely basis. Appreciation is also expressed to the Mayor and the City Council for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial activities of the City in a responsible and responsive manner.

Respectively Submitted

V. M. El

Kevin M. Ingram City Manager

Nicholas Walker, CPA Finance Director Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Lakeport California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

List of Officials

CITY COUNCIL

LAKEPORT REDEVELOPMENT SUCCESSOR AGENCY BOARD OF DIRECTORS CITY OF LAKEPORT MUNICIPAL SEWER DISTRICT BOARD OF DIRECTORS

George Spurr Mayor

Kenneth Parlet, III Mayor Pro Tem

Mireya Turner Council Member

Stacey Mattina Council Member

Tim Barnes Council Member

MANAGEMENT TEAM

Kevin Ingram City Manager

David Ruderman City Attorney

Brad Rasmussen Chief of Police

Nicholas Walker Finance Director

Kelly Buendia City Clerk/Administrative Services Director

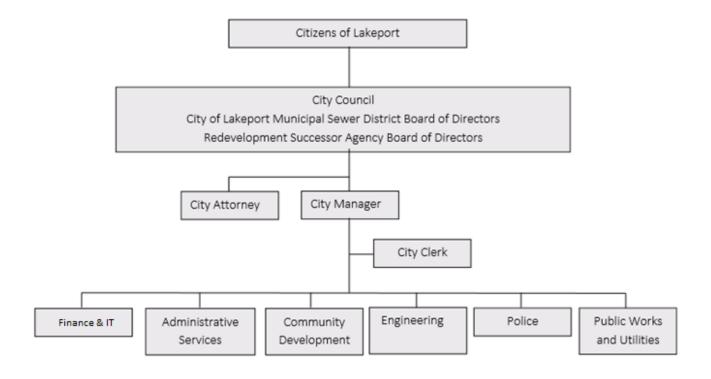
Doug Grider Public Works Director

Jennifer Byers Community Development Director



City Organizational Chart

City Organizational Chart





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FINANCIAL SECTION

- > Independent Auditor's Report
- > Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Basic Financial Statements
- ➤ Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
- > Required Supplementary Information
- > Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Lakeport Lakeport, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparison information of the City of Lakeport, California (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparison information of the City, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council The City of Lakeport Lakeport, California Page 2

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3–17, the Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios on page 100, the Net OPEB Liability Schedule of Contributions on page 101, the City's Schedules of Contributions, Pensions on pages 102, and the Schedules of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability on pages 103, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the introductory section and statistical sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 5, 2021 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

February 5, 2021 JJACPA, Inc.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section provides a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Lakeport (City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. It should be read in conjunction with the accompanying transmittal letter and basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's Net Position increased from \$23.2 million to \$25.6 million. Components of this increase are discussed in more detail subsequently in the analysis.
- At the close of the most recent fiscal year the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$10.7 million, a decrease of \$513,113 from the prior fiscal year. Approximately 61% of combined fund balance at June 30, 2020, (\$6.5 million) is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned and assigned fund balances). The balance of the General Fund increased from \$4.5 million to \$5.7 million.
- The Budget vs. Actual had a positive variance in the General Fund of \$1.5 million.
- The Water Enterprise Net Position increased \$267 thousand and the Sewer Enterprise Net Position increased \$1 million.

OVERVIEW OF THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is in three major parts:

- 1) Introductory section, which includes the Transmittal Letter and general information.
- 2) **Financial section**, which includes the Management's Discussion and Analysis (this part), the Basic Financial Statements, which include the Government-wide and the Fund Financial Statements along with the notes to these financial statements, and Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules.
- 3) **Statistical section**, which includes detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, and footnotes says about the City's overall financial health.

The Basic Financial Statements

The Basic Financial Statements are comprised of the Government-wide Financial Statements and the Fund Financial Statements; these two sets of financial statements provide two different views of the City's financial activities and financial position.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

OVERVIEW OF THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT, Continued

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Government-wide Financial Statements provide a broad overview of the City's activities as a whole and comprise the Statement of Net position and the Statement of Activities. The Statement of Net position provides information about the financial position of the City as a whole, including all its capital assets and long-term liabilities on the full accrual basis, similar to that used by corporations. The Statement of Activities provides information about all the City's revenues and all its expenses, also on the full accrual basis, with the emphasis on measuring net revenues or expenses of each the City's programs. The Statement of Activities explains in detail the change in Net position for the year.

All of the City's activities are grouped into Governmental Activities and Business-type activities, as explained below. All the amounts in the Statement of Net position and the Statement of Activities are separated into Governmental Activities and Business-type Activities in order to provide a summary of these two activities of the City as a whole.

- ♦ Governmental activities All of the City's basic services are considered to be governmental activities, including general government, community development, public safety, public works and administration. These services are supported by general City revenues such as taxes and by specific program revenues such as developer fees.
- ♦ Business-type activities All the City's enterprise activities are reported here, including Water and Sewer. Unlike governmental services, these services are supported by charges paid by users based on the amount of the service they use.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the Government-wide Financial Statements. However, unlike the Government-wide Financial Statements, Governmental Fund Financial Statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

OVERVIEW OF THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT, Continued

Fund Financial Statements, Continued

Because the focus of the Governmental Fund Financial Statements is narrower than that of the Government-wide Financial Statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the Government-wide Financial Statement. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financial decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. The Governmental Fund Financial Statements provide detailed information about each of the City's most significant funds, called major funds. The concept of major funds, and the determination of which are major funds, was established by GASB Statement No. 34 and replaces the concept of combining like funds and presenting them as one total. Instead, each major fund is presented individually, with all nonmajor funds summarized and presented only in a single column. Subordinate schedules present the detail of these nonmajor funds. Major funds present the major activities of the City for the year, and may change from year to year as a result of changes in the pattern of the City's activities.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the City's major funds are as follows:

Governmental Funds:

- ♦ General Fund
- ♦ HOME Grant 2018 Special Revenue Fund
- ♦ 2017 Storm Capital Projects

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the City adopted annual appropriated budgets for all funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for the general fund and major governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget and may be found on pages 34-35.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains Enterprise-type and Internal Service proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the Government-wide Financial Statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for Water and Sewer activities. Internal service funds are an accounting methodology used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its building maintenance, information technology assets, and its fleet of vehicles.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

OVERVIEW OF THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT, Continued

Fund Financial Statements, Continued

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the Government-wide Financial Statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for all of these operations.

Proprietary Funds:

- Water Enterprise Fund
- ♦ Sewer Enterprise Fund

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 48–97 of this report. Required Supplementary Information follows the notes on page 99.

Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented on pages 104-139 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$25,628,881 as of June 30, 2020. The following table represents a comparative analysis of the net position of governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019.

Summary of Net Position

		2020		2019					
	Govern- mental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total	Govern- mental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total			
Current and other assets	\$ 11,160,560	\$ 8,863,520	\$ 20,024,080	\$ 11,992,440	\$ 8,851,040	\$ 20,843,480			
Capital assets	15,863,787	25,576,279	41,440,066	13,384,758	24,712,681	38,097,439			
Total assets	27,024,347	34,439,799	61,464,146	25,377,198	33,563,721	58,940,919			
Deferred outflows of resources	1,494,458	603,195	2,097,653	1,178,639	381,319	1,559,958			
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	28,518,805	35,042,994	63,561,799	26,555,837	33,945,040	60,500,877			
Current and other liabilities	814,037	1,247,854	2,061,891	944,415	1,230,612	2,175,027			
Long-term liabilities	12,660,998	22,184,153	34,845,151	11,457,733	22,289,595	33,747,328			
Total liabilities	13,475,035	23,432,007	36,907,042	12,402,148	23,520,207	35,922,355			
Deferred inflows of resources Total liabilities and deferred inflows of	732,204	293,672	1,025,876	875,008	380,818	1,255,826			
resources	14,207,239	23,725,679	37,932,918	13,277,156	23,901,025	37,178,181			
Net position: Net investment in									
Capital Assets	12,382,072	8,647,680	21,029,752	13,384,758	7,149,800	20,534,558			
Restricted	1,180,096	813,470	1,993,566	1,040,845	784,742	1,825,587			
Unrestricted (deficit)	749,398	1,856,165	2,605,563	(1,146,922)	2,109,473	962,551			
Total net position	\$ 14,311,566	\$ 11,317,315	\$ 25,628,881	\$ 13,278,681	\$ 10,044,015	\$ 23,322,696			

Overall, total Net Position increased by approximately \$2.3 million. With most balances remaining relatively stable over the prior year, this increase was mostly a result of continued investment in capital assets.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

The change in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020, and 2019, follows:

Changes in Net Position

	2020				2019						
		Govern-		Business-			Govern-		Business-		,
		mental		type			mental		type		
		Activities		Activities	Total		Activities		Activities		Total
Revenues:											
Program revenues:											
Charges for services	\$	113,396	\$	6,574,753	\$ 6,688,149	\$	79,384	\$	5,125,316	\$	5,204,700
Grants and contributions:											
Operating		3,293,293		-	3,293,293		3,452,149		-		3,452,149
Capital		685,283		-	685,283		530,770		-		530,770
General revenues:											
Sales taxes		3,567,487		-	3,567,487		3,751,230		-		3,751,230
Property taxes		1,105,592		342,085	1,447,677		869,506		290,086		1,159,592
Transient and other taxes		161,535		-	161,535		197,785		-		197,785
Licenses and franchises		585,981		-	585,981		520,443		-		520,443
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		-		-	-		27,107		-		27,107
Use of money and property		162,230		136,846	299,076		146,691		125,160		271,851
Other revenues		41,325		-	41,325		934,749		-		934,749
Total revenues		9,716,122		7,053,684	16,769,806		10,509,814		5,540,562		16,050,376
Expenses:											
Governmental activities:											
General government		2,506,522		-	2,506,522		1,217,094		-		1,217,094
Community development		510,022		-	510,022		319,286		-		319,286
Roads and infrastructure		1,337,372		-	1,337,372		1,221,717		-		1,221,717
Housing and support programs		1,533,497		-	1,533,497		2,750,724		-		2,750,724
Economic development		164,999		-	164,999		97,186		-		97,186
Public safety		2,179,650		-	2,179,650		2,042,734		-		2,042,734
Parks, buildings, and grounds		331,588		-	331,588		704,434				704,434
Interest and fiscal charges		119,587		-	119,587		142,559		-		142,559
Business-type activities:							-				
Water		-		2,432,471	2,432,471		-		2,261,177		2,261,177
Sewer		-		3,347,913	3,347,913		-		3,142,170		3,142,170
Total expenses		8,683,237		5,780,384	14,463,621		8,495,734		5,403,347		13,899,081
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over											
expenditures before transfers		1,032,885		1,273,300	2,306,185		2,014,080		137,215		2,151,295
Net position:											
Beginning of year		13,278,681		10,044,015	 23,322,696		11,264,601		9,906,800		21,171,401
End of year	\$	14,311,566	\$	11,317,315	\$ 25,628,881	\$	13,278,681	\$	10,044,015	\$	23,322,696

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Revenues

The City's total revenues for governmental and business-type activities were \$16,769,806 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, which represents a 4% increase over the previous fiscal year. Significant revenues for the City for fiscal year 2019/20 were derived from charges for services (40%) operating grants and contributions (19%), sales and use tax (21%) and property tax (10%).

Following is a discussion of variances in key revenues from the prior fiscal year:

- 1. Charges for Services. Charges for Services increased approximately 28%. While the normal charges for services consisting entirely of usage of water, sewer and solid waste remained consistent comparted to the prior year, the city collected significant AB1600 expansion fees in enterprise funds for the development of low-income housing projects on Martin St.
- 2. Grants and Contributions. Annual receipts totaled approximately \$3.8 million as the City received a large HOME grant for the development of low-income housing and a Proposition 68 Parks and Recreation Grant for the construction of a new park in Lakeport.
- 3. Sales and Use Tax. Sales and use taxes decreased by \$184k or 5%. This reduction is a direct result of shelter-in-place orders issued by the state and local health officers in response to the COVID-19 global pandemic.
- **4. Property Tax.** Property taxes increased relatively significantly. We believe this is a result of a strong housing market and recent development.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Expenses

Governmental and business-type activity expenses of the City for the year totaled \$14,463,621 which represents a 4% increase over the previous fiscal year. Governmental activity expenses totaled \$8,683,291 or 60% of total expenses. Of the governmental actives the most significant categories were represented by general government (28%), followed by public safety (25%), housing and support program costs (17%) and roads and infrastructure (15%). Business-type activities incurred \$5,780,384 of expenses during the fiscal year or 40% of the total City expenses.

Following is a discussion of significant variances in key expense categories from the prior fiscal year:

- 1. General Government. Expenditures in this category more than doubled over the prior year. This is a result of a \$1 million increase in the general government related portion of OPEB liability which was recognized in a single year due to the liabilities sensitivity to changes in assumptions. This increase is expected to be isolated and is not anticipated in the coming years.
- **2.** Housing and support programs. The City incurred an additional \$1.5 million in 2019/20 for costs associated with the construction of a new low-income housing apartment complex.
- **3. Public Safety**. Expenses increased \$137k or 7% as a result of increases to personnel related costs.
- **4. Roads and infrastructure**. Expenses remained relatively stable as a result of increased commitment to street repair and improvement projects to achieve the community goal of improving the City's streets and roads.
- **5. Water Enterprise.** Expenses increased \$171k or 8% due to increases to personnel and pension related costs.
- **6. Sewer Enterprise.** Expenses increased \$205k or 7% due to increases to personnel and pension related costs.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Governmental Activities

The following table shows the cost of each of the City's major programs and the net cost of the programs. Net cost is the total cost less fees and other direct revenue generated by the activities. The net cost reflects the financial burden that was placed on the City's taxpayers by each of the programs. The total cost of services and the net cost of services for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020, and 2019, are as follows:

	20)20	2019				
	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services			
	Of 3etvices	OI SELVICES	OI Services	OI DEI VICES			
General government	\$ 2,506,522	\$ (1,401,385)	\$ 1,217,094	\$ (670,132)			
Community development	510,022	(457,781)	319,286	(268,872)			
Roads and infrastructure	1,337,372	(1,091,743)	1,221,717	(544,314)			
Housing and support programs	1,533,497	338,825	2,750,724	(16,256)			
Economic development	164,999	(82,441)	97,186	(76,271)			
Public safety	2,179,650	(2,130,848)	2,042,734	(2,010,593)			
Parks, buildings, and grounds	331,588	353,695	704,434	(704,434)			
Interest and fiscal charges	119,587	(119,587)	142,559	(142,559)			
Total	\$ 8,683,237	\$ (4,591,265)	\$ 8,495,734	\$ (4,433,431)			

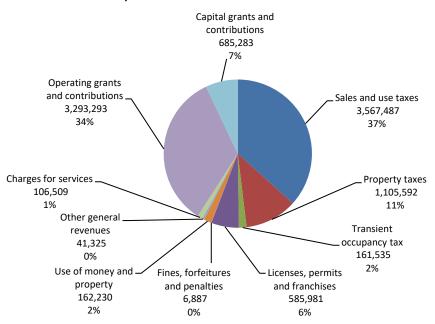
Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

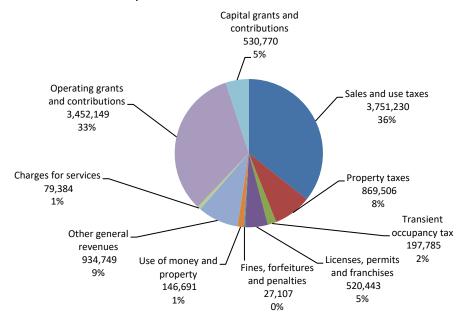
Governmental Activities, Continued

Revenues by source for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020, and 2019, are as follows:

Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities 2020



Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities 2019



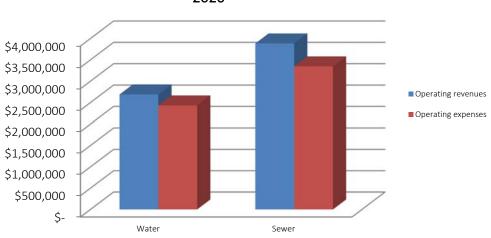
Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

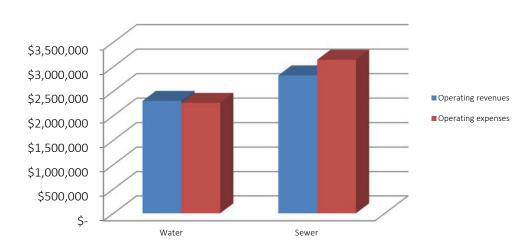
Business-type Activities

Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$1,273,300. The City has two business-type activities: Water and Sewer. While both activities generated positive changes in net position the changes were marginal with no specific significant items.

Operating Revenues and Expenses
Business-type Activities
2020



Operating Revenues and Expenses
Business-type Activities
2019

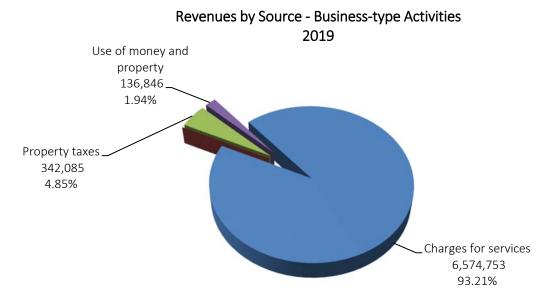


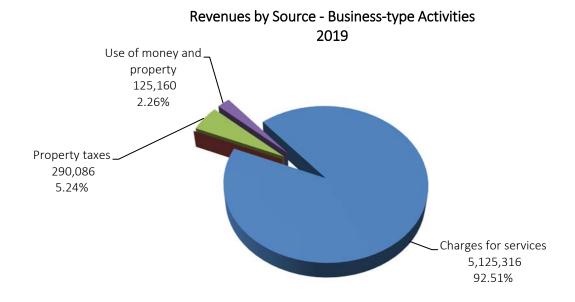
Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Business-type Activities, Continued

The revenues by source for the business-type activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020, and 2019, are as follows:





Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

The City of Lakeport uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The fund financial statements focus on individual parts of the City government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements.

Governmental funds. The City's governmental funds provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spending resources. At the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$10,670,985. This is a decrease of \$513k from last year. The decrease is a result on the completion of capital projects.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, General Fund unassigned and assigned fund balance totaled \$5,365,088.

Proprietary funds. Further detail on the change in net position may be found in the section titled **Business-type Activities** on page 13.

Budgetary Highlights

General Fund

The difference between the final budget and actual revenues differs favorably by \$1.7 million. Expenditures were held below budget by \$1.2 million with savings across nearly all categories. Most notably public works and public safety. The savings for public safety were primarily the result of the departments inability to fill open positions. The savings for public works was a result of capital projects that were not completed as anticipated.

City of Lakeport, California Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the year ended June 30, 2020

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Capital Assets

	 Governmen	tal A	al Activities Business-type Activities					То	Totals		
	2020		2019		2020		2019		2020		2019
Land	\$ 2,498,113	\$	1,769,145	\$	2,475,403	\$	2,475,403	\$	4,973,516	\$	4,244,548
Construction in progress	270,259		475,750		131,159		1,820,865		401,418		2,296,615
Buildings and improvements	4,483,297		4,654,217		8,403,455		8,724,314		12,886,752		13,378,531
Improvements	8,074,801		5,898,247		13,543,895		10,701,124		21,618,696		16,599,371
Vehicles and equipment	537,317		587,399		1,022,367		990,975		1,559,684		1,578,374
Total	\$ 15,863,787	\$	13,384,758	\$	25,576,279	\$	24,712,681	\$	41,440,066	\$	38,097,439

Significant increases to Capital Assets are primarily Improvements for energy efficiency projects including solar at various City owned facilities. More detail of the capital assets and current activity can be found in the notes to the financial statements on Page 54 for significant accounting policies and Note 5 on Page 67 for other capital asset information.

Debt Administration

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City did not issue any new debt.

Economic Outlook

At the time of budget preparation for FY 2009/20, the economic outlook for the City continued to be stable. The General Fund Budget for FY 2009/20 of approximately \$6 million was adopted in June of 2019. In March of 2020 that narrative changed. The economic uncertainties created as result of shelter-in-place orders issued by the state and local health officers in response to the COVID-19 global pandemic have changed the narrative. While revenues are not being impacted as negatively as we expected it is difficult to plan with the current amount of uncertainty that exists in the current economic environment. The FY 2020/21 budget continues the practice of conservative revenue estimates, especially in the General Fund. Overall, the FY 2020/21

City of Lakeport, California Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the year ended June 30, 2020

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, creditors and government regulators with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. Additional information may be found on our website at www.cityoflakeport.com. Below is the contact address for questions about the report or requests for additional financial information.

City of Lakeport Finance Department 225 Park Street Lakeport, CA 95453



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Government-	Wide Fina	incial Statem	ents

The Statement of Net Position reports the difference between the City's total assets and the City's total liabilities, including all the City's capital assets and all its long-term debt. The Statement of Net Position summarizes the financial position of all City Governmental Activities in a single column, and the financial position of all the City's Business-Type Activities in a single column; these are followed by a total column which presents the financial position of the entire City.

The City's Governmental Activities include the activities of its General Fund, along with all of its Special Revenue, Capital Projects and Debt Service Funds. The City's Business-Type Activities include all of its Enterprise Fund activities.

The Statement of Activities reports increases and decreases in the City's net position. It presents the City's expenses first, listed by program, and follows these with the expenses of its business-type activities. Program revenues—that is, revenues which are generated directly by these programs—are then deducted from program expenses to arrive at the net expense of each governmental and business-type program. The City's general revenues are then listed in the Governmental Activities or Business-type Activities column, as appropriate, and the Change in Net Position is computed and reconciled with the Statement of Net Position.

Both these Statements include the financial activities of the City and the City of Lakeport Municipal Sewer District, which are legally separate but are component units of the City because they are controlled by the City, which is financially accountable for their activities.

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City of Lakeport, California Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

		rnmental ctivities		siness-type Activities		Total
ASSETS	<u> </u>				<u> </u>	
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Receivables:	\$	6,300,088 22,588	\$	7,813,652 69,502	\$	14,113,740 92,090
Accounts Loans/Notes receivable		2,176,293		847,918		3,024,211
Total current assets		2,661,591 11,160,560	1	132,448 8,863,520		2,794,039 20,024,080
Capital assets:		11,100,500		0,003,320		20,024,000
Nondepreciable		2,244,895		2,606,562		4,851,457
Depreciable		13,618,892		22,969,717		36,588,609
Total noncurrent assets		15,863,787	'	25,576,279		41,440,066
Total assets		27,024,347		34,439,799		61,464,146
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension plan		1,398,132		563,850		1,961,982
OPEB		96,326		39,345		135,671
Total deferred outflows of resources		1,494,458		603,195		2,097,653
Total assets and deferred outflows	\$	28,518,805	\$	35,042,994	\$	63,561,799
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		455,742		238,670		694,412
Other liabilities		11,374		130,928		142,302
Deposits payable		-		67,548		67,548
Unearned revenue		22,459		-		22,459
Compensated absences - current portion Due within one year		178,670		69,400		248,070
Total current liabilities	-	145,792 814,037		741,308 1,247,854	-	887,100 2,061,891
		011,037	-	1,2 17,03 1		2,001,031
Long-term liabilities: Compensated absences		156,454		122,198		278,652
Due after one year		3,335,923		16,985,373		20,321,296
Net OPEB liability		4,895,847		1,999,712		6,895,559
Net pension liability		4,272,774		3,076,870		7,349,644
Total noncurrent liabilities		12,660,998	-	22,184,153	-	34,845,151
Total liabilities		13,475,035		23,432,007		36,907,042
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension Plan		732,204		293,672		1,025,876
Total deferred inflows of resources		732,204		293,672		1,025,876
NET POSITION	-	_				
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:		12,382,072		8,647,680		21,029,752
Law enforcement		162,456		-		162,456
Housing programs		356,148		-		356,148
Transportation infrastructure		661,492		-		661,492
Debt service		-		373,231		373,231
Assessment district Depreciation reserve		-		345,338		345,338
Unrestricted (deficit)		- 749,398		94,901 1,856,165		94,901 2,605,563
Total net position	-				-	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position	Ċ	14,311,566	\$	11,317,315	Ċ	25,628,881
rotar nabilities, deferred inflows and fiet position	Ş	28,518,805	Ş	35,042,994	\$	63,561,799

City of Lakeport, California Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2020

					Prog	ram Revenues		
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services		(Operating Grants and Ontributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	
Primary government:	,							
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$	2,506,522	\$	-	\$	1,105,137	\$	-
Community development		510,022		52,203		38		-
Roads and infrastructure		1,337,372		54,306		191,323		-
Housing and support programs		1,533,497		-		1,872,322		-
Economic development		164,999		-		82,558		-
Public safety		2,179,650		6,887		41,915		-
Parks, buildings and grounds		331,588		-		-		685,283
Interest and fiscal charges		119,587		_		_		_
Total governmental activities		8,683,237		113,396		3,293,293		685,283
Business-type activities:								
Water		2,432,471		2,690,003		-		-
Sewer		3,347,913		3,884,750		_		-
Total business-type activities		5,780,384		6,574,753		-		-
Total primary government	\$	14,463,621	\$	6,688,149	\$	3,293,293	\$	685,283

General revenues:

Taxes:

Sales and use taxes

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Transient occupancy tax, levied for general purposes

Licenses, permits and franchises

Use of money and property

Other general revenues

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position:

Beginning of year

End of year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Totals
\$ (1,401,385) (457,781) (1,091,743) 338,825 (82,441) (2,130,848) 353,695 (119,587)	\$ - - -	\$ (1,401,385) (457,781) (1,091,743) 338,825 (82,441) (2,130,848) 353,695 (119,587)
(4,591,265)		(4,591,265)
- - (4,591,265)	257,532 536,837 794,369 794,369	257,532 536,837 794,369 (3,796,896)
3,567,487 1,105,592 161,535 585,981 162,230 41,325 5,624,150 1,032,885	342,085 - - 136,846 - 478,931 1,273,300	3,567,487 1,447,677 161,535 585,981 299,076 41,325 6,103,081 2,306,185
13,278,681 \$ 14,311,566	10,044,015 \$ 11,317,315	23,322,696 \$ 25,628,881

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FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MAJOR FUNDS

Fund	<u>Description</u>
General Fund	The General Fund is used for all the general revenues of the City not specifically levied or collected for other City funds and the related expenditures. The major revenue sources for this fund are property taxes, sales taxes, franchise fees, business licenses, unrestricted revenues from the state, fines and forfeitures, and interest income. Expenditures are made for community development, public safety, public works, and other services.
HOME Grant 2017 Special Revenue	Fund to track HOME grant funding and expenditures for the construction of a 26 unit low income family housing complex.
2017 Storm Capital Projects	Accounts for capital projects resulting from the 2017 Winter storms which were declared a federal disaster.

City of Lakeport, California Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

			Major Fi	unds			
	General Fund		HOME Grant 2017 Special Revenue		2017 Storm Capital Projects		
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$	3,502,822	\$	-	\$	1,347,871	
Restricted cash and investments		22,588		-		-	
Receivables:							
Intergovernmental		160,000		-		-	
Loans/Notes receivable		-		-		-	
Other receivable		1,027,412		-		-	
Due from other funds		992,202		-		-	
Advances to other funds		289,481					
Total assets	\$	5,994,505	\$		\$	1,347,871	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	295,716	\$	_	\$	97,063	
Due to other funds		-	•	_	•	-	
Interest payable		11,374		_		-	
Unearned revenue		22,459		-		-	
Advances from other funds		-		-		-	
Total liabilities		329,549		-		97,063	
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable							
Advances to other funds		289,481		-		-	
Loans/Notes receivable		-		-		-	
Restricted		40.007					
Law enforcement		10,387		-		=	
Housing programs		-		-		-	
Transportation infrastructure		-		-		-	
Assigned Capital projects		2,000,000		-		1,250,808	
General reserves		1,199,455		_		1,230,606	
Housing and community programs		-,,		_		_	
Debt service reserve		111,000		_		_	
Unassigned (deficit)		2,054,633		_		-	
Total fund balances		5,664,956				1,250,808	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	5,994,505	\$	-	\$	1,347,871	

_	Nonmajor vernmental Funds		Totals
	Turius		TOtals
\$	1,449,395	\$	6,300,088 22,588
	988,881 2,661,591 - - -		1,148,881 2,661,591 1,027,412 992,202 289,481
\$	5,099,867	\$	12,442,243
\$	62,963	\$	455,742
Υ	992,202	Y	992,202
	-		11,374
	-		22,459
	289,481		289,481
	1,344,646		1,771,258
	- 2,661,591		289,481 2,661,591
	152,069		162,456
	356,148		356,148
	661,492		661,492
	136,831 -		3,387,639 1,199,455
	11,478		11,478 111,000
	(224,388)		1,830,245
	3,755,221		10,670,985
\$	5,099,867	\$	12,442,243

City of Lakeport, California Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

Total fund balances - total governmental funds			\$ 10,670,985
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	•		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.			15,863,787
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. Compensated absences Pension obligation bonds	\$	(335,124) (3,481,715)	
Net OPEB liability Net pension liability		(4,895,847) (4,272,774)	(12,985,460)
Pension obligations result in deferred outflows and inflows of resouces associated with the actuarial value of contributions, assets, and liaiblities			
Deferred outflows - pensions Deferred inflows - pensions		1,398,132 (732,204)	762,254
Net Position of governmental activities			\$ 14,311,566

City of Lakeport, California Reconciliation of Fund Basis Balance Sheet to Government-wide Statement of Net Position Governmental Activities June 30, 2020

	Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	Reclassifications	Changes in GAAP	Internal Services Balances	Statement of Net Position
ASSETS	Datatice Street	Neclassifications	III GAAF	Datatices	Net Fosition
Current assets:					
Cash and investments	\$ 6,300,088	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,300,088
Restricted cash and investments Receivables:	22,588	-	-	-	22,588
Intergovernmental	1,148,881	_	_	_	1,148,881
Other receivable	1,027,412	_	_	_	1,027,412
Loans/Notes receivable	2,661,591	_	_	_	2,661,591
Due from other funds	992,202	(992,202)	_	_	2,001,001
Advances to other funds	289,481	(289,481)	_	_	_
Total current assets	12,442,243	(1,281,683)			11,160,560
Noncurrent assets:	12,112,213	(1,201,003)			11,100,500
Capital assets, net	_	_	15,863,787		15,863,787
Total noncurrent assets			15,863,787		15,863,787
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			13,003,707		13,003,707
Pension plan	_	_	1,398,132	_	1,398,132
OPEB	_	_	96,326	_	96,326
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 12.442.243	\$ (1,281,683)	\$ 17,358,245	\$ -	\$ 28.518.805
LIADULTIC			, , ,		
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:	4	4			
Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$ 455,742	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 455,742
	992,202	(992,202)	-	-	-
Advances from other funds	289,481	(289,481)	-	-	-
Unearned revenue	22,459	-	-	-	22,459
Compensated absences - current portion	-	-	178,670	-	178,670
Due within one year			145,792		145,792
Total current liabilities	1,771,258	(1,281,683)	324,462		814,037
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Long-term liabilities:			456.454		456.454
Compensated absences Lease payable	-	-	156,454	-	156,454
• •	-	-		-	
Due after one year	-	-	3,335,923	-	3,335,923
Net OPEB liability	-	-	4,895,847	-	4,895,847
Net pension liability			4,272,774		4,272,774
Total noncurrent liabilities			12,660,998		12,660,998
Total liabilities	1,771,258	(1,281,683)	12,985,460		13,475,035
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenue	-	-	-	-	-
Pension Plan			732,204		732,204
Total liabities and deferred inflows:	1,771,258	(1,281,683)	13,717,664		14,207,239
FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION					
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable	2,951,072	(2,951,072)	-	-	-
Restricted	1,180,096	(1,180,096)	-	-	-
Committed	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned	4,709,572	(4,709,572)	-	-	-
Unassigned (deficit)	1,830,245	(1,830,245)	-	-	-
Net position:					-
Net investment in capital assets	-	-	12,382,072	-	12,382,072
Restricted	-	-	1,180,096	-	1,180,096
Unrestricted		10,670,985	(9,921,587)		749,398
Total fund balances/net position	10,670,985		3,640,581		14,311,566
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position	\$ 12,442,243	\$ (1,281,683)	\$ 17,358,245	\$ -	\$ 28,518,805

City of Lakeport, California Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2020

		Major Funds			
	General Fund	HOME Grant 2017 Spcial Revenue	2017 Storm Capital Projects	Other Governmental Funds	Totals
REVENUES:					
Taxes:					
Sales	\$ 3,567,487	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,567,487
Property	1,105,592	=	-	-	1,105,592
Transient occupancy	161,535	-	-	-	161,535
Business license	76,976	-	-	-	76,976
Licenses, permits and franchises	509,005	=	-	=	509,005
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	6,887	-	_	-	6,887
Intergovernmental	1,105,137	1,554,860	77,578	1,241,001	3,978,576
Use of money and property	130,686	-		31,544	162,230
Charges for services	106,509	_	_	51,511	106,509
Other revenues	35,346	_	5,979	_	41,325
Total revenues	6,805,160	1,554,860	83,557	1,272,545	9,716,122
Total revenues	0,803,100	1,334,800	65,337	1,272,343	9,710,122
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General government:					
Council	86,771	-	-	-	86,771
Administration	405,898	=	-	=	405,898
Attorney	165,080	=	-	-	165,080
Finance and information technology	255,376	-	-	-	255,376
Non-departmental	247,142	-	-	-	247,142
Community development:					
Planning	233,075	-	-	-	233,075
Building	276,947	-	-	-	276,947
Roads and infrastructure:					
Public works	993,795	-	47,223	85,405	1,126,423
Engineering	129,084	-	, <u> </u>	, -	129,084
Housing and support programs	, -	1,500,765	_	32,732	1,533,497
Economic development	100,398	-	_	64,601	164,999
Public safety	2,070,477	_	_	294	2,070,771
Parks, buildings and grounds	249,757	_	_	234	249,757
	390,733		1,391,446	1,247,663	3,029,842
Capital outlay	330,733	-	1,391,440	1,247,003	3,023,042
Debt service:	125 172				125 172
Principal	135,172	-	-	-	135,172
Interest and fiscal charges	119,401	· 			119,401
Total expenditures	5,859,106	1,500,765	1,438,669	1,430,695	10,229,235
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)					
EXPENDITURES	946,054	54,095	(1,355,112)	(158,150)	(513,113)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Issuance of debt	_	_	-	-	-
Transfers in	265,810	=	_	295,000	560,810
Transfers out		(55,499)		(505,311)	(560,810)
Total other financing sources (uses)	265,810	(55,499)	-	(210,311)	-
Net change in fund balances	1,211,864	(1,404)	(1,355,112)	(368,461)	(513,113
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):					
Beginning of year	4,453,092	1,404	2,605,920	4,123,682	11,184,098
End of year	\$ 5,664,956	\$ -	\$ 1,250,808	\$ 3,755,221	\$ 10,670,985
,		<u> </u>		, -,,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

City of Lakeport, California Reconciliation of Fund Basis Statements to Government-wide Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2020

		C	Compensated			Capital				_	
	Fund Based		Absences/			Asset	0050			G	overnment-
Functions/Programs	Totals		Debt Service	Depreciation		(Additions)/ Retirements	OPEB Obligation	Dor	nsion Plan		wide Totals
Functions/Flograms	- Totals		Service	Depreciation		Retirements	Obligation	rei	ISIOII FIAII		Totals
Governmental activities:											
General government	\$ 1,160,267	\$	34,857	\$ 278,238	Ş	-	\$ 1,026,144	\$	7,016	\$	2,506,522
Community development	510,022		-	-		-	-		-		510,022
Roads and infrastructure	1,255,507		-	80,537		1,328	-		-		1,337,372
Housing and support programs	1,533,497		-	-		-	-		-		1,533,497
Economic development	164,999		-	-		-	-		-		164,999
Public safety	2,070,771		-	108,879		-	-		-		2,179,650
Parks, buildings and grounds	249,757		-	81,831		-	-		-		331,588
Capital outlay	3,029,842		-	-		(3,029,842)	-		-		-
Debt service/Interest	254,573		(134,986)	-		=	-		-		119,587
Total governmental activities	\$ 10,229,235	\$	(100,129)	\$ 549,485	Ç	(3,028,514)	\$ 1,026,144	\$	7,016	\$	8,683,237

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City of Lakeport, California

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2020

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (513,113)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the		
Capital asset purchases capitalized Depreciation expense	\$ 3,028,514 (549,485)	2,479,029
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.		
Pension obligation bonds	 134,986	134,986
Certain employee benefit obligations are recorded on a pay-as-you-go basis in the governmental funds, but are accrued as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position:		
Net OPEB liability Net Pension liability	 (1,026,144) (7,016)	(1,033,160)
Change in Net Position of governmental activities		\$ 1,032,885

City of Lakeport, California Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual - General and Major Special Revenue Funds For the year ended June 30, 2020

	General Fund					
				Variance w/Final		
	Budgeted Amounts			Positive		
DEVENUES	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
REVENUES:						
Taxes:	2 620 000	2 620 000	2 5 6 7 4 9 7	ć (62.512)		
Sales	3,630,000	3,630,000	3,567,487	\$ (62,513)		
Property	942,250	942,250	1,105,592	163,342		
Transient occupancy	160,000	160,000	161,535	1,535		
Business license	95,000	95,000	76,976	(18,024		
Licenses, permits and franchises	279,250	279,250	509,005	229,755		
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	15,500	15,500	6,887	(8,613		
Intergovernmental	374,500	644,267	1,105,137	460,870		
Use of money and property	161,000	161,000	130,686	(30,314		
Charges for services	74,510	74,510	106,509	31,999		
Other revenues	175,994	175,994	35,346	(140,648)		
Total revenues	5,908,004	6,177,771	6,805,160	627,389		
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government:						
Council	103,986	103,986	86,771	17,215		
Administration	442,834	442,834	405,898	36,936		
Attorney	58,000	106,000	165,080	(59,080		
Finance and information technology	266,010	266,010	255,376	10,634		
Non-departmental	199,200	199,200	247,142	(47,942		
Community development:						
Planning	278,507	278,507	233,075	45,432		
Building	161,537	161,537	276,947	(115,410		
Roads and infrastructure:						
Public works	1,463,573	1,733,340	993,795	739,545		
Engineering	127,693	127,693	129,084	(1,391		
Housing and support programs	-	-	, -	-		
Economic development	108,000	108,000	100,398	7,602		
Public safety	2,396,439	2,396,439	2,070,477	325,962		
Parks, buildings and grounds	420,299	524,353	249,757	274,596		
Capital outlay	-	-	390,733	(390,733		
Debt service:			550,755	(555), 55		
Principal	137,033	137,033	135,172	1,861		
Interest and fiscal charges	86,625	124,132	119,401	4,731		
Total expenditures	6,249,736	6,709,064	5,859,106	849,958		
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)	(244.722)	(521 202)	046.054	1 477 247		
EXPENDITURES	(341,732)	(531,293)	946,054	1,477,347		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in	29,500	29,500	265,810	236,310		
Transfers out						
Total other financing sources (uses)	29,500	29,500	265,810	236,310		
Net change in fund balances	(312,232)	(501,793)	1,211,864	1,713,657		
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):						
Beginning of year	4,453,092	4,453,092	4,453,092			
End of year	\$ 4,140,860	\$ 3,951,299	\$ 5,664,956	\$ 1,713,657		

	2017 Storm Capital Projects					HOME Grant 2017 Special Revenue				
/ariance w/Final					ariance w/Final					
Positive		Budgeted Amounts			Positive		•	Amounts		
(Negative)	Actual		Final	Original	(Negative)		Actual	Final	Original	
	- 9	\$	\$ -	\$ -	-	-	\$ -	\$ -	-	
	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
- -	-		-	-	-	_	-	-	-	
	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
77,578	77,578		-	-	1,554,860	0	1,554,860	-	-	
-	-		-	-	-	_	-	-	-	
5,979	5,979		-	-	-	_	-	-	_	
83,557	83,557				1,554,860	0	1,554,860			
03,337	03,337				1,554,000		1,334,000			
	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	-		-	-	-	_	-	-	_	
-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2,452,777	47,223		2,500,000	2,500,000	-	_	-	-	-	
	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
•	-		-	-	-	_	-	-	-	
	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(1,391,446	1,391,446				-	-	-	-	-	
	-		-	-	-			-	-	
-	-		-							
1,061,331	1,438,669		2,500,000	2,500,000			-			
(977,774	1,355,112))	(2,500,000)	(2,500,000)	1,554,860	0	1,554,860			
	_		-	_	-	_	-	-	_	
					-					
(977,774	- 1,355,112)		(2,500,000)	(2,500,000)	1,554,860	-	1,554,860	-		
(3/7,//-	-,,++-,	,	(2,500,000)	(2,300,000)	1,007,000		1,557,000			
	2,605,920				<u>-</u>		1,404	1,404	1,404	
(977,774	1,250,808) \$	\$ (2,500,000)	\$ (2,500,000)	1,554,860	4	\$ 1,556,264	\$ 1,404	1,404	

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PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds account for City operations financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise. The intent of the City is that the cost of providing goods and services be financed primarily through user charges.

The City maintains two enterprise funds: water and sewer described as follows:

Fund	Description
Major Funds:	
Water Enterprise Fund	Chapter 13.04 of the Lakeport Municipal Code provides the authority for City to operate water system. Revenues (fees and charges) are collected to pay for service (water) received.
Sewer Enterprise Fund	Chapter 13.20 of the Lakeport Municipal Code provides the authority for the City to operate sewer system. Revenues (fees and charges) are collected to pay for availability of collection, transportation, treatment, and disposal system. In addition, grazing lease payments, LACOSAN payments for flows, tax revenues, FEMA storm damage reimbursement, OES storm damage reimbursement, and insurance rebates have been credited to this fund.

City of Lakeport, California Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2020

	Water	Sewer	Totals
ASSETS	- Water		Totals
Current assets:			
Cash and investments	\$ 1,591,443	\$ 6,222,209	7,813,652
Restricted cash and investments	15,831	53,671	69,502
Receivables:	,	,	,
Accounts, net of uncollectibles	363,446	484,472	847,918
Total current assets	1,970,720	6,760,352	8,731,072
Noncurrent assets:			
Notes receivable	41,059	91,389	132,448
Capital assets not being depreciated:			
Land	740,170	1,735,233	2,475,403
Construction in progress	, -	131,159	131,159
Capital assets being depreciated:			
Buildings and improvements	12,929,618	29,294,529	42,224,147
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	503,158	1,656,114	2,159,272
Less: Accumulated depreciation	,		
Total noncurrent assets	(4,714,083)	(16,699,619)	(21,413,702)
Total Assets	9,499,922	16,208,805	25,708,727
lotal Assets	11,470,642	22,969,157	34,439,799
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension plan	291,278	272,572	563,850
OPEB	18,994	20,351	39,345
Total assets and defered outflows of resources	\$ 11,780,914	\$ 23,262,080	\$ 35,042,994
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 51,867	\$ 186,803	\$ 238,670
Interest payable	52,206	78,722	130,928
Deposits payable	67,188	360	67,548
Compensated absences - current portion	34,900	34,500	69,400
Pension obligation bonds - current portion	36,104	36,104	72,208
Due within one year	191,100	478,000	669,100
Total current liabilities	433,365	814,489	1,247,854
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Compensated absences	67,755	54,443	122,198
Pension obligation bonds	362,938	362,936	725,874
Due after one year	5,904,165	10,355,334	16,259,499
Net pension liability	1,435,796	1,641,074	3,076,870
Net OPEB liability	965,378	1,034,334	1,999,712
Total noncurrent liabilities	8,736,032	13,448,121	22,184,153
Total liabilities	9,169,397	14,262,610	23,432,007
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension Plan	143,471	150,201	293,672
Total deferred inflows of resources	143,471	150,201	293,672
			230,072
NET POSITION Net Position:			
Net investment in capital assets	2 262 500	F 204 002	0.647.600
Restricted for debt service	3,363,598	5,284,082	8,647,680
	142,231	231,000	373,231
Restricted for assessment district	-	345,338	345,338
Restricted depreciation reserve	26,469	68,432	94,901
Unrestricted (deficit)	(1,064,252)	2,920,417	1,856,165
Total net position	2,468,046	8,849,269	11,317,315
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position	\$ 11,780,914	\$ 23,262,080	\$ 35,042,994

City of Lakeport, California Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the year ended June 30, 2020

ODED ATIMO DEVENIUES	Water	Sewer	Totals
OPERATING REVENUES:	\$ 2,685,545	2 004 750	¢
Charges for service Other operating revenue	, ,	3,884,750	\$ 6,570,295
Total operating revenues	<u>4,458</u>	3,884,750	4,458 6,574,753
Total operating revenues	2,030,003	3,884,730	0,374,733
OPERATING EXPENSES:			
Personnel services	1,179,820	1,161,132	2,340,952
Materials, services and supplies	662,363	926,996	1,589,359
Depreciation	414,212	941,873	1,356,085
Total operating expenses	2,256,395	3,030,001	5,286,396
OPERATING INCOME	433,608	854,749	1,288,357
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):			
Property taxes and special assessments	-	342,085	342,085
Investment revenue	9,410	97,436	106,846
Lease revenue	, -	30,000	30,000
Interest and fiscal charges expense	(176,076)	(317,912)	(493,988)
Total non-operating revenues, net	(166,666)	151,609	(15,057)
NET INCOME BEFORE TRANSFERS	266,942	1,006,358	1,273,300
Transfers in	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	-	-
Total transfers	-	-	-
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	266,942	1,006,358	1,273,300
NET POSITION:			
Beginning of year	2,201,104	7,842,911	10,044,015
End of year	\$ 2,468,046 \$	8,849,269	\$ 11,317,315

		Water		Sewer		Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Cash received from customers/users for services provided	\$	2,675,680	\$	3,857,342	\$	6,533,022
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(766,073)		(941,406)		(1,707,479)
Cash payments to employees for services		(1,189,754)		(1,191,240)		(2,380,994)
Net cash provided by operating activities		719,853		1,724,696		2,444,549
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Property taxes and assessments received		=		342,085		342,085
Changes in net pension obligation		2,419		2,661		5,080
Change in net OPEB obligation		226,682		216,777		443,459
Net cash used by noncapital financing activities		229,101		561,523		790,624
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(46,434)		(2,173,249)		(2,219,683)
Principal paid on long term debt		(220,576)		(486,294)		(706,870)
Interest paid on long term debt		(149,640)		(321,142)		(470,782)
Proceeds from lease revenue		_		30,000		30,000
Net cash (used) by capital and related financing activities		(416,650)		(2,950,685)		(3,367,335)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:						
Investment income received		9,410		97,436		106,846
Net cash provided by investing activities		9,410		97,436		106,846
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		541.714		(567,030)		(25,316)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:		,		(, , , ,		(
Beginning of year		1,065,560		6,842,910		7,908,470
End of year	\$	1,607,274	\$	6,275,880	\$	7,883,154
Presentation in Statement of Financial Position:						
Cash and investments	\$	1,591,443	\$	6,222,209	\$	7,813,652
Restricted cash and investments		15,831	•	53,671	·	69,502
Total Cash and investments	\$	1,607,274	\$	6,275,880	\$	7,883,154
Reconciliation of income from operations to net						
cash provided by operating activities:						
Operating income	\$	433,608	\$	854,749	\$	1,288,357
Adjustments to reconcile operating income		,	•	ŕ		, ,
to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation		414,212		941,873		1,356,085
(Increase) decrease in current assets:		(()		()
Accounts receivable		(10,478)		(27,318)		(37,796)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:		(102 710)		(14 410)		(110 120)
Accounts payable Accrued payroll and benefits		(103,710) (8,099)		(14,410) (8,074)		(118,120) (16,173)
Deposits payable		(3,845)		(8,074)		(3,935)
Compensated absences		(1,835)		(22,034)		(23,869)
	<u></u>					
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$</u>	719,853	<u> </u>	1,724,696	<u>\$</u>	2,444,549

There were no noncash investing, capital, or financing activities affecting recognized assets and liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2020.

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FIDUCIARY ACTIVITIES

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governments. The financial activities of these funds are excluded from the Government-wide financial statements, but are presented in the separate Fiduciary Fund financial statements. **Private Purpose Trust Funds** are used for resources held for other individuals and entities in a manner similar to private enterprise. The City has the following private purpose trust fund:

Fund	Description
Redevelopment Non-Housing Successor Private Purpose Trust Fund	Accounts for funds collected and disbursed for the dissolution of the former Lakeport Redevelopment Agency related to administration and retirement of enforceable obligations.

City of Lakeport, California Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Activities June 30, 2020

	Red Non-Ho Priv T	Age	ency Funds	
ASSETS				
Current assets: Cash and investments Cash and investments with trustee/fiscal agent Accounts receivable	\$	546,694 111 -	\$	398,205 - 17,208
Total current assets		546,805		415,413
Total assets	\$	546,805	\$	415,413
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Interest payable Refundable deposits and trust liabilities Due within one year Total current liabilities Long-term liabilities: Due after one year Total long-term liabilities	\$	19 61,115 - 210,000 271,134 4,185,000 4,185,000	\$	266 - 415,147 - 415,413
Total liabilities		4,456,134	\$	415,413
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)				
Restricted - debt service reserve Held in trust for outstanding obligations		317,230 (4,226,559)		
Total net position (deficit)		(3,909,329)		
Total liabilities and net position (deficit)	\$	546,805		

City of Lakeport, California Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Redevelopment Agency Successor Private Purpose Trust Fund For the year ended June 30, 2020

ADDITIONS:	Private Purpose Trust Fund
Property taxes	\$ 598,401
Investment income	2,424
Total additions	600,825
DEDUCTIONS:	
Administrative costs	89,169
Interest and trustee fees	103,582
Total deductions	192,751
CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	408,074
NET POSITION (DEFICIT):	
Beginning of year	(4,317,403)
End of year	\$ (3,909,329)

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



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Index to Notes to Basic Financial Statements

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The notes to the financial statements include a summary of significant accounting policies and other notes considered essential to fully disclose and fairly present the transactions and financial position of the City as follows:

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	48
Note 2 - Cash and Investments	62
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Note 4 – Loans, Notes Receivable, and Interfund Borrowing	66
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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government agencies. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies of the City are described below:

A. Defining the reporting entity

The City of Lakeport was incorporated in 1888 under the laws of the State of California. Lakeport operates under a Council-Manager form of government. The City Manager serves as the chief executive for day-to-day operations and long-term planning, including executing the policies and directives of the City Council. Department heads report directly to the City Manager and serve at his or her pleasure.

The City provides a range of municipal services to its citizens including public safety, public works, planning and building regulation, recreation and parks, and water and sewer services.

These financial statements present the financial status of the City and its components units. The component units discussed in the following paragraph are included in the City's financial statements because the City is financially accountable for their operations.

The Redevelopment Agency of the City of Lakeport (the Agency) was established by the City as a separate legal entity in accordance with state law. The purpose of the Agency is to encourage new investment and reinvestment within legally designated redevelopment areas in partnership with property owners. The Agency was dissolved on February 1, 2013 by the State Legislature and California Governor, Jerry Brown.

The Municipal Sewer District No. 1 (CLMSD) was established as a separate legal entity to obtain funding to construct a new sewage treatment plant and pumping stations in 1965. In later years and assessment district was formed for the purpose of financing needed improvements and expansion of the wastewater systems.

Although the component units are legally separate from the City, they are reported on a blended basis as part of the primary government because their boards consist of members of the City Council. The component units' financial statements may be obtained from the City.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues are reported separately from business-type activates, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grant and contributors that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes, and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenue, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to, and accounted for, in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

In the fund financial statement in the report, the various funds are grouped into generic funds within four broad fund types. They are as follows:

Governmental Funds

The *General Fund* is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trust of major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Capital Project Funds are used to account for revenue and expenditures restricted to the acquisition or major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary or trust funds).

Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment to, governmental long-term debt, both principal and interest.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements, Continued

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprise —the intent of the governing body is that the cost (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis, be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The City accounts for the operation of its water and sewer utility fund on this basis.

Internal Service funds are used to account for operations similar to enterprise funds. The difference between the two is that internal service funds provide goods and services to departments and agencies under the primary government. Currently the City does not use an internal service fund.

Fiduciary Funds

Agency Funds are used to account for assets administered by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for other governments and other funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The City reports on two agency funds: Special Deposit Agency Fund which hold funds on deposit from outside parties and Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Agency Fund which manages resources for retiree health benefits.

Trust Funds are used to account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity. The City reports one private purpose trust fund: Redevelopment Non-Housing Successor Private Purpose Trust Fund which accounts for fund collect and disbursed for the dissolution of the former Lakeport Redevelopment Agency. For more information about the Successor Agency for the Former Lakeport Redevelopment Agency see Note 14.

An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- 1. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and,
- 2. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental funds combined.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

The City reports the following major funds:

- General Fund
- HOME Grant 2017 Special Revenue
- 2017 Storm Capital Projects
- Water
- Sewer

C. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

Basis of accounting refers to when revenue and expenditures (or expenses) are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement focus is the determination of (1) which assets and which liabilities are included on a government's balance sheet and where they are reported, and (2) whether an operating statement presents information on the flow of financial resources (revenues and expenditures) or information on the flow of economic resources (revenues and expenses).

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statement. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

In the fund financial statements, all governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized when they become both measurable and available to finance the expenditures of the current period (susceptible to accrual). Major revenue sources susceptible to accrual include substantially all property taxes, taxpayer-assessed taxes (such as sales and use, utility users, business license, transient occupancy, franchise fees and gas taxes), interest, special assessments levied, state and federal grants and charges for current services. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 90 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Revenue from licenses, permits, fines and forfeits is recorded as received. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund balance (net current assets) is considered a measure of "available spendable resources." Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenue and other financing

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

C. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus, Continued

sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

The government-wide financial statements, as well as the proprietary funds and fiduciary funds (including agency funds) financial statements, are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. This means that all assets and all liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activity are included on their balance sheets. Proprietary fund operating statements present increases (revenues) in net total assets.

D. Use of Estimates

Financial statement preparation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

E. Cash and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The City pools cash and investments from all funds for the purpose of increasing income through investment activities. Highly liquid money market investments with maturities of one year or less at time of purchase are stated at amortized cost. All other investments are stated at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools. Market value is used as fair value for those securities for which market quotations are readily available.

F. Receivable and Payables

Balances representing lending/borrowing transactions between funds outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are reported as either "due to/due from other funds" (amounts due within one year), "advances to/from other funds" (non-current portions of interfund lending/borrowing transactions), or "loans to/from other funds" (long-term lending/borrowing transactions as evidenced by loan agreements). Advances and loans to other funds are offset by a fund balance reserve in applicable

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

F. Receivable and Payables, Continued

governmental funds to indicate they are not available for appropriation, and are not expendable available financial resources.

Property, sales, use, and utility user taxes related to the current fiscal year are accrued as revenue and accounts receivable and considered available if received within 60 days of year end. Federal and state grants are considered receivable and accrued as revenue when reimbursable costs are incurred under the accrual basis of accounting in the government-wide statement of net position. The amount recognized as revenue under the modified accrual basis of accounting is limited to the amount that is deemed measureable and available. The City considers these taxes available if they are received during the period when settlement of prior fiscal year accounts payable and payroll charges normally occur.

Grants, entitlements or shared revenue is recorded as receivables and revenue in the general, special revenue and capital project funds when they are received or susceptible to accrual. Notes receivables represent individual loans, secured by property liens in favor of the City and the Redevelopment Agency, made through various sources, including the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) and federal HOME housing programs. When repaid, these amounts are designated for purposes allowed under the aforementioned reuse guidelines.

G. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Management has elected to record bad debts using the allowance method.

H. Prepaid Expenses

The prepaid expenses consist of expendables supplies held for consumption and are recorded as expenses when consumed. Materials and supplies used by governmental funds are recorded as expenditures at the time they are purchases or obtained.

I. Capital Assets

Government-Wide Statements

Public domain (infrastructure) capital assets include roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets, sidewalks, drainage systems, and lighting systems.

The accounting treatment of property, plant and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

I. Capital Assets

Prior to July 1, 2003, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized, since then these assets have been valued at estimated historical cost.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The City capitalizes assets with an original cost greater than \$5,000 and with a useful lifespan longer than three years. No depreciation is recorded in the year of acquisition or in the year of disposition.

The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings and improvements 5 - 50 years Roadway improvements 50 years Sidewalks, curbs and gutters 50 years Storm drain pipes/structures 50 years Traffic signal devices 5 - 40 years Landscaping 30 years Signage 25 years Leasehold improvements 5 years Machinery and equipment 3 - 5 years Vehicles 3 years

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same way as in the government-wide statements.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences represent the vested portion of accumulate vacation and sick leave. In governmental funds, the cost of vacation and sick leave benefits is recognized when payments are made to employees. Upon separation, 100% of accrued vacation leave (up to a maximum of 400 hours) and accrued comp time is paid and, depending on longevity, sick leave is paid out up to 50% of the accrued amount. In proprietary funds, a long-term liability for such benefits has been recorded.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

L. Long-term Liabilities

In both the governmental-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term liabilities are reported as liabilities in the applicable statement of net position. Bond premiums, issuance costs and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bond.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognized bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources.

M. Equity Classification

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and is displayed in three components:

Net investment in capital assets – consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position — consists of net position with constraints placed on the use by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or by laws or regulations of other governments or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position – all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements. The classifications for governmental funds are defined as follows for the City:

Nonspendable Fund Balance –

- Assets that will never convert to cash (prepaid items, inventory).
- Assets that will not convert to cash soon enough to affect the current period (long-term notes or loans receivable).
- Resources that must be maintained intact pursuant to legal or contractual requirements (the principal of an endowment).

Restricted Fund Balance –

- Resources that are subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions imposed by parties altogether outside the government (Creditors, Grantors, Contributors and Other Governments).
- Resources that are subject to limitations imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (Gas Tax).

Committed Fund Balance -

- Self-imposed limitations set in place prior to the end of the period. (Encumbrances, economic contingencies and uncertainties).
- Limitation at the highest level of decision-making (Council) that requires formal action at the same level to remove, done typically through resolution during the budget process.

Assigned Fund Balance -

• Amounts in excess of nonspendable, restricted, and committed fund balance in funds other than the general fund automatically are reported as assigned fund balance and are done so by the City Manager through the budget process.

Unassigned Fund Balance -

- Residual net resources
- Total fund balance in the general fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance (surplus).
- Excess of nonspendable, restricted, and committed fund balance over total fund balance (deficit).

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

M. Equity Classification, Continued

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted fund balance resources first, followed by the unrestricted resources in the Committed and Unassigned fund balances, as they are needed.

The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance. In other governmental funds it is not appropriate to report a positive unassigned fund balance amount. However, in governmental funds other than the general fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts that are restricted, committee, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that fund. [GASB – S54: 17 and 19]

N. Property Taxes

Property taxes in the State of California are administered for all local agencies at the county level and consist of secured, unsecured and utility tax rolls. The following is a summary of major policies and practices relating to property taxes:

Property Valuations are established by the Lake County Assessor for the secured and unsecured property tax rolls; the utility property tax roll is valued by the State Board of Equalization. Under the provision of Article XIII-A of the State Constitution (Proposition 13, adopted by the voters on June 6, 1978), properties are assessed at 100% of full value. From this base assessment, subsequent annual increases in valuation are limited to a maximum of two percent. However, an increase to full value is allowed for property improvements or upon change in ownership. Personal property is excluded from these limitations and is subject to annual reappraisal.

Tax Levies are limited to one percent of full assessed value which results in a tax rate of one percent assessed valuation under the provisions of Proposition 13. Tax rates for voter-approved indebtedness are excluded from this limitation.

Tax Levy Dates are attached annually on January 1, preceding the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. The fiscal year begins July 1 and ends June 30 of the following year. Taxes are levied on both real and unsecured personal property as it exists at that time. Liens against real estate, as well as the tax on personal property are not relieved by subsequent renewal or change in ownership.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

N. Property Taxes, Continued

Tax Collections are the responsibility of the Lake County Treasurer-Tax Collector. Taxes and assessments on secured and utility rolls, which constitute a lien against the property, may be paid in two installments.

- The First is due on November 1 of the fiscal year and is delinquent if not paid by December 10;
- The second is due on March 1 of the fiscal year and is delinquent if not paid by April 10.

Unsecured personal property taxes do not constitute a lien against property unless the taxes become delinquent. Payments must be made in one installment, which is delinquent if not paid by August 31 of the fiscal year. Significant penalties are imposed by the county for late payments. The City has elected to receive the City's portion of the property taxes from the county under the county Teeter Bill program. Under this program, the City receives 100% of the City's share of the levied property taxes in periodic payments with the county assuming the responsibility for the delinquencies.

Property Tax Administration Fees — the state of California FY 90-91 Budget Act authorized counties to collect an administrative fee for collection and distribution of property taxes.

Tax Levy Apportionments – due to the nature of the City-wide maximum levy, it is not possible to identify general-purpose tax rates for specific entities. Under State legislation adopted subsequent to the passage of Proposition 13, apportionments to local agencies are made by the county's auditor-controller based primarily on the ratio that each agency represented of the total City-wide levy for the three fiscal years prior to fiscal year 1979.

O. Interfund Transfers

Resources are reallocated between funds by reporting them as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the Statement of Activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

P. Reclassifications

Certain amounts have been reclassified to provide for comparable results on a year to year basis.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

Q. Budgetary Information

The City follows these procedures annually in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed draft budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1 of the next fiscal year. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. If use of fund balance is recommended by the City Manager, resources to be used will be in the following order:
 - a. unassigned fund balance
 - b. assigned
 - c. committed
- 3. The City Council reviews the proposed budget at special scheduled sessions which are open to the public. The Council also conducts a public hearing on the proposed budget to obtain comments from interested persons.
- 4. Prior to July 1, the budget is to be adopted by resolution of the City Council.
- 5. From the effective date of the budget, which is adopted and controlled at the fund level, the amounts stated therein as proposed expenditures become appropriations to the various City funds and departments. The City Council may amend the budget by minute action during the fiscal year. The City Manager may authorize transfers from one object or purpose to another within the same fund, and between departments within the General Fund. All appropriations lapse at year end unless encumbered and carried forward upon the approval of the City Manager.

Budgets are adopted for all fund types and are reported on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Budgeted amounts presented are as originally adopted and as further amended by the City Council.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

R. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Government of Example's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plans (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

S. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Generally accepted accounting principles require that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date June 30, 2020 Measurement Date June 30, 2020 Measurement Period July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

- 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued
- T. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Revenue Limitations Imposed by California Propositions 218 and 26

Proposition 218, approved by the voters in November 1996, regulates the City's ability to impose, increase, and extend taxes, assessments, and fees. It was enhanced further by the passage of Proposition 26 in 2010, which revised to the definitions of taxes and fees. Any new, increased, or extended taxes, assessments, and fees subject to the provisions of Proposition 218 require voter approval before they can be implemented. Additionally, Proposition 218 provides that these taxes, assessments, and fees be subject to the voter initiative process and may be rescinded in future years by the voters.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The City follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds except for the restricted funds required to be held by outside custodians, fiscal agents or trustees under the provisions of bond indentures. Cash and investments as of June 30, 2020, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments Pooled

	М	aturities (in year	s)					Fair
	<1	1 to 3		3 to 5		Deposits	N	1arket Value
Pooled cash, at fair value: Cash in bank Petty cash	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$	- -	\$	10,285,749 400	\$	10,285,749 400
Total pooled items	-	-		-		10,286,149		10,286,149
Pooled investments, at fair value: Interest obligations: Par Rate								
\$ 2,000,000 1.70-3.55% Certificate of Deposits	403,318	1,066,186		632,626		-		2,102,130
Money market	-	-		-		92,920		92,920
State of California Local Agency Investment Fund	2,669,641			-		-		2,669,641
Total pooled investments - interest obligations	3,072,959	1,066,186		632,626		92,920		4,864,691
Total cash equivalents and investments pooled	\$ 3,072,959	\$ 1,066,186	\$	632,626	\$	10,379,069	\$	15,150,840
		Amounts report Governmenta Governmenta Business-type Business-type Fiduciary acti Fiduciary acti	al act al act e acti e acti vities	ivities ivities - Rest vities vities - Rest	ricte		\$	6,300,088 22,588 7,813,652 69,502 944,899 111
		Total					\$	15,150,840

Collateral and Categorization Requirements

At the fiscal year end, the City's carrying amount of demand deposits was \$10,285,749 and the bank account balance was \$10,475,997. The difference of \$190,248 represented outstanding checks and deposits in transit. Of the total deposit balance, \$250,000 was insured by Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC), the remaining amount of \$10,225,997 was collateralized in accordance with California Government Code Section 53600-53609.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized under provisions of the City's investment policy adopted August 16, 2005 (subsequently updated July 6, 2010), and in accordance with Section 53601 of the California Government Code. The table also identifies certain provisions of the investment policy that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer	Minimum Rating
U.S. Treasury Securities	5 years	None	None	None
U.S. Government Securities	5 years	None	None	None
Bankers' Acceptances	270 days	30%	None	None
Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None	None
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None	None
Repurchase Agreements	30 days	None	None	None
Commercial Paper	31-180 days	15-30%	None	A1/P1
Corporate Medium-term Notes	5 years	30%	None	A1/P1
Mutual Funds	None	15%	None	Two/Three
Passbook Savings	N/A	None	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	\$10M	None	None

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that Lakeport manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by investing in LAIF, whose underlying securities have staggered maturities and are generally due on demand, which provides cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The City's investment policy limits credit risk by requiring compliance with the California Government Code for investment of public funds, as described in detail above.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the City contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any single issuer beyond that stipulated by the California government code, Investments in any one issuer that represent 5% or more of total investments at June 30, 2020 are as follows:

Investment Type		Fair Value	Yield	Concentration				
Certificate of Deposits	\$	2,102,130	2.74%	43.21%				
Money market		92,920	0.00%	1.91%				
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)		2,669,641	1.47%	54.88%				
Total fair value	\$	4,864,691		100.00%				
	Weig	thted vield	1.99%					

Custodial Credit Risk

The credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession on an outside party. The California government code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits, other than the following provision for deposits:

The California government code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must be equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

At June 30, 2020, the City had \$10,225,997 in financial institutions that were not covered by the FDIC but were covered by collateralized securities of the financial institutions where the deposits were maintained.

The credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of counterparty (e.g., brokerdealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California government code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial risk for investments. With respect to investments, custodial credit risk generally applies only to direct investments in marketable securities. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investment in securities through the use of mutual funds or government investment pools (such as LAIF).

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

Participation in an External Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), which is regulated by California Government Code Section under the oversight of the Local Investment Advisory Board (Board). The Board consists of five members as designated by state statue, and is chaired by the State Treasurer who is responsible for the day to day administration of LAIF. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis, which is different from the fair value of the City's position in the LAIF pool. The State Treasurer determines fair value on its investment portfolio based on market quotations for those securities where market quotations are readily available. As of June 30, 2020, the City's investment in LAIF was \$2,669,641. The total amount invested by all public agencies at that date was \$32.08 billion. LAIF is part of the California Pooled Money Investment Account (PMIA), which at June 30, 2020 has a balance of \$101.79 billion. Financial Statements of LAIF and PMIA may be obtained from the California Treasurer's web site at www.treasurer.ca.gov.

3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable consisted of the following at June 30, 2020:

Accounts Receivable and Due from Other Governments

	Receivables	All	owance	Net			
Governmental activities: Due from other governments:							
Property taxes	\$ 82,553	\$	-	\$	82,553		
Grants and subventions	1,148,881		-		1,148,881		
SB1	12,711		-		12,711		
TOT	34,189		-		34,189		
Sales tax	703,126		-		703,126		
Accounts receivable:							
Accounts	198,933		-		198,933		
Administrative citations	 600		(4,700)		(4,100)		
Total	\$ 2,180,993	\$	(4,700)	\$	2,176,293		
Business-type activities:							
Accounts	\$ 847,918	\$	-	\$	847,918		
Total	\$ 847,918	\$		\$	847,918		

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, Continued

These amounts resulted in the following concentrations in receivables:

Concentration of Receivables

Other governments 64.2% Individuals/businesses 35.8%

Amounts do not indicate a significant concentration (greater than 25%) with any single individual, business or agency.

4. LOANS, NOTES RECEIVABLE, AND INTERFUND BORROWING

Through the City's various housing rehabilitation funds, first-time home buyer's funds, and business/economic development loan funds, the City has loaned funds to qualifying individuals and businesses. Interest rates vary depending on the terms of the loan. Interest is accrued on the loans that bear interest.

Loans and notes receivable for the year ended June 30, 2020, consisted of the following:

Loans and Notes Receivable

	Beginning July 1, 2019			dditions	<u>D</u>	eletions	Ending June 30, 2020		
Nonmajor governmental funds:									
Special revenue funds:									
Lakeport Housing	\$	371,111	\$	-	\$	(31,671)	\$	339,440	
CDBG Economic Development PI notes receivable		803,665		268,310		-		1,071,975	
2012 HOME Grant		1,305,347		_		(55,171)		1,250,176	
Total governmental funds		2,480,123		268,310		(86,842)		2,661,591	
Major enterprise funds:									
Water		41,059		-		-		41,059	
Sewer		91,389		-		-		91,389	
Total enterprise funds		136,228		_		_		132,448	
Total loans/notes receivable	\$	2,759,506	\$	268,310	\$	(86,842)	\$	2,794,039	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

	Balance				Balance
	July 1, 2019	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	June 30, 2020
Governmental activities:					
Nondepreciable assets:					
Land	\$ 1,769,145	\$ 728,968	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,498,113
Construction in progress	475,750	270,259		(475,750)	270,259
Total nondepreciable assets	2,244,895	999,227		(475,750)	2,768,372
Depreciable assets:					
Buildings and structures	6,500,031	-	-	-	6,500,031
Improvements	7,612,394	1,960,136	-	475,750	10,048,280
Vehicles and equipment	2,243,470	69,151			2,312,621
Total depreciable assets	16,355,895	2,029,287		475,750	18,860,932
Total	18,600,790	3,028,514			21,629,304
Accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings and structures	(1,845,814)	(170,920)	-	-	(2,016,734)
Improvements	(1,714,147)	(259,332)	-	-	(1,973,479)
Vehicles and equipment	(1,656,071)	(119,233)			(1,775,304)
Total accumulated depreciation	(5,216,032)	(549,485)			(5,765,517)
Net depreciable assets	11,139,863	1,479,802	_	475,750	13,095,415
Total net capital assets	\$ 13,384,758	\$ 2,479,029	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,863,787

Depreciation expense of \$549,485 was allocated in the Statement of Activities as follows:

General governement	\$ 278,238
Public Safety	108,879
Public Works	80,537
Parks, buildings, grounds	81,831
	\$ 549,485

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

5. CAPITAL ASSETS, Continued

Business-type capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

	Balance				Balance
	July 1, 2019	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	June 30, 2020
Business-type activities:					
Nondepreciable assets:					
Land	\$ 2,475,403	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,475,403
Construction in progress	1,820,865	1,898,930		(3,588,636)	131,159
Total nondepreciable assets	4,296,268	1,898,930		(3,588,636)	2,606,562
Depreciable assets:				-	
Buildings and structures	9,955,195	-	-	-	9,955,195
Improvements	28,518,129	162,187	-	3,588,636	32,268,952
Vehicles and equipment	1,998,524	160,748			2,159,272
Total depreciable assets	40,471,848	322,935		3,588,636	44,383,419
Total	44,768,116	2,221,865			46,989,981
Accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings and structures	(1,230,881)	(320,859)	-	-	(1,551,740)
Improvements	(17,817,005)	(908,052)	-	-	(18,725,057)
Vehicles and equipment	(1,007,549)	(129,356)			(1,136,905)
Total accumulated depreciation	(20,055,435)	(1,358,267)		_	(21,413,702)
Net depreciable assets	20,416,413	(1,035,332)		3,588,636	22,969,717
Total business-type capital assets, net	\$ 24,712,681	\$ 863,598	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25,576,279

Depreciation expense for capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2020, was charged to functions as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

6. LONG TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2020:

		Beginning					Ending	_	
		Balance					Balance		ie within
Governmental Activities		7/1/2019	Additions	Re	eductions	(6/30/2020	Ο	ne Year
USDA Police Station Bond	\$	1,062,000	\$ -	\$	(18,000)	\$	1,044,000	\$	18,000
Pension Obligation Bonds - Governmental Share		1,420,327	-		(118,411)		1,301,916		117,792
2018 Series B Solar Bonds - Governmental Share		1,170,000	-		-		1,170,000		10,000
Less: Discount		(35,626)	-		1,425		(34,201)		-
Compensated Absences		300,267	34,857		-		335,124		178,670
Total	\$	3,916,968	\$ 34,857	\$	(134,986)	\$	3,816,839	\$	324,462
Business-Type Activities	_								
USDA Water Revenue Bonds, 2016	\$	3,073,600	\$ -	\$	(59,100)	\$	3,014,500	\$	60,100
Pinnacle Water Loan		2,377,000	-		(113,000)		2,264,000		116,000
Wastewater Revenue Bonds, 2017 Refunding		2,460,000	-		(180,000)		2,280,000		184,000
USDA WasteWater Revenue Bonds, 2017		3,365,000	-		(56,000)		3,309,000		58,000
2017 CLMSD Sewer District Assessment Bonds		2,648,000	-		(159,000)		2,489,000		161,000
Pension Obligation Bonds - Business-type Share		870,670	-		(72,588)		798,082		72,208
2018 Series B Solar Bonds - Business-type Share		3,600,000	-		(65,000)		3,535,000		90,000
Add: Premium		39,281	-		(2,182)		37,099		-
Compensated Absences		215,467	100,225		(124,094)		191,598		69,400
Total	\$	12,397,346	\$ 100,225	\$	(830,964)	\$	17,918,279	\$	810,708

Governmental Activities

USDA Police Station Bond

Total issue \$1,095,000. Annual principal and interest payments of approximately \$43,000, at an interest rate of 2.375%, are due June 1 and December 1 each year. The total obligation matures in the year 2056.

Balance due \$ 1,044,000

Business-type Activities

USDA Water Revenue Bonds, 2016

Total issue \$3,182,000. Annual principal and interest payments of approximately \$109,500, at an interest rate of 2.85%, are due August 1 and February 1 each year, secured by water fund revenue. The total obligation matures in the year 2056.

Balance due \$ 3,014,500

Pinnacle Water Loan

Total issue \$2,587,000. Annual principal and interest payments of approximately \$175,250, at an interest rate of 2.65%, are due February 1 and August 1 each year. Payments are secured by water fund revenue. The obligation matures in the year 2035.

Balance due \$ 2,264,000

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

6. LONG TERM LIABILITIES, Continued

Wastewater Revenue Bonds, 2007 Series A

2007 Series A, total remaining balance of \$2,580,000 was refinanced to 2018 Wastewater Refunding on December 1, 2018. Total issue \$2,723,000. Annual principal is due on October 1 and interest payments at 2.52% are due April 1 and October 1 each year, which are secured by wastewater fund revenue. The total obligation matures in the year 2030. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$143,000. The City obtained an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$205,069.

Balance due \$ 2,280,000

USDA Wastewater Revenue Bonds, 2018

Series 2018 Wastewater enterprise revenue bonds. Total issue \$3,433,000. Annual principal and interest payments of approximately \$127,000, at an interest rate of 2.125%, are due April 1 and October 1 each year, secured by wastewater fund revenue. The total obligation matures in the year 2057.

Balance due \$ 3,309,000

2018 CLMSD Sewer District Assessment Bonds

2018-1 Sewer Assessment bonds. Total issue \$2,854,000. Annual principal and interest payments of approximately \$230,000, at an interest rate of 2.85%, are due March 2 and September 2 each year, secured by Municipal Sewer District No.1 revenue from the South Assessment District 91-1 area. The total obligation matures in the year 2032.

Balance due \$ 2,489,000

Pension Obligation Bonds

On June 22, 2015, the City entered into an agreement with Umpqua Bank to obtain a loan in the amount of \$3,184,000 to pay their PERS side fund obligation at an interest rate of 4.25% maturing in 17 years on January 1, 2033. Interest is payable semi-annually on January 1 and July 1. The obligation is payable from revenues received from the General, Water and Sewer Funds, 62% of the payments charged to governmental activities and the remaining 38% split evenly between the Water and Sewer Funds. The maturity schedule for the bonds is as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

6. LONG TERM LIABILITIES, Continued

	G	overnment	al Activities	Е	Business-typ	oe A	ctivities						
Year Ending								Total					
June 30,	Ре	nsion Oblig	ation Bonds	Pe	ension Obli	gati	ion Bonds	Ρ	Pension Obligation Bond				
		Principal	Interest	P	rincipal	Interest		Principal		Interest			
2021	\$	117,792	\$ 54,054	\$	72,208	\$	33,135	\$	190,000	\$	87,189		
2022		116,553	49,061		71,447		30,074		188,000		79,135		
2023		114,693	44,134		70,307		27,054		185,000		71,188		
2024		112,833	39,272		69,167		24,074		182,000		63,346		
2025		110,353	34,503		67,647		21,151		178,000		55,654		
2026-2030		510,230	104,695		312,770		64,179		823,000		168,874		
2031-2035		219,462	13,728		134,538		8,415		354,000		22,143		
Total	\$	1,301,916	\$ 339,447	\$	798,084	\$	208,082	\$	2,100,000	\$	547,529		
Due within one year	\$	117,792	\$ 54,054	\$	72,208	\$	33,135	\$	190,000	\$	87,189		
Due after one year		1,184,124	285,393		725,876		174,947		1,910,000		460,340		
Total	\$	1,301,916	\$ 339,447	\$	798,084	\$	208,082	\$	2,100,000	\$	547,529		
	_												

Future Debt Service

Future debt service for Governmental and Business-type activities at June 30, 2020 is as follows for all debt except compensated absences and claims liabilities:

	Governmental Activities										
Year Ending	USDA Poli	ce Station									
June 30,	Вс	ond									
	Principal	Interest									
2021	\$ 18,000	\$ 24,581									
2022	18,000	24,154									
2023	19,000	23,714									
2024	19,000	23,263									
2025	20,000	22,800									
2026-2030	106,000	106,638									
2031-2035	119,000	93,278									
2036-2040	133,000	78,363									
2041-2045	150,000	61,536									
2046-2050	169,000	42,643									
2051-2055	190,000	21,375									
2056-2060	83,000	1,983									
Total	\$ 1,044,000	\$ 524,328									
·											
Due within one year	\$ 18,000	\$ 24,581									
Due after one year	1,026,000	499,747									
Total	\$ 1,044,000	\$ 524,328									
•											

6. LONG TERM LIABILITIES, Continued

Debt Service Schedule Business-type

				E	Business-typ	e A	ctivities				
Year Ending	2017 CLMSD	Ass	essment	\	Vastewate	r Re	venue				
June 30,	Bonds Ser	ies-2	2017-1		Bonds Series	s Ret	funding		Pinnacle W	ate	r Loan
							_				
	Principal	I	nterest	F	Principal		Interest		Principal		nterest
2021	\$ 161,000	\$	68,642	\$	184,000	\$	55,138	\$	116,000	\$	58,459
2022	168,000		63,954		189,000		50,438		118,000		55,359
2023	174,000		59,081		194,000		45,612		122,000		52,179
2024	175,000		54,107		199,000		40,660		125,000		48,906
2025	181,000		49,034		204,000		35,582		128,000		45,554
2026-2030	977,000		163,946		1,100,000		97,171		693,000		174,357
2031-2035	653,000		28,229		210,000		2,646		791,000		76,174
2036-2040	-		-		-		-		171,000		2,266
Total	\$ 2,489,000	\$	486,993	\$	2,280,000	\$	327,247	\$	2,264,000	\$	513,254
	. 4/100=	_		_	104 225	_			44/005	_	
Due within one year	\$ 161,000	\$	68,642	\$	184,000	\$	55,138	\$	116,000	\$	58,459
Due after one year	2,328,000		418,351		2,096,000		272,109		2,148,000		454,795
Total	\$ 2,489,000	\$	486,993	\$	2,280,000	\$	327,247	\$	2,264,000	\$	513,254
		_					_				
Year Ending	USDA Wat			USL	A WasteW				Ŧ.,		
June 30,	Bonds	5, 20	16	Bonds, 2017					Tot	aı	
	Principal	ı	nterest	F	Principal	ı	nterest		Principal	ı	nterest
2021	\$ 60,100	\$	48,587	\$	58,000	\$	69,700	\$	579,100	\$	300,526
2022	61,000		47,593		59,000		68,457		595,000		285,801
2023	62,000		46,583		60,000		67,193		612,000		270,648
2024	63,000		45,557		61,000		65,907		623,000		255,137
2025	64,100		44,514		63,000		64,589		640,100		239,273
2026-2030	336,200		206,319		333,000		302,186		3,439,200		943,979
2031-2035	364,600		177,580		370,000		264,903		2,388,600		549,532
2036-2040	395,100		146,420		411,000		223,454		977,100		372,140
2041-2045	428,200		112,631		456,000		177,395		884,200		290,026
2046-2050	464,200		75,989		507,000		126,342		971,200		202,331
2051-2055	503,100		36,249		563,000		69,498		1,066,100		105,747
2056-2060	212,900		2,633		368,000		11,836		580,900		14,469
Total	\$ 3,014,500	\$	990,655	\$	3,309,000	\$ 1	,511,460	\$	13,356,500	\$ 3	3,829,609
•											
B											
Due within one year	\$ 60,100	\$	48,587	\$	58,000	\$	69,700	\$	579,100	\$	300,526
Due within one year Due after one year	\$ 60,100 2,954,400	\$	48,587 942,068	\$	58,000 3,251,000		69,700 441,760,		579,100 12,777,400		300,526 3,529,083

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

6. LONG TERM LIABILITIES, Continued

<u>2018 Series B Solar Bonds</u>

On July 18, 2019, the City issued \$4,770,000 revenue bonds to fund a solar and energy efficiency retrofit project. The interest rate on the bonds is 2.0 - 3.5 and the maturity date is October 1, 2043. Interest is payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1. The obligation is payable from revenues received from the General, Water and Sewer Funds. The maturity schedule for the bonds is as follows:

Debt Service Schedule

	Government	al Activities	Business-typ	e Activities					
Year Ending					Total				
June 30,	2018 Series B	Solar Bonds	2018 Series I	B Solar Bonds	2018 Series B	Solar Bonds			
						_			
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Principal Interest		Interest			
2021	\$ 10,000	\$ 37,406	\$ 90,000	\$ 118,288	\$ 100,000	\$ 155,694			
2022	15,000	37,156	105,000	116,338	120,000	153,494			
2023	15,000	36,856	115,000	113,563	130,000	150,419			
2024	20,000	36,506	130,000	109,888	150,000	146,394			
2025	20,000	36,056	145,000	105,038	165,000	141,094			
2026-2030	145,000	170,359	925,000	422,388	1,070,000	592,747			
2031-2035	235,000	142,478	1,405,000	225,081	1,640,000	367,559			
2026-2040	360,000	92,497	620,000	23,619	980,000	116,116			
2041-2045	350,000	25,900	-	-	-	-			
Total	\$ 1,170,000	\$ 615,214	\$ 3,535,000	\$ 1,234,203	\$ 4,355,000	\$ 1,823,517			
Due within one year	\$ 10,000	\$ 37,406	\$ 90,000	\$ 118,288	\$ 100,000	\$ 155,694			
Due after one year	1,160,000	577,808	3,445,000	1,115,915	4,255,000	1,667,823			
Total	\$ 1,170,000	\$ 615,214	\$ 3,535,000	\$ 1,234,203	\$ 4,355,000	\$ 1,823,517			
		1							

Various bond indentures contain limitations and restrictions, with which, in the opinion of management, the City is in compliance.

Compensated Absences

The City records employee absences, such as vacation, illness, deferred overtime, and holidays, for which it is expected that employees will be paid as compensated absences. The governmental activities compensated absences balance at June 30, 2020 was \$335,124 with \$178,670 expected to be paid within a year and to be liquidated by the general fund; the business-type activities compensated absences balance at June 30, 2020 was \$191,598 with \$69,400 expected to be paid within a year. Of which the water fund will liquidate \$34,900 and the sewer fund \$34,500.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

7. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES

Restricted Net Position Detail

	Go	overnmental	Business-type			
		Activities		Activities		
Restricted for:						
Law enforcement	\$	162,456	\$	-		
Housing programs		356,148		-		
Transportation infrastructure		661,492		-		
Debt service reserve		-		373,231		
Assessment district debt service		-		345,338		
Depreciation reserve				94,901		
Total	\$	1,180,096	\$	813,470		

- Restrictions of Net position for Law enforcement, Housing programs and Transportation infrastructure are the same as described on the next page as restrictions of fund balances.
- <u>Debt service reserve</u>: the amount of funds in the water and sewer enterprise restricted per the loan and bond covenants of the outstanding debt.
- <u>Assessment district debt service:</u> consists of funds held for the repayment of the Series 2017-1 bond. The funds are restricted by a bond covenant.
- <u>Depreciation reserve:</u> the amount of funds set aside to meet USDA project requirements in the Water and Sewer funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

7. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES, Continued

Fund Balance Detail

Nonspendable:	
Long-term interfund advances	\$ 289,481
Loans/notes receivable	2,661,591
Total nonspendable	2,951,072
Restricted:	
Law enforcement	162,456
Housing programs	356,148
Transportation infrastructure	661,492
Total restricted	1,180,096
Assigned:	
Capital projects	3,387,639
General reserves	1,199,455
Housing and community programs	11,478
Debt service reserve	111,000
Total assigned	4,709,572
Unassigned:	
General fund	2,054,633
Special revenue funds	(224,388)
Total unassigned	1,830,245
Total fund balance	\$ 10,670,985

The following describe the purpose of each nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned category used by the City:

Nonspendable

- Loans/notes receivable used to segregate that portion of fund balance to indicate that long-term loans or notes receivable do not represent available, spendable resources even though they are components of assets.
- Long-term interfund advances cash transfers to special revenue funds to provide financing for those activities. This also includes a loan from the general fund to the water fund for a capital purchase, reported on the statement face as an internal balance.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

7. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES, Continued

Restricted

- Law enforcement comprised of asset forfeiture money and subventions received from the state for the use in police activities.
- *Housing programs* consists of cash and notes receivable expressly reserved for the use in providing housing for low and moderate income residents.
- *Transportation infrastructure* reserved in special revenue funds to finance transportation projects funded by state and federal sources.

Assigned

- *Capital projects* –funds committed by the City Council from the general fund for the replacement of docks, an infrastructure improvement project.
- General reserves funds identified as operating reserves by management and the City Council.
- Subsequent year's budget: appropriation of fund balance amount appropriated from prior budgetary surpluses in the general fund to finance one-time uses, primarily capital projects.
- *Housing and community assistance* resources held for emergency housing and business stabilization programs.
- **Debt service reserve** funds reserved by management for future debt service payments related to capital acquisitions.

<u>Unassigned</u>

• Special revenue fund deficits – deficit fund balances in four special revenue funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

7. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES, Continued

Fund Deficits

Deficit fund balances consisted of the following:

Non-Major Special Revenue Funds

Fund Name	Fund Number	Deficit Amount	Discussion/Explanation
Parkland Dedication Fund	202	(175,140)	Deficit resulted from a large payment to the Witt loan in fiscal year 2013. Financing for that payment came from advance from the general fund and will be repaid from park dedication fees.
Lakeport Housing Program	209	(37,618)	This fund was used to acquire certain properties for the City over the last decade. Management has elected to keep this fund balance in a negative balance as income to the fund will reduce it. Financing in the interim will come from the general fund.
CDBG Grant 2017	238	(11,630)	Immaterial accounts receivable were not recorded to offset the accrued expenditures in this fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

8. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS AND INTERFUND BORROWING

Damestina Fund (Dua Ta)

With City Council approval, resources may be transferred from one City fund to another. The purpose of the majority of transfers is to reimburse a fund which has made expenditure on behalf of another fund. Transfers between funds during the fiscal year 2020 were as follows:

Transfers were made to close out old funds and accounts that were no longer in use and to reimburse the general fund for program-related general administrative costs.

	Transferred In			ferred Out	
Governmental Funds					
Major funds:					
Fund: 110 - General Fund	\$	265,810	\$	-	
Fund: 235 - HOME Grant 2017				55,499	
Total major funds		265,810		55,499	
Non-major funds:					
Special revenue funds:					
Fund: 207 - Prop 172 Public Safety		-		29,500	
Fund: 238 - CDBG Grant 2017		-		295,000	
Fund: 415 - Lakeshort Blvd. HSIPL (Safety)		-		21,325	
Fund: 241 - CDBG Grant Program Income		295,000		-	
Fund: 130 - General Capital Projects				159,486	
Total non-major funds		295,000	-	505,311	
Total Transfers	\$	560,810	\$	560,810	

Interfund Borrowing and Internal Balances

Lamadina Franci (Drea France)

Borrowing Fund (Due	10)	Lending Fund (Due From)					
			Fund				
Fund Name		Amount	Number	Fund Name		Amount	
CDBG Grant 2018	\$	2,310	110	General Fund	\$	2,310	
CDBG Grant 2017		251,537	110	General Fund		251,537	
Safe Routes to School		59,893	110	General Fund		59,893	
Lakefront Park Grant		678,462	110	General Fund		678,462	
	\$	992,202	Total due from		\$	992,202	
Borrowing Fund (Advances To)			Lending Fund (Advances From)				
Borrowing Fund (Advance	es Io)		Lending	Fund (Advances	From)	<u> </u>	
Borrowing Fund (Advance	es IO)		Lending Fund	Fund (Advances	From))	
Fund Name	,	Amount		Fund (Advances Fund Name	From)	Amount	
<u> </u>	,	Amount 175,140	Fund	,	From)\$		
Fund Name			Fund Number	Fund Name		Amount	
Fund Name Parkland Dedication		175,140	Fund Number 110	Fund Name General Fund		Amount 175,140	
Fund Name Parkland Dedication Lakeport Housing	\$	175,140 114,341	Fund Number 110 110	Fund Name General Fund		Amount 175,140 114,341	
	Fund Name CDBG Grant 2018 CDBG Grant 2017 Safe Routes to School Lakefront Park Grant	Fund Name CDBG Grant 2018 \$ CDBG Grant 2017 Safe Routes to School Lakefront Park Grant \$	Fund Name Amount CDBG Grant 2018 \$ 2,310 CDBG Grant 2017 251,537 Safe Routes to School 59,893 Lakefront Park Grant 678,462 \$ 992,202	Fund Name Amount Fund Number CDBG Grant 2018 \$ 2,310 110 CDBG Grant 2017 251,537 110 Safe Routes to School 59,893 110 Lakefront Park Grant 678,462 110 \$ 992,202 Total due from	Fund Name Amount Fund Number Fund Name CDBG Grant 2018 \$ 2,310 110 General Fund CDBG Grant 2017 251,537 110 General Fund Safe Routes to School 59,893 110 General Fund Lakefront Park Grant 678,462 110 General Fund \$ 992,202 Total due from	Fund Name Amount Fund Number Fund Name CDBG Grant 2018 \$ 2,310 110 General Fund \$ CDBG Grant 2017 251,537 110 General Fund Safe Routes to School 59,893 110 General Fund Lakefront Park Grant 678,462 110 General Fund \$ 992,202 Total due from \$	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

8. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is an associate member of the Redwood Empire Municipal Insurance Fund (REMIF), a public entity pool comprised of fifteen northern California charter and associate member cities. REMIF is organized under a Joint Powers Agreement pursuant to the California Government Code. The purpose of REMIF is to arrange and administer programs of insurance for the pooling of self-insured losses and to purchase excess insurance coverage. The City pays an annual premium to REMIF for its workers' compensation, general liability and property coverage.

The City of Lakeport participates in the following three REMIF programs:

General Liability Insurance

Annual premiums are paid by the member cities and are adjusted retrospectively to cover costs. The City of Lakeport self-insures for the first \$5,000 of each loss and pays 100% of all losses incurred under \$5,000. The City does not share or pay for losses of other cities under \$5,000, depending on the entity's deductible amount. Participating cities then share in the next \$5,000 to \$500,000 per loss occurrence. Specific coverage includes comprehensive and general automotive liability, personal injury, contractual liability, professional liability, and certain other coverage. REMIF is a member of the California Joint Powers Risk Management Authority, which provides REMIF with an additional \$9,500,000 liability insurance coverage over and above REMIF retention level of \$500,000.

Workers' Compensation

Periodic deposits are paid by member cities and are adjusted retrospectively to cover costs. The City of Lakeport is self-insured for the first \$5,000 of each loss and pays 100% of all losses incurred under \$5,000. The City does not share or pay for losses of other cities under \$5,000.

Losses of \$10,000 to \$300,000 are prorated among all participating cities. Losses in excess of \$300,000 are covered by excess insurance purchased by participating cities, as part of the pool, to State statutory limits.

Property Insurance

The City participates in REMIF's property insurance program. The annual deposits paid by participating member cities are based upon deductibility levels and are not subject to retroactive adjustments. The City of Lakeport has a deductible level of \$10,000 and a coverage limit of \$300,000,000 declared value.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

9. RISK MANAGEMENT, Continued

Risk Management Coverage

Amount	Coverage Provider	Payment Source			
General liability claims:					
\$0 - \$5,000	Self-insured retention	City funds			
5,001 - 500,000	Public Agency Risk Sharing Authority	Shared risk pool			
500,001 - 9,500,000	California Affiliated Risk Management Authorities	Shared risk pool			
5,000,001 - 15,000,000	Commercial reinsurance				
15,000,001 - 25,000,000	California Affiliated Risk Management Authorities	Shared risk pool			
Workers' compensation claims:					
\$0 - \$5,000	Self-insured retention	City funds			
5,001 - 300,000	Public Agency Risk Sharing Authority	Shared risk pool			
300,001 +	Local Agency Workers' Compensation Excess Pool	Shared risk pool			
5,000,001 - 50,000,000	Commercial reinsurance				
50,000,001 - 300,000,000	Insurance				
Property insurance claims:					
\$0 - \$10,000	Deductible	City funds			
10,001 - 300,000,000	REMIF coverage of declared value	Shared risk pool			

There were no settlements in excess of the insurance coverage in any of the three prior fiscal years. The City does not have any accrued liability or reserves for fiscal year 2020.

The following is a summary of the most recent financial statements of REMIF as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019:

Total assets	\$ 31,189,650
Total deferred outflows of resources	659,765
Total liabilities	(30,229,545)
Total Deferred inflows of resources	(216,372)
Members' equity	\$ 1,403,498
Total revenue	\$ 26,443,540
Total expense	(25,661,506)
Operating income (loss)	\$ 782,034

REMIF issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report. Copies of that report may be obtained from REMIF at Post Office Box 885, Sonoma, California 95476.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

10. PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description

The City contributes to the California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. PERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statue and city ordinance. Copies of PERS annual financial report may be obtained from the Executive Office, 400 "P" Street, Sacramento, California, 95814.

General Information about the Pension Plans

Plan Descriptions - All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the Local Government's separate Safety (police and fire) and Miscellaneous (all other) Employee Pension Plans, cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and Local Government resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided - CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

10. PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN, Continued

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2020, are summarized as follows:

Benefits Provided

	Miscellaneo				
Hire date	Prior to January 1, 2013	On or after January 1, 2013			
Benefit formula	2.5% @ 55	2% @ 62			
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service			
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life			
Retirement age	50 - 55	52 - 67			
Monthly benefits, as a & of eligible compensation	2.0% to 2.7%	1.0% to 2.5%			
Required employee contribution rates	8%	9%			
Required employer contribution rates	11.432%	6.985%			
	S	afety			
Hire date	Prior to January 1, 2013	On or after January 1, 2013			
Benefit formula					
Defferit formula	3% @ 50	2.7% @ 57			
Benefit vesting schedule	3% @ 50 5 years service	2.7% @ 57 5 years service			
	•	-			
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service			
Benefit vesting schedule Benefit payments	5 years service Monthly for life	5 years service Monthly for life			
Benefit vesting schedule Benefit payments Retirement age	5 years service Monthly for life 50	5 years service Monthly for life 50 - 57			

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for both Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The Local Government is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

10. PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN, Continued

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the contributions recognized as part of pension expense for each Plan were as follows:

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2020, the City reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability of each Plan as follows:

	Propo	ortionate Share
	of Net	Pension Liability
Miscellaneous	\$	4,909,061
Safety		2,440,583
Total Net Pension Liability	\$	7,349,644

The City's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, rolled forward to June 30, 2019, using standard update procedures. The Local Government's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Local Government's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

10. PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN, Continued

Voor Endod

The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan as of June 30, 2019 and 2020, was as follows:

	Miscellaneous	Sarety
Duran anti- un la la 20, 2010	0.110020/	0.027110/
Proportion - June 30, 2019	0.11803%	0.03711%
Proportion - June 30, 2020	0.12259%	0.03910%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	0.00456%	0.00199%

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized an increase in pension expense of \$136,989.

At June 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Miscellaneous Plan			Safety Plan				Total				
	Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred	
	Outflows		Inflow		Outflows		Inflow		Outflows		Inflow	
	of	Resources	of	Resources	of	Resources	of	Resources	of	Resources	of I	Resources
Changes in assumptions	\$	151,105	\$	-	\$	80,513	\$	-	\$	231,618	\$	-
Differences between expected and actual experiences		314,538		-		159,348		-		473,886		-
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings		-		85,826		-		33,574		-		119,400
Differences between the employer's contributions and proportionate share of the		-		492,047		-		414,429		-		906,476
Change in employer's proportion		212,007		-		215,965		-		427,972		-
Pension contributions subsequent to												
measurement date		549,955		-		278,551		-		828,506		-
Total	\$	1,227,605	\$	577,873	\$	734,377	\$	448,003	\$	1,961,982	\$ 1	,025,876

The \$828,506 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended							
30-Jun	Mis	Miscellaneous		Safety		Total	
2021	\$	245,614	\$	71,995	\$	317,609	
2022		(139,947)		(52,140)		(192,087)	
2023		(23,233)		(18,565)		(41,798)	
2024		17,343		6,533		23,876	
2025		-		-		-	
Thereafter		-		-		-	
	\$	99,777	\$	7,823	\$	107,600	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

10. PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN, Continued

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Assumptions	
Actuarial cost method	Entry-age normal cost method
Actuarial assumptions:	
Discount rate	7.15%
Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	Varies by entry age and service
Mortality Rate Table	Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funs
Post-retirement benefit increase	Contract COLA up to 2.75% until purchasing power protection allowance floor on purchasing power applies, 2.75% thereafter.

The underlying mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details, please refer to the 2014 experience study report.

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the fiscal years 1997 to 2011, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. The Experience Study can be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of the discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. The tests revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the current 7.15 percent discount rate is appropriate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not deemed necessary. The long-term expected discount rate of 7.15 percent is applied to all plans in the Public Employees' Retirement Fund (PERF). The cash flows used in the testing were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained at CalPERS website under the GASB 68 section.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

10. PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN, Continued

The long -term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Rates of Return

	New Strategic Allocation	Real Return Years 1-10 ⁽¹⁾	Real Return Years 11+ ⁽²⁾
Global equity	47%	5.25%	5.71%
Global fixed income	19%	0.99%	2.43%
Inflation sensitive	6%	0.45%	3.36%
Private equity	12%	6.83%	6.95%
Real estate	11%	4.50%	5.13%
Infrastructure and forestland	3%	4.50%	5.09%
Liquidity	2%	-0.55%	-1.05%
Total	100%		

⁽¹⁾ An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period.

⁽²⁾ An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

10. PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN, Continued

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate -The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is I-percentage point lower or I-percentage point higher than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.15%)	(7.15%)	(8.15%)
Net Pension Liability as of			
June 30, 2019			
Miscellaneous	\$ 7,673,411	\$ 4,909,061	\$ 2,627,284
Safety	4,143,587	2,440,583	1,044,388
Total	\$ 11,816,998	\$ 7,349,644	\$ 3,671,672

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

11. POST RETIREMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS

Plan Description

The City's single-employer defined benefit retiree health plan provides certain health care benefits to qualified retired employees until they become eligible for Medicare benefits. Employees of the City may become eligible for these benefits when they reach normal retirement age while working for the City based upon years of service.

Funding Policy

The City recognizes the cost of providing these benefits by expensing their monthly insurance premiums. Other postemployment benefits paid by the City for the year totaled \$243,284.

The plan provisions and benefits are summarized below:

Benefit types provided Medical only
Duration of benefits Lifetime
Required service 12 years
Minimum age 50
Dependent coverage Yes

City contribution % ⁽¹⁾ 12-14 years of service: 40%

15-17 years of service: 60% 18-20 years of service: 80% 21+ years of service: 100%

City cap Active cap (currently a % of premium)

⁽¹⁾ Applies to City contribution for active coverage. Those hired prior to 4/6/99 are entitled to the active contribution upon retirement subject only to the minimum pension eligibility requirements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

11. POST RETIREMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS, Continued

OPEB Eligibility Summary

Inactive employees receiving benefits	38
Inactive employees entitled to but not receiving benefits	0
Participating active employees	8
Total number of participants	46

Contributions

The Plan and its contribution requirements are established by Memoranda of Understanding with the applicable employee bargaining units and may be amended by agreements between the City and the bargaining units. The annual contribution is based on the actuarially determined contribution. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the City's cash contributions were \$243,284.

Net OPEB Liability

The City's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation dated June 30, 2020, based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	2.20%
Inflation	2.75%
Salary Increases	2.75%
Investment Rate of Return	2.20%
Mortality Rate (1)	Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all funds.
Pre-Retirement Turnover (2)	Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all funds.
Healthcare Trend Rate	4%

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Pre-retirement mortality information was derived from data collected during 1997 to 2011 CalPERS Experience Study dated January 2014 and post-retirement mortality information was derived from the 2007 to 2011 CalPERS Experience Study. The Experience Study Reports may be accessed on the CalPERS website www.calpers.ca.gov under Forms and Publications.

⁽²⁾ The pre-retirement turnover information was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. For more details, please refer to the 2007 to 2011 Experience Study Report. The Experience Study Report may be accessed on the CalPERS website www.calpers.ca.gov under Forms and Publications.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

11. POST RETIREMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS, Continued

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 2.20 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that Authority contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees and beneficiaries. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Changes in the OPEB Liability

The changes in the net OPEB liability for the Plan are as follows:

		Fiduciary	
	Total OPEB	Net	Net OPEB
	Liability	Position	Liability
Balance at 6/30/2019	\$ 5,392,938	\$ -	\$ 5,392,938
Changes for the year			
Service Cost	59,557	-	59,557
Interest	185,682	-	185,682
Experience (Gains)/Losses	378,406	-	378,406
Changes in Assumptions	1,113,983	-	1,113,983
Contributions - employer	-	235,007	(235,007)
Benefit payments	(235,007)	(235,007)	-
Net Changes	1,502,621	_	1,502,621
Balance at 6/30/2020	\$ 6,895,559	\$ -	\$ 6,895,559

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The discount rate used for the fiscal year end 2020 is 2.20%. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for measurement period ended June 30, 2020:

	Discount Rate	Valuation	Discount Rate			
Change in Discount Rate	1% Lower	Discount Rate	1% Higher			
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 7,881,683	\$ 6,895,559	\$ 6,089,106			

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

11. POST RETIREMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS, Continued

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for measurement period ended June 30, 2020:

	Trend		Trend		
Change in Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	1% Lower	Current Trend	1% Higher		
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 6,047,715	\$ 6,895,559	\$ 7,928,322		

Recognition of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. Amounts are first recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The recognition period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss:

Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	5 years
All other amounts	Expected average remaining service lifetime (EARSL) (6.0 Years at June 30, 2020)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$483,774. As of fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

L	Deferred			
Οι	utflows of	Deferr	ed Inflows	
R	esources	of Resources		
\$	34,400	\$	-	
	101,271		-	
			_	
\$	135,671	\$		
	Ot R	101,271	Outflows of Resources Of Resources	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

11. POST RETIREMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS, Continued

The \$135,671 reported as deferred outflows of resources will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021.

12. SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld Assembly Bill 1X 26 ("the Bill") that provides for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. This action impacted the reporting entity of the City of Lakeport that previously had reported a redevelopment agency within the reporting entity of the City as a blended component unit.

The Bill provides that upon dissolution of a redevelopment agency, either the city or another unit of local government will agree to serve as the "successor agency" to hold the assets until they are distributed to other units of state and local government. On January 10, 2012, the City Council elected to become the Successor Agency for the former redevelopment agency in accordance with the Bill as part of City resolution number 2441 (2012).

After enactment of the law, which occurred on June 28, 2011, redevelopment agencies in the State of California cannot enter into new projects, obligations or commitments. Subject to the control of a newly established oversight board, remaining assets can only be used to pay enforceable obligations in existence at the date of dissolution (including the completion of any unfinished projects that were subject to legally enforceable contractual commitments).

In future fiscal years, successor agencies will only be allocated revenue in the amount that is necessary to pay the estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligations of the former redevelopment agency until all enforceable obligations of the prior redevelopment agency have been paid in full and all assets have been liquidated.

The Bill directs the State Controller of the State of California to review the propriety of any transfers of assets between redevelopment agencies and other public bodies that occurred after January 1, 2011. If the public body that received such transfers is not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of those assets, the State Controller is required to order the available assets to be transferred to the public body designated as the successor agency by the Bill.

Management believes, in consultation with legal counsel, that the obligations of the former redevelopment agency due to the City are valid enforceable obligations payable by the successor agency trust under the requirements of the Bill. The City's position on this issue is not a position of settled law and there is considerable legal uncertainty regarding this issue. It is reasonably possible that a legal determination may be made at a later date by an appropriate judicial authority that would resolve this issue unfavorably to the City.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

12. SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY, Continued

In accordance with the timeline set forth in the Bill (as modified by the California Supreme Court on December 29, 2011) all redevelopment agencies in the State of California were dissolved and ceased to operate as a legal entity as of February 1, 2013. Prior to that date, the final seven months of the activity of the redevelopment agency continued to be reported in the governmental funds of the City included in the fund financial statements as Former Redevelopment Agency Special Revenue Fund and Low/Moderate Income Housing Fund.

After the date of dissolution, the assets and activities of the dissolved redevelopment agency are reported in a fiduciary fund (private-purpose trust fund) in the financial statements of the City. The transfer of the assets and liabilities of the former redevelopment agency as of February 1, 2012 (effectively the same date as January 31, 2012) from governmental funds of the City to fiduciary funds was reported in the governmental funds as an extraordinary loss (or gain) in the governmental fund financial statements. The receipt of these assets and liabilities as of January 31, 2012 was reported in the private-purpose trust fund as an extraordinary gain (or loss).

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

12. SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY, Continued

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2020:

Redevelopment Successor Private Purpose Trust Debt Service Activity

	Balance	Due within			
Fiduciary activities:	July 1, 2019	Additions	Retirements	June 30, 2020	one year
2004 Series B RDA Tax Exempt Bonds	\$ 580,000	\$ -	\$ (60,000)	\$ 520,000	\$ 65,000
2016 Tax Allocation Bonds	3,950,000	-	(75,000)	3,875,000	145,000
Total fiduciary activities	\$ 4,530,000	\$ -	\$ (135,000)	\$ 4,395,000	\$ 210,000

2004 Series B Bonds

2004 Series B bond, total issue \$1,170,000. Annual principal is due on September 1 and interest payments are due semi-annually, at an annual interest rate of 5.31%, September 1 and March 1 each year. Payments are secured by redevelopment tax increment revenue, maturing in year 2027.

Balance due \$ 520,000

2016 Tax Allocation Bond

2016 Tax Allocation Bond, total issue \$4,120,000. Annual principal is due on September 1 and interest payments are due semi-annually, September 1 and March 1 each year. Payments are secured by redevelopment tax increment revenue, maturing in year 2034.

Balance due \$ 3,875,000

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

12. SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY, Continued

Future debt service for Fiduciary Activities at June 30, 2020, is as follows:

	2004 Series B RDA 2016 Tax										
		Tax Exen	mpt Bond			Allocation Bond			To	tals	
June 30,	P	Principal Interest		Interest		Principal	Interest		Principal		Interest
2021	\$	65,000	\$	27,544	\$	145,000	\$	149,550	\$ 210,000	\$	177,094
2022		65,000		23,871		145,000		143,750	210,000		167,621
2023		70,000		20,058		160,000		1,346,501	230,000		1,366,559
2024		75,000		15,961		160,000		131,250	235,000		147,211
2025		80,000		11,583		170,000		124,650	250,000		136,233
2026-2030		165,000		9,464		1,350,000		488,850	1,515,000		498,314
2031-2035		-		-		1,745,000		156,025	1,745,000		156,025
	\$	520,000	\$	108,481	\$	3,875,000	\$	2,540,576	\$ 4,395,000	\$	2,649,057
		_				_			_		
Due within one year	\$	65,000	\$	27,544	\$	145,000	\$	149,550	\$ 210,000	\$	177,094
Due after one year		455,000		80,937		3,730,000		2,391,026	4,185,000		2,471,963
	\$	520,000	\$	108,481	\$	3,875,000	\$	2,540,576	\$ 4,395,000	\$	2,649,057

13. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The GASB has issued Statement No. 83, "Certain Asset Retirement Obligations." The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2019. Earlier application is encouraged. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this Statement. This statement had no effect on these financial statements.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 84, "Fiduciary Activities." The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Earlier application is encouraged. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The City will implement this statement, as applicable, to its financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2020.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

13. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS, CONTINUED

The GASB has issued Statement No. 87, "Leases." The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The City will implement this statement, as applicable, to its financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2021.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 89, "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period." The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020. Earlier application is encouraged. The objectives of this Statement are (1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The City will implement this statement, as applicable, to its financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2021.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 91, "Conduit Debt Obligations." The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020. Earlier application is encouraged. The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The City will implement this statement, as applicable, to its financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2022.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Continued

13. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS, CONTINUED

The GASB has issued Statement No. 95, "Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance". The primary objective of this Statement is to provide temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. That objective is accomplished by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later.

The effective dates of certain provisions contained in the following pronouncements are postponed by one year:

- Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations
- Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities
- Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements
- Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period
- Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests
- Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations
- Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020
- Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates
- Implementation Guide No. 2017-3, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (and Certain Issues Related to OPEB Plan Reporting)
- Implementation Guide No. 2018-1, Implementation Guidance Update—2018
- Implementation Guide No. 2019-1, Implementation Guidance Update—2019
- Implementation Guide No. 2019-2, Fiduciary Activities.

The effective dates of the following pronouncements are postponed by 18 months:

- Statement No. 87, *Leases*
- Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, Leases.

Earlier application of the provisions addressed in this Statement is encouraged and is permitted to the extent specified in *each* pronouncement as originally issued.



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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

City of Lakeport, California Required Supplementary Information -Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

for the Measurement Periods Ended June 30,

	2020	2019	2018		
Total OPEB Liability		_			
Service Cost	\$ 59,557	\$ 53,802	\$ 52,362		
Interest on the total OPEB liability	185,682	173,339	189,647		
Experience (Gains)/Losses	378,406	-	-		
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-		
Changes of assumptions	1,113,983	359,286	-		
Benefit payments	(235,007)	(238,287)	(324,908)		
Net change in total OPEB liability	1,502,621	348,140	(82,899)		
Total OPEB liability - beginning	5,392,938	5,044,798	5,127,697		
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 6,895,559	\$ 5,392,938	\$ 5,044,798		
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer	\$ 235,007	\$ 238,287	\$ 324,908		
Contributions - employee	-	-	-		
Actual investment income	-	-	-		
Administrative expense	-	-	-		
Benefit payments	(235,007)	(238,287)	(324,908)		
Net change in plan fiduciary net position					
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	<u>-</u>	\$ -	\$ -		
Net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 6,895,559	\$ 5,392,938	\$ 5,044,798		
Covered payroll	\$ 2,632,480	\$ 2,570,660	\$ 2,444,280		
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	261.94%	209.79%	206.39%		

Notes to Schedule

¹⁾ GASB 75 requires presentation of the 10-year history of changes in the Net OPEB Liability. However, since 2018 was the initial year of implementation, only three years are currently available.

City of Lakeport, California Required Supplementary Information - Net OPEB Liability Schedule of Contributions June 30, 2020

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	2020		2019	2018			
Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC)	\$ 235,007	\$	238,287	\$	324,908		
Contributions in relation to the ADC	235,007		238,287		324,908		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-		
Covered payroll	3,111,833		2,632,480		2,570,660		
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	7.55%		9.05%		12.64%		

Notes to Schedule

¹⁾ GASB 75 requires presentation of the 10-year history of changes in the Net OPEB Liability. However, since 2018 was the initial year of implementation, only three years are currently available.

City of Lakeport, California Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Contributions

Miscellaneous Plan

Last 10 Fiscal Years*	 2020		2019		2018		2017	
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$ 549,955	\$	114,309	\$	299,811	\$	279,716	
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	 (549,955)		(114,309)		(299,811)		(279,716)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Covered payroll	\$ 1,807,816	\$	1,854,631	\$	1,854,631	\$	1,727,792	
Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll	30.42%		6.16%		16.17%		16.19%	

Notes to Schedule

1) Covered employee payroll represents compensation earnable and pensionable compensation. Only compensation earnable and pensionable compensation that would possibly go into the determination of retirement benefits are included.

Safety Plan

Last 10 Fiscal Years*	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$ 278,551	\$ 193,615	\$ 178,679	\$ 175,590
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	 (278,551)	 (193,615)	 (178,679)	 (175,590)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ _	\$ 	\$ 	\$ _
Covered payroll	\$ 824,664	\$ 716,030	\$ 716,030	\$ 701,870
Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll	33.78%	27.04%	24.95%	25.02%

Notes to Schedule

1) Covered employee payroll represents compensation earnable and pensionable compensation. Only compensation earnable and pensionable compensation that would possibly go into the determination of retirement benefits are included.

^{*} Due to a change in CalPERS reporting information, only two years are available. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

^{*} Due to a change in CalPERS reporting information, only two years are available. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

City of Lakeport, California Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability

Miscellaneous Plan

Last 10 Fiscal Years*	2020	2019	2018	2017
Plan's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension	0.12259% \$ 4,909,060	0.11803% \$ 4,448,040	0.11413% \$ 4,498,927	0.11527% \$ 4,004,316
Plan's Covered Payroll Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension	\$ 2,236,404	\$ 2,174,275	\$ 1,854,631	\$ 1,727,792
Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll Plan's Proportionate Share of the Fiduciary Net Position as a	219.51%	204.58%	242.58%	231.76%
Percentage of the Plan's Total Pension Liability Plan's Proportionate Share of Aggregate Employer Contribution	76.11% \$ 648,195	77.33% \$ 578,074	77.17% \$ 575,409	78.69% \$ 550,660

Notes to Schedule

1) Covered employee payroll represents compensation earnable and pensionable compensation. Only compensation earnable and pensionable compensation that would possibly go into the determination of retirement benefits are included.

^{*} Due to a change in CalPERS reporting information, only four years are available. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

Last 10 Fiscal Years*	2020	2019	2018	2017
Dian's Dranartian of the Net Densian Lightlity//Accet	0.03910	% 0.03711%	0.03613%	0.03744%
Plan's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension	\$ 2,440,583		\$ 2,158,780	\$ 1,938,947
Plan's Covered Payroll	\$ 875,42	. , ,	\$ 716,030	\$ 701,870
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension				
Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	278.79	% 276.19%	301.49%	276.25%
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Fiduciary Net Position as a				
Percentage of the Plan's Total Pension Liability	80.36	% 81.91%	80.21%	79.63%
Plan's Proportionate Share of Aggregate Employer Contribution	\$ 437,94	5 \$ 415,848	\$ 301,957	\$ 261,963

Notes to Schedule

¹⁾ Covered employee payroll represents compensation earnable and pensionable compensation. Only compensation earnable and pensionable compensation that would possibly go into the determination of retirement benefits are included.

^{*} Due to a change in CalPERS reporting information, only two years are available. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds account for revenues received that have special restrictions placed on their use or are committed to expenditure for specified purposes either through statute or by Council policy. The City has a number of different special revenue funds which are part of the non-operating budget. The City's nonmajor special revenue funds include the following:

Fund	Description
Parkland Dedication Fund	State law and General Plan provide for new development to fund expansion of park systems to compensate for added demand of growth. Fees are collected at time of recordation of parcel and subdivision maps (see Section 16.16.040 Lakeport Municipal Code).
Gas Tax Fund	Established to account for revenues and expenditures on road-related projects in the City. Financing is provided by the City's share of the statewide tax on gasoline and other fuels.
Prop 172 Public Safety Fund	A city or county that received Prop 172 funds must place the revenues in a special revenue fund to be expended only on public safety services as defined in Government Code Section 30052. Maintenance of effort provision in the statute requires the City to maintain funding levels to public safety functions.
Lakeport Housing Fund	A special revenue fund established for the provision of affordable housing.
BSCC Law Enforcement Subvention	This fund reports the receipt of state subvention from the Board of State and Community Corrections (BSCC) appropriated to local municipal law enforcement agencies for specified police activities.
CDBG Grant 2018	Established to account for the revenues and expenditures associated with a CDBG funded off site improvements projects related to low-income family housing development.
CDBG Grant 2017	Established to account for the revenues and expenditures associated with a CDBG funded economic development business loans and planning and technical assistance in the Forbes Creek Neighborhood.
Tenth Street Drainage Fund	Restricted fund/set aside by developer of Willow Tree Shopping Center.
Lakeport Blvd Improvement Fund	Special assessment of developer to mitigate traffic impacts of K-Mart (now Bruno's) development in 1987.
South Main Street Improvement Fund	Special assessment of developer to mitigate traffic impacts of K-Mart.

NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS, Continued

Fund	Description
Parkside Traffic Mitigation Fund	Traffic mitigation fees are required as a mitigation measure of Parkside Subdivision.
Parallel/Bevins Storm Maintenance Fund	Fund set up to account for revenue received and expenditures made in conjunction with development along the Parallel Drive and Bevins Drive corridor.
Lakeshore Storm Damage Repair Fund	On Lakeshore Boulevard from 75' south of Sayre Street, north through Jones Street to clear concrete debris from below the existing sea wall, reinforce the embankment with sheet pile, and backfill the wall. Repair the roadway, curb, and gutter failure by cutting out failed sections and replacing the base rock and AC paving. Funds provided by the Federal government through Caltrans' administration of the Emergency Relief (ER) Program.
Storm Drainage Fund	Assessments are made against larger properties to pay for prior and future storm drain projects (see Chapter 3.16 Lakeport Municipal Code).
Lakeshore Blvd. HSIPL (Safety)	Special revenue fund established to account for expenditure related to the federal highway funding.
CDBG Grant Program Income	This fund is used for reinvestment into housing programs from program income generated by past CDBG grants.
Safe Routes to School	Established to account for the revenues and expenditures associated with a CalTrans funded project to improve the pedestrian corridor to the Lakeport Unified School sites.
Lakefront Park Grant	Established to account for the revenues and expenditures associated with a Proposition 68 California Department of Parks and Recreation grant to construct a new park in Lakeport.
HOME Grant Program Income	This fund is used for reinvestment into housing programs from program income generated by past HOME grants.
General Capital Projects	This fund is used to track specific capital projects funded from various other governmental and fiduciary funds. Most notably this fund is used to account for the Downtown Main Street revitalization project.

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City of Lakeport, California Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds, Continued June 30, 2020

	Parklan	d		F	Prop 172	ı	_akeport	SCC Law orcement	CDI	BG Grant
	Dedicati		Gas Tax		blic Safety		Housing	bvention	2018	
ASSETS			 		,					
Cash and investments	\$	_	\$ 384,946	\$	123,029	\$	76,723	\$ 82,694	\$	_
Receivables:										
Intergovernmental		-	-		-		-	-		2,310
Loans/Notes		-	-		-		339,440	-		-
Total assets	\$	-	\$ 384,946	\$	123,029	\$	416,163	\$ 82,694	\$	2,310
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	53,654	\$	-
Due to other funds		-	-		-		-	-		2,310
Advances from other funds	175,	140	-		-		114,341	-		-
Total liabilities	175,	140	-		-		114,341	53,654		2,310
Fund Balances:										
Nonspendable:										
Loans receivable		-	-		-		339,440	-		-
Restricted:										
Law enforcement		-	-		123,029		-	29,040		-
Housing programs		-	-		-		-	-		-
Transportation infrastructure		-	384,946		-		-	-		-
Assigned:										
Capital projects		-	-		-		-	-		-
Housing and community assistance		-	-		-		-	-		-
Unassigned (deficit)	(175,	140)	 		-		(37,618)			-
Total fund balances	(175,	140)	384,946		123,029		301,822	29,040		-
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$		\$ 384,946	\$	123,029	\$	416,163	\$ 82,694	\$	2,310

CE	2017 Drain		nth Street Orainage	Lakeport Blvd			th Main St provement	Parkside Traffic litigation	allel/Bevins Storm intenance	Lakeshore Storm Damage Repair	
\$	-	\$	87,087	\$	119,406	\$	32,031	\$ 17,635	\$ 20,387	\$	-
	240,720		-		-		-	-	-		-
\$	240,720	\$	87,087	\$	119,406	\$	32,031	\$ 17,635	\$ 20,387	\$	-
	813 251,537	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
	- 252,350		<u>-</u>		-		<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>	 -	-	-
	-		-		-		-	-	-		-
	-		-		-		-	-	-		-
	-		87,087		119,406		32,031	17,635	20,387		-
	-		-		-		-	-	-		-
	(11,630)		-		-		-	 -			
	(11,630)		87,087		119,406		32,031	 17,635	20,387		-
\$	240,720	\$	87,087	\$	119,406	\$	32,031	\$ 17,635	\$ 20,387	\$	-

(continued)

City of Lakeport, California Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds, Continued June 30, 2020

	 Storm Orainage	Lakeshore Blvd HSIPL (Safety)		CDBG Grant Program Income		Safe Routes to School		Lakefront Park Grant		HOME Grant Program Income	
ASSETS											
Cash and investments	\$ 136,831	\$	-	\$	12,478	\$	-	\$	-	\$	356,148
Receivables:											
Intergovernmental	-		-		-		60,568		685,283		-
Loans/Notes	 - 426.024		-		1,071,975		-			_	1,250,176
Total assets	\$ 136,831	\$		\$	1,084,453	\$	60,568	\$	685,283	\$	1,606,324
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES											
Liabilities:											
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,000		675		6,821		-
Due to other funds	-		-		-		59,893		678,462		-
Advances from other funds	-		-		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities	-		-		1,000		60,568		685,283		-
Fund Balances:											
Nonspendable:											
Loans receivable	-		-		1,071,975		-		-		1,250,176
Restricted:											
Law enforcement	-		-		-		-		-		-
Housing programs	-		-		-		-		-		356,148
Transportation infrastructure	-		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned:											
Capital projects	136,831		-		-		-		-		-
Housing and community assistance	-		-		11,478		-		-		-
Unassigned (deficit)	 _				-						
Total fund balances	136,831				1,083,453						1,606,324
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 136,831	\$	-	\$	1,084,453	\$	60,568	\$	685,283	\$	1,606,324

General Capital Proejcts	Non-major Governmental Totals
\$ -	\$ 1,449,395
- - \$ -	988,881 2,661,591
-	\$ 5,099,867
	62.062
-	62,963
-	992,202
	289,481
	659,363
-	2,661,591
-	152,069
-	356,148
-	661,492
	136,831 11,478 (224,388)
	3,755,221
\$ -	\$ 5,099,867

(concluded)

	Parkland edication	Gas Tax	rop 172 olic Safety	.akeport Housing	Enf	SCC Law orcement bvention	G Grant 2018
REVENUES:	 			 			
Intergovernmental revenue	\$ =	113,745	\$ 41,915	\$ =	\$	=	\$ 2,310
Use of money and property	-	1,706	546	10,694		368	-
Total revenues	 	 115,451	42,461	 10,694		368	 2,310
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Roads and infrastructure:							
Public works	-	3,800	-	-		-	-
Housing and support programs	-	-	-	-		-	2,310
Economic development	-	-	-	=		-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-		294	-
Capital outlay	 -	-	-	-		53,360	 -
Total expenditures	-	3,800	-	-		53,654	2,310
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)							
EXPENDITURES	 	 111,651	 42,461	 10,694		(53,286)	 -
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in	-	=	-	-		-	-
Transfers out	-	=	(29,500)	-		-	-
Total other financing							
sources and uses	 	 	 (29,500)	 			 -
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES)	 	111,651	12,961	10,694		(53,286)	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):							
Beginning of year	(175,140)	273,295	110,068	291,128		82,326	_
End of year	\$ (175,140)	\$ 384,946	\$ 123,029	\$ 301,822	\$	29,040	\$

CI	CDBG Grant Tenth Stree 2017 Drainage			Lakeport Blvd Improvement	th Main St provement	Parkside Traffic Iitigation	llel/Bevins Storm intenance	Lakeshore Storm Damage Repair		
\$	315,152	т		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
		38		528	 141	 79	92	 1,275		
	315,152	38		528	 141	 79	 92	 1,275		
	-		-	-	=	=	-	-		
	30,422		-	-	-	-	-	-		
	-		-	-	-	-	-	-		
	=		-	-	=	=	=	=		
					 	 	 -	 		
	30,422				 	 -	 -	 		
	284,730	38	<u>, </u>	528	 141	 79	 92	1,275		
	(295,000)		- - -	- -	-	- -	 -	 -		
	(295,000)		_	_	=	_	_	_		
	(10,270)	38		528	141	79	92	 1,275		
	(10,270)	38		528	 141	 79	 92	 1,2/5		
	(1,360)	86,700		118,878	 31,890	17,556	 20,295	 (1,275)		
\$	(11,630)	\$ 87,08	7 (\$ 119,406	\$ 32,031	\$ 17,635	\$ 20,387	\$ =		

(continued)

City of Lakeport, California Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds, Continued For the year ended June 30, 2020

1	[Storm Drainage	Lakeshore Blvd HSIPL (Safety)	DBG Grant gram Income	afe Routes to School	Lakefront Pai Grant	-k	OME Grant Program Income
REVENUES:								
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 38	\$ 82,558	685,2	83	\$ -
Use of money and property		608		 3,593	 -			 11,527
Total revenues		608		 3,631	 82,558	685,2	83	 11,527
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Roads and infrastructure:								
Public works		-	-	-	81,605		-	
Housing and support programs		-	-	-	-		-	
Economic development		-	-	58,290	-	6,3	11	
Public safety		-	-	-	-		-	-
Capital outlay		=		=	=_	678,9	72	=
Total expenditures		=		58,290	81,605	685,2	83	-
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)								
EXPENDITURES		608	-	 (54,659)	 953			 11,527
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		-	-	295,000	-		-	-
Transfers out		=	(21,325)	_	-		-	-
Total other financing								
sources and uses		=	(21,325)	 295,000	 -		-	 -
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER								
FINANCING (USES)		608	(21,325)	 240,341	 953			11,527
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):								
Beginning of year		136,223	21,325	843,112	(953)		-	1,594,797
End of year	\$	136,831	\$ -	\$ 1,083,453	\$ =	\$	-	\$ 1,606,324

	Non-major					
General	Governmental					
Capital Projects	Totals					
\$ -	\$ 1,241,001					
	31,544					
=	1,272,545					
-	85,405					
-	32,732					
-	64,601					
-	294					
515,331	1,247,663					
515,331	1,430,695					
(515,331)	(158,150)					
-	295,000					
(159,486)	(505,311)					
((
(159,486)	(210,311)					
(674.047)	(260,464)					
(674,817)	(368,461)					
674.917	4 122 692					
674,817	4,123,682					
\$ -	\$ 3,755,221					

(concluded)

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BUDGET COMPARISONS

City of Lakeport, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual Parkland Dedication Fund For the year ended June 30, 2020

	 Budgeted Original	Amou	nts Final	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES:								
Intergovernmental revenue	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Use of money and property	 -				-		_	
Total revenues	 			-	-			
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Economic development	-		_		-		-	
Total expenditures	 -		-		-			
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	<u>-</u> _				-			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers out	-		_		-		_	
Total other financing sources and uses	-		-		-		-	
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES)	-		-		-			
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):								
Beginning of year	 (175,140)		(175,140)	(175	5,140)			
End of year	\$ (175,140)	\$	(175,140)	\$ (175	5,140)	\$		

City of Lakeport, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual Gas Tax Fund For the year ended June 30, 2020

REVENUES:	Budgeted Amounts Original Final Actual			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative			
Intergovernmental revenue Use of money and property	\$	132,117	\$ 132,117	\$	113,745 1,706	\$	(18,372) 1,706
Total revenues		132,117	 132,117		115,451		(16,666)
EXPENDITURES: Current: Roads and infrastructure:							
Public works		95,000	95,000		3,800		91,200
Total expenditures		95,000	 95,000		3,800		91,200
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		37,117	 37,117		111,651		(107,866)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out Total other financing sources and uses		<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES)		37,117	37,117		111,651		(107,866)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS): Beginning of year		273,295	273,295		273,295		-
End of year	\$	310,412	\$ 310,412	\$	384,946	\$	(107,866)

City of Lakeport, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual Prop 172 Public Safety Fund For the year ended June 30, 2020

	 Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:							
Intergovernmental revenue	\$ 29,500	\$	29,500	\$	41,915	\$	12,415
Use of money and property	-		-		546		546
Total revenues	29,500		29,500		42,461		12,961
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Public safety	29,500		29,500		-		29,500
Total expenditures	 29,500		29,500		-		29,500
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 -		-		42,461		(16,539)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out	 (29,500)		(29,500)		(29,500)		
Total other financing sources and uses	 (29,500)		(29,500)		(29,500)		
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES)	(29,500)		(29,500)		12,961		(16,539)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):	110,068		110,068		110,068		
Beginning of year	 ·		·		·		-
End of year	\$ 80,568	\$	80,568	\$	123,029	\$	(16,539)

City of Lakeport, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual Lakeport Housing Fund For the year ended June 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:	خ		۲		۲	10.004	<u> </u>	10.004
Use of money and property Other revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,694	\$	10,694
Total revenues						10,694		10,694
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Housing and support programs		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		10,000		10,000		-		10,000
Total expenditures		10,000		10,000		-		
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(10,000)		(10,000)		10,694		10,694
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfer in Transfers out Total other financing sources and uses		- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES)		(10,000)		(10,000)		10,694		10,694
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS): Beginning of year		-		-		291,128		291,128
End of year	\$	(10,000)	\$	(10,000)	\$	301,822	\$	301,822

City of Lakeport, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual BSCC Law Enforcement Subvention Fund For the year ended June 30, 2020

REVENUES: Intergovernmental revenue	\$ Budgeted Amount Original \$ - \$			\$ Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) - \$ -		
Use of money and property Total revenues	 -	-	-	 368		368	
Total revenues	 <u>-</u>	-		 368		368	
EXPENDITURES: Current:							
Public safety	14,000		14,000	294		13,706	
Capital outlay	 50,000		50,000	 53,360		-	
Total expenditures	 64,000		64,000	 53,654		13,706	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 (64,000)		(64,000)	(53,286)		(13,338)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out Total other financing sources and uses	 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u> _	
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES)	(64,000)		(64,000)	(53,286)		(13,338)	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS): Beginning of year	 82,326		82,326	82,326			
End of year	\$ 18,326	\$	18,326	\$ 29,040	\$	(13,338)	

City of Lakeport, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual CDBG Grant 2018

For the year ended June 30, 2020

	Orig	nal	- Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
REVENUES:								
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,310	\$	2,310
Use of money and property		-		-		-		-
Total revenues		-		-		2,310		2,310
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Housing and support programs		-		-		2,310		(2,310)
Total expenditures		-		-		2,310		(2,310)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		-				-		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out Total other financing sources and uses		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u> <u>-</u>		-		<u>-</u>
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES)		-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS): Beginning of year				<u>-</u>				_
End of year	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	

City of Lakeport, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual CDBG Grant 2017

For the year ended June 30, 2020

		Budgeted	Amounts	_			Variance with Final Budget	
	0	riginal	Final		Actual	Positi	ve (Negative)	
REVENUES:	·	_					_	
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	-	\$ -	\$	315,152	\$	315,152	
Use of money and property		-	_		-		_	
Total revenues					315,152		315,152	
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Housing and support programs		-	_		30,422		(30,422)	
Total expenditures		-			30,422		(30,422)	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES					284,730		345,574	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out		_			(295,000)		(295,000)	
Total other financing sources and uses				_	(295,000)		(295,000)	
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES)		-	-		(10,270)		50,574	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):		(4.260)	/1.200		(4.250)			
Beginning of year		(1,360)	(1,360		(1,360)			
End of year	\$	(1,360)	\$ (1,360	\$	(11,630)	\$	50,574	

City of Lakeport, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual Tenth Street Drainage Fund For the year ended June 30, 2020

	C	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES: Taxes:							
Sales	\$	_	\$.	\$	_	\$ -	
Use of money and property	Y	_	Ψ .		387	387	
Total revenues		-			387	387	
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Roads and infrastructure: Public works							
Total expenditures				<u> </u>			
rotal oxponation	-						
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)							
EXPENDITURES		-	-	<u> </u>	387	387	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers out		-		-	_	-	
Total other financing sources and uses		-			-	<u> </u>	
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES)		-			387	387	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):							
Beginning of year		86,700	86,700		86,700		
End of year	\$	86,700	\$ 86,700	\$	87,087	\$ 387	

City of Lakeport, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual Lakeport Blvd Improvement Fund For the year ended June 30, 2020

REVENUES: Intergovernmental revenue Use of money and property Total revenues	\$ Budgeted Original - - -	ts Final - - -	\$ Actual - 528 528	Final	nce with Budget (Negative) - 528 528
EXPENDITURES: Current: Roads and infrastructure: Public works Total expenditures		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 		 528		528
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out Total other financing sources and uses	 <u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES)	-	-	528		528
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS): Beginning of year	 118,878	 118,878	 118,878		
End of year	\$ 118,878	\$ 118,878	\$ 119,406	\$	528

City of Lakeport, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual South Main Street Improvement Fund For the year ended June 30, 2020

	 Budgeted Original		nts Final		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:	 Ji Igii iai		rillai		Actual	Positive	(ivegative)
Intergovernmental revenue	\$ -	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
Use of money and property	-	·	_	·	141	·	141
Total revenues	-		-		141		141
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Roads and infrastructure:							
Public works	-		-		-		-
Capital outlay	-		-		-		
Total expenditures	 -				-		
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)							
EXPENDITURES	 -				141		141
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers out	 -				-		
Total other financing sources and uses	-		-		-		-
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES)	-		-		141		141
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):							
Beginning of year	 31,890		31,890		31,890	-	
End of year	\$ 31,890	\$	31,890	\$	32,031	\$	141

City of Lakeport, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual Parkside Traffic Mitigation Fund For the year ended June 30, 2020

	Origi	Budgeted A	mounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:				· -		
Taxes:						
Sales	\$	- \$	-	\$ -	\$ -	
Use of money and property		-	-	79	79	
Total revenues			-	79	79	
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Roads and infrastructure:						
Public works		-	-	-	=	
Total expenditures		-				
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)						
EXPENDITURES			-	79	79	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers out		_	_	-	-	
Total other financing				· -		
sources and uses			-			
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER						
FINANCING (USES)		-	-	79	79	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):						
Beginning of year	-	-	_	17,556	17,556	
End of year	\$	<u> </u>	-	\$ 17,635	\$ 17,635	

City of Lakeport, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual Parallel/Bevins Storm Maintenance Fund For the year ended June 30, 2020

	С	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES: Taxes:								
Sales	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Use of money and property	Y	_	Ų	_	Ų	92	Y	92
Total revenues		-				92		92
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Roads and infrastructure:								
Public works		-		_		-		-
Total expenditures		-		-		-		
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)								
EXPENDITURES		-				92		92
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers out		-						
Total other financing sources and uses		-				-		
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER								
FINANCING (USES)		-		-		92		92
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):		20.205		20.205		20.205		
Beginning of year		20,295		20,295		20,295		
End of year	\$	20,295	\$:	20,295	\$	20,387	\$	92

City of Lakeport, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual Lakeshore Storm Damage Repair Fund For the year ended June 30, 2020

	 Budgeted Amo	ounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:	 nigiliai	Tillal	Actual	rositive (ivegative)	
Taxes:					
Sales	\$ - \$	-	\$ -	\$ -	
Intergovernmental revenue	-	-	-	-	
Use of money and property	 -		1,275	1,275	
Total revenues	 -		1,275	1,275	
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Capital Outlay	 -				
Total expenditures	 -		-	-	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	_	_	1,275	1,275	
EXI ENDITORIES	 		1,2,3	1,2,3	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in	 				
Total other financing sources and uses	 <u>-</u>		-		
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER					
FINANCING (USES)	-	-	1,275	1,275	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):	4 >		,,		
Beginning of year	 (1,275)	(1,275)	(1,275)		
End of year	\$ (1,275) \$	(1,275)	\$ -	\$ 1,275	

City of Lakeport, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual Storm Drainage Fund For the year ended June 30, 2020

		Budgeted	Amou			Variance with Final Budget		
		Original		Final		Actual	Positiv	∕e (Negative)
REVENUES:								
Use of money and property	\$	-	\$		\$	608	\$	608
Total revenues		-				608		608
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Roads and infrastructure:								
Public works		10,000		10,000		-		10,000
Capital outlay		20,000		20,000		-		20,000
Total expenditures		30,000		30,000		-		30,000
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)								
EXPENDITURES		(30,000)		(30,000)		608		(29,392)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out		_		_		_		_
Total other financing sources and uses						-		
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES)		(30,000)		(30,000)		608		(29,392)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS): Beginning of year		136,223		136,223		136,223		-
End of year	\$	106,223	\$	106,223	\$	136,831	\$	(29,392)
Lind Of year	7	100,223	7	100,223	٧	130,031	7	(23,332)

City of Lakeport, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual Lakeshore Blvd HSIPL (Safety) Fund For the year ended June 30, 2020

		Budgeted	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:		rigiriai	- I IIIai	Actual	rositive (ivegative)	
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	_	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Use of money and property	ې	-	- -	- -	- -	
Total revenues		-			<u> </u>	
EXPENDITURES:						
Capital outlay		-				
Total expenditures		-	-	-		
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out				(21,325)	(21,325)	
Total other financing sources and uses				(21,325)	(21,325)	
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES)		-	-	(21,325)	(21,325)	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):						
Beginning of year		21,325	21,325	21,325		
End of year	\$	21,325	\$ 21,325	\$ -	\$ (21,325)	

City of Lakeport, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual CDBG Grant Program Income Fund For the year ended June 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			-	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:							
Taxes:	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	_		4	
Sales	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental revenue Use of money and property					38 3,593		2 502
Total revenues					3,593	-	3,593
Total revenues					3,031		
EXPENDITURES:							
Economic development		25,000	25,000		58,290		(33,290)
Capital outlay		-	-		-		-
Total expenditures		25,000	25,000		58,290		(33,290)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(25,000)	(25,000)	-	(54,659)		33,290
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Loss on note receivable		-	-		-		-
Transfer in		-	-		295,000		-
Transfers out		-			-		
Total other financing sources and uses		_	_		295,000		_
sources and uses					233,000		
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES)		(25,000)	(25,000)		240,341		33,290
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):							
Beginning of year		843,112	843,112		843,112		
End of year	\$	818,112	\$ 818,112	\$	1,083,453	\$	33,290

City of Lakeport, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual Safe Routes to School Fund For the year ended June 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:							
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	250,000	\$	250,000	\$	82,558	(167,442)
Total revenues		250,000		250,000		82,558	
EXPENDITURES: Current:							
Public works		250,000		250,000		81,605	168,395
Total expenditures		250,000		250,000		81,605	168,395
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES						953	(168,395)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfer in Transfers out Total other financing sources and uses		- -		- - -		- - -	- - -
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES)		-		-		953	(168,395)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS): Beginning of year		(953)		(953)		(953)	-
End of year	\$	(953)	\$	(953)	\$	-	\$ (168,395)
		• '			_		

City of Lakeport, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual Lakefront Park Grant For the year ended June 30, 2020

REVENUES: Taxes: Intergovernmental revenue Total revenues	Origi \$	Budgeted Amor	unts Final - -	Actual \$ 685,283 685,283	
EXPENDITURES: Housing and support programs Capital outlay Total expenditures		- - -	- - -	6,311 678,972 685,283	(678,972)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		-	-		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfer in Transfers out Total other financing sources and uses		- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES)		-	-	-	-
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS): Beginning of year		<u> </u>	_		
End of year	\$	- \$	-	\$ -	\$ -

City of Lakeport, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual HOME Grant Program Income Special Revenue Fund For the year ended June 30, 2020

	 	Amounts		Fin	Variance with Final Budget	
	 Original	Final	Actual	Positiv	e (Negative)	
REVENUES:						
Use of money and property	\$ 	\$ -	\$ 11,527	\$	11,527	
Total revenues	 -	-	11,527			
EXPENDITURES:						
Housing and support programs	10,000	10,000	-		10,000	
Total expenditures	10,000	10,000		_	10,000	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)						
EXPENDITURES	 (10,000)	(10,000)	11,527		(10,000)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfer in Transfers out	-	-	-		-	
Total other financing sources and uses	<u> </u>				<u>-</u>	
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES)	(10,000)	(10,000)	11,527		(10,000)	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS): Beginning of year	1,594,797	1,594,797	1,594,797			
End of year	\$ 1,584,797	\$ 1,584,797	\$ 1,606,324	\$	(10,000)	

City of Lakeport, California Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual General Capital Projects For the year ended June 30, 2020

	 Budgeted	l Amounts	_	Variance with Final Budget		
	 Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES:						
Use of money and property	\$ -	\$	- \$ -	\$ -		
Total revenues	 -		<u> </u>			
EXPENDITURES:						
Capital outlay	 -		515,331	(515,331)		
Total expenditures	 -		515,331	(515,331)		
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)						
EXPENDITURES	 -		(515,331	515,331		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfer in	-		-	-		
Transfers out	 -		(159,486	(159,486)		
Total other financing sources and uses	-		(159,486	(159,486)		
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES)			· (674,817) 355,845		
	-	•	(0/4,01/	, 333,043		
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):						
Beginning of year	 674,817	674,817	674,817			
End of year	\$ 674,817	\$ 674,817	<u> </u>	\$ 355,845		

AGENCY FUNDS

Agency funds are used to account for resources held by the City in a purely custodial capacity for other governments, individuals, or private organizations. The City's agency funds include the following:

Fund	Description					
Special Deposit Agency Fund	Resources held for outside parties that are not available for spending by the City.					
Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Agency Fund	Resources for other post-employment benefits (OPEB) are managed and maintained in this fund. This includes City contributions to retiree health (medical, dental, vision, etc.)					

City of Lakeport, California Combining Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds June 30, 2020

ASSETS	•	cial Deposit ency Fund	Age	OPEB ency Fund	 Totals
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	419,184	\$	(20,979)	\$ 398,205
Accounts and other Total assets	\$	419,184	\$	17,208 (3,771)	\$ 17,208 415,413
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable Refundable deposits and trust liabilities	\$	266 418,918	\$	- (3,771)	\$ 266 415,147
Total liabilities	\$	419,184	\$	(3,771)	\$ 415,413

City of Lakeport, California Combining Fiduciary Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds For the year ended June 30, 2020

Constitut Downsit Found		Balance ly 1, 2019	Additions		Deductions		Balance June 30, 2020	
Special Deposit Fund								
Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	417,550	\$	-	\$	1,634	\$	419,184
Receivables:								
Accounts and other		-		-		-		-
Interest		_		-		-		_
Total assets	\$	417,550	\$		\$	1,634	\$	419,184
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	237	\$	266	\$	(237)	\$	266
Refundable deposits and trust liabilities		417,313		1,605		_		418,918
Total liabilities	\$	417,550	\$	1,871	\$	(237)	\$	419,184
OPEB Fund								
Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	(18,448)	\$	_	\$	(2,531)	\$	(20,979)
Accounts and other		19,183		17,208		(19,183)		17,208
Total assets	\$	735	\$	17,208	\$	(21,714)	\$	(3,771)
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
OPEB trust obligation	•	735		-		(4,506)	•	(3,771)
Total liabilities	\$	735	\$		\$	(4,506)	\$	(3,771)

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STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Lakeport's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, footnotes, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

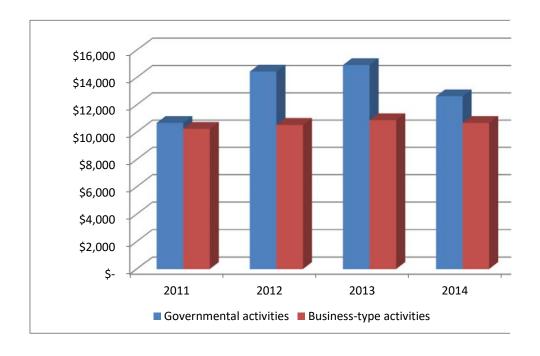
Schedules	Content	Page(s)
Financial Trends	These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	142-150
Revenue Capacity	These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's ability to generate revenues. Property taxes, sales and use taxes, charges for services, licenses, permits and fees, and intergovernmental revenue are the City's most significant revenue sources.	152-156
Debt Capacity	These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	158-162
Demographic and Economic Information	These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	164-165
Operating Information	These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	166-168

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial report for the relevant year. Information was available beginning with the year ended June 30, 2004, for the financial trend schedules.

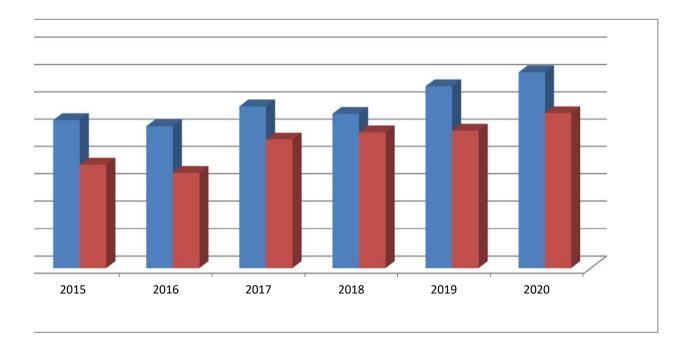
City of Lakeport, California Net Position by Component Fiscal year ended June 30 (last ten fiscal years) (Accrual basis of accounting)

(In thousands)

	 2011	2012	2013	
Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 1,278 2,603 6,790	\$ 6,352 5,463 2,618	\$	6,299 7,388 1,223
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 10,671	\$ 14,433	\$	14,910
Business-type activities				
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	7,606 797 1,839	\$ 7,510 2,413 604	\$	7,291 2,194 1,386
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 10,242	\$ 10,527	\$	10,871
Primary government				
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 8,884 3,400 8,629	\$ 13,862 7,876 3,222	\$	13,590 9,582 2,609
Total primary government net position	\$ 20,913	\$ 24,960	\$	25,781



2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	 2020
\$ 6,060 3,796 2,769	\$ 9,444 4,180 (2,823)	\$ 9,627 1,537 (801)	\$ 12,024 1,034 (1,238)	\$ 12,297 845 (1,877)	\$ 13,385 1,041 (1,147)	\$ 12,382 1,180 749
\$ 12,625	\$ 10,801	\$ 10,363	\$ 11,820	\$ 11,265	\$ 13,279	\$ 14,311
\$ 6,726 3,253 692	\$ 7,485 3,827 (3,760)	\$ 8,844 580 (2,483)	\$ 10,503 500 (1,615)	\$ 9,186 785 (64)	\$ 7,150 785 2,109	\$ 8,648 813 1,856
\$ 10,671	\$ 7,552	\$ 6,941	\$ 9,388	\$ 9,907	\$ 10,044	\$ 11,317
\$ 12,786 7,049 3,461	\$ 16,929 8,007 (6,583)	\$ 18,471 2,117 (3,284)	\$ 22,527 1,534 (2,853)	\$ 21,483 1,630 (1,941)	\$ 20,535 1,826 962	\$ 21,030 1,993 2,605
\$ 23,296	\$ 18,353	\$ 17,304	\$ 21,208	\$ 21,172	\$ 23,323	\$ 25,628



City of Lakeport, California

Changes in Net Position

Fiscal year ended June 30 (last ten fiscal years)

(Accrual basis of accounting)

(In thousands)

	2011	2012	2013
Expenses:			
Governmental activities:			
General government	\$ 1,955	\$ 737	\$ 887
Community development	358	268	283
Roads and infrastructure	1,476	1,344	1,151
Sanitation	-	421	439
Housing and support programs	174	511	18
Redevelopment/economic development	200	293	11
Public safety	1,785	1,529	1,542
Parks and recreation	313	282	382
Interest on long term debt	 309	359	 8
Total governmental activities expenses	 6,570	5,744	 4,721
Business-type activities:			
Water utility	1,413	1,550	1,596
Sewer utility	 2,289	2,408	 2,363
Total business-type activities expenses	3,702	3,958	 3,959
Total primary government expenses	10,272	9,702	 8,680
Program revenues:			
Governmental activities:			
Charges for services:			
General government	330	-	4
Community development	82	63	20
Roads and infrastructure	41	-	-
Sanitation	-	529	511
Public safety	25	-	7
Parks and recreation	-	26	-
Operating grants and contributions	816	298	199
Capital grants and contributions	1,146	783	429
Total governmental activities program revenues	2,440	1,699	1,170
Business-type activities:			
Charges for services:			
Water utility	1,176	1,439	1,471
Sewer utility	1,623	1,934	1,683
Capital grants and contributions	-	360	38
Total business-type activities program revenues	2,799	3,733	3,192
Total primary government program revenues	 5,239	5,432	4,362
Net (Expense)/Revenue:			
Governmental activities	(4,130)	(4,045)	(3,551)
Business-type activities	 (903)	(225)	(767)
Total primary government net expense	 (5,033)	(4,270)	 (4,318)

 2014	 2015	 2016	 2017	 2018	 2019	2020
\$ 830 242 1,226	\$ 775 307 1,418	\$ 962 451 893	\$ 969 410 906	\$ 873 314 1,375	\$ 1,217 319 1,222	\$ 2,507 510 1,337
452 134 82 1,664 327	438 83 39 1,713 534	108 237 1,959 437	21 137 1,986 433	501 113 1,917 404	2,751 97 2,043 704	1,533 165 2,180 332
4,961	5,307	42 5,089	78 4,940	93 5,590	143 8,496	120 8,683
1,759 2,481 4,240 9,201	1,808 2,536 4,344 9,651	 2,523 3,342 5,865 10,954	 1,247 2,737 3,984 8,924	 1,793 2,240 4,033 9,623	2,261 3,142 5,403 13,899	2,432 3,348 5,780 14,464
4 22 -	22 22 -	- 30 -	- - 87	- 49 76	- 50 28	- 52 54
467 7 -	469 4 -	- 46 5	- 2 -	- 1 -	- 2 -	- 7 -
- - 500	686 2,687 3,890	463 1,994 2,538	321 599 1,009	285 784 1,195	3,452 531 4,063	 3,293 685 4,092
1,691 2,480 -	1,826 2,787 -	2,062 2,812 -	2,190 2,696 1,097	2,379 3,009 -	2,302 2,823 -	2,690 3,885 -
4,171 4,671	4,613 8,503	 4,874 7,412	 5,983 6,992	5,388 6,583	 5,125 9,188	6,575 10,667
(4,461) (69)	(1,417) 269	(2,551) (991)	 (3,931) 1,999	 (4,395) 1,355	(4,433) (278)	(4,591) 794
 (4,530)	 (1,148)	 (3,542)	 (1,932)	 (3,040)	 (4,711)	 (3,797) (continued)

City of Lakeport, California
Changes in Net Position, Continued
Fiscal year ended June 30 (last ten fiscal years)
(Accrual basis of accounting)
(In thousands)

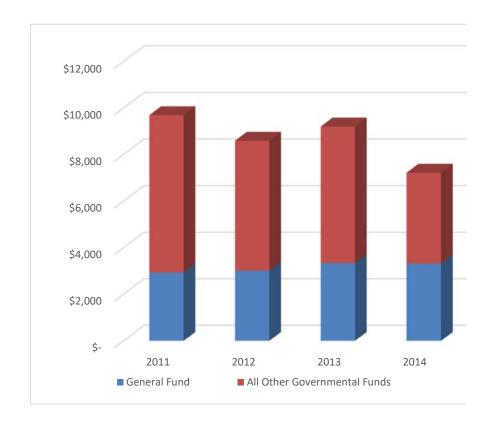
	2011	2012	2013
General Revenues and Other Changes			
in Net Position:			
Governmental activities:			
Sales tax	3,753	1,948	2,176
Property taxes	-	835	928
Transient occupancy taxes	-	82	85
Other taxes	300	82	95
Franchise fees	-	132	225
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	-	-	-
Use of money and property	25	141	194
Other revenues	1,610	405	324
Sale of land held for resale	-	-	-
Transfers in (out)	-	-	-
Extraordinary gain	-	4,181	-
Special items	-	-	-
Total governmental activities	5,688	7,806	4,027
Business-type activities:			
Property taxes	383	369	426
Use of money and property	39	36	41
Other revenues	210	104	645
Transfers in (out)	-	-	-
Total business-type activities	632	509	1,112
Total primary government	6,320	8,315	5,139
Changes in Net Position:			
Governmental activities	1,558	3,761	476
Business-type activities	(271)	284	345
Total primary government	\$ 1,287	\$ 4,045	\$ 821

Note: The City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68 and No. 71 (GASB 54 and GASB 71) for fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. The implementation resulted in a prior period adjustment of \$6,305,808 for Governmental activities and \$690,158 for Business-type activities.

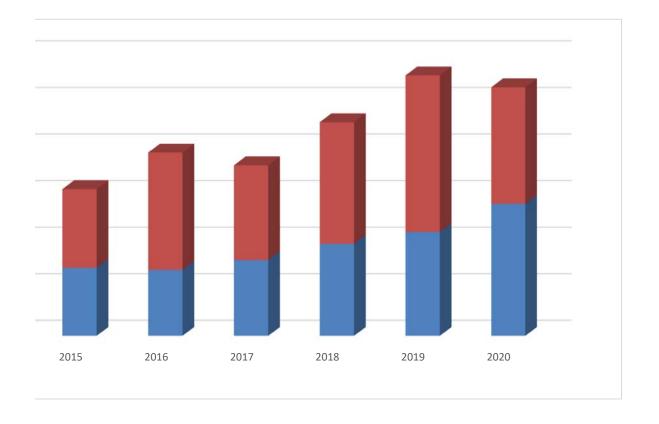
20	14	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
	2,371	2,039	2,091	2,520	3,384	3,751	3,567
	860	852	873	918	932	870	1,106
	95	58	200	228	62	198	162
	70	92	412	400	653	520	586
	277	200	-	-	-	-	-
	39	41	-	19	23	27	-
	205	299	148	146	54	147	162
	97	260	397	146	1,807	935	41
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(2,418)	-	(33)	193	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-		(1,974)	820		-	
	1,596	3,841	2,114	5,390	6,915	6,448	5,624
			210	44.5	0.4.7	200	2.40
	-	-	310	415	317	290	342
	38	41	37	50	49	125	137
	-	-	-	- (15)	-	-	-
	38	41	33 380	(15) 450	366	415	479
	1,634	3,882	2,494	5,840	7,281	6,863	6,103
	(2,865)	2,424	(437)	1,458	2,519	2,015	1,033
	(31)	310	(611)	2,448	2,519 1,721	2,015 137	1,033
					-		
\$	(2,896)	\$ 2,734	\$ (1,048)	\$ 3,906	\$ 4,240	\$ 2,152	\$ 2,306

City of Lakeport, California Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Fiscal year ended June 30 (last ten fiscal years) (Modified accrual basis of accounting) (In thousands)

	2011	2012	2013	
General Fund		 		
Nonspendable	\$ 408	\$ 1,541	\$	1,511
Restricted	-	-		-
Committed	-	1,470		-
Assigned	133	-		1,821
Unassigned	2,394	_		
Total general fund	\$ 2,935	\$ 3,011	\$	3,332
All Other Governmental Funds				
Nonspendable	\$ 2,404	\$ 2,859	\$	2,639
Restricted	2,603	2,383		3,237
Committed	-	360		373
Assigned	2,041	297		7
Unassigned	(298)	(321)		(387)
Total all other governmental funds	 6,750	5,578		5,869
Total all governmental funds	\$ 9,685	\$ 8,589	\$	9,201



 2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$ 1,087 23 182	\$ 374 14 362	\$ 329 21 421	\$ 294 21 421	\$ 289 10	\$ 289 10	\$ 289 10 -
2,021 -	2,165 -	2,062 -	2,172 337	3,310 341	3,310 843	3,310 2,055
\$ 3,313	\$ 2,915	\$ 2,833	\$ 3,245	\$ 3,951	\$ 4,453	\$ 5,665
\$ 516 3,773	\$ - 4,165	\$ 3,012 1,516	\$ 2,992 1,013	\$ 2,623 834	\$ 2,480 1,030	\$ 2,662 1,170
(387) 3,902	427 (1,212) 3,380	 777 (271) 5,034	351 (281) 4,075	 2,038 (273) 5,223	 3,479 (259) 6,730	 1,399 (224) 5,006
\$ 7,215	\$ 6,295	\$ 7,867	\$ 7,320	\$ 9,175	\$ 9,175	\$ 10,671



City of Lakeport, California

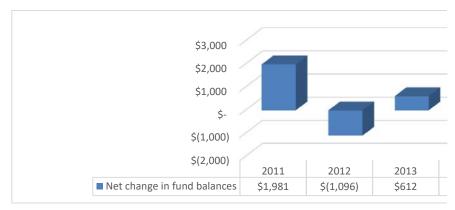
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Fiscal year ended June 30 (last ten fiscal years)

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

(In thousands)

Taxes \$ 3,753 \$ 2,943 \$ 3,285 Licenses, permits, and franchises 271 134 225 Fines and forfeitures 29 29 18 Use of money and property 25 165 194 Intergovernmental revenue 1,407 619 529 Charges for services 477 619 542 Other revenues 1,610 100 305 Total revenues 7,572 4,849 5,198 Expenditures 327 606 799 Community development 327 268 295 Community development 327 268 295 Sanitation 1,432 383 891 Housing and support programs 174 511 30 Redevelopment/economic development 1,645 1,529 1,533 Parks, buildings, and ground 313 292 484 Capital outlay 1,262 192 - Debt service 2 6 6 <th>Revenues</th> <th>2011</th> <th>2012</th> <th>2013</th>	Revenues	2011	2012	2013
Fines and forfeitures 29 29 18 Use of money and property 25 165 194 Intergovernmental revenue 1,407 859 629 Charges for services 477 619 542 Other revenues 1,610 100 305 Total revenues 7,772 4,849 5,198 Expenditures 8 2,572 4,849 5,198 Expenditures 8 2,572 4,849 5,198 Commanuity development 1,557 606 799 Community development 327 268 295 Roads and infrastructure 1,432 833 891 Sanitation 1,432 833 891 Bedevelopment/economic development 1,645 1,529 1,553 Parks, buildings, and ground 313 292 484 Capital outlay 1,665 1,529 1,553 Parks, buildings, and ground 107 168 64 Interest	Taxes	\$ 3,753	\$ 2,943	\$ 3,285
Use of money and property 25 165 194 Intergovernmental revenue 1,407 859 629 Charges for services 477 619 542 Other revenues 1,610 100 305 Total revenues	Licenses, permits, and franchises	271	134	225
Intergovernmental revenue 1,407 859 629 Charges for services 477 619 542 Other revenues 1,610 100 305 Total revenues 7,572 4,849 5,198 Expenditures 298 298 Current 606 799 Community development 327 606 799 Community development 327 606 799 Community development 327 606 799 Community development 1,432 333 891 Sanitation 1,432 333 891 Sanitation 1 421 439 Housing and support programs 1 421 439 Housing and support programs 1 421 439 Housing and ground 313 292 484 Capital outlay 1,664 1,529 1,553 Parks, buildings, and ground 1 1,62 192 2 Cost of issuance	Fines and forfeitures	29	29	18
Charges for services 477 619 52 Other revenues 1,610 100 305 Total revenues 7,572 4,849 5,198 Expenditures Current 8 295 General government 327 606 799 Community development 327 608 295 Roads and infrastructure 1,432 333 891 Sanitation 174 511 30 Redevelopment/feconomic development 1 512 33 391 Public safety 1,645 1,529 1,553 1,533 23 23 23 23 23 24 484 434 434 434 434 43 43 32 22 484 430 432 235 484 451 299 1,553 23 235 24 245 293 235 24 245 245 245 245 245 245 245 245 <t< td=""><td>Use of money and property</td><td>25</td><td>165</td><td>194</td></t<>	Use of money and property	25	165	194
Other revenues 1,610 100 305 Total revenues 7,572 4,849 5,198 Expenditures Current 8 8 General government 1,557 606 799 Community development 327 608 295 Roads and infrastructure 1,432 833 891 Sanitation 1 421 439 Housing and support programs 17 511 30 Redevelopment/economic development 293 23 23 Parks, buildings, and ground 313 292 484 Capital outlay 1,262 192 - Parks, buildings, and ground 1 7,262 192 45 Capital outlay 1,262 192 484 Parks, buildings, and ground 1 7 168 64 Capital outlay 1,262 192 235 8 Parks, buildings, and ground 1 7 168 64	Intergovernmental revenue	1,407	859	629
Total revenues 3,572 4,849 5,188 Expenditures Current 8 295 General government 1,557 606 799 Community development 327 268 295 Roads and infrastructure 1,432 833 891 Sanitation - 421 439 Housing and support programs 174 511 30 Redevelopment/economic development - 293 23 Public safety 1,645 1,529 1,553 Parks, buildings, and ground 313 292 484 Capital outlay 1,665 1,529 1,553 Parks, buildings, and ground 313 292 484 Capital outlay 1,06 1,0 1.6 64 Principal retirement 107 1,6 64 Interest 289 235 8 Total expenditures 467 (499) 612 Revenues over (under) expenditures 467	Charges for services	477	619	542
Total revenues 7,572 4,849 5,198 Expenditures Current	Other revenues	1,610	100	305
Current General government 1,557 606 799 Community development 3277 268 295 Roads and infrastructure 1,432 833 891 Sanitation - 421 439 Housing and support programs 174 511 30 Redevelopment/economic development - 293 23 Public safety 1,645 1,529 1,553 Parks, buildings, and ground 313 292 484 Capital outlay 1,262 192 - Parks, buildings, and ground 3 293 293 Capital outlay 1,262 192 484 Capital outlay 1,262 192 - Cost of issuance - - - - Cost of issuance 7,106 5,348 4,586 Interest 288 235 8 Total expenditures to Fund Equity 467 (499) 612 Reconciliation of Governmental Revenues <t< td=""><td>Total revenues</td><td></td><td>4,849</td><td>5,198</td></t<>	Total revenues		4,849	5,198
General government 1,557 606 799 Community development 327 268 295 Roads and infrastructure 1,432 833 891 Sanitation - 421 439 Housing and support programs 174 511 30 Redevelopment/economic development - 293 23 Public safety 1,645 1,529 1,553 Parks, buildings, and ground 313 292 484 Capital outlay 1,665 1,529 1,553 Parks, buildings, and ground 313 292 484 Capital outlay 1,665 1,529 1,553 Parks, buildings, and ground 313 292 484 Capital outlay 1,665 1,529 1,553 Pail 1,645 1,529 1,553 Capital outlay 1,668 6 6 Capital outlay 1,668 6 6 6 Capital 1,512 2,532 8 </td <td>Expenditures</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Expenditures			
Community development 327 268 295 Roads and infrastructure 1,432 833 891 Sanitation - 421 439 Housing and support programs 174 511 30 Redevelopment/economic development - 293 23 Public safety 1,645 1,529 1,553 Parks, buildings, and ground 313 292 484 Capital outlay 1,262 192 - Post service - - - - Cost of issuance - - - - - - Principal retirement 107 168 64 -				
Roads and infrastructure 1,432 833 891 Sanitation - 421 439 Housing and support programs 174 511 30 Redevelopment/economic development - 293 23 Public safety 1,645 1,529 1,553 Parks, buildings, and ground 313 292 484 Capital outlay 1,262 192 - Debt service - - - - Cost of issuance - 107 168 64 Interest 289 235 8 Reconciliation of Governmental Revenues 289 235 8 Less Expenditures to Fund Equity 467 (499) 612 Revenues over (under) expenditures 467 (499) 612 Other financing sources (uses): - - - Proceeds from sale of capital assets - - - Proceeds from issuance of debt - - - Payments to PERS si		1,557	606	799
Sanitation 3 431 439 Housing and support programs 174 511 30 Redevelopment/economic development - 293 23 Public safety 1,645 1,529 1,553 Parks, buildings, and ground 313 292 484 Capital outlay 1,665 1,92 - Debt service - 1 - - Cost of issuance - - - - - Principal retirement 107 168 64 Interest 289 235 8 Total expenditures - - - - Reconciliation of Governmental Revenues - - - - - 8 4,586 Revenues over (under) expenditures 467 (499) 612 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		327	268	295
Housing and support programs 174 511 30 Redevelopment/economic development - 293 23 Public safety 1,645 1,529 1,553 Parks, buildings, and ground 313 292 484 Capital outlay 1,262 192 - Debt service - - - - Cost of issuance - - - - - Principal retirement 107 168 64 64 16terest 289 235 8 8 Total expenditures 289 235 8 8 4586 64 4586 64 1886 64 1886 64 1886 64 1886 64 1886 68	Roads and infrastructure	1,432	833	891
Redevelopment/economic development - 293 23 Public safety 1,645 1,529 1,553 Parks, buildings, and ground 313 292 484 Capital outlay 1,262 192 484 Capital outlay 1,262 192 - - Debt service - <t< td=""><td>Sanitation</td><td>=</td><td>421</td><td>439</td></t<>	Sanitation	=	421	439
Public safety 1,645 1,529 1,584 Parks, buildings, and ground 313 292 484 Capital outlay 1,262 192 - Debt service	9 ,, , 9	174	511	30
Parks, buildings, and ground 313 292 484 Capital outlay 1,262 192 - Debt service Cost of issuance - <th< td=""><td></td><td>=</td><td>293</td><td>23</td></th<>		=	293	23
Capital outlay 1,262 192 - Debt service - <t< td=""><td>Public safety</td><td>1,645</td><td>1,529</td><td>1,553</td></t<>	Public safety	1,645	1,529	1,553
Cost of issuance -	Parks, buildings, and ground	313	292	484
Cost of issuance - 8 - 8 -	Capital outlay	1,262	192	-
Principal retirement 107 168 64 Interest 289 235 8 Total expenditures 7,106 5,348 4,586 Reconciliation of Governmental Revenues Less Expenditures to Fund Equity 8 467 (499) 612 Revenues over (under) expenditures 467 (499) 612 Other financing sources (uses): - - - Proceeds from sale of capital assets - - - - Proceeds from capital lease -	Debt service			
Interest 289 235 8 Total expenditures 7,106 5,348 4,586 Reconciliation of Governmental Revenues 8 4,586 Less Expenditures to Fund Equity 8 467 (499) 612 Revenues over (under) expenditures 467 (499) 612 Other financing sources (uses): 8 467 (499) 612 Proceeds from sale of capital assets 9 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 8 7 9<	Cost of issuance	-	-	-
Reconciliation of Governmental Revenues 1,106 5,348 4,586 Reconciliation of Governmental Revenues 1,200 Less Expenditures to Fund Equity 2 Revenues over (under) expenditures 467 (499) 612 Other financing sources (uses): 2 Proceeds from sale of capital assets -	Principal retirement	107	168	64
Reconciliation of Governmental Revenues	Interest	289	235	8
Less Expenditures to Fund Equity 467 (499) 612 Revenues over (under) expenditures 467 (499) 612 Other financing sources (uses): 5 1 2 2 Proceeds from sale of capital assets - <	Total expenditures	7,106	5,348	4,586
Revenues over (under) expenditures 467 (499) 612 Other financing sources (uses): - - - Proceeds from sale of capital assets - - - Proceeds from capital lease - - - Proceeds from issuance of debt - - - Payments to PERS side fund - - - Pass-through obligations (186) - - SERAF payments (64) - - Housing loans 2,082 409 - Extraordinary gain (loss) - (1,006) - Transfers in 4,719 2,959 146 Transfers out (5,037) (2,959) (146) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,514 (597) - Net change in fund balances \$ 1,981 \$ (1,096) \$ 612	Reconciliation of Governmental Revenues			
Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets - - - Proceeds from capital lease - - - Proceeds from issuance of debt - - - Payments to PERS side fund - - - Pass-through obligations (186) - - SERAF payments (64) - - Housing loans 2,082 409 - Extraordinary gain (loss) - (1,006) - Transfers in 4,719 2,959 146 Transfers out (5,037) (2,959) (146) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,514 (597) - Net change in fund balances \$ 1,981 \$ (1,096) \$ 612	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Proceeds from sale of capital assets - - - Proceeds from capital lease - - - Proceeds from issuance of debt - - - Payments to PERS side fund - - - Pass-through obligations (186) - - SERAF payments (64) - - Housing loans 2,082 409 - Extraordinary gain (loss) - (1,006) - Transfers in 4,719 2,959 146 Transfers out (5,037) (2,959) (146) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,514 (597) - Net change in fund balances \$ 1,981 \$ (1,096) \$ 612	Revenues over (under) expenditures	467	(499)	612
Proceeds from capital lease - - - Proceeds from issuance of debt - - - Payments to PERS side fund - - - Pass-through obligations (186) - - SERAF payments (64) - - Housing loans 2,082 409 - Extraordinary gain (loss) - (1,006) - Transfers in 4,719 2,959 146 Transfers out (5,037) (2,959) (146) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,514 (597) - Net change in fund balances \$ 1,981 \$ (1,096) \$ 612	Other financing sources (uses):			
Proceeds from issuance of debt - - - Payments to PERS side fund - - - Pass-through obligations (186) - - SERAF payments (64) - - Housing loans 2,082 409 - Extraordinary gain (loss) - (1,006) - Transfers in 4,719 2,959 146 Transfers out (5,037) (2,959) (146) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,514 (597) - Net change in fund balances \$ 1,981 \$ (1,096) \$ 612	Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-
Payments to PERS side fund - - - Pass-through obligations (186) - - SERAF payments (64) - - Housing loans 2,082 409 - Extraordinary gain (loss) - (1,006) - Transfers in 4,719 2,959 146 Transfers out (5,037) (2,959) (146) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,514 (597) - Net change in fund balances \$ 1,981 \$ (1,096) \$ 612		-	-	-
Pass-through obligations (186) - - SERAF payments (64) - - Housing loans 2,082 409 - Extraordinary gain (loss) - (1,006) - Transfers in 4,719 2,959 146 Transfers out (5,037) (2,959) (146) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,514 (597) - Net change in fund balances \$ 1,981 \$ (1,096) \$ 612	Proceeds from issuance of debt	-	-	-
SERAF payments (64) - - Housing loans 2,082 409 - Extraordinary gain (loss) - (1,006) - Transfers in 4,719 2,959 146 Transfers out (5,037) (2,959) (146) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,514 (597) - Net change in fund balances \$ 1,981 \$ (1,096) \$ 612	·	-	-	-
Housing loans 2,082 409 - Extraordinary gain (loss) - (1,006) - Transfers in 4,719 2,959 146 Transfers out (5,037) (2,959) (146) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,514 (597) - Net change in fund balances \$ 1,981 \$ (1,096) \$ 612	Pass-through obligations	(186)	-	-
Extraordinary gain (loss) - (1,006) - Transfers in 4,719 2,959 146 Transfers out (5,037) (2,959) (146) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,514 (597) - Net change in fund balances \$ 1,981 \$ (1,096) \$ 612	SERAF payments	(64)	-	-
Transfers in 4,719 2,959 146 Transfers out (5,037) (2,959) (146) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,514 (597) - Net change in fund balances \$ 1,981 \$ (1,096) \$ 612	Housing loans	2,082	409	-
Transfers out (5,037) (2,959) (146) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,514 (597) - Net change in fund balances \$ 1,981 \$ (1,096) \$ 612	Extraordinary gain (loss)	-	(1,006)	-
Total other financing sources (uses) 1,514 (597) - Net change in fund balances \$ 1,981 \$ (1,096) \$ 612	Transfers in	4,719	2,959	146
Net change in fund balances \$ 1,981 \$ (1,096) \$ 612	Transfers out	 (5,037)	 (2,959)	(146)
	Total other financing sources (uses)	 1,514	 (597)	
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures 7.7% 9.0% 1.8%	Net change in fund balances	\$ 1,981	\$ (1,096)	\$ 612
	Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	 7.7%	 9.0%	1.8%



2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$ 3,397			\$ 3,739	\$ 4,463	\$ 4,900	\$ 4,912
277	283		327	567	439	509
39	41		19	23	27	7
205	299		921	1,069	3,983	3,979
579	686		146	54	147	162
500	517	80	88	126	79	107
97	174	2,391	146	1,807	935	41
5,094	5,045	6,659	5,386	8,109	10,510	9,716
710	856		671	901	903	1,160
244	311		410	314	319	510
948	1,096		1,066	1,641	1,678	1,256
452	438		=	=	=	=
136	83		21	156	2,751	1,533
84	39		137	113	97	165
1,666	1,721		1,920	1,844	1,946	2,071
329	536		355	323	621	250
8	931	531	2,388	354	1,027	3,030
=	=	=	=	=	=	=
67	-	92	175	171	148	135
4	-	42	78	93	143	119
4,648	6,011	5,055	7,221	5,910	9,633	10,229
446	(966) 1,604	(1,835)	2,199	876	(513)
-	-	-	3	-	-	-
=	=	=	=	=	=	=
=	=	1,974	1,095	=	1,134	=
-	-	(1,974)	-	-	-	=
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	(345)	-	-
39	49	65	760	2,765	129	561
(39)	(16		(567)	(2,765)	(129)	(561)
- (33)	33		1,291	(345)	1,134	- (301)
\$ 446	\$ (933) \$ 1,571	\$ (544)	\$ 1,854	\$ 2,010	\$ (513)
1.7%	0.0%	3.3%	6.0%	5.1%	3.3%	2.9%

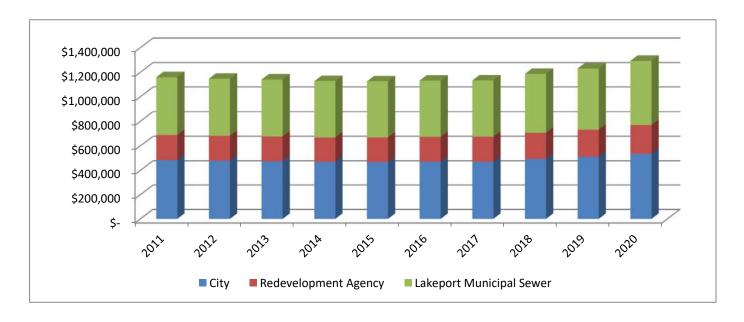


City of Lakeport, California Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property Fiscal year ended June 30 (last ten fiscal years) (In thousands)

	City		Red	levelopment Age	ency	Lake	port Municipal S	ewer	
		Taxable			Taxable			Taxable	Total
Secured	Unsecured	Assessed	Secured	Unsecured	Assessed	Secured	Unsecured	Assessed	Direct Tax
Property	Property	Value	Property	Property	Value	Property	Property	Value	Rate
\$ 459,145	\$ 23,783	\$ 482,928	\$ 194,025	\$ 11,772	\$ 205,797	\$ 446,871	\$ 23,674	\$ 470,545	1.000
455,541	22,237	477,778	192,400	11,522	203,922	443,492	22,159	465,651	1.000
452,910	21,527	474,437	191,685	11,425	203,110	441,346	21,454	462,800	1.000
447,317	21,936	469,253	188,055	11,643	199,698	436,127	21,865	457,992	1.000
445,221	22,547	467,768	188,819	12,405	201,224	433,872	22,459	456,331	1.000
449,070	21,098	470,168	190,570	12,008	202,578	437,842	21,020	458,862	1.000
448,318	21,389	469,707	192,454	12,276	204,730	437,231	21,317	458,548	1.000
469,113	23,294	492,407	200,752	12,578	213,330	457,774	23,222	480,996	1.000
486,304	23,876	510,180	208,062	13,157	221,219	474,826	23,807	498,633	1.000
510,692	24,274	534,966	220,476	13,728	234,204	498,296	24,207	522,503	1.000
	\$ 459,145 455,541 452,910 447,317 445,221 449,070 448,318 469,113 486,304	Secured Unsecured Property Property \$ 459,145 \$ 23,783 455,541 22,237 452,910 21,527 447,317 21,936 445,221 22,547 449,070 21,098 448,318 21,389 469,113 23,294 486,304 23,876	Secured Unsecured Assessed Property Property Value \$ 459,145 \$ 23,783 \$ 482,928 455,541 22,237 477,778 452,910 21,527 474,437 447,317 21,936 469,253 445,221 22,547 467,768 449,070 21,098 470,168 448,318 21,389 469,707 469,113 23,294 492,407 486,304 23,876 510,180	Secured Unsecured Assessed Secured Property Property Value Property \$ 459,145 \$ 23,783 \$ 482,928 \$ 194,025 455,541 22,237 477,778 192,400 452,910 21,527 474,437 191,685 447,317 21,936 469,253 188,055 445,221 22,547 467,768 188,819 449,070 21,098 470,168 190,570 448,318 21,389 469,707 192,454 469,113 23,294 492,407 200,752 486,304 23,876 510,180 208,062	Secured Property Unsecured Property Assessed Value Secured Property Unsecured Property \$ 459,145 \$ 23,783 \$ 482,928 \$ 194,025 \$ 11,772 455,541 22,237 477,778 192,400 11,522 452,910 21,527 474,437 191,685 11,425 447,317 21,936 469,253 188,055 11,643 445,221 22,547 467,768 188,819 12,405 449,070 21,098 470,168 190,570 12,008 448,318 21,389 469,707 192,454 12,276 469,113 23,294 492,407 200,752 12,578 486,304 23,876 510,180 208,062 13,157	Secured Property Unsecured Property Assessed Value Secured Property Unsecured Property Assessed Property Secured Property Unsecured Property Assessed Property \$ 459,145 \$ 23,783 \$ 482,928 \$ 194,025 \$ 11,772 \$ 205,797 455,541 22,237 477,778 192,400 11,522 203,922 452,910 21,527 474,437 191,685 11,425 203,110 447,317 21,936 469,253 188,055 11,643 199,698 445,221 22,547 467,768 188,819 12,405 201,224 449,070 21,098 470,168 190,570 12,008 202,578 448,318 21,389 469,707 192,454 12,276 204,730 469,113 23,294 492,407 200,752 12,578 213,330 486,304 23,876 510,180 208,062 13,157 221,219	Secured Property Unsecured Property Assessed Value Secured Property Unsecured Property Assessed Property Secured Property Unsecured Property Assessed Property Secured Property \$ 459,145 \$ 23,783 \$ 482,928 \$ 194,025 \$ 11,772 \$ 205,797 \$ 446,871 455,541 22,237 477,778 192,400 11,522 203,922 443,492 452,910 21,527 474,437 191,685 11,425 203,110 441,346 447,317 21,936 469,253 188,055 11,643 199,698 436,127 445,221 22,547 467,768 188,819 12,405 201,224 433,872 449,070 21,098 470,168 190,570 12,008 202,578 437,842 448,318 21,389 469,707 192,454 12,276 204,730 437,231 469,113 23,294 492,407 200,752 12,578 213,330 457,774 486,304 23,876 510,180 208,062 13,157 <td>Secured Property Unsecured Property Assessed Value Secured Property Unsecured Property Assessed Property Secured Value Property Unsecured Property Assessed Property Secured Property Unsecured Property 446,871 \$ 23,674 \$ 23,674 \$ 23,674 \$ 205,797 \$ 446,812 \$ 21,454 \$ 21,454 \$ 21,454 \$ 21,454</td> <td>Secured Property Secured Value Secured Value Unsecured Property Assessed Value Secured Value Property Property Property Value Property Property Value Assessed Value Secured Value Property Property Value Property Property Value Assessed Value Secured Value Property Property Value Property Property Value Assessed Value</td>	Secured Property Unsecured Property Assessed Value Secured Property Unsecured Property Assessed Property Secured Value Property Unsecured Property Assessed Property Secured Property Unsecured Property 446,871 \$ 23,674 \$ 23,674 \$ 23,674 \$ 205,797 \$ 446,812 \$ 21,454 \$ 21,454 \$ 21,454 \$ 21,454	Secured Property Secured Value Secured Value Unsecured Property Assessed Value Secured Value Property Property Property Value Property Property Value Assessed Value Secured Value Property Property Value Property Property Value Assessed Value Secured Value Property Property Value Property Property Value Assessed Value

Note: In 1978, the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited property taxes to a total maximum rate of 1% based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum of 2%). With few exceptions, property is only reassessed at the time that it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the new assessed value is reassessed at the purchase price of the property sold. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above.

Note: As of February 1, 2011, the Lakeport Redevelopment Agency was dissolved by the State of California. Property taxes formerly allocated to the Agency are now done so to satisfy existing debt obligations administered by its successor, the City of Lakeport.



City of Lakeport, California
Direct and Overlapping Tax Rates
Fiscal year ended June 30 (last ten fiscal years)
(Rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)

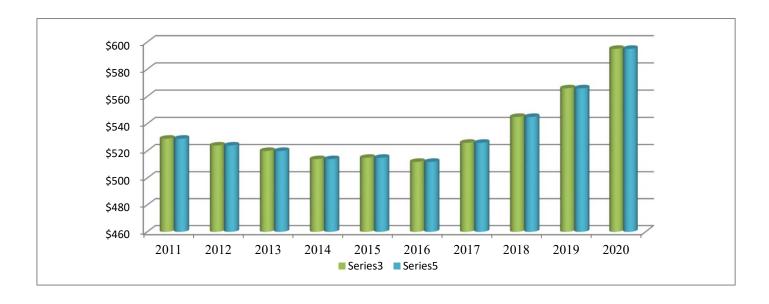
_	Direct Rat	es		Overlapping Rates	
Year Ended	Basic Rate	Total Direct	Lakeport Unified High School Bond	Mendocino Community College	Total Tax Rate
2011	1.00000	1.00000	0.03767	0.02300	1.06067
2012	1.00000	1.00000	0.44340	0.02300	1.46640
2013	1.00000	1.00000	0.04261	0.00977	1.05238
2014	1.00000	1.00000	0.04628	0.02400	1.07028
2015	1.00000	1.00000	0.04464	0.02300	1.06764
2016	1.00000	1.00000	0.11494	0.02500	1.13994
2017	1.00000	1.00000	0.10699	0.02200	1.12899
2018	1.00000	1.00000	0.10867	0.02100	1.12967
2019	1.00000	1.00000	0.09191	0.02100	1.11291
2020	1.00000	1.00000	0.10364	0.02200	1.12564

Note: Jurisdictions within Lake County have the authority to tax properties within their jurisdictions. Properties lying within multiple jurisdictions therefore can be assessed by multiple jurisdictions. The overlapping debt statement presents the debt for all jurisdictions with territory overlapping the City. Debt of overlapping jurisdictions is allocated based upon the assessed value of that jurisdiction within City as compared to total assessed value for that jurisdiction. In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13, which sets the property tax rate at a 1.00% fixed amount. This 1.00% is shared by all taxing agencies whose boundaries include the subject property. In addition to the 1.00% fixed amount, property owners are charged taxes as a percentage of assessed property values for the payment of Kelseyville Unified School Bonds, Lucerne Elementary School Bond, Lake Sanitation Bonds, County Service Area #6, Callayomi Water, Clearlake Oaks Water, Konocti Unified School Bond, Middletown Unified School Bond, Upper Lake High School Bond, Lakeport Unified High School Bonds, Yuba Community College Bonds, and Mendocino Community College.

City of Lakeport, California
Property Tax Collections and Levies
Fiscal year ended June 30 (last ten fiscal years)
(In thousands)

			Collected w Fiscal Year o		Total Collections to Date			
Year Ended	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year		Amount	Percentage of Levy	Collections in Subsequent Years		Amount	Percentage of Levy
2011	\$	529	\$ 529	100%	-	\$	529	100%
2012		524	524	100%	-		524	100%
2013		520	520	100%	-		520	100%
2014		514	514	100%	-		514	100%
2015		515	515	100%	-		515	100%
2016		512	512	100%	-		512	100%
2017		526	526	100%	-		526	100%
2018		545	545	100%			545	100%
2019		566	566	100%			532	100%
2020		595	595	100%	-		595	100%

Note: Amounts reported and collected under the Teeter Plan, in which all taxes are distributed to the City in the year of the levy with the County retaining any interest or penalties on uncollected balances.



City of Lakeport, California Principal Property Tax Payers Last fiscal year and ten years ago (In thousands)

		2019-20			2009-10	
Property Owner	Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percent of Total	Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percent of Total
Safeway, Inc.	\$ 18,878	1	28.90%	\$ -	-	0.00%
Arton, Inc.	6,423	2	9.83%	3,140	6	22.63%
California Aviv, LLC	6,910	3	10.58%	-	-	0.00%
Jeanrenaud Henri & Jeanrenaud Barbara O	6,135	4	9.39%			0.00%
Lany Lakeport Limited Partnership	6,007	5	9.20%	6,593	1	47.52%
Bruno's Property Management, LLC	6,041	6	9.25%	4,140	4	29.84%
Lakeport Investment LLC	5,150	7	7.88%			0.00%
Pontus Vault Portfolia LLC	4,098	8	6.27%			0.00%
Shoreline Mini Storage LLC	3,612	9	5.53%	-	-	0.00%
1 1st Street LLC	2,060	10	3.15%		-	0.00%
Total	\$ 65,314		100.00%	\$ 13,873		100.00%

Note: The amounts shown above include assessed value data for both the City and the Redevelopment Agency (RDA). Information prior to the years above was not maintained by the City.

Source: Lake County Auditor-Controller's Office

City of Lakeport, California

Top 25 Principal Sales Tax Remitters (listed alphabetically)

Last fiscal year and previous five years

2020	2019	2018	2017
Big Daddy Garden Supply	Bruno's Foods	Bruno's Foods	Bruno's Foods
Bruno's Foods	Burger King Restaurants	Burger King Restaurants	Burger King Restaurants
Burger King Restaurants	Chevron Service Stations	Chevron Service Stations	Chevron Service Stations
Chevron Service Stations	CVS Pharmacy	CVS Pharmacy	CVS Pharmacy
CVS Pharmacy	Dollar Tree Stores	Dollar Tree Stores	Dollar Tree Stores
Oollar General Stores	Enterprise Rent-A-Car	Eureka Oxygen Company	Express Service Stations
Oollar Tree Stores	Eureka Oxygen Company	Express Service Stations	Grocery Outlet
ureka Oxygen Company	Express Service Stations	Grocery Outlet	Jimmy's Deli
xpress Service Stations	Grocery Outlet	K Mart Stores	K Mart Stores
Grocery Outlet	K Mart Stores	Kentucky Fried Chicken	Kathy Fowler Chevy Pontiac GMC
entucky Fried Chicken	Kentucky Fried Chicken	Matt Mazzei Chevrolet	Kathy Fowler Chrysler Jeep Dodge
ake Parts	Lake Parts	McDonald's Restaurants	Kentucky Fried Chicken
Matt Mazzei Chevrolet	Matt Mazzei Chevrolet	NAPA Auto Parts	Matt Mazzei Chevrolet
∕IcDonald's Restaurants	McDonald's Restaurants	New Trend Wireless	McDonald's Restaurants
D'Reilly Auto Parts	O'Meara Bros. Brewing Company	O'Meara Bros. Brewing Company	NAPA Auto Parts
Plaza Paint	O'Reilly Auto Parts	O'Reilly Auto Parts	O'Reilly Auto Parts
Renee's Café	Park Place Restaurant	Park Place Restaurant	Park Place Restaurant
Round Table Pizza	Renee's Café	Plaza Paint & Supplies of Lakport	Renee's Café
safeway Stores	Round Table Pizza	Redwood Oil Company	Round Table Pizza
ears Roebuck & Co.	Safeway Stores	Renee's Café	Safeway Stores
hell Service Stations	Shell Service Stations	Round Table Pizza	Shell Service Stations
aco Bell	Taco Bell	Safeway Stores	Taco Bell
S Cellular	US Cellular	Taco Bell	West Lake Auto Center
erizon Wireless	Verizon Wireless	Tesoro Service Stations	New Trend Wireless
Vest Lake Auto Center	West Lake Auto Center	West Lake Auto Center	Z Wireless

Note: The lists above include both public and private entities and, therefore, the dollar values have been omitted because the information is not public information. Rankings are determined by the sales dollar volume.

2016	2015	2014	2013
Bruno's Foods	Bruno's Foods	Bruno's Foods	Bruno's Foods
Burger King Restaurants	Burger King Restaurants	Burger King Restaurants	Burger King Restaurants
Chevron Service Stations	Chevron Service Stations	Chevron Service Stations	Chevron Service Stations
CVS Pharmacy	CVS Pharmacy	CVS Pharmacy	CVS Pharmacy
Dollar Tree Stores	Dollar Tree Stores	Dollar Tree Stores	Dollar Tree Stores
Express Service Stations	Express Service Stations	Express Service Stations	Express Service Stations
Grocery Outlet	Grocery Outlet	Grocery Outlet	Grocery Outlet
Hillsdale Honda/Yamaha	Hillsdale Honda/Yamaha	Hillsdale Honda/Yamaha	Hillsdale Honda/Yamaha
K Mart Stores	Jimmy's Deli	K Mart Stores	K Mart Stores
Kathy Fowler Chevy Pontiac GMC	K Mart Stores	Kathy Fowler Chevy Pontiac GMC	Kathy Fowler Chevy Pontiac GMC
Kathy Fowler Chrysler Jeep Dodge	Kathy Fowler Chevy Pontiac GMC	Kathy Fowler Chrysler Jeep Dodge	Kathy Fowler Chrysler Jeep Dodge
Kentucky Fried Chicken	Kathy Fowler Chrysler Jeep Dodge	Mackey Tire Center	Kentucky Fried Chicken
McDonald's Restaurants	Kentucky Fried Chicken	McDonald's Restaurants	Lake Parts
NAPA Auto Parts	McDonald's Restaurants	NAPA Auto Parts	Mackey Tire Center
O'Meara Bros Brewing Restaurant	NAPA Auto Parts	New Trend Cellular	McDonald's Restaurants
O'Reilly Auto Parts	O'Reilly Auto Parts	O'Reilly Auto Parts	New Trend Cellular
Park Place Restaurant	Park Place Restaurant	Park Place Restaurant	O'Reilly Auto Parts
Renee's Café	Renee's Café	Renee's Café	Park Place Restaurant
Round Table Pizza	Round Table Pizza	Round Table Pizza	Renee's Café
Safeway Stores	Safeway Stores	Safeway Stores	Round Table Pizza
Shell Service Stations	Shell Service Stations	Shell Service Stations	Safeway Stores
Taco Bell	Taco Bell	T&T On the Lake Restaurant	T&T On the Lake Restaurant
Tower Mart Service Stations	Tower Mart Service Stations	Taco Bell	Taco Bell
West Lake Auto Center	West Lake Auto Center	Tower Mart Service Stations	Tesoro Service Stations
New Trend Wireless	Z Wireless	West Lake Auto Center	Tower Mart Service Stations

City of Lakeport, California Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last ten fiscal years

	General	_		Special	Tax	Total
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Obligation Bonds	Capital Leases	Revenue Bonds	Assessment Bonds	Alloctaion Bonds	Outstanding Debt
	Governmenta	al Activities:	Business-typ	e Activiites:	Fiduciary Activities:	
2011	-	191,000	6,082,000	4,010,000	5,410,000	15,693,000
2012	88,000	131,000	6,999,000	3,905,000	5,360,000	16,483,000
2013	-	67,000	6,769,000	3,795,000	5,305,000	15,936,000
2014	-	-	7,233,000	3,680,000	5,245,000	16,158,000
2015	-	-	10,250,000	3,560,000	5,185,000	18,995,000
2016	1,882,000	-	8,675,587	3,435,000	5,120,000	19,112,587
2017	2,802,000	-	9,395,000	2,854,000	4,810,000	19,861,000
2018	2,631,000	-	12,638,000	2,800,000	4,655,000	22,724,000
2019	3,652,000	-	15,747,000	2,648,000	4,530,000	25,997,000
2020	3,515,916	-	15,200,500	2,489,000	4,395,000	25,600,416

Note: Information presented is for the Lake County Region, except for population and unemployment data, since separate data is not available for the City of Lakeport.

Sources:

⁽¹⁾ California Department of Finance

⁽²⁾ U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis

⁽³⁾ U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis: Personal Income Summary

⁽⁴⁾ Bureau of Labor Statistics

⁽⁵⁾ State of California Employment Development Department Labor Market Information

Percentage of Personal Income	Population		Debt Capita
0.21%	4,622	\$	3,395
0.21%	4,022	۶ \$	3,503
0.29%	4,703	\$	3,381
0.29%	4,807	\$	3,361
0.26%	4,762	\$	3,989
0.28%	4,765	, \$	4,011
0.28%	4,786	\$	4,150
0.28%	4,699	\$	4,836
0.25%	4,784	\$	5,434
0.25%	4,677	\$	5,474

City of Lakeport, California Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last ten fiscal years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	General Obligation Bonds ⁽¹⁾	Less: Amounts Available in Debt Service Fund ⁽²⁾	Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property ⁽³⁾	Per Capita ⁽⁴⁾
2011	-	-	-	0.0%	-
2012	-	-	-	0.0%	-
2013	-	-	-	0.0%	-
2014	-	-	-	0.0%	-
2015	-	-	-	0.0%	-
2016	1,882,000	-	1,882,000	0.4%	395
2017	2,802,000	-	2,802,000	0.6%	585
2018	2,631,000	-	2,631,000	0.5%	560
2019	3,652,000	-	3,652,000	0.7%	763
2020	3,515,916	-	3,515,916	0.7%	735

⁽¹⁾ This ids the general bonded debt of the general fund, net of original issuance discounts and premiums

 $[\]overset{\text{(2)}}{\text{This}}$ is the amount restricted for debt service principal payment

⁽³⁾ See the Schedule of Assessed Value and the Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property

⁽⁴⁾ Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics

City of Lakeport, California Direct and Overlapping Debt Fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 (In thousands)

\$ 534,966

	% Applicable	Debt 6/30/20
Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt:		
Mendocino-Lake Community College District - GO Bonds	4.70%	\$ 3,393,586
Lakeport Unified School District - GO Bonds	41.55%	7,166,748
2004 Tax Allocation Bonds, Series B	100%	580,000
Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency of the		
City of Lakeport - Series 2016 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds	100%	3,875,000
Sewer District Improvement Bonds 2017-1	100%	2,489,000
Total overlapping tax and assessment debt		\$ 17,504,334
Direct General Fund Debt:		
Mendocino-Lake Community College District - Capital Lease	4.70%	\$ 12,735
USDA Police Station Bond	100%	1,044,000
City of Lakeport Municipal Financing Authority Lease Revenue Bonds	100%	1,170,000
City of Lakeport Pension Obligation Bonds	100%	1,301,916
Total direct general fund debt		3,528,651
Combined total debt		\$ 21,032,985 (1)

Ratios to 2015-2016 Assessed Valuation:

Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	3.26%
Total Combined Debt	4.09%

 $^{^{(1)}}$ Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, and mortgage revenue bonds.

Note: The overlapping debt statement presents the debt for all jurisdictions with territory overlapping the City. Debt of overlapping jurisdictions is allocated based upon the assessed value of that jurisdiction within the City as compared to total assessed value for that jurisdiction.

City of Lakeport, California Legal Debt Margin Information Fiscal year ended June 30 (last ten fiscal years) (In thousands)

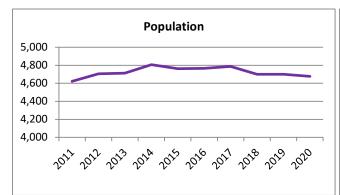
	2011			2012	2013	2014	
Assessed value	\$	482,928	\$	477,778	\$ 474,437	\$	469,253
Conversion percentage		25%		25%	25%		25%
Adjusted assessed value		120,732		119,445	118,609		117,313
Debt limit percentage		15%		15%	15%		15%
Debt limit		18,110		17,917	17,791		17,597
Total net debt applicable to limit		-		-	-		
Legal debt margin	\$	18,110	\$	17,917	\$ 17,791	\$	17,597
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		0%		0%	0%		0%

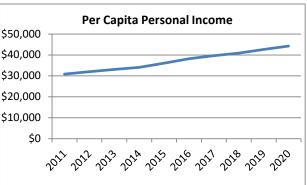
Note: The Government Code of the State of California provides for a legal debt limit of 15% of gross assessed secured tax valuation. However, this provision was enacted when assessed valuation was based upon 25% of market value. Effective with the 1981-82 fiscal year, each parcel is now assessed at 100% of market value (as of the most recent change in ownership for that parcel). The computations shown above reflect a conversion of the assessed value for each fiscal year from the current full valuation perspective to the 25% level that was in effect at the time that the legal debt margin was enacted by the State of California for local governments located within the state.

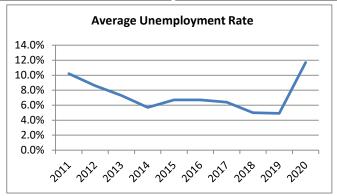
Note: The City does not have any outstanding general obligation debt subject to the limit.

2015	2016		2017	 2018	2019	2020		
\$ 467,768	\$	470,168	\$ 469,707	\$ 492,407	\$ 510,180	\$	534,966	
25%		25%	25%	25%	25%		25%	
 116,942		117,542	117,427	123,102	127,545		133,742	
15%		15%	15%	15%	15%		15%	
17,541		17,631	17,614	18,465	19,132		20,061	
 -		-	-	-	-		-	
\$ 17,541	\$	17,631	\$ 17,614	\$ 18,465	\$ 19,132	\$	20,061	
0%		0%	0%	0%	0%		0%	

Year	Population ⁽¹⁾	Per Capita Personal Income ⁽²⁾	Unemployment Rate (%) ⁽³⁾	_	
2011	4,622	1,999,343	30,885	10.2%	(4)
2012	4,705	2,059,368	32,052	8.6%	(4)
2013	4,713	2,118,095	33,119	7.3%	(4)
2014	4,807	2,175,903	34,107	5.7%	(4)
2015	4,762	2,310,318	36,074	6.7%	(5)
2016	4,765	2,456,491	38,227	6.7%	(5)
2017	4,786	2,533,898	39,652	6.4%	(5)
2018	4,699	2,662,533	40,911	5.0%	(5)
2019	4,699	2,741,990	42,632	4.9%	(5)
2020	4,677	2,849,642	44,259	11.7%	(5)







Note: Information presented is for the Lake County Region, except for population and unemployment data, since separate data is not available for the City of Lakeport.

Sources:

⁽¹⁾ California Department of Finance

 $^{^{(2)}}$ U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis

⁽³⁾ U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis: Personal Income Summary

⁽⁴⁾ Bureau of Labor Statistics

⁽⁵⁾ State of California Employment Development Department Labor Market Information

City of Lakeport, California Principal Employers Current and Ten Years Ago

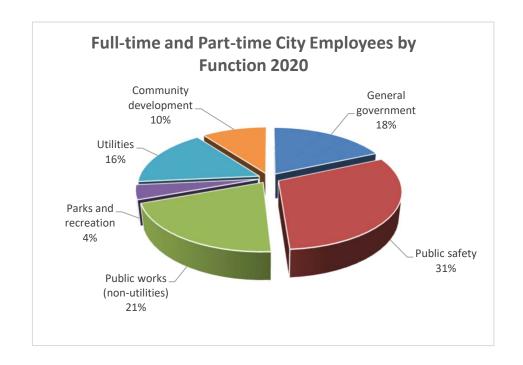
		2019	9-20	2010-11				
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percent of Top 10 Employment (%)	Employees	Rank	Percent of Top 10 Employment (%)		
County of Lake	849	1	20.3%	866	1	25.0%		
Adventist Health	693	2	16.6%	358	3	10.3%		
St Helena Hospital	569	3	13.6%	450	2	13.0%		
Konocti Unified School District	449	4	10.7%	300	7	8.7%		
Sutter Lakeside Hospital	403	5	9.6%	249	9	7.2%		
Calpine Corp.	280	6	6.7%	352	5	10.2%		
Twin Pine Casino	277	7	6.6%	303	6	8.8%		
Kelseyville Unified School District	230	8	5.5%					
Safeway	219	9	5.2%					
Wal-Mart	213	10	5.1%					
Shannon Ranches Inc				228	10	6.6%		
Robinson Rancheria Resort & Casino				354	4	10.2%		
Total	4,182		100.0%	3,460		100.0%		

Note: Information presented is for the Lake County Region, Major Lake County Employers, since separate data is not available for the City of Lakeport.

Source: Lake County Marketing Program

City of Lakeport, California Full-time and Part-time City Employees by Function Fiscal year ended June 30 (last ten calendar years)

Function	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
General government	7	8	9	9	8	6	8	9	9	9
Public safety	17	14	16	15	14	4	12	15	15	15
Public works (non-utilities)	9	9	12	12	7	22	11	10	10	10
Parks and recreation	10	10	13	1	15	4	2	2	2	2
Utilities	9	11	6	6	9	13	7	8	8	8
Community development	9	10	6	4	5	8	4	5	5	5
Total	61	62	62	47	58	57	44	49	49	49



City of Lakeport, California Capital Asset Statistics by Function Fiscal year ended June 30 (last ten fiscal years)

Function	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Police : Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public works: Streets (miles) Streetlights	30 221									
Parks and recreation: Parks Pools Community centers	4 1 0	4 1 1	5 1 1							
Water: Treatment facilities	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Sewer: Pump stations	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9

Source: City Finance Department

Sources: City Police, Community Development, and Public Works departments

City of Lakeport, California Capital Asset Statistics Fiscal year ended June 30 (last ten fiscal years) (In thousands)

	2011	2012	2013
Governmental activities:			
Land	\$ 729	\$ 729	\$ 653
Construction-in-progress	-	-	-
Buildings and structures	2,619	2,619	2,695
Improvements/CIP	4,465	4,475	4,475
Equipment and vehicles	 1,533	1,533	1,533
Total	9,346	9,356	 9,356
Accumulated depreciation:			
Buildings and structures	1,003	1,055	1,110
Improvements/CIP	641	732	847
Equipment and vehicles	 823	998	 1,100
Total	 2,467	2,785	3,057
Total governmental net capital assets	\$ 6,879	\$ 6,571	\$ 6,299
Business-type activities:			
Land	\$ 1,775	\$ 2,475	\$ 2,475
Construction-in-progress	1,840	1,840	1,840
Buildings and structures	1,840	1,840	1,840
Improvements/CIP	26,222	26,936	27,129
Equipment and vehicles	538	548	552
Total	32,215	33,639	33,836
Accumulated depreciation:			
Buildings and structures	533	570	1,309
Improvements/CIP	11,681	12,457	12,457
Equipment and vehicles	 525	534	518
Total	12,739	13,561	14,284
Total business-type net capital assets	\$ 19,476	\$ 20,078	\$ 19,552

2014	2015	 2016	 2017	 2018	2019	 2020
\$ 653	\$ 1,653	\$ 1,653	\$ 1,653	\$ 1,653	\$ 1,769	\$ 2,498
-	- 172	452	452	369	16	270
2,695	5,173	5,240	5,240	5,588	6,500	6,500
4,475	4,697	4,776	4,776	7,428	7,612	10,048
 1,566	 1,585	 1,621	 1,621	 1,998	 2,243	 2,313
 9,389	 13,108	13,742	 13,742	 17,036	18,140	 21,629
1,165	1,284	1,403	1,403	1,675	1,846	2,017
961	1,075	1,201	1,201	1,518	1,714	1,973
1,203	1,305	1,390	1,390	1,547	1,656	1,775
3,329	3,664	3,994	3,994	4,740	5,216	5,765
\$ 6,060	\$ 9,444	\$ 9,748	\$ 9,748	\$ 12,296	\$ 12,924	\$ 15,864
\$ 2,475						
1,840	3,129	6,342	6,342	568	1,821	131
1,840	1,840	1,852	1,852	9,955	9,955	9,955
27,593	27,022	27,101	27,101	27,950	28,518	32,269
 785	1,444	 1,474	 1,474	1,609	1,999	 2,159
 34,533	35,910	 39,244	39,244	42,557	 43,078	 46,989
643	679	716	716	992	1,231	1,552
13,939	14,704	15,468	15,468	17,022	17,817	18,725
529	611	694	694	872	1,008	1,137
15,111	15,994	 16,878	16,878	18,886	20,056	21,414
\$ 19,422	\$ 19,916	\$ 22,366	\$ 22,366	\$ 23,671	\$ 23,022	\$ 25,575

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